# **NLP HW4 Report**

To complete the assignment, I have followed the following actions at each step of the assignment.

### 1. Use of Unknown Tokens

First I have subdivided the unknown token <unk> based on the following characteristics:

- <unk num> for digit
- <unk\_mainly\_num> for half digit
- <unk\_verb> for verb</ti>
- <unk adj> for adjective
- <unk adv> for adverb
- <unk\_all\_lower> for lower case words
- <unk\_all\_upper> for upper case words
- <unk initial upper> for title case words
- <unk\_contain\_num> for words containing numbers
- <unk> for all other cases

### 2. Vocabulary & Dataset Preparation

- Then I prepared the vocabulary for input data considering all the unknown tokens.
- After that I created dictionaries to store Word\_to\_Index, NER\_to\_Index, Index\_to\_Word and Index to Ner.
- I used the above dictionaries to create input (data\_X) and target(data\_y) sequences and finally prepared X\_train and Y\_train dataset.

### 3. BLSTM Model & Hyperparameters

First defined the architecture of the BLSTM model and then set the hyperparameters given in the assignment. After that, I tried the following changes with hyperparameters and the model:

- I tried various combinations of batch sizes to run epochs in a reasonable amount of time for both Task 1 and Task 2 and finally generated the best results with a batch size of 10 on 20 epochs for Task 1 and batch size of 16 on 35 epochs for Task 2.
- I tried changing the learning rate from 0.02 to 0.6 to get better results and finally got best results with Ir=0.1 and Ir=0.23 for Task 1 and Task 2 respectively.
- I worked with different momentum sizes and got the best results for momentum 0.9.
- I also tried to change the loss function for nn.CrossEntropyLoss.

#### 4. Results Of Task 1

Results of Task 1 after running !perl conll03eval.txt < dev1\_perl.out the command.

Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-score
96.19%	81.42%	76.86%	78.94%

# 5.Results Of Task 2

Results of Task 1 after running !perl conll03eval.txt < dev2\_perl.out the command.

Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-score
97.59%	88.99%	85.17%	87.04

# TASK 1

```
In [1]: import pickle
   import random
   import torch
   import torch.nn as nn
   import torch.nn.functional as F
   import torch.optim as optim
   import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   import string
   from torch.utils.data import TensorDataset, DataLoader
   from torchtext import data
   from torchtext import datasets
   import time
```

```
adj_list = ["able", "ible", 'ant', 'ent', 'ive', "al", "ial", "an", "ian", "ish
       adv_list = ["ly","lng","ward", "wards", "way", "ways", "wise"]
       def processUnknowns(word):
           num = 0
           for char in word:
             if char.isdigit():
               num += 1
           fraction = num / float(len(word))
           if word.isdigit():
               return "<unk num>"
           elif fraction > 0.5:
               return "<unk mainly num>"
           elif any(word.endswith(suffix) for suffix in verb list):
               return "<unk verb>"
           elif any(word.endswith(suffix) for suffix in adj list):
               return "<unk adj>"
           elif any(word.endswith(suffix) for suffix in adv list):
               return "<unk adv>"
           elif word.islower():
               return "<unk all lower>"
           elif word.isupper():
               return "<unk_all_upper>"
           elif word[0].isupper():
               return "<unk initial upper>"
           elif any(char.isdigit() for char in word):
               return "<unk contain num>"
           else:
               return "<unk>"
```

```
In [3]: def prepareVocabulary(file, min count=2):
            vocab, NER_set, sentence, sentences = {}, set(), [], []
            with open(file, "r") as train:
                for line in train:
                    if not line.split():
                        sentences.append(sentence)
                        sentence =[]
                        continue
                    word_type, NER_type = line.split(" ")[1], line.split(" ")[2].st
                    if word_type not in vocab:
                        vocab[word type] = 1
                    else:
                        vocab[word_type]+=1
                    sentence.append([word type,NER type])
                    NER_set.add(NER_type)
                sentences.append(sentence)
                vocab['<unk>'], vocab['<unk mainly num>'] = 0,0
                vocab['<unk_num>'], vocab['<unk_contain_num>'] = 0,0
                vocab['<unk verb>'], vocab['<unk adj>'] = 0,0
                vocab['<unk adv>'], vocab['<unk all lower>'] = 0,0
                vocab['<unk all upper>'], vocab['<unk initial upper>'] = 0,0
                delete = []
                for word, occurrences in vocab.items():
                    if occurrences >= min_count:
                        continue
                    else:
                        new token = processUnknowns(word)
                        vocab[new token] += occurrences
                        delete.append(word)
                for i in delete:
                    del vocab[i]
            return vocab, NER set, sentences
```

```
In [4]: vocab, NER_set, sentences = prepareVocabulary('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab
sortedVocabulary = sorted(vocab.items(), key=lambda x:x[1], reverse=True)
Word_to_Index = {w: i+1 for i, (w, n) in enumerate(sortedVocabulary)}
Word_to_Index['PAD'] = 0
print(len(Word_to_Index))
```

```
In [5]: NER_to_Index = {}
        i = 0
        for ner in NER set:
            NER_to_Index[ner] = i
            i += 1
        Index_to_Word = {}
        for key, value in Word to Index.items():
            Index_to_Word[value] = key
        Index_to_Ner = {}
        for key, value in NER_to_Index.items():
            Index_to_Ner[value] = key
        print(len(Word_to_Index), len(NER_to_Index))
        11994 9
In [6]: data_X = []
        for s in sentences:
            temp_X = []
            for w, label in s:
                if w in Word_to_Index:
                    temp X.append(Word to Index.get(w))
                else:
                    unk = processUnknowns(w)
                    temp X.append(Word to Index[unk])
            data_X.append(temp_X)
```

data y = []

for s in sentences:
 temp y = []

for w, label in s:

data\_y.append(temp\_y)

temp\_y.append(NER\_to\_Index.get(label))

```
In [7]: def padding for words(dataset, max len):
            for i, line in enumerate(dataset):
                if len(line) > max_len:
                    dataset[i] = line[:max_len]
                elif len(line) < max_len:</pre>
                    dataset[i] = line[:len(line)] + [0]*(max_len-len(line))
            return dataset
        def padding for NER(dataset, max_len):
            for i, line in enumerate(dataset):
                if len(line) > max_len:
                    dataset[i] = line[:max_len]
                elif len(line) < max_len:</pre>
                    dataset[i] = line[:len(line)] + [-100]*(max_len-len(line))
            return dataset
        data_X = padding for words(data_X, 130)
        data y = padding for NER(data y, 130)
        X_train = torch.LongTensor(data_X)
        Y_train = torch.LongTensor(data_y)
        ds_train = TensorDataset(X_train, Y_train)
        loader_train = DataLoader(ds_train, batch_size=10, shuffle=False)
        print(len(Word_to_Index), len(NER_to_Index))
        11994 9
In [8]: isCuda = torch.cuda.is_available()
```

-- cuda --

```
In [9]: class BLSTM(nn.Module):
            def init (self, vocab size, embedding dim, hidden dim, first output
                super().__init__()
                self.embedding = nn.Embedding(vocab_size, embedding_dim, padding id
                self.blstm = nn.LSTM(embedding dim, hidden dim, num layers = num la
                self.fc1 = nn.Linear(hidden_dim * 2, first_output_dim)
                self.dropout = nn.Dropout(drop out)
                self.activation = nn.ELU()
                self.fc2 = nn.Linear(first_output_dim, output_dim)
            def forward(self, text):
                embedded = self.dropout(self.embedding(text))
                outputs, (hidden, cell) = self.blstm(embedded)
                outputs = self.dropout(outputs)
                outputs = self.activation(self.fc1(outputs))
                predictions = self.fc2(outputs)
                return predictions
```

```
In [10]: INPUT DIM = len(Word to Index)
         EMBEDDING DIM = 100
         HIDDEN DIM = 256
         FIRST OUTPUT DIM = 128
         OUTPUT_DIM = len(NER_to_Index)
         N LAYERS = 1
         BIDIRECTIONAL = True
         DROPOUT = 0.33
         model = BLSTM(INPUT DIM,
                       EMBEDDING DIM,
                       HIDDEN DIM,
                       FIRST OUTPUT DIM,
                       OUTPUT DIM,
                       N LAYERS,
                       BIDIRECTIONAL,
                       DROPOUT)
         model.to(device)
         print(len(Word to Index), len(NER to Index))
```

```
In [11]: def categoricalAccuracy(preds, y, tag_pad_idx, text, predict_table):
    tot = 0
    correct = 0
    max_preds = preds.argmax(dim = 1, keepdim = True)
    for predict, real, word in zip(max_preds, y, text):
        if real.item() == tag_pad_idx:
            continue
    else:
        predict_table.append((word.item(), predict.item(), real.item()))
        if real.item() == predict.item():
            correct += 1
        tot += 1
        return tot, correct, predict_table
```

```
In [12]: def trainModel(model, dataloader, predict_table):
             epoch loss = 0
             epoch_acc = 0
             epoch_tot = 0
             model.train()
             for text, tags in dataloader:
                 optimizer.zero_grad()
                 tags = tags.to(device)
                 text = text.to(device)
                 predictions = model(text)
                 predictions = predictions.view(-1, predictions.shape[-1])
                 tags = tags.view(-1)
                 loss = criterion(predictions, tags)
                 tot, correct, predict table = categoricalAccuracy(predictions, tags
                 loss.backward()
                 optimizer.step()
                 epoch_loss += loss.item()
                 epoch acc += correct
                 epoch_tot +=tot
             return epoch loss / len(dataloader), epoch acc / epoch tot, predict tab
```

```
In [13]: def evaluateModel(model, dataloader, predict_table):
             epoch_loss = 0
             epoch_acc = 0
             epoch_tot = 0
             model.eval()
             with torch.no grad():
                 for text, tags in dataloader:
                     tags = tags.to(device)
                     text = text.to(device)
                     predictions = model(text)
                     predictions = predictions.view(-1, predictions.shape[-1])
                     tags = tags.view(-1)
                     loss = criterion(predictions, tags)
                     tot, correct, predict table = categoricalAccuracy(predictions,
                     epoch_loss += loss.item()
                     epoch_acc += correct
                     epoch_tot +=tot
             return epoch_loss / len(dataloader), epoch_acc / epoch_tot, predict_tab
In [14]: dev sentences = []
         sentence=[]
         cnt=0
```

```
In [14]: dev_sentences = []
    sentence=[]
    cnt=0
    with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/dev', "r") as dev:
    for line in dev:
        if not line.split():
            dev_sentences.append(sentence)
            sentence =[]
            continue
        word_type, NER_type = line.split(" ")[1], line.split(" ")[2].strip(cnt+=1)
        sentence.append([word_type,NER_type])
    dev_sentences.append(sentence)
```

```
In [15]: dev_X = []
         for s in dev_sentences:
             temp_X = []
             for w, label in s:
                 if w in Word_to_Index:
                     temp_X.append(Word_to_Index.get(w))
                 else:
                     unk = processUnknowns(w)
                     temp X.append(Word to Index[unk])
             dev_X.append(temp_X)
         dev_y = []
         for s in dev_sentences:
             temp_y = []
             for w, label in s:
                 temp_y.append(NER_to_Index.get(label))
             dev y.append(temp y)
         dev_X = padding_for_words(dev_X, 130)
         dev_y = padding_for_NER(dev_y, 130)
         X_dev = torch.LongTensor(dev_X)
         Y_dev = torch.LongTensor(dev_y)
         ds_dev = TensorDataset(X_dev, Y_dev)
         loader_dev = DataLoader(ds_dev, batch_size=10, shuffle=False)
```

```
In [16]: epochs = 20
         tag pad idx=-100
         optimizer = optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=0.1, momentum=0.9, nesterov=Tr
         criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss(ignore_index= -100)
         best_valid_loss = float('inf')
         for epoch in range(epochs):
             train predict table = []
             test_predict_table = []
             train_loss, train_acc, train_predict_table = trainModel(model, loader_t
             valid_loss, valid_acc, valid_predict_table = evaluateModel(model, loade
             if valid loss <= best valid loss:</pre>
                 best_valid_loss = valid_loss
                 best_predict_table = valid_predict_table
                 torch.save(model.state_dict(), './blstm1.pt')
             print(f'Epoch: {epoch+1:02}')
             print(f'\tTrain Loss: {train loss:.3f} | Train Acc: {train acc*100:.2f}
             print(f'\t Val. Loss: {valid_loss:.3f} | Val. Acc: {valid_acc*100:.2f}
```

Epoch:	01						
	Train	Loss:	0.644		Train	Acc:	85.03%
	Val.	Loss:	0.448	i	Val.	Acc:	88.28%
Epoch:	02			'			
просп.		T occ.	0 442	ī	Train	7.00.	87.91%
_		Loss:	0.307	ı	vaı.	ACC:	91.27%
Epoch:	03						
							89.77%
	Val.	Loss:	0.244		Val.	Acc:	93.03%
Epoch:	04						
_	Train	Loss:	0.296	Τ	Train	Acc:	90.91%
							93.89%
Epoch:		LODD.	0.210	١	· · · ·	1100.	33.030
просп.		Toggs	0 261	1	masia	7 ~ ~ .	01 00%
							91.80%
_		Loss:	0.198	ı	vaı.	Acc:	94.19%
Epoch:							
							92.50%
	Val.	Loss:	0.179		Val.	Acc:	94.66%
Epoch:	07			•			
-	Train	Loss:	0.217	Τ	Train	Acc:	92.94%
							95.01%
Enogh.	08	повв.	0.103	١	var.	ACC.	73.018
Epoch:			0 001		<b></b>	<b>.</b>	02 260
							93.36%
		Loss:	0.159		Val.	Acc:	95.22%
Epoch:	09						
	Train	Loss:	0.190		Train	Acc:	93.70%
	Val.	Loss:	0.151	İ	Val.	Acc:	95.47%
Epoch:							
_p		T.Ogg•	0 180	ī	Train	Acc.	93.90%
							95.61%
- · · 1		LOSS:	0.14/	١	val.	ACC:	93.016
Epoch:		_			_		
							94.19%
	Val.	Loss:	0.143		Val.	Acc:	95.69%
Epoch:	12						
	Train	Loss:	0.165		Train	Acc:	94.39%
							95.94%
Epoch:							
<b>L</b>		Loss:	0.157	Τ	Train	Acc:	94.52%
							95.74%
De o e b .		цозэ.	0.144	ı	var.	ACC.	93.748
Epoch:		_				_	
							94.79%
		Loss:	0.139		Val.	Acc:	95.87%
Epoch:	15						
	Train	Loss:	0.145		Train	Acc:	94.94%
							96.03%
Epoch:							
<b>L</b>		Loss:	0.140	Τ	Train	Acc:	95.09%
							96.14%
Em 1-		порр;	0.134	ı	val.	ACC:	JU • 146
Epoch:		_	0 10-			_	05 100
							95.18%
		Loss:	0.136		Val.	Acc:	96.09%
Epoch:	18						
	Train	Loss:	0.131		Train	Acc:	95.35%
							96.19%
Epoch:							
		Loss:	0.127	Ι	Train	Acc:	95.49%
							96.25%
	v а т •	TODD:	· · · J Z	ı	ν u <b>±</b> •	1100.	JU • LJ 0

Epoch: 20

```
Train Loss: 0.123 | Train Acc: 95.58%
                  Val. Loss: 0.133 | Val. Acc: 96.12%
In [17]: term = [int(x[0])  for x in best predict table]
         y_pred = [int(x[1]) for x in best_predict_table]
         i=0
         newfile = open('./dev1.out', "w")
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/dev', "r") as train:
             for line in train:
                 if not line.split():
                     newfile.write('\n')
                     continue
                 index, word_type = line.split(" ")[0], line.split(" ")[1].strip('\n
                 newfile.write(str(index)+' '+str(word type)+' '+str(Index to Ner[y
                 i += 1
         newfile.close()
         i=0
         newfile = open('./dev1 perl.out', "w")
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/dev', "r") as train:
             for line in train:
                 if not line.split():
                     newfile.write('\n')
                     continue
                 index, word type, NER type = line.split(" ")[0], line.split(" ")[1]
                 newfile.write(str(index)+' '+str(word type)+' '+str(NER type)+' '+s
                 i += 1
         newfile.close()
In [18]: !perl conll03eval.txt < dev1 perl.out</pre>
         processed 51578 tokens with 5942 phrases; found: 5609 phrases; correct: 4
         567.
                    96.19%; precision: 81.42%; recall: 76.86%; FB1: 79.08
         accuracy:
                       LOC: precision: 87.78%; recall: 84.10%; FB1: 85.90 1760
                      MISC: precision: 73.21%; recall: 76.46%; FB1: 74.80 963
                       ORG: precision: 72.74%; recall: 64.28%; FB1: 68.25 1185
                       PER: precision: 85.54%; recall: 78.99%; FB1: 82.13 1701
In [19]: def categoricalEvaluate(preds, text, predictTable):
             max preds = preds.argmax(dim = 1, keepdim = True)
             for predict, word in zip(max preds, text):
                 if word == 0:
                     continue
                 else:
                     predictTable.append((word, predict[0]))
             return predictTable
```

```
In [21]: test_X = []
         sentence = []
         cnt=0
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/dev', "r") as test:
             for line in test:
                 if not line.split():
                     test_X.append(sentence)
                     sentence = []
                     continue
                 word_type = line.split(" ")[1]
                 if word type in Word to Index:
                      sentence.append(Word_to_Index.get(word_type))
                 else:
                     unk = processUnknowns(word type)
                     sentence.append(Word_to_Index.get(unk))
             test_X.append(sentence)
         test X = padding for words(test X, 130)
         X test = torch.LongTensor(test X)
         loader test = DataLoader(X test, batch size=10, shuffle=False)
         evaluate_predict_table2 = []
         model = BLSTM(INPUT_DIM,
                       EMBEDDING DIM,
                       HIDDEN DIM,
                       FIRST OUTPUT DIM,
                       OUTPUT DIM,
                       N LAYERS,
                       BIDIRECTIONAL,
                       DROPOUT)
         model.to(device)
         model.load state dict(torch.load('./blstm1.pt'))
         prediction table = evaluateModel(model, loader test, evaluate predict table
         term = [int(x[0]) for x in evaluate_predict_table2]
         y pred = [int(x[1]) for x in evaluate predict table2]
         i = 0
         newfile = open('./test1.out', "w")
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/dev', "r") as test:
             for line in test:
                 if not line.split():
                     newfile.write('\n')
                     continue
                 index, word type = line.split(" ")[0], line.split(" ")[1].strip('\n
                 for_tag = Index_to_Ner[y_pred[i]]
                 newfile.write(str(index)+' '+str(word_type)+' '+for tag+'\n')
                 i += 1
         newfile.close()
```

```
In [22]:
         import pickle
         with open('./vocab dictionary.pickle','wb') as fw1:
             pickle.dump(Word_to_Index, fw1)
         with open('./ner_dictionary.pickle','wb') as fw2:
             pickle.dump(NER_to_Index, fw2)
         with open('./int_vocab_dictionary.pickle','wb') as fw3:
             pickle.dump(Index_to_Word, fw3)
         with open('./int ner dictionary.pickle','wb') as fw4:
             pickle.dump(Index_to_Ner, fw4)
         with open('./loader_train.pickle','wb') as fw5:
             pickle.dump(loader train, fw5)
         with open('./loader_dev.pickle','wb') as fw6:
             pickle.dump(loader_dev, fw6)
         with open('./loader test.pickle','wb') as fw7:
             pickle.dump(loader_test, fw7)
In [25]: checkpoint = {'INPUT_DIM':len(Word_to_Index),
                        'EMBEDDING_DIM':100,
                        'HIDDEN_DIM':256,
                        'FIRST OUTPUT DIM':128,
                        'OUTPUT DIM':len(NER to Index),
                        'N LAYERS':1,
                        'BIDIRECTIONAL': True,
                        'DROPOUT':0.33,
                        'state_dict': model.state_dict()}
```

torch.save(checkpoint, './checkpoint.pth')

In [ ]:

# TASK 2

```
In [1]: import pickle
   import random
   import torch
   import torch.nn as nn
   import torch.nn.functional as F
   import torch.optim as optim
   import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   import string
   from torch.utils.data import TensorDataset, DataLoader
   from torchtext import data
   from torchtext import datasets
   import time
```

```
adj_list = ["able", "ible", 'ant', 'ent', 'ive', "al", "ial", "an", "ian", "ish
       adv_list = ["ly","lng","ward", "wards", "way", "ways", "wise"]
       def processUnknowns(word):
           num = 0
           for char in word:
             if char.isdigit():
               num += 1
           fraction = num / float(len(word))
           if word.isdigit():
               return "<unk num>"
           elif fraction > 0.5:
               return "<unk mainly num>"
           elif any(word.endswith(suffix) for suffix in verb list):
               return "<unk verb>"
           elif any(word.endswith(suffix) for suffix in adj list):
               return "<unk adj>"
           elif any(word.endswith(suffix) for suffix in adv list):
               return "<unk adv>"
           elif word.islower():
               return "<unk all lower>"
           elif word.isupper():
               return "<unk_all_upper>"
           elif word[0].isupper():
               return "<unk initial upper>"
           elif any(char.isdigit() for char in word):
               return "<unk contain num>"
           else:
               return "<unk>"
```

```
In [2]: def prepareVocabulary(file, min count=2):
            vocab, NER_set, sentence, sentences = {}, set(), [], []
            with open(file, "r") as train:
                for line in train:
                    if not line.split():
                        sentences.append(sentence)
                        sentence =[]
                        continue
                    word_type, NER_type = line.split(" ")[1], line.split(" ")[2].st
                    if word_type not in vocab:
                        vocab[word type] = 1
                    else:
                        vocab[word_type]+=1
                    sentence.append([word type,NER type])
                    NER_set.add(NER_type)
                sentences.append(sentence)
                vocab['<unk>'], vocab['<unk mainly num>'] = 0,0
                vocab['<unk_num>'], vocab['<unk_contain_num>'] = 0,0
                vocab['<unk verb>'], vocab['<unk adj>'] = 0,0
                vocab['<unk adv>'], vocab['<unk all lower>'] = 0,0
                vocab['<unk all upper>'], vocab['<unk initial upper>'] = 0,0
                delete = []
                for word, occurrences in vocab.items():
                    if occurrences >= min_count:
                        continue
                    else:
                        new token = processUnknowns(word)
                        vocab[new token] += occurrences
                        delete.append(word)
                for i in delete:
                    del vocab[i]
            return vocab, NER set, sentences
```

```
In [4]: NER_to_Index = {}
        i = 0
        for ner in NER set:
            NER_to_Index[ner] = i
            i += 1
        Index_to_Word = {}
        for key, value in Word to Index.items():
            Index_to_Word[value] = key
        Index_to_Ner = {}
        for key, value in NER_to_Index.items():
            Index_to_Ner[value] = key
        print(len(Word_to_Index), len(NER_to_Index))
        11994 9
In [5]: data_X = []
        for s in sentences:
            temp_X = []
            for w, label in s:
                if w in Word_to_Index:
                    temp X.append(Word to Index.get(w))
                else:
                    unk = processUnknowns(w)
                    temp X.append(Word to Index[unk])
            data X.append(temp X)
        data y = []
        for s in sentences:
            temp y = []
            for w, label in s:
                temp_y.append(NER_to_Index.get(label))
            data_y.append(temp_y)
```

```
In [6]: def padding for words(dataset, max len):
            for i, line in enumerate(dataset):
                if len(line) > max_len:
                    dataset[i] = line[:max_len]
                elif len(line) < max_len:</pre>
                    dataset[i] = line[:len(line)] + [0]*(max_len-len(line))
            return dataset
        def padding for NER(dataset, max_len):
            for i, line in enumerate(dataset):
                if len(line) > max_len:
                    dataset[i] = line[:max_len]
                elif len(line) < max_len:</pre>
                    dataset[i] = line[:len(line)] + [-100]*(max_len-len(line))
            return dataset
        data_X = padding for words(data_X, 130)
        data y = padding for NER(data y, 130)
        X_train = torch.LongTensor(data_X)
        Y_train = torch.LongTensor(data_y)
        ds_train = TensorDataset(X_train, Y_train)
        loader_train = DataLoader(ds_train, batch_size=16, shuffle=False)
        print(len(Word_to_Index), len(NER_to_Index))
```

```
In [7]: import gzip
        import os
        import shutil
        with gzip.open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/glove.6B.100d.gz',
            with open('glove.6B.100d', 'wb') as f_out:
                shutil.copyfileobj(f_in, f_out)
        embedding dict = dict()
        f = open(os.path.join('glove.6B.100d'), encoding='utf-8')
        for line in f:
            word_vector = line.split()
            word = word_vector[0]
            word vector arr = np.asarray(word vector[1:], dtype='float32')
            embedding_dict[word] = word_vector_arr
        f.close()
        embedding dim = 100
        embedding_matrix = np.zeros((len(Word_to_Index), embedding_dim))
        for word, i in Word to Index.items():
            embedding_vector = embedding_dict.get(word.lower())
            if embedding_vector is not None:
                embedding_matrix[i] = embedding_vector
        embedding matrix = torch.LongTensor(embedding matrix)
```

```
In [8]: is_cuda = torch.cuda.is_available()
if is_cuda:
    device = torch.device("cuda")
    print("-- cuda ---")
else:
    device = torch.device("cpu")
    print("--- cpu ---")
```

-- cuda ---

```
In [9]: class BLSTM(nn.Module):
            def init (self, vocab size, embedding dim, hidden dim, first output
                super().__init__()
                self.embedding = nn.Embedding(vocab_size, embedding_dim, padding_id
                self.blstm = nn.LSTM(embedding dim, hidden dim, num layers = num la
                self.fc1 = nn.Linear(hidden_dim * 2, first_output_dim)
                self.dropout = nn.Dropout(drop out)
                self.activation = nn.ELU()
                self.fc2 = nn.Linear(first_output_dim, output_dim)
            def forward(self, text):
                embedded = self.dropout(self.embedding(text))
                outputs, (hidden, cell) = self.blstm(embedded)
                outputs = self.dropout(outputs)
                outputs = self.activation(self.fc1(outputs))
                predictions = self.fc2(outputs)
                return predictions
```

```
INPUT_DIM = len(Word_to_Index)
In [10]:
         EMBEDDING DIM = 100
         HIDDEN DIM = 256
         FIRST_OUTPUT_DIM = 128
         OUTPUT_DIM = len(NER_to_Index)
         N LAYERS = 1
         BIDIRECTIONAL = True
         DROPOUT = 0.33
         model = BLSTM(INPUT DIM,
                       EMBEDDING DIM,
                       HIDDEN DIM,
                       FIRST OUTPUT DIM,
                       OUTPUT DIM,
                       N LAYERS,
                       BIDIRECTIONAL,
                       DROPOUT)
         model.to(device)
         model.embedding.weight.data.copy (embedding matrix)
         print(len(Word to Index), len(NER to Index))
```

```
In [11]: def trainModel(model, dataloader, predict_table):
             epoch loss = 0
             epoch_acc = 0
             epoch_tot = 0
             model.train()
             for text, tags in dataloader:
                 optimizer.zero_grad()
                 tags = tags.to(device)
                 text = text.to(device)
                 predictions = model(text)
                 predictions = predictions.view(-1, predictions.shape[-1])
                 tags = tags.view(-1)
                 loss = criterion(predictions, tags)
                 tot, correct, predict_table = categoricalAccuracy(predictions, tags
                 loss.backward()
                 optimizer.step()
                 epoch loss += loss.item()
                 epoch_acc += correct
                 epoch_tot +=tot
             return epoch_loss / len(dataloader), epoch_acc / epoch_tot, predict_tab
```

```
In [12]: def categoricalAccuracy(preds, y, tag pad idx, text, predict_table):
             tot = 0
             correct = 0
             max_preds = preds.argmax(dim = 1, keepdim = True)
             for predict, real, word in zip(max_preds, y, text):
                 if real.item() == tag_pad_idx:
                     continue
                 else:
                     predict_table.append((word.item(), predict.item(), real.item())
                     if real.item() == predict.item():
                         correct += 1
                     tot += 1
             return tot, correct, predict_table
         def model evaluate(model, dataloader, predict table):
             epoch_loss = 0
             epoch acc = 0
             epoch tot = 0
             model.eval()
             with torch.no_grad():
                 for text, tags in dataloader:
                     tags = tags.to(device)
                     text = text.to(device)
                     predictions = model(text)
                     predictions = predictions.view(-1, predictions.shape[-1])
                     tags = tags.view(-1)
                     loss = criterion(predictions, tags)
                     tot, correct, predict_table = categoricalAccuracy(predictions,
                     epoch_loss += loss.item()
                     epoch acc += correct
                     epoch tot +=tot
             return epoch loss / len(dataloader), epoch acc / epoch tot, predict tab
```

```
In [14]: dev_sentences = []
         sentence=[]
         cnt=0
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/dev', "r") as dev:
             for line in dev:
                 if not line.split():
                     dev_sentences.append(sentence)
                     sentence =[]
                     continue
                 word_type, NER_type = line.split(" ")[1], line.split(" ")[2].strip(
                 cnt+=1
                 sentence.append([word_type,NER_type])
             dev_sentences.append(sentence)
         dev X = []
         for s in dev_sentences:
             temp_X = []
             for w, label in s:
                 if w in Word to Index:
                     temp X.append(Word to Index.get(w))
                 else:
                     unk = processUnknowns(w)
                     temp X.append(Word to Index[unk])
             dev X.append(temp X)
         dev_y = []
         for s in dev sentences:
             temp_y = []
             for w, label in s:
                 temp y.append(NER to Index.get(label))
             dev y.append(temp y)
         dev X = padding for words(dev X, 130)
         dev y = padding for NER(dev y, 130)
         X dev = torch.LongTensor(dev X)
         Y dev = torch.LongTensor(dev y)
         ds dev = TensorDataset(X dev, Y dev)
         loader dev = DataLoader(ds dev, batch size=16, shuffle=False)
```

```
In [38]: print("---- ", type(loader_dev))
```

--- <class 'torch.utils.data.dataloader.DataLoader'>

```
In [16]: N_EPOCHS = 35
         tag pad idx=-100
         optimizer = optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=0.23, momentum=0.9, nesterov=T
         scheduler = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ReduceLROnPlateau(optimizer, 'min', pa
         criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss(ignore_index= -100)
         best_valid_loss = float('inf')
         for epoch in range(N_EPOCHS):
             train predict table = []
             test_predict_table = []
             train_loss, train_acc, train_predict_table = trainModel(model, loader_t
             valid_loss, valid_acc, valid_predict_table = model_evaluate(model, load
             if valid loss <= best valid loss:</pre>
                 best_valid_loss = valid_loss
                 best_predict_table = valid_predict_table
                 torch.save(model.state_dict(), './blstm2.pt')
             scheduler.step(valid_loss)
             print(f'Epoch: {epoch+1:02}')
             print(f'\tTrain Loss: {train_loss:.3f} | Train Acc: {train_acc*100:.2f}
             print(f'\t Val. Loss: {valid loss:.3f} | Val. Acc: {valid acc*100:.2f}
```

```
Epoch: 01
        Train Loss: 0.436 | Train Acc: 88.63%
        Val. Loss: 0.238 | Val. Acc: 93.47%
Epoch: 02
        Train Loss: 0.201 | Train Acc: 93.84%
        Val. Loss: 0.149 | Val. Acc: 95.70%
Epoch: 03
        Train Loss: 0.129 | Train Acc: 95.85%
         Val. Loss: 0.122 | Val. Acc: 96.27%
Epoch: 04
        Train Loss: 0.099 | Train Acc: 96.76%
         Val. Loss: 0.113 | Val. Acc: 96.45%
Epoch: 05
        Train Loss: 0.080 | Train Acc: 97.37%
         Val. Loss: 0.112 | Val. Acc: 96.36%
Epoch: 06
       Train Loss: 0.067 | Train Acc: 97.77%
        Val. Loss: 0.103 | Val. Acc: 96.61%
Epoch: 07
        Train Loss: 0.059 | Train Acc: 98.03%
        Val. Loss: 0.100 | Val. Acc: 96.72%
Epoch: 08
        Train Loss: 0.050 | Train Acc: 98.32%
        Val. Loss: 0.097 | Val. Acc: 96.97%
Epoch: 09
        Train Loss: 0.046 | Train Acc: 98.47%
         Val. Loss: 0.101 | Val. Acc: 96.92%
Epoch: 10
        Train Loss: 0.041 | Train Acc: 98.60%
        Val. Loss: 0.097 | Val. Acc: 97.00%
Epoch: 11
        Train Loss: 0.038 | Train Acc: 98.74%
        Val. Loss: 0.103 | Val. Acc: 96.96%
Epoch: 12
        Train Loss: 0.035 | Train Acc: 98.82%
        Val. Loss: 0.098 | Val. Acc: 97.05%
Epoch: 13
        Train Loss: 0.032 | Train Acc: 98.88%
        Val. Loss: 0.100 | Val. Acc: 97.15%
Epoch: 14
        Train Loss: 0.027 | Train Acc: 99.06%
        Val. Loss: 0.090 | Val. Acc: 97.44%
Epoch: 15
        Train Loss: 0.025 | Train Acc: 99.10%
        Val. Loss: 0.090 | Val. Acc: 97.46%
Epoch: 16
        Train Loss: 0.024 | Train Acc: 99.14%
        Val. Loss: 0.090 | Val. Acc: 97.50%
Epoch: 17
        Train Loss: 0.024 | Train Acc: 99.14%
        Val. Loss: 0.090 | Val. Acc: 97.50%
Epoch: 18
        Train Loss: 0.023 | Train Acc: 99.15%
        Val. Loss: 0.090 | Val. Acc: 97.52%
Epoch: 19
        Train Loss: 0.023 | Train Acc: 99.18%
        Val. Loss: 0.091 | Val. Acc: 97.52%
```

```
Epoch: 20
        Train Loss: 0.023 | Train Acc: 99.19%
        Val. Loss: 0.091 | Val. Acc: 97.47%
Epoch: 21
        Train Loss: 0.022 | Train Acc: 99.21%
         Val. Loss: 0.091 | Val. Acc: 97.53%
Epoch: 22
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.24%
         Val. Loss: 0.090 | Val. Acc: 97.56%
Epoch: 23
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.23%
        Val. Loss: 0.090 | Val. Acc: 97.58%
Epoch: 24
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.26%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.59%
Epoch: 25
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.24%
        Val. Loss: 0.090 | Val. Acc: 97.58%
Epoch: 26
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.25%
         Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.59%
Epoch: 27
        Train Loss: 0.022 | Train Acc: 99.23%
         Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.59%
Epoch: 28
        Train Loss: 0.022 | Train Acc: 99.24%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.58%
Epoch: 29
       Train Loss: 0.022 | Train Acc: 99.21%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.58%
Epoch: 30
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.27%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.59%
Epoch: 31
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.24%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.60%
Epoch: 32
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.24%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.59%
Epoch: 33
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.25%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.59%
Epoch: 34
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.25%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.59%
Epoch: 35
        Train Loss: 0.021 | Train Acc: 99.23%
        Val. Loss: 0.089 | Val. Acc: 97.60%
```

```
In [18]: def categoricalEvaluate(preds, text, predict_table):
             max preds = preds.argmax(dim = 1, keepdim = True)
             for predict, word in zip(max_preds, text):
                 if word == 0:
                     continue
                 else:
                     predict table.append((word, predict[0]))
             return predict_table
         def model evaluate(model, dataloader, predict table):
             epoch loss = 0
             epoch acc = 0
             epoch_tot = 0
             model.eval()
             with torch.no_grad():
                 for text in dataloader:
                     text = text.to(device)
                     predictions = model(text)
                     predictions = predictions.view(-1, predictions.shape[-1])
                     predict table = categoricalEvaluate(predictions, text.view(-1),
             return predict_table
```

```
In [20]: term = [int(x[0]) for x in best predict table]
         y_pred = [int(x[1]) for x in best predict table]
         newfile = open('./dev2.out', "w")
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/dev', "r") as train:
             for line in train:
                 if not line.split():
                     newfile.write('\n')
                     continue
                 index, word_type = line.split(" ")[0], line.split(" ")[1].strip('\n
                 newfile.write(str(index)+' '+str(word_type)+' '+str(Index_to_Ner[y_
                 i += 1
         newfile.close()
         i=0
         newfile = open('./dev2_perl.out', "w")
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/dev', "r") as train:
             for line in train:
                 if not line.split():
                     newfile.write('\n')
                     continue
                 index, word_type, NER_type = line.split(" ")[0], line.split(" ")[1]
                 newfile.write(str(index)+' '+str(word_type)+' '+str(NER_type)+' '+s
                 i += 1
         newfile.close()
```

```
!perl conll03eval.txt < dev2_perl.out
In [24]:
         processed 51578 tokens with 5942 phrases; found: 5687 phrases; correct: 5
         061.
         accuracy: 97.59%; precision: 88.99%; recall:
                                                         85.17%; FB1:
                                                                       87.04
                       LOC: precision: 91.37%; recall:
                                                         91.67%; FB1:
                                                                       91.52
                                                                              1843
                      MISC: precision: 83.71%; recall:
                                                         81.34%; FB1:
                                                                       82.51
                                                                              896
                       ORG: precision: 83.40%; recall:
                                                         79.79%; FB1:
                                                                       81.55
                                                                              1283
                       PER: precision: 93.51%; recall:
                                                         84.53%; FB1:
                                                                       88.79
                                                                              1665
In [25]: print("**** ", len(Word_to_Index), len(NER_to_Index))
         ***
               11994 9
```

```
In [26]: test_X = []
         sentence = []
         cnt=0
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/test', "r") as test:
             for line in test:
                 if not line.split():
                     test_X.append(sentence)
                     sentence = []
                     continue
                 word_type = line.split(" ")[1]
                 if word type in Word to Index:
                      sentence.append(Word_to_Index.get(word_type))
                 else:
                     unk = processUnknowns(word type)
                     sentence.append(Word_to_Index.get(unk))
             test_X.append(sentence)
         test X = padding for words(test X, 130)
         X test = torch.LongTensor(test X)
         loader test = DataLoader(X test, batch size=16, shuffle=False)
         evaluate_predict_table2 = []
         model = BLSTM(INPUT_DIM,
                       EMBEDDING DIM,
                       HIDDEN DIM,
                       FIRST OUTPUT DIM,
                       OUTPUT DIM,
                       N LAYERS,
                       BIDIRECTIONAL,
                       DROPOUT)
         model.to(device)
         model.embedding.weight.data.copy (embedding matrix)
         model.load state dict(torch.load('./blstm2.pt'))
         prediction table = model evaluate(model, loader test, evaluate predict tabl
         term = [int(x[0]) for x in evaluate predict table2]
         y pred = [int(x[1]) for x in evaluate predict table2]
         i=0
         newfile = open('./test2.out', "w")
         with open('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/data/test', "r") as test:
             for line in test:
                 if not line.split():
                     newfile.write('\n')
                     continue
                 index, word type = line.split(" ")[0], line.split(" ")[1].strip('\n
                 for_tag = Index_to_Ner[y_pred[i]]
                 newfile.write(str(index)+' '+str(word type)+' '+for tag+'\n')
                 i += 1
         newfile.close()
```

```
In [37]: print(type(loader_test))
```

<class 'torch.utils.data.dataloader.DataLoader'>

```
In [28]: import pickle
         # save data
         with open('./vocab dictionary1.pickle','wb') as fw1:
             pickle.dump(Word_to_Index, fw1)
         with open('./ner_dictionary1.pickle','wb') as fw2:
             pickle.dump(NER to Index, fw2)
         with open('./int_vocab_dictionary1.pickle','wb') as fw3:
             pickle.dump(Index to Word, fw3)
         with open('./int ner dictionary1.pickle','wb') as fw4:
             pickle.dump(Index_to_Ner, fw4)
         with open('./loader train1.pickle','wb') as fw5:
             pickle.dump(loader train, fw5)
         with open('./loader dev1.pickle','wb') as fw6:
             pickle.dump(loader dev, fw6)
         with open('./loader test1.pickle','wb') as fw7:
             pickle.dump(loader_test, fw7)
         with open('./embedding matrix.pickle','wb') as fw8:
             pickle.dump(embedding matrix, fw8)
In [32]: checkpoint = {'INPUT DIM':len(Word to Index),
                        'EMBEDDING DIM':100,
                        'HIDDEN_DIM':256,
                        'FIRST OUTPUT DIM':128,
                        'OUTPUT DIM':len(NER to Index),
                        'N_LAYERS':1,
                        'BIDIRECTIONAL': True,
                        'DROPOUT':0.33,
                        'state dict': model.state dict()}
         torch.save(checkpoint, './checkpoint.pth')
In [35]: checkpoint = torch.load('./checkpoint.pth')
In [34]: with open('./best_predict_table.pickle','wb') as fw9:
             pickle.dump(best predict table, fw9)
 In [ ]:
```