Data Science Intern at Data Glacier

Week-5: Cloud and API Deployment

Name: Shweta Singh

Batch Code: LISUM14

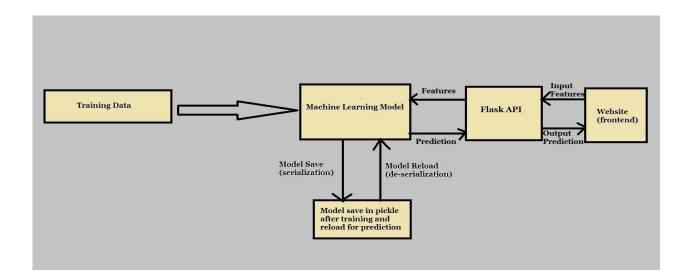
Submission Date: 2nd November 2022

Submitted to: Data Glacier

<u>Flask</u>

Flask is a a **web application framework written in python**, in simple terms it helps end users interact with your python code (in this case our ML models) directly from their web browser without needing any libraries, code files, etc.

Machine learning model deployment using Flask:



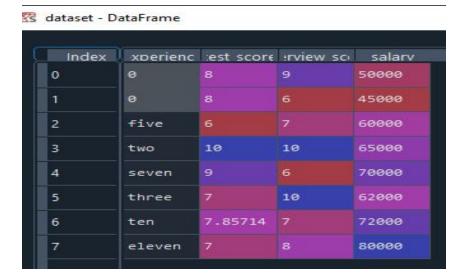
First we will import some libraries here and then read dataset—--

```
# Importing the libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import pickle

dataset = pd.read_csv('hiring.csv')
```

<u>Dataset</u>: (Hiring.csv)

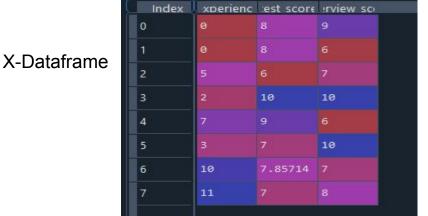
Field are: Experience, Test_Score, Interview_Score and Salary



These are part of Data:

Туре	Size	Value
DataFrame	(8, 4)	Column names: experience, test_score, interview_score, salary
linear_modelbase.LinearRegression		LinearRegression object of sklearn.linear_modelbase module
linear_modelbase.LinearRegression	1	LinearRegression object of sklearn.linear_modelbase module
DataFrame	(8, 3)	Column names: experience, test_score, interview_score
Series	(8,)	Series object of pandas.core.series module
	DataFrame linear_modelbase.LinearRegression linear_modelbase.LinearRegression DataFrame	DataFrame (8, 4) linear_modelbase.LinearRegression 1 linear_modelbase.LinearRegression 1 DataFrame (8, 3)





Here y is dependent Variable:



First we will build model: (model.py)

```
# Importing the libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import pickle
dataset = pd.read csv('hiring.csv')
dataset['experience'].fillna(0, inplace=True)
dataset['test score'].fillna(dataset['test score'].mean(), inplace=True)
X = dataset.iloc[:, :3]
#Converting words to integer values
def convert to int(word):
   word_dict = {'one':1, 'two':2, 'three':3, 'four':4, 'five':5, 'six':6, 'seven':7, 'eight':8,
                 nine':9, 'ten':10, 'eleven':11, 'twelve':12, 'zero':0, 0: 0}
    return word_dict[word]
X['experience'] = X['experience'].apply(lambda x : convert_to_int(x))
v = dataset.iloc[:, -1]
#Splitting Training and Test Set
#Since we have a very small dataset, we will train our model with all availabe data.
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
regressor = LinearRegression()
#Fitting model with trainig data
regressor.fit(X, y)
# Saving model to disk
pickle.dump(regressor, open('model.pkl','wb'))
# Loading model to compare the results
model = pickle.load(open('model.pkl', 'rb'))
print(model.predict([[2, 9, 6]]))
```

#Splitting Training and Test Set

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression regressor = LinearRegression()

#Fitting model with training data

regressor.fit(X, y)

Saving model to disk

pickle.dump(regressor, open('model.pkl','wb'))

Loading model to compare the results

model = pickle.load(open('model.pkl','rb'))
print(model.predict([[2, 9, 6]]))

Now model.pkl file is ready

Now we will create (app.py) import some libraries—

```
import numpy as np
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template
import pickle
```

Here i have used flask to post my model. render_template is used for redirect to home page

```
from flask import Flask, request, jsonify, render_template
import pickle
app = Flask(__name__)
model = pickle.load(open('model.pkl', 'rb'))
@app.route('/')
def home():
   return render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/predict',methods=['POST'])
def predict():
   For rendering results on HTML GUI
    int features = [int(x) for x in request.form.values()]
   final_features = [np.array(int_features)]
   prediction = model.predict(final_features)
   output = round(prediction[0], 2)
   return render_template('index.html', prediction_text='Employee Salary should be $ {}'.format(output))
@app.route('/predict api',methods=['POST'])
def predict_api():
   For direct API calls trought request
   data = request.get json(force=True)
   prediction = model.predict([np.array(list(data.values()))])
   output = prediction[0]
   return jsonify(output)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=False)
```

When we execute this code it will redirect to home page (index.html)

```
@app.route('/')
 def home():
       return render template('index.html')
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html >
<!--From https://codepen.io/frytyler/pen/EGdtg-->
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <title>ML API</title>
 <link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Arimo' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Hind:300' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
<link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Open+Sans+Condensed:300' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url for('static', filename='css/style.css') }}">
</head>
<body>
<div class="login">
   <h1>Predict Salary Analysis</h1>
    <!-- Main Input For Receiving Query to our ML -->
   <form action="{{ url for('predict')}}"method="post">
       <input type="text" name="experience" placeholder="Experience" required="required" />
       <input type="text" name="test score" placeholder="Test Score" required="required" />
       <input type="text" name="interview score" placeholder="Interview Score" required="required" />
       <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary btn-block btn-large">Predict</button>
   </form>
  {{ prediction_text }}
</body>
</html>
```

Home_page (index.html)

Deployment and Output

After executing **app.py** we will get this —

Then we will copy this path in the browser

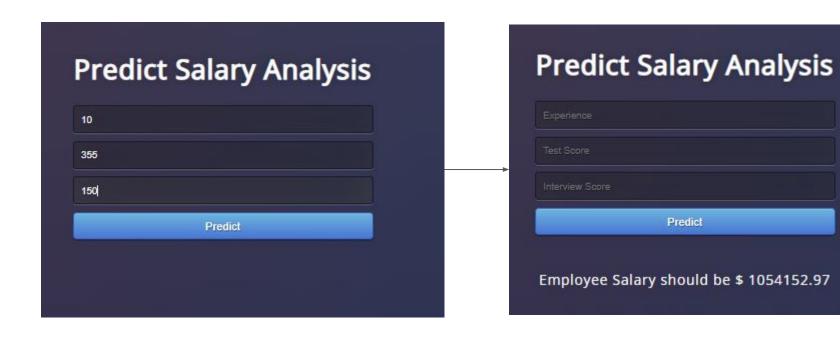
```
http://127.0.0.1:5000/
```

This is our **Home_Page**



After providing required input:

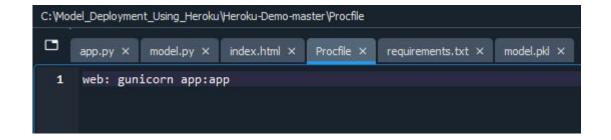
Here comes the output



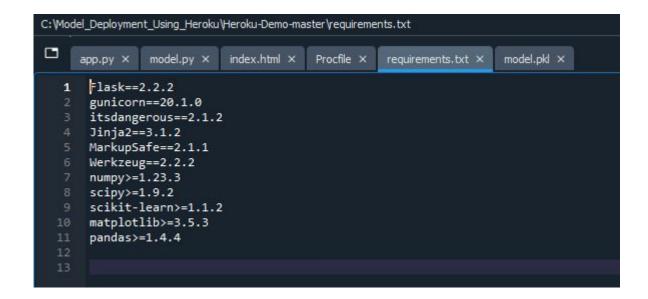
Deploy the Flask APP to Heroku

The first thing to do in deploying the Flask app to Heroku is to Sign up and Log In to Heroku. After which you can create a Procfile and requirement.txt file, which handles the configuration part in order to deploy the model into the Heroku server.

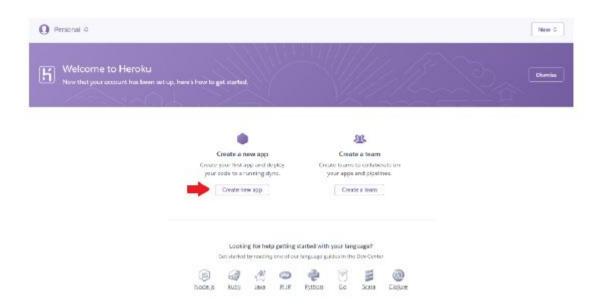
web: gunicorn is the fixed command for the Procfile.



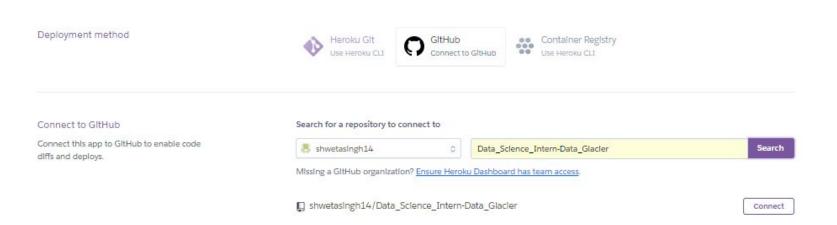
Requirements.txt file —



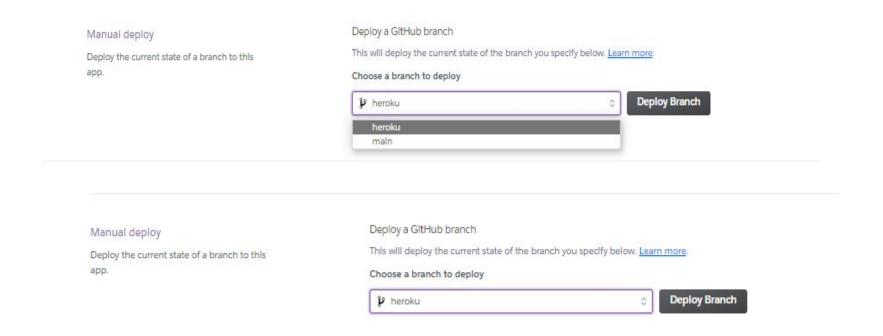
After sign-up on Heroku.com then click on create new app



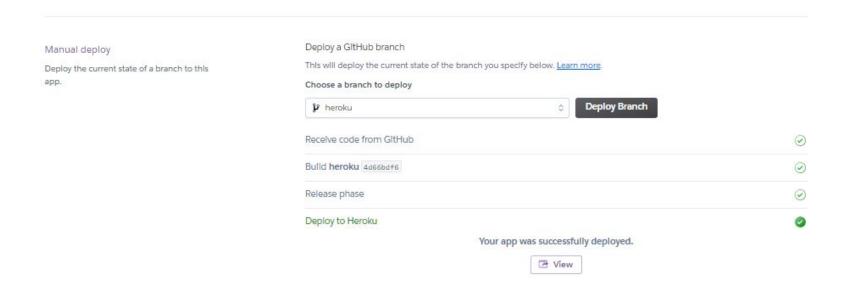
After creating an app we will connect to the github



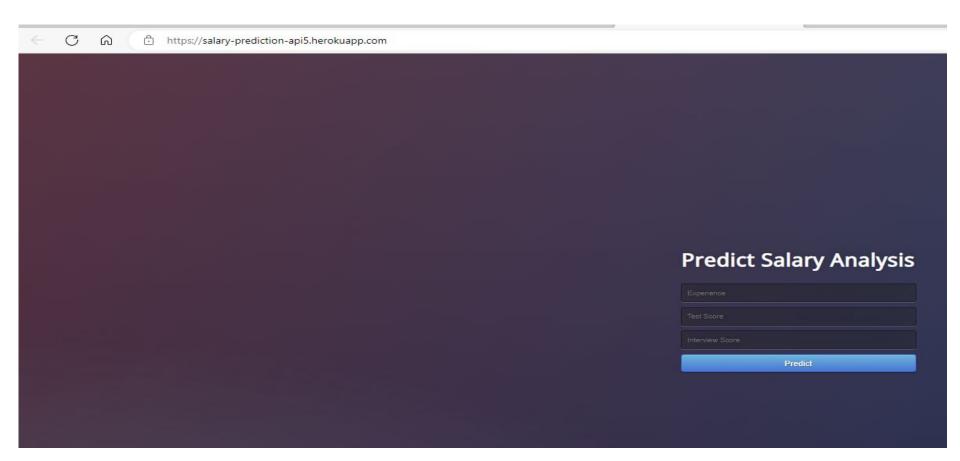
Here I have changed my branch from **main** to **heroku** where my procfile and requirement.txt exist and i chose manual deploy –



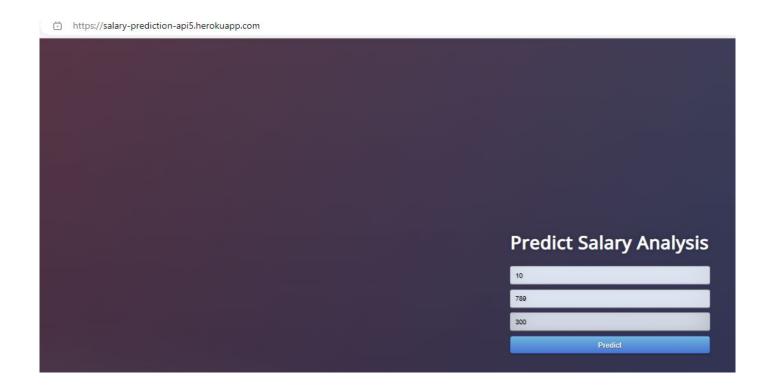
After few minutes my app successfully deployed



Here is the view of my app:



Input provided:



Final Result

https://salary-prediction-api5.herokuapp.com/predict

