K-MeanClustering ¶

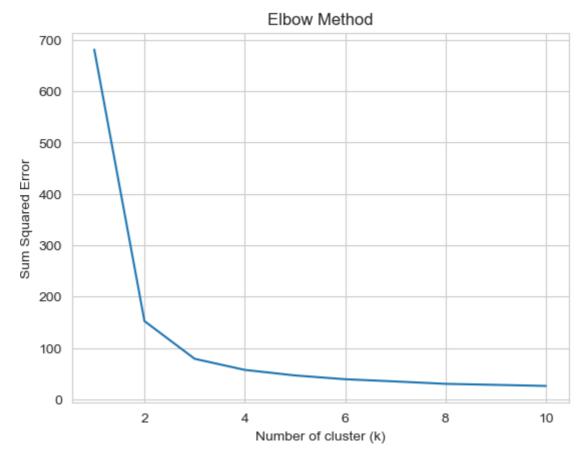
```
In [16]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import matplotlib.cm as cm
         from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
         from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
In [17]: | x, y = load_iris(return_X_y=True)
In [18]: #Find optimum number of cluster
         sse = [] #SUM OF SQUARED ERROR
         for k in range(1,11):
             km = KMeans(n_clusters=k, random_state=2)
             km.fit(x)
             sse.append(km.inertia_)
         C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\cluster\_kmeans.py:103
         6: UserWarning: KMeans is known to have a memory leak on Windows with MKL,
```

when there are less chunks than available threads. You can avoid it by set

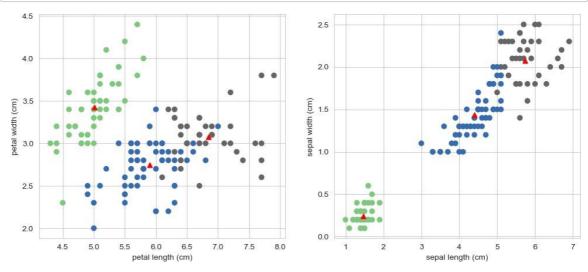
ting the environment variable OMP_NUM_THREADS=1.

warnings.warn(

Plot the Elbow graph to find the optimum number of cluster



```
In [22]: #Plot the cluster center with data points
         plt.figure(figsize=(12,5))
         plt.subplot(1,2,1)
         plt.scatter(x[:,0],x[:,1],c = pred, cmap=cm.Accent)
         plt.grid(True)
         for center in model.cluster_centers_:
             center = center[:2]
             plt.scatter(center[0],center[1],marker = '^',c = 'red')
         plt.xlabel("petal length (cm)")
         plt.ylabel("petal width (cm)")
         plt.subplot(1,2,2)
         plt.scatter(x[:,2],x[:,3],c = pred, cmap=cm.Accent)
         plt.grid(True)
         for center in model.cluster_centers_:
             center = center[2:4]
             plt.scatter(center[0],center[1],marker = '^',c = 'red')
         plt.xlabel("sepal length (cm)")
         plt.ylabel("sepal width (cm)")
         plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```