

concordance=TRUE

Stroke Therapy Project Data and Analysis

November 4, 2020

1 Background

1.1 Request of 28 Oct 2020

“We wanted to see if there is any montage effect (anodal/cathodal/bihemispheric) of single session 30 minute 4 mA tDCS in a cross-over study design with TMS peak-to-peak responses at APB muscle as an outcome measure. We recruited 18 subjects who had $\leq 58/66$ FM-UE scale for this study and collected TMS data (8 MEPs each of single pulse, inhibitory pulse and excitatory pulse) at baseline (before 30 minutes of tDCS in a given montage) and at 18, 30, 42, 54 minutes for lesioned hemisphere (or 12, 24, 36 and 48 minutes for non-lesioned hemisphere). The same subject then comes after (at least) 2 days and receives the same TMS protocol with different tDCS montage. Likewise for the 3rd visit. The montage allocation was counter-balanced (pseudorandom block allocation that was predetermined before the study start) to ensure washout of any after-effect across the subjects (order of montages in 3rd sheet of the excel file as well). To minimize high inter and intra subject variability in MEP responses, we collected 8 MEP responses for each condition and then normalized the peak-to-peak value (in mV — 2nd tab on the excel sheet) by subtracting and then dividing the mean of 8 baseline single pulse MEP values. Attached is the excel sheet that have both these % change from single pulse baseline condition (spreadsheet 1 “%D” and 4 in vertical “%D vertical”) and peak-to-peak values (spreadsheet 2 “mV” and 5 in vertical “mV vertical”) along with demographic (spreadsheet 3 “subject”). Spreadsheets 6 and 7 are subset data of spreadsheets 1 and 4, with % change in post 1 values only.

For starters, we want to know if there is any statistically significant difference between Post 1 and Baseline values for any montage (anodal/bihemispheric/cathodal) in any paired pulse condition (single, inhibitory, excitatory) for either side of the brain (lesion/non-lesion) across these 18 subjects.”

1.2 Followup of 29 Oct 2020

“I used the following formulae (Wilkinson notation) to do linear mixed model effects analysis: (6 of these, 2*3; lesion/non-lesion and single/inhibitory/excitatory):

$$mV \sim BLMV + Time*Montage + (Time|SubjectID)$$

Where, mV is mV values (not %change), BLMV is baseline mV values, Time is Post1–4, Montage is anode/bihemi/cathode, and SubjectID is subjects 1–18.

I also looked for the similar effect in percent change only in Post1 (since it is percent change, no need for baseline or time) with the following Wilkinson notation:

$$PerCh \sim 1 + Montage + (1|SubjectID)$$

Where, PerCh is percent change of Post1, Montage is Anode/Bihemi/Cathode and SubjectID is 18 subjects.

I did my analysis in Matlab (which finally enabled repeated measures analyses!) Your point is well taken on increased power with parametric testing, but Dr. Feng (my mentor) insisted on non-parametric analysis on post1 vs pre in single pulse condition for lesion side on each montage condition and I would appreciate if you can suggest a way to do so (there are 18 subjects, with 8 MEP values each).”

2 IMPORTANT NOTE

Treat these data as confidential and, in particular, do not distribute to anyone outside of the class.

3 Assignment

All Groups: carefully analyze the data and be prepared to discuss your findings in class on Thursday November 5th.

Working as a group, consider approaches to the two types of analysis that Pratik outlines in his email of 29 October, namely

1. models for the post-baseline amplitude measurements that include an adjustment or normalization for the baseline response and
2. models for percent change from baseline to Post1.

Be sure to identify a non-parametric method for “post1 vs pre in single pulse condition for lesion side on each montage condition.” Such a method will need to appropriately account for the repeated measures nature of the data.

Document, check and justify the assumptions behind your approaches as well as the steps you take to arrive at a final model or approach.

The script below imports the vertically aligned data for amplitude (mV) and percent change into a data structure called `x` and provides a starting point for your analysis. Please add your work to it. To compile the script and run the analysis, load the `knitr` library in R and issue the command `knit("strokeTherapy.Rtex")`. This will create a LaTeX file that can be compiled into a PDF document. **Send me your group’s compiled document prior to Thursday’s class.** These will form the basis of our discussion on Thursday.

4 Setup

```
##rm(list=ls())
set.seed(10302020)
library(mgcv)

## Loading required package: nlme
## This is mgcv 1.8-31. For overview type 'help("mgcv-package")'.

library(lme4)

## Loading required package: Matrix
##
## Attaching package: 'lme4'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:nlme':
##
##      lmList
```

5 Import Data

5.1 Amplitude Data

```
x<-read.table("mV.txt",header=TRUE,
              sep="\t",na.strings=c("", ".", "NA", "N/A", "NaN"),
              strip.white=TRUE,as.is=TRUE)

dim(x)

## [1] 12960      7

head(x)

##      amplitude replicate time montage paired.pulse lesional subjectID
## 1 0.7048035          1      1          1              1          1          1
## 2 0.4856873          2      1          1              1          1          1
## 3 0.5845642          3      1          1              1          1          1
## 4 0.5323792          4      1          1              1          1          1
## 5 0.6295776          5      1          1              1          1          1
## 6 0.5810547          6      1          1              1          1          1
```

5.2 Percent Change

```
x2<-read.table("pctChange.txt",header=TRUE,
               sep="\t",na.strings=c("", ".", "NA", "N/A", "NaN"),
               strip.white=TRUE,as.is=TRUE)

dim(x2)

## [1] 12960      7

head(x2)

##      pct.change replicate time montage paired.pulse lesional subjectID
## 1 21.39689214          1      1          1              1          1          1
## 2 -16.34416374         2      1          1              1          1          1
## 3  0.68661914          3      1          1              1          1          1
## 4 -8.30184960          4      1          1              1          1          1
## 5  8.43983048          5      1          1              1          1          1
## 6  0.08213148          6      1          1              1          1          1
```

5.3 Combine

```
table(unlist(x[, -1] == x2[, -1]))

##
## TRUE
## 77760

x$pct.change <- x2$pct.change
rm(x2)
x$condBySubject <- paste0(x$subject, x$montage, x$paired.pulse, x$lesional)
x$replicate <- factor(x$replicate)
x$time <- factor(x$time, levels = c(1:5),
               labels = c("baseline", "post1", "post2", "post3", "post4"))
x$montage <- factor(x$montage, levels = c(1:3),
                  labels = c("anodal", "bihemi", "cathodal"))
x$paired.pulse <- factor(x$paired.pulse, levels = c(1, 2, 3),
                       labels = c("single", "inhibitory", "excitatory"))
x$lesional <- factor(x$lesional, levels = c(1:2),
                   labels = c("lesional", "nonlesional"))
x$subjectID <- factor(x$subjectID)
head(x)

##   amplitude replicate      time montage paired.pulse lesional subjectID  pct.change
## 1 0.7048035         1 baseline  anodal      single lesional         1 21.39689214
## 2 0.4856873         2 baseline  anodal      single lesional         1 -16.34416374
## 3 0.5845642         3 baseline  anodal      single lesional         1  0.68661914
## 4 0.5323792         4 baseline  anodal      single lesional         1 -8.30184960
## 5 0.6295776         5 baseline  anodal      single lesional         1  8.43983048
## 6 0.5810547         6 baseline  anodal      single lesional         1  0.08213148
##   condBySubject
## 1           1111
## 2           1111
## 3           1111
## 4           1111
## 5           1111
## 6           1111
```

5.4 Add Baseline Means

```
bl <- x[x$time == "baseline",]
## baseline mean amplitude by condition:
bl.means <- tapply(bl$amplitude, bl$condBySubject, mean)
summary(bl.means)

##   Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
## 0.03237 0.43442 0.73307 0.85328 1.24316 2.66067     1
```

```
length(bl.means)

## [1] 324

length(unique(bl$condBySubject))

## [1] 324

x<-merge(x,bl.means,by.x="condBySubject",by.y=0,all.x=TRUE)
colnames(x)[colnames(x)=="y"]<-"BLmeanAmp"
head(x)
```

##	condBySubject	amplitude	replicate	time	montage	paired.pulse	lesional	subjectID
## 1	10111	0.4995728	1	baseline	anodal	single	lesional	10
## 2	10111	0.5133057	2	baseline	anodal	single	lesional	10
## 3	10111	0.3581238	3	baseline	anodal	single	lesional	10
## 4	10111	0.6427002	4	baseline	anodal	single	lesional	10
## 5	10111	0.5168152	5	baseline	anodal	single	lesional	10
## 6	10111	0.6385803	6	baseline	anodal	single	lesional	10

```
## pct.change BLmeanAmp
## 1 -8.894222 0.5483437
## 2 -6.389787 0.5483437
## 3 -34.689902 0.5483437
## 4 17.207555 0.5483437
## 5 -5.749765 0.5483437
## 6 16.456225 0.5483437
```

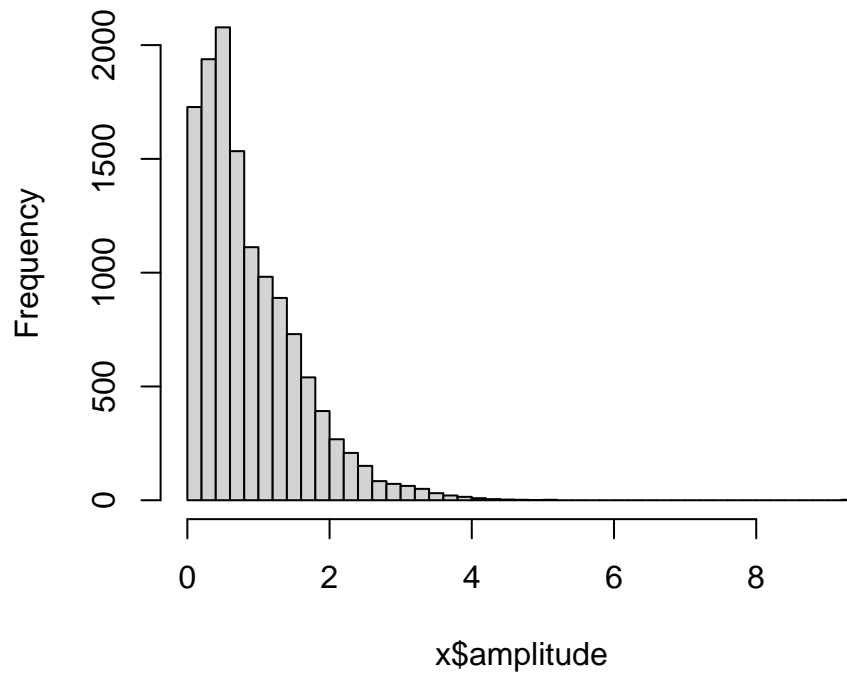
6 EDA

```
summary(x$amplitude)
```

##	Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.	NA's
##	0.01755	0.35431	0.68832	0.88516	1.26598	9.31839	50

```
hist(x$amplitude,nclass=50)
```

Histogram of x\$amplitude

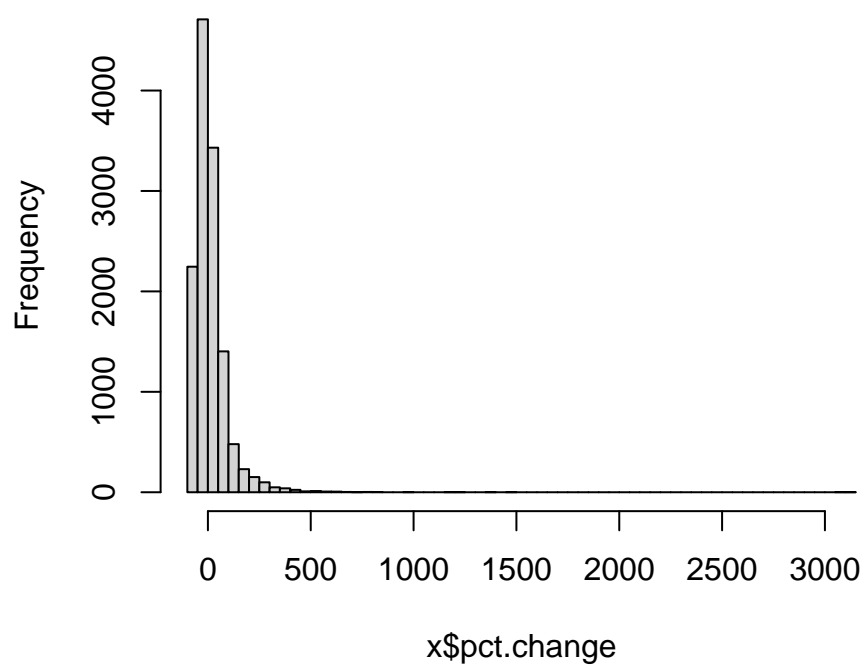


```
summary(x$pct.change)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.     NA's  
## -99.17  -36.59   -4.48   11.18   35.51 3101.73      50
```

```
hist(x$pct.change, nclass=50)
```

Histogram of x\$pct.change



```
table(x$replicate,useNA="always")
```

```
##
##      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8 <NA>
## 1620 1620 1620 1620 1620 1620 1620 1620 1620 0
```

```
table(x$time,useNA="always")
```

```
##
## baseline      post1      post2      post3      post4      <NA>
##      2592      2592      2592      2592      2592      0
```

```
table(x$montage,useNA="always")
```

```
##
##   anodal   bihemi cathodal   <NA>
##    4320    4320    4320      0
```

```
table(x$paired.pulse,useNA="always")
```

```
##
## single inhibitory   excitory   <NA>
##    4320      4320    4320      0
```



```
table(x$lesional,useNA="always")
```

```
##
```

```
##      lesional nonlesional      <NA>
```

```
##      6480      6480      0
```

```
table(x$subjectID,useNA="always")
```

```
##
```

```
##      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9     10     11     12     13     14     15     16     17     18
```

```
##    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720    720
```

```
## <NA>
```

```
##      0
```