



ALICE Physics Week
May 2013

Padova

Event mixing: basics and how-to

Andrea Rossi (CERN)
Sandro Bjelogrlić (Utrecht)

*APW - Analysis Tutorial session,
24/05/2013*

Outline



- Introduction
- Biases from detector acceptance, dead zones....
 - *Bias from finite pseudorapidity acceptance*
 - *Bias from vertex position*
 - *Bias from inhomogeneous azimuthal acceptance*
- Event mixing in the Aliroot framework
 - *Taking the minimum information*
 - *The event pool*
 - *Event mixing in your task*
 - *The offline correction*
 - *Example from di-hadron correlations*
- Summary

- Event mixing - why?

- *Studying distribution from event mixing is an excellent tool for estimating (and correcting for) the effects of non physical distributions to the physics we want to study*

- Event mixing - when?

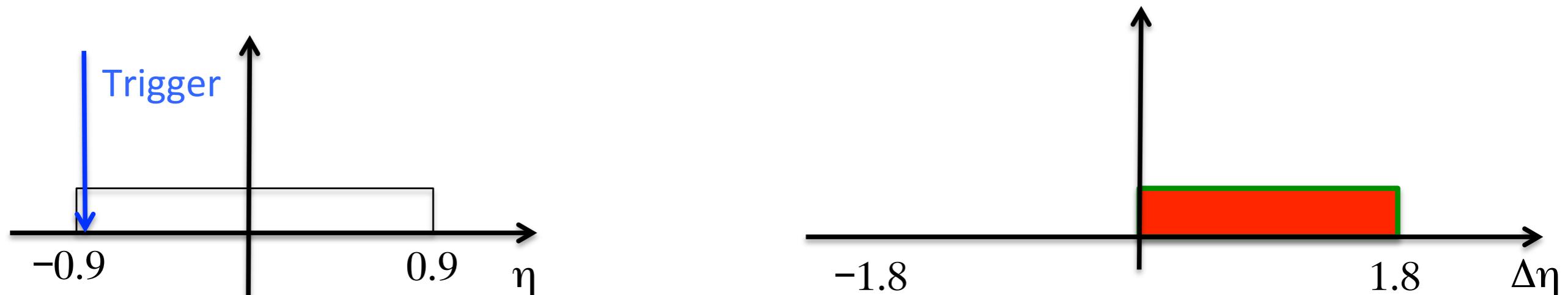
- *Correlation analyses: correct for the biases of non physical correlations: two-particle acceptance, dead areas of the detector*
- *Combinatorial background in invariant mass analyses*
- *Flow analyses?*

Bias from finite η acceptance

Assume a (not realistic) flat η distribution of the particles in the event over a very wide (ideally infinite) range

Pairing trigger and associated particles, a flat $\Delta\eta$ distribution is obtained

Finite detector acceptance in pseudorapidity η (e.g. $0.9 < \eta < 0.9$)

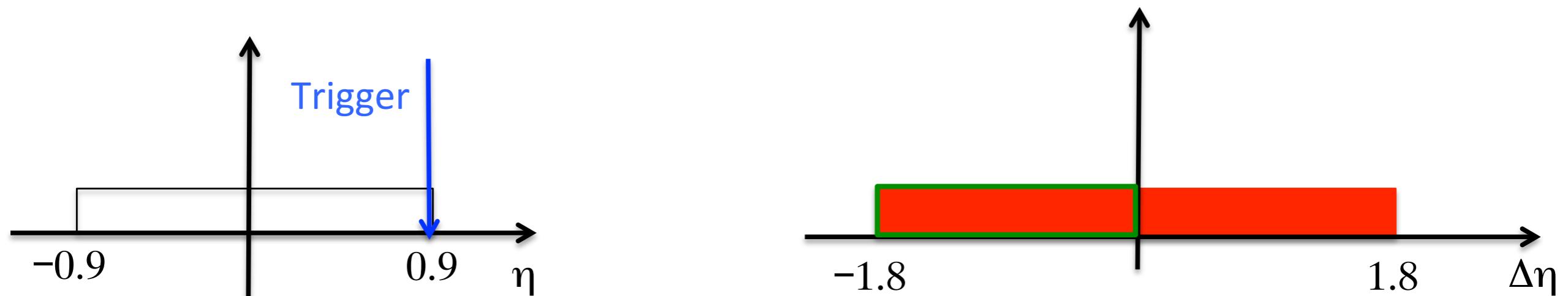


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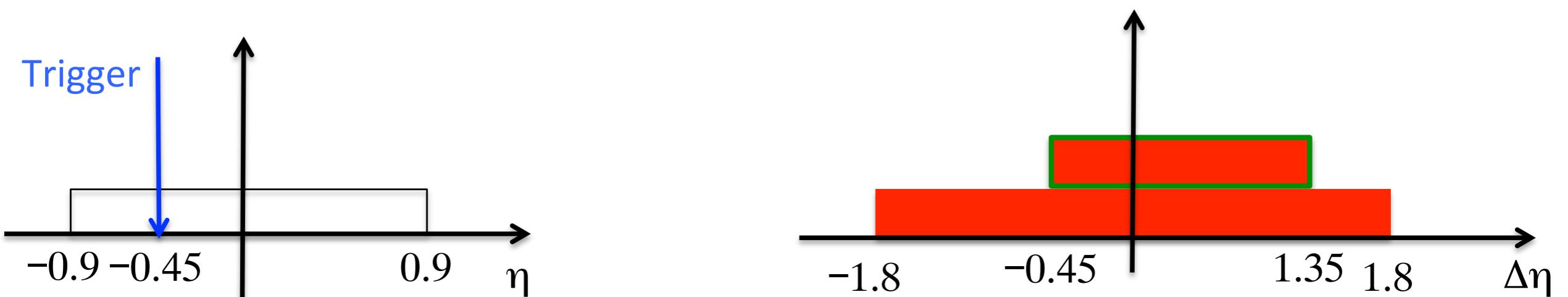


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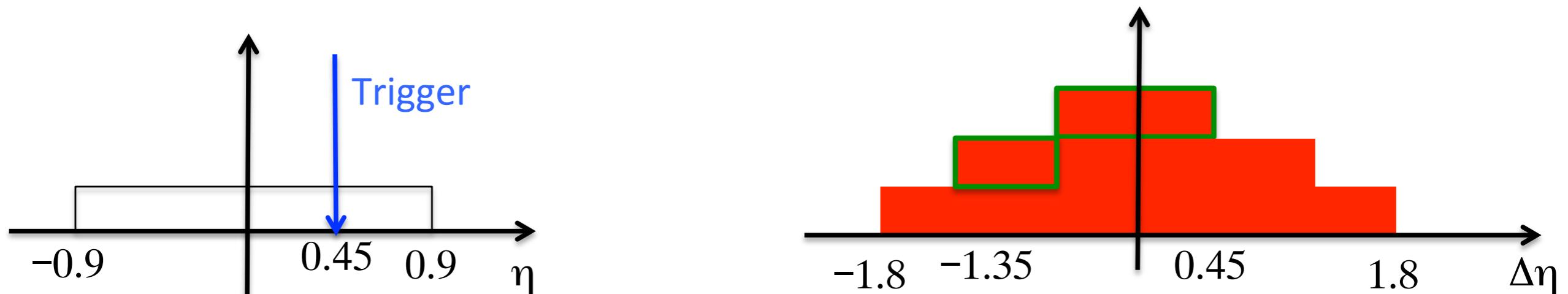


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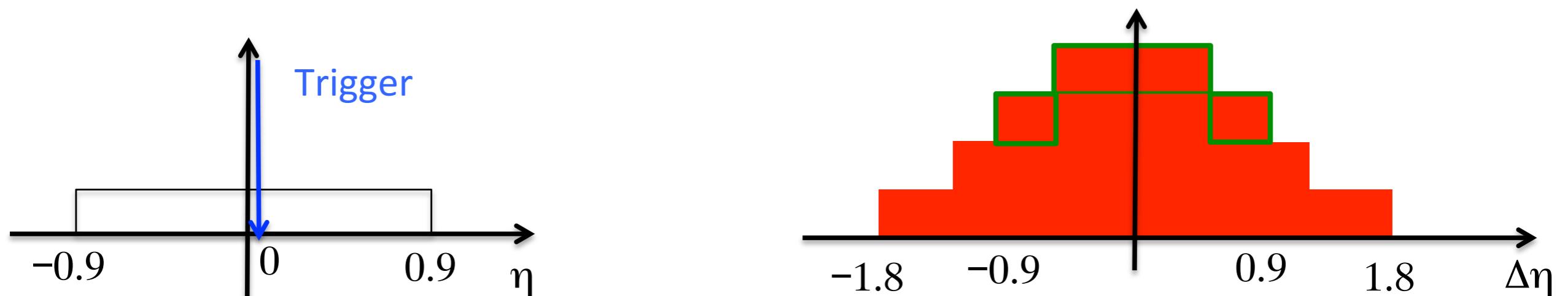


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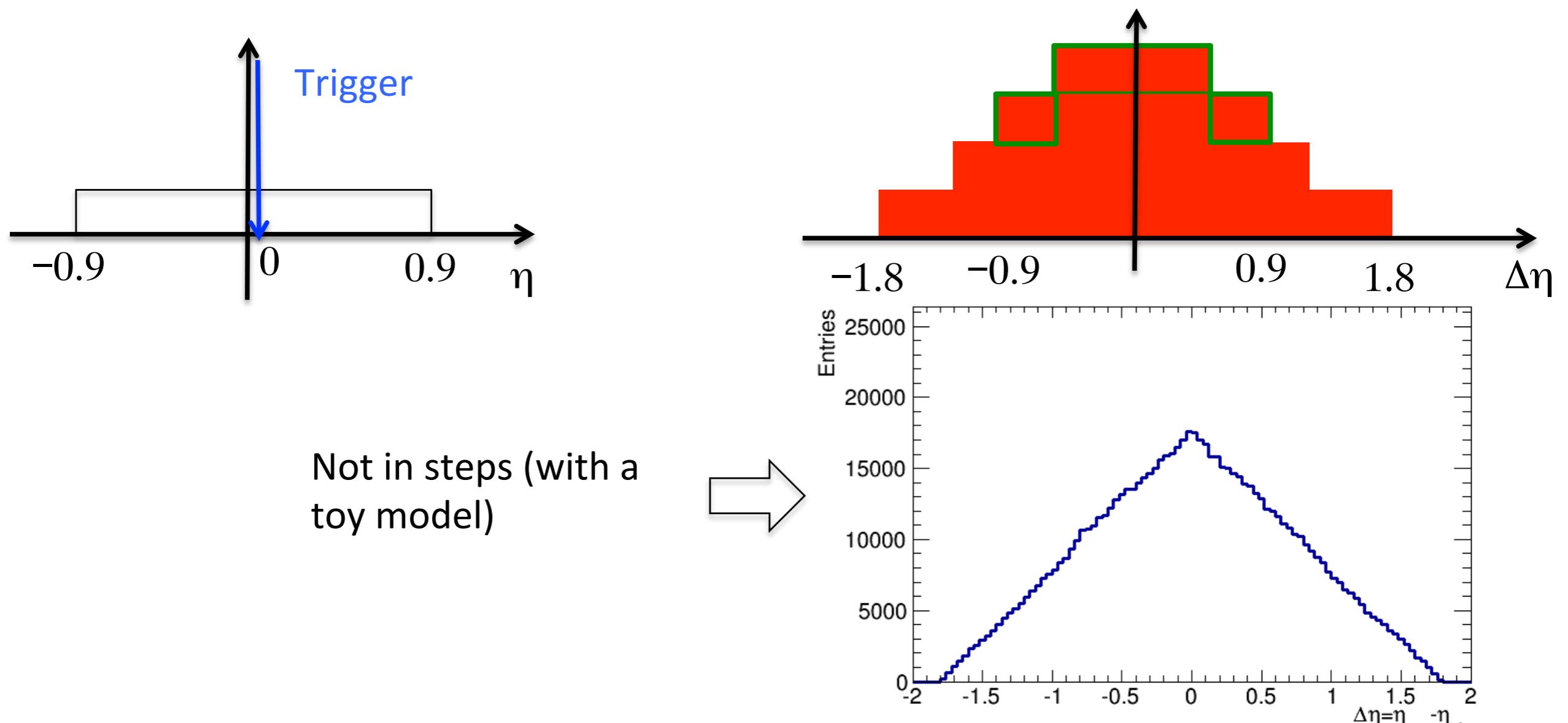


Bias from finite η acceptance

Assume a (not realistic) flat η distribution of the particles in the event over a very wide (ideally infinite) range

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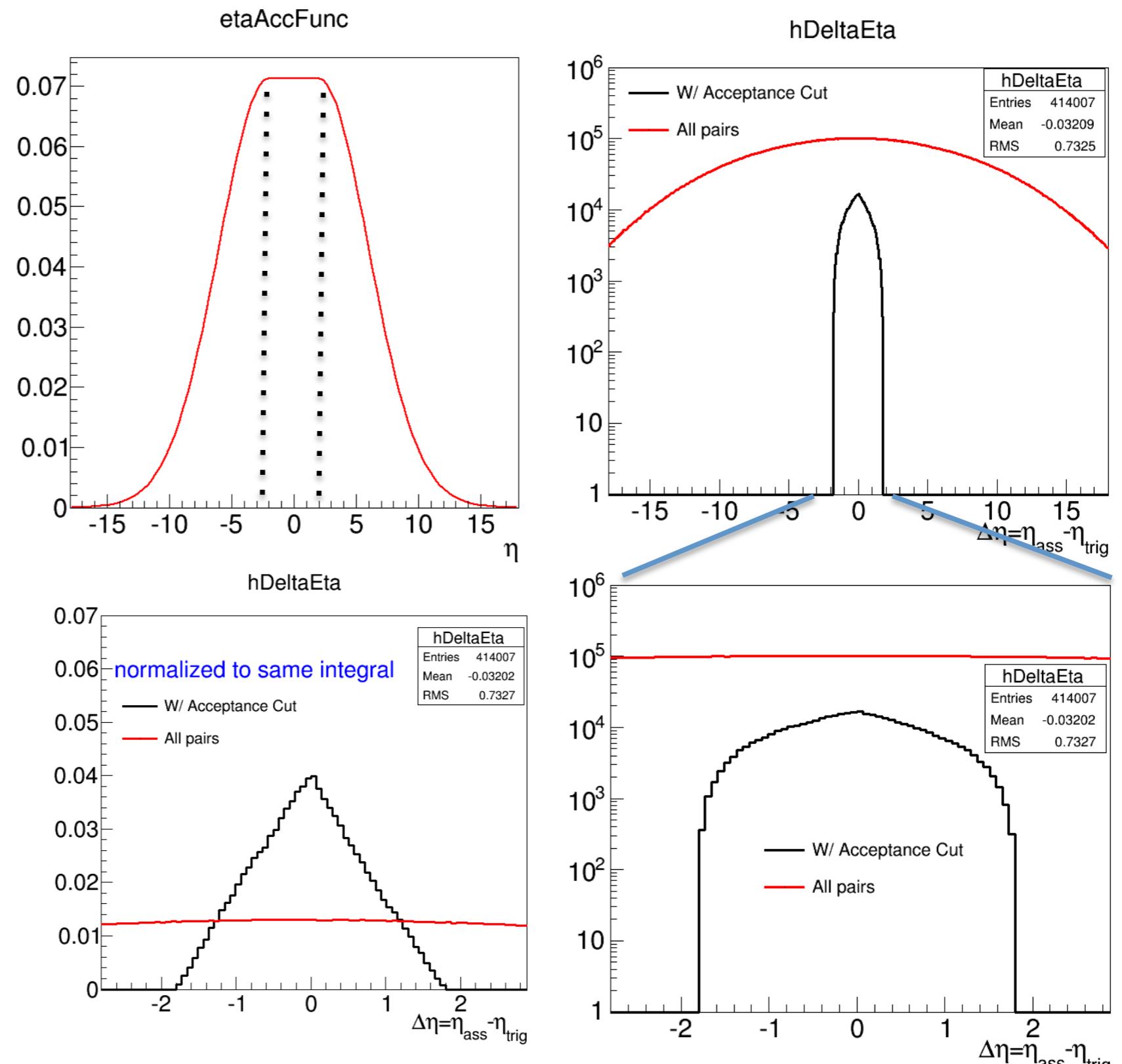
Finite detector acceptance in pseudorapidity η (e.g. $0.9 < \eta < 0.9$)



Slightly more realistic distribution

Particle eta distribution:
 $\text{const}(-2,2) + \text{Gaussian tails}$
with $\sigma=4$

Acceptance: -0.9,0.9



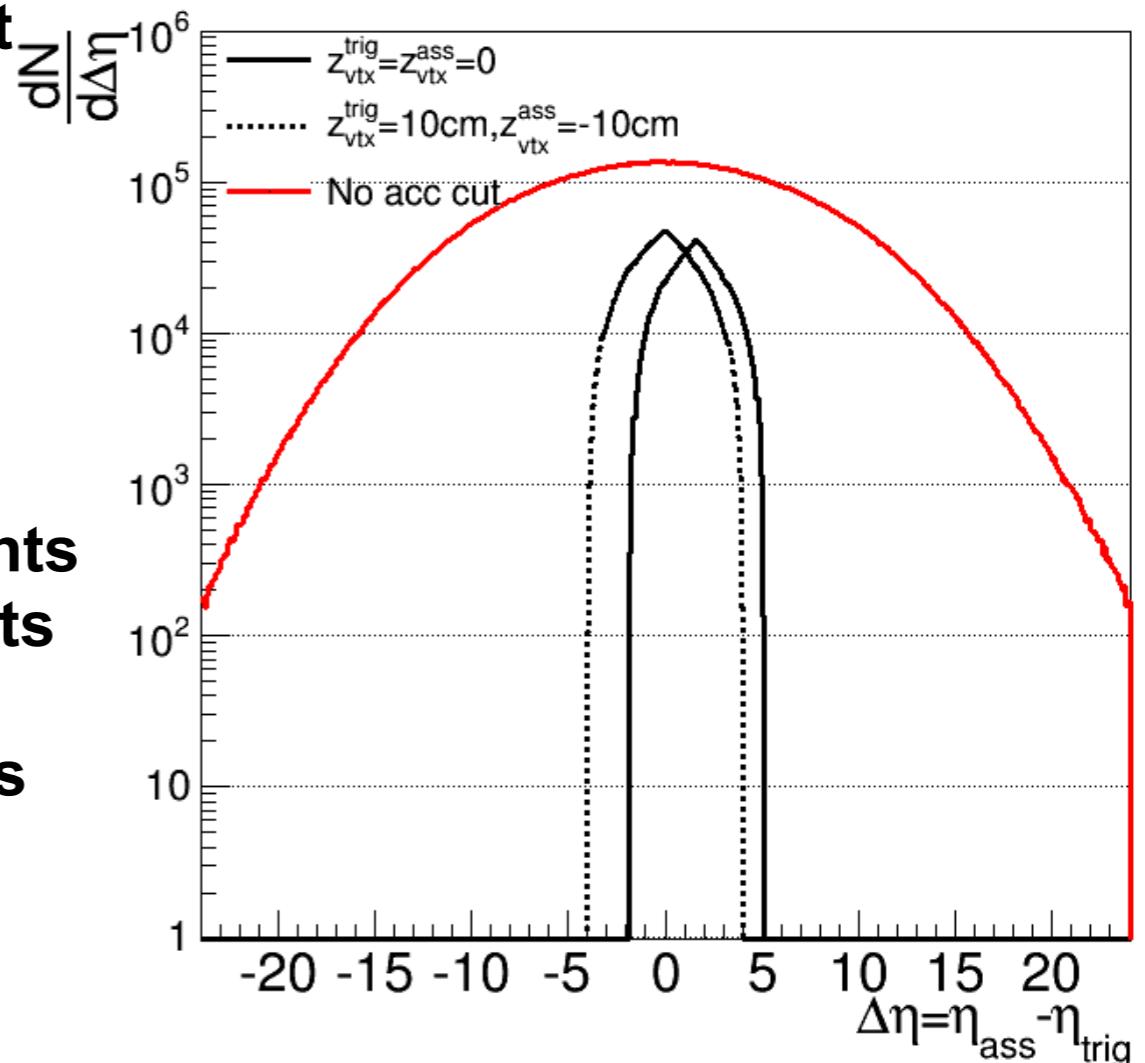
Bias from vertex position

Event vertex position in z (along beam line)
slightly change the acceptance window (not that
much for TPC tracks and typical vtx z values)

Effect more dramatic if we consider SPD
acceptance:

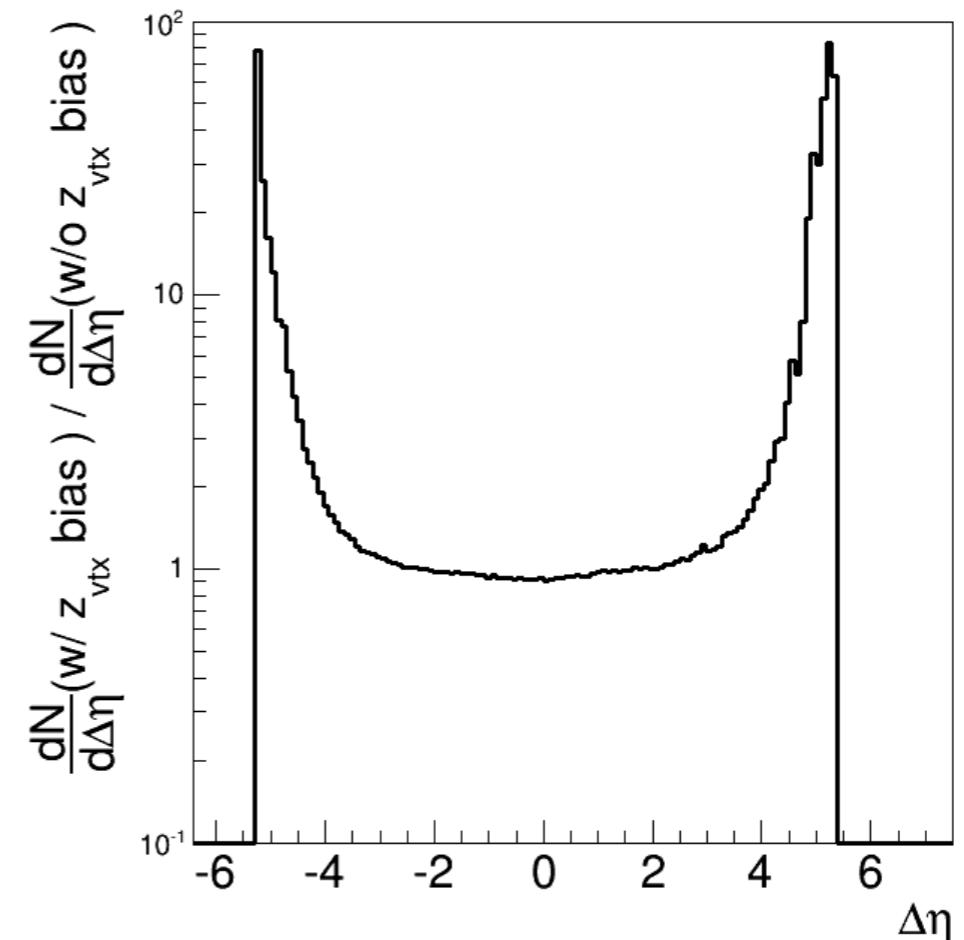
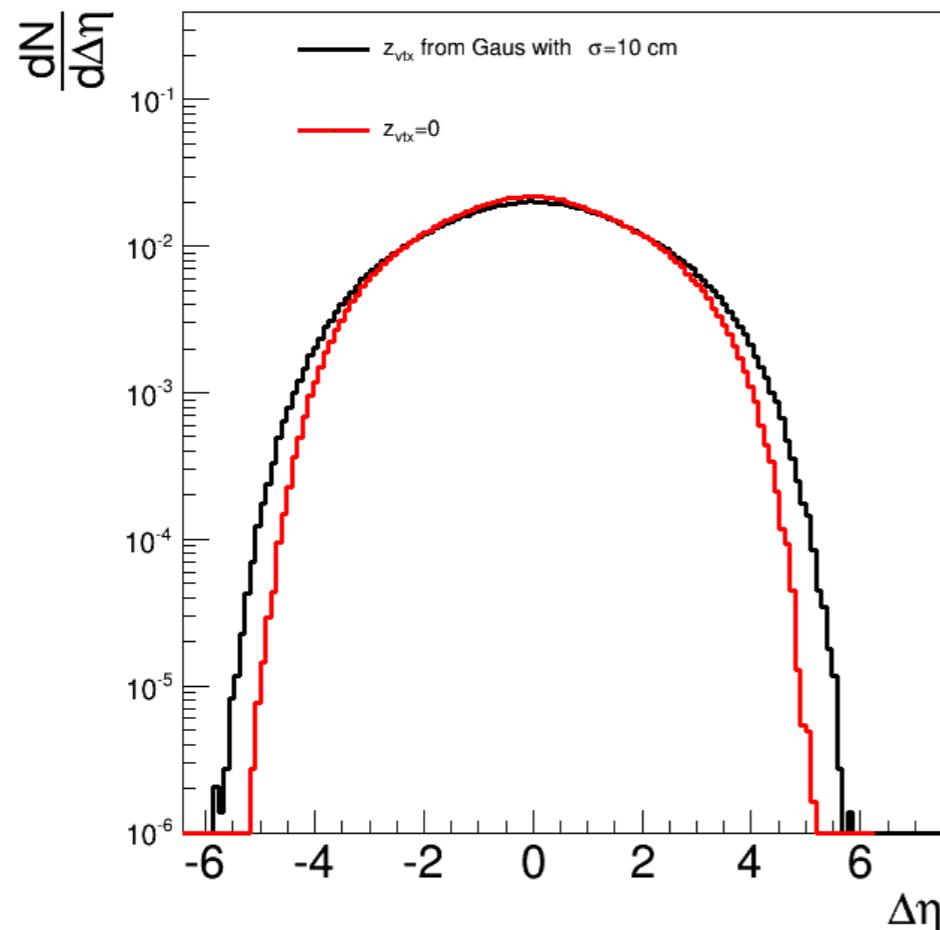
($z_{\text{vtx}}=0 \rightarrow |\eta|<1.95$, $z_{\text{vtx}}=10\text{cm} \rightarrow -2.5<\eta<0.9$)

We can try to correlate (trigger) tracks from events
with $z_{\text{vtx}}=10\text{ cm}$ to (associated) tracks from events
with $z_{\text{vtx}}=-10\text{ cm}$ to see how this affects the $\Delta\eta$
distribution we would recover from Mixed events
(this is an extreme scenario and using SPD
acceptance is also not a realistic case)



Bias from vertex position

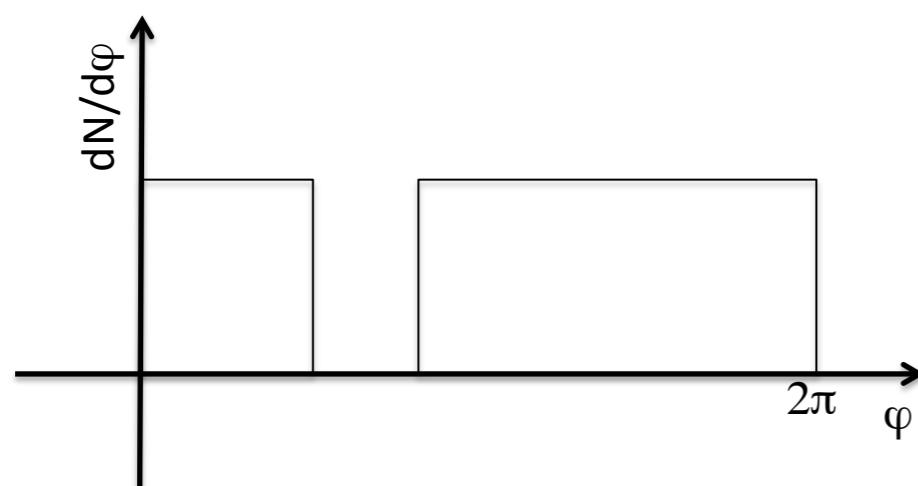
Now we can see the $\Delta\eta$ distribution obtained by taking trigger and associated particles from events with z_{vtx} distributed according to a Gaussian with $\sigma=10 \text{ cm}$



If we want to correct for limited detector acceptance with $\Delta\eta$ distribution recovered from mixed events we have to mix events with same(similar) z_{vtx}

Bias from azimuthal inhomogeneity

Suppose that we have a hole in the detector in phi at e.g. phi=45 degrees. And we assume a flat azimuthal distribution of the particles in the event



Let's try to make pairs

If we can sample the D_j distribution obtained by moving the trigger particle along j

Bias from azimuthal inhomogeneity

Assume a flat azimuthal distribution of the particles in the event.

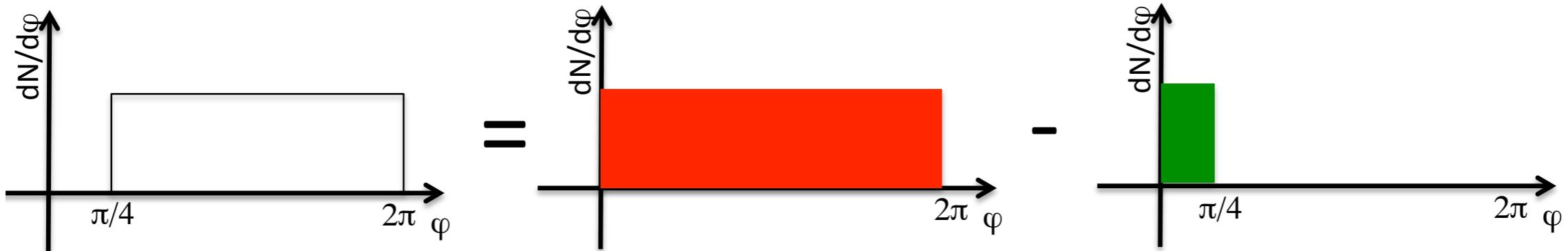
-> flat $\Delta\phi$ distribution expected if full and homogeneous azimuthal coverage.

Suppose that we have a “hole” in the detector in (e.g.) $\pi/4 < \phi < \pi/2$: the track ϕ distribution is depleted. The resulting distribution can be viewed as a flat distribution subtracted of a “hole”.



We can look at expected $\Delta\phi$ distribution by spanning different trigger track ϕ values.

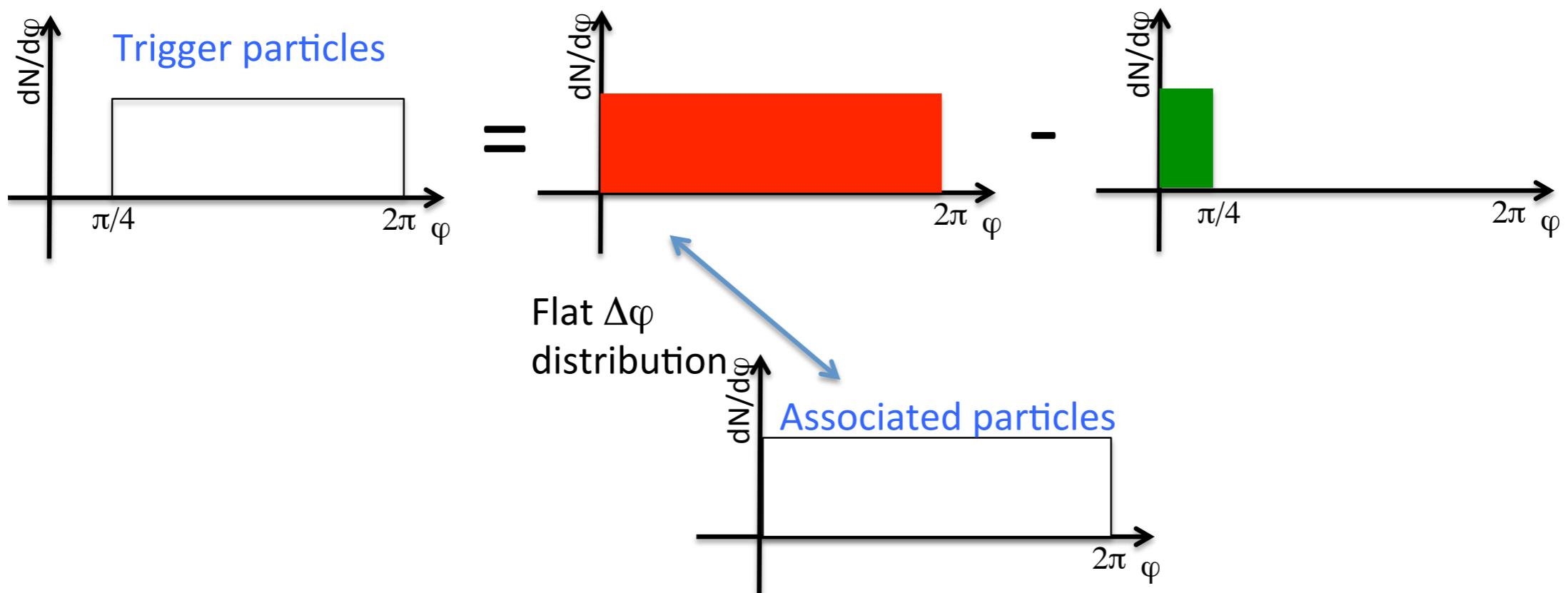
First, with a change of coordinate ($\phi' = \phi - \pi/4$) we have



Trivially, the single hole case is equivalent also to that in which we have a limited acceptance (small $\Delta\phi$ coverage)

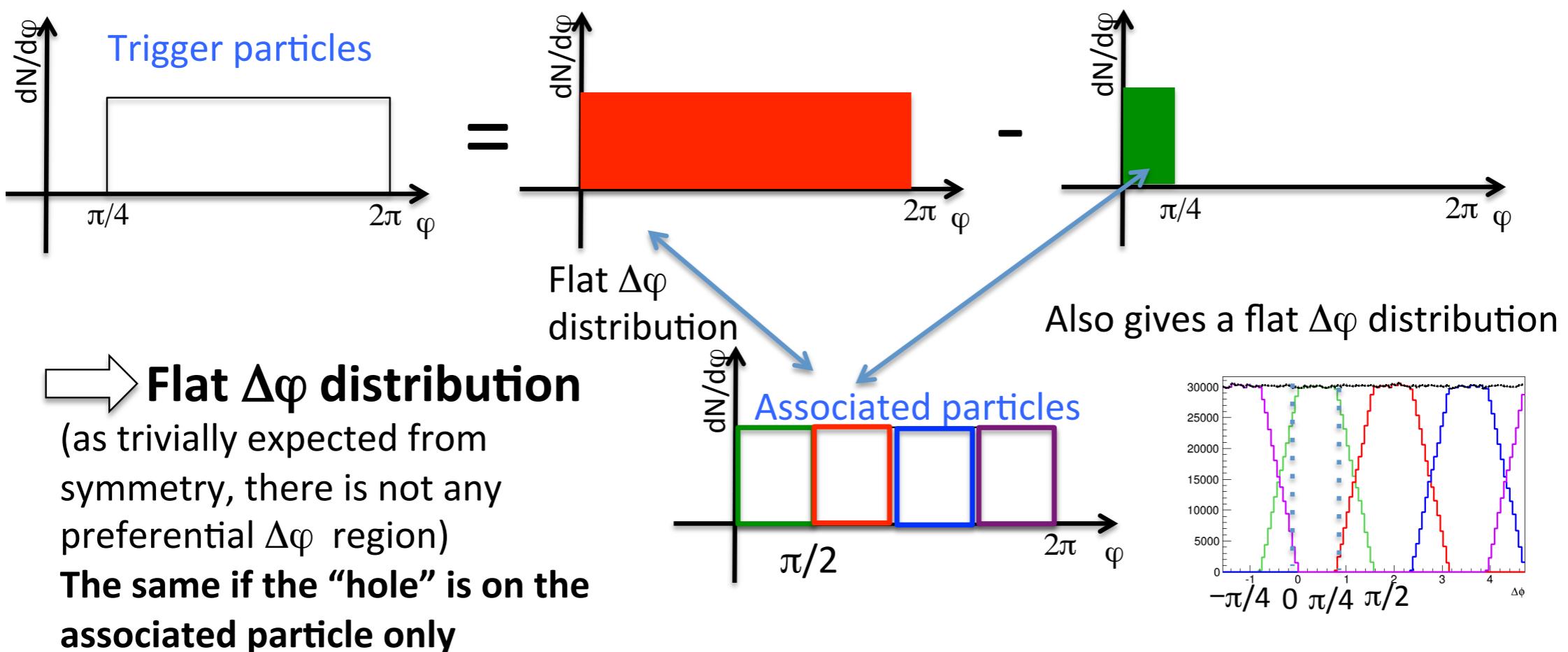
Bias from azimuthal inhomogeneity

Let's do all pairs **assuming that only trigger particles have a limited ϕ acceptance**, while associated particles have a full azimuthal coverage (e.g. trigger particles from EMCAL, associated from TPC). We can look at it as if the “real” result can be obtained by sampling the trigger particles from the red distribution and then subtract what obtained by sampling them from the green (hole).



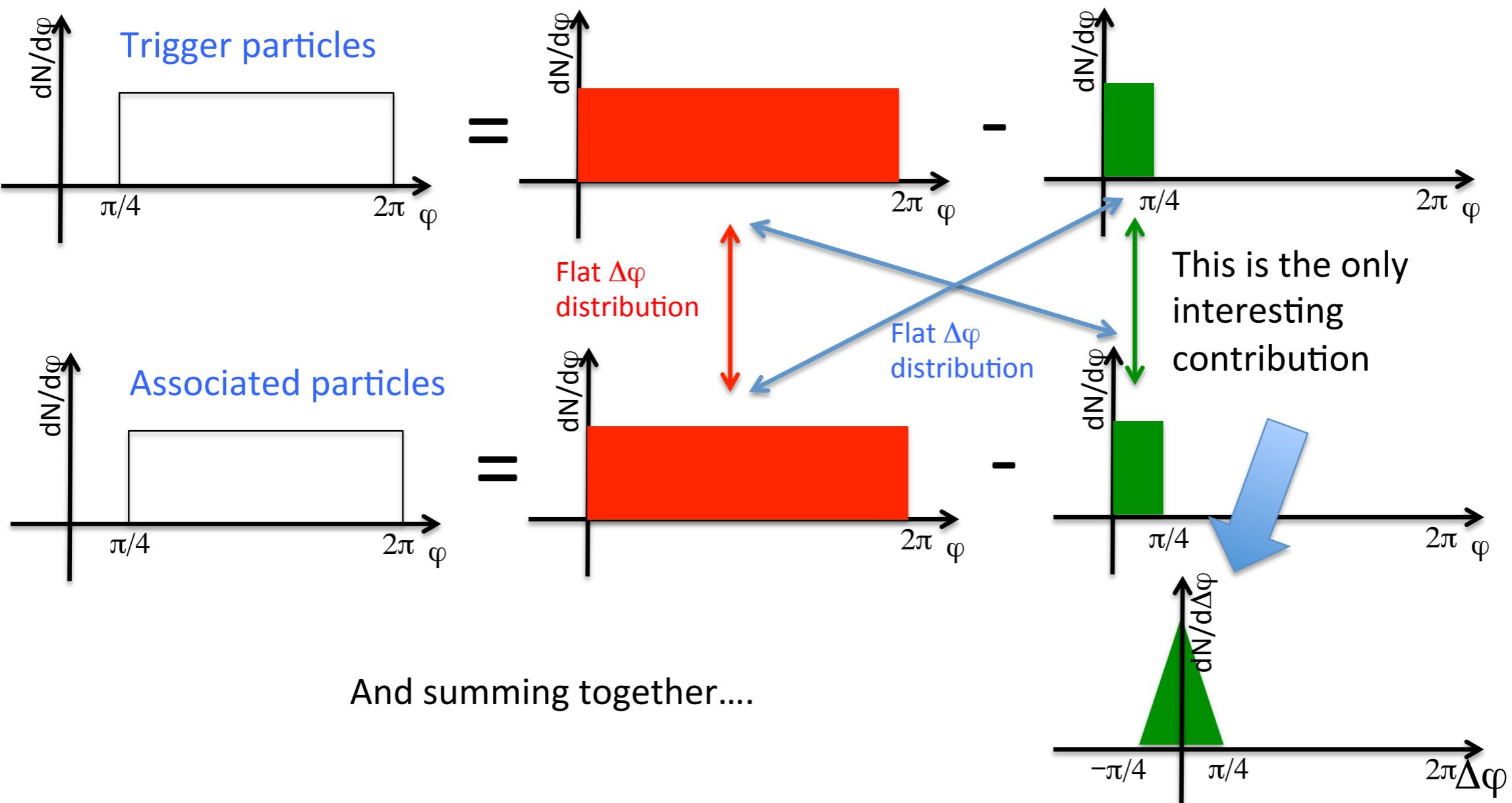
Bias from azimuthal inhomogeneity

Let's do all pairs **assuming that only trigger particles have a limited ϕ acceptance**, while associated particles have a full azimuthal coverage (e.g. trigger particles from EMCAL, associated from TPC). We can look at it as if the “real” result can be obtained by sampling the trigger particles from the red distribution and then subtract what obtained by sampling them from the green (hole).

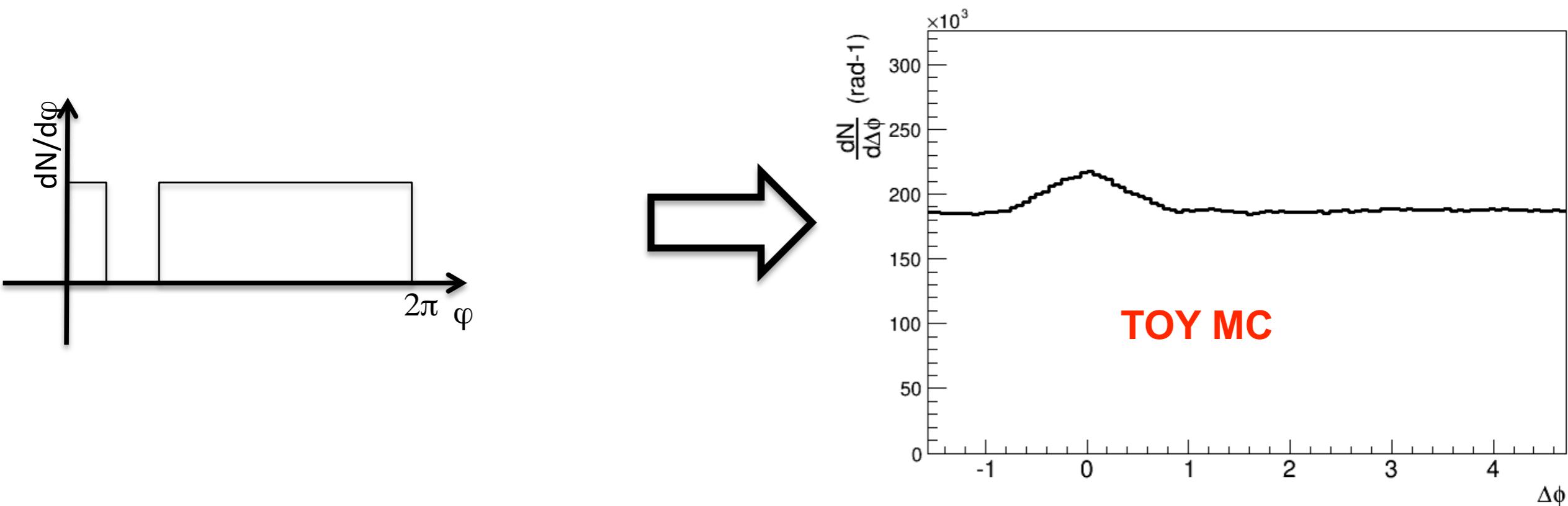


Bias from azimuthal inhomogeneity

2) Now we can consider the case in which the trigger and associated particles have the same acceptance. Proceeding in the same way as before:



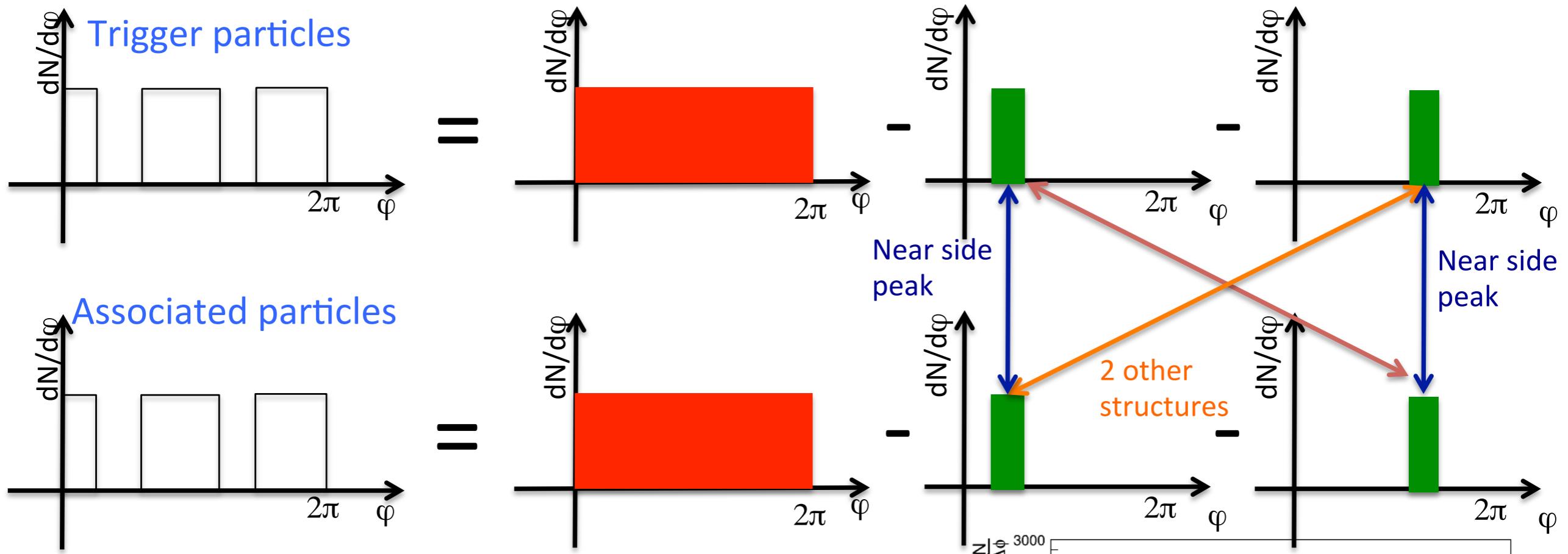
Bias from azimuthal inhomogeneity



A “hole” in ϕ produces a structure in the near side
Holes always enhance the near side!

Bias from azimuthal inhomogeneity

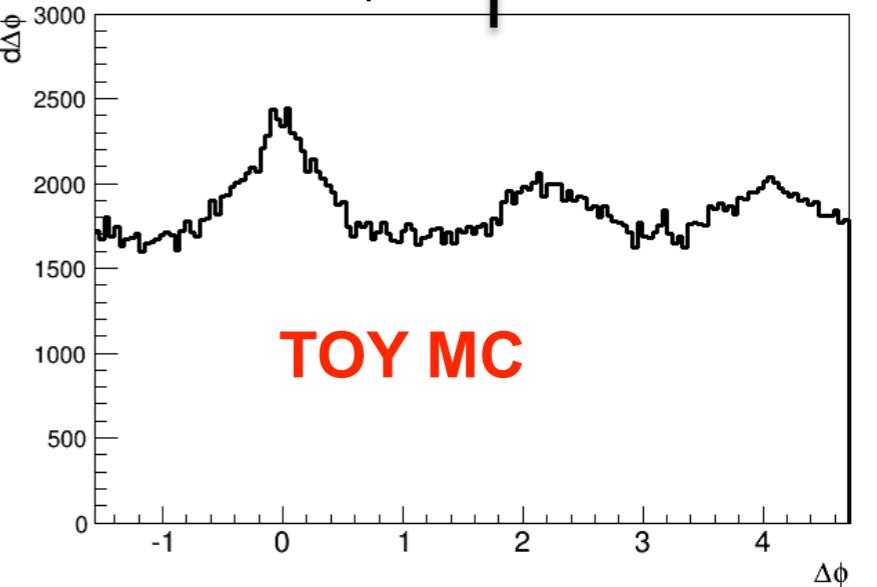
What matters is the width and the relative positions of the holes



2 "holes" \rightarrow max 3 peaks (2 if they are separated by $\Delta\varphi=\pi$)

\rightarrow mimic nice back to back peaks ☺)

N holes \rightarrow max $N(N-1)+1$ structures (not a general rule, overlaps are probable)



Time for some code

EVENT MIXING in the AliRoot Framework

Event mixing: how to



Reducing the track to the minimum, i.e.

Create an object that will store only the necessary information

```
class MyTrack : public AliVParticle
{
public:
    MyTrack(Double_t eta, Double_t phi, Double_t pt);
    ~MyTrack();

    // kinematics

    virtual Double_t Pt() const { return fpT; }
    virtual Double_t Phi() const { return fPhi; }
    virtual Double_t Eta() const { return fEta; }
}
```

```
MyTrack:: MyTrack(Double_t eta, Double_t phi, Double_t pt) :
fEta(eta),
fPhi(phi),
fpT(pt)
{
    // default constructor
}
```

Event mixing: how to



Reducing the track to the minimum, i.e.

Create an object that will store only the necessary information

```
TObjArray *TrackArray = new TObjArray();
TrackArray->SetOwner(kTRUE);

// loop on all the tracks
for(Int_t iTrack = 0; iTrack<AOD->GetNTracks(); iTrack++){

    AliAODTrack* track = AOD->GetTrack(iTrack);

    apply your selections to the track

    TrackArray->Add(new MyTrack(track->Eta(), track->Phi(), track ->pT));
}
```

The track array will be passed to the event pool at the end of the analysis

makes sure you actually mix!



ALICE

The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools

```
AliEventPoolManager(MaxNofEvents,trackDepth,nCentralityBins,(Double_t*)centralityBins,nZvtxBins,(Double_t*) vertexBins);
```



The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools

Maximum number of events



```
AliEventPoolManager(MaxNofEvents,trackDepth,nCentralityBins,(Double_t*)centralityBins,nZvtxBins,(Double_t*) vertexBins);
```



Maximum number of tracks

```
Int_t MaxNofEvents = 1000;  
Int_t trackDepth = 2000;
```

The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools

Maximum number of events

```
AliEventPoolManager(MaxNofEvents,trackDepth,nCentralityBins,(Double_t*)centralityBins,nZvtxBins,(Double_t*) vertexBins);
```

Maximum number of tracks

Number of centrality bins

Centrality bins

```
Int_t MaxNofEvents = 1000;
```

```
Int_t trackDepth = 2000;
```

```
Int_t nCentralityBins = 15;
```

```
Double_t centralityBins[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100.1 };
```

The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools

Maximum number of events

```
AliEventPoolManager(MaxNofEvents,trackDepth,nCentralityBins,(Double_t*)centralityBins,nZvtxBins,(Double_t*) vertexBins);
```

Maximum number of tracks

Number of centrality bins

Centrality bins

Number of zVtx bins

zVtx bins

```
Int_t MaxNofEvents = 1000;
```

```
Int_t trackDepth = 2000;
```

```
Int_t nCentralityBins = 8;
```

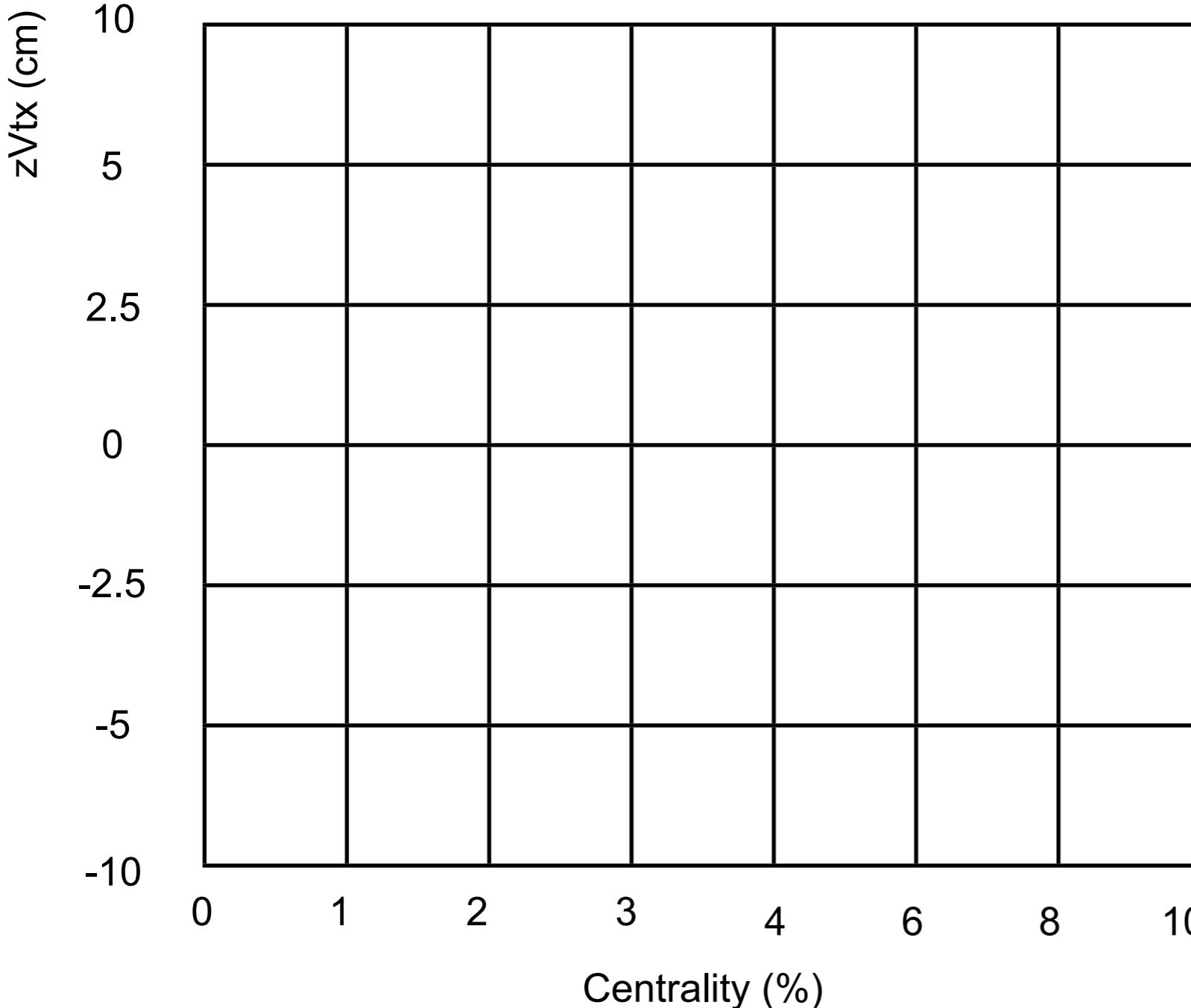
```
Double_t centralityBins[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10 };
```

```
Int_t nZvtxBins = 7;
```

```
Double_t vertexBins[] = { -10, -5, -2.5, 0, 2.5, 5, 10 };
```

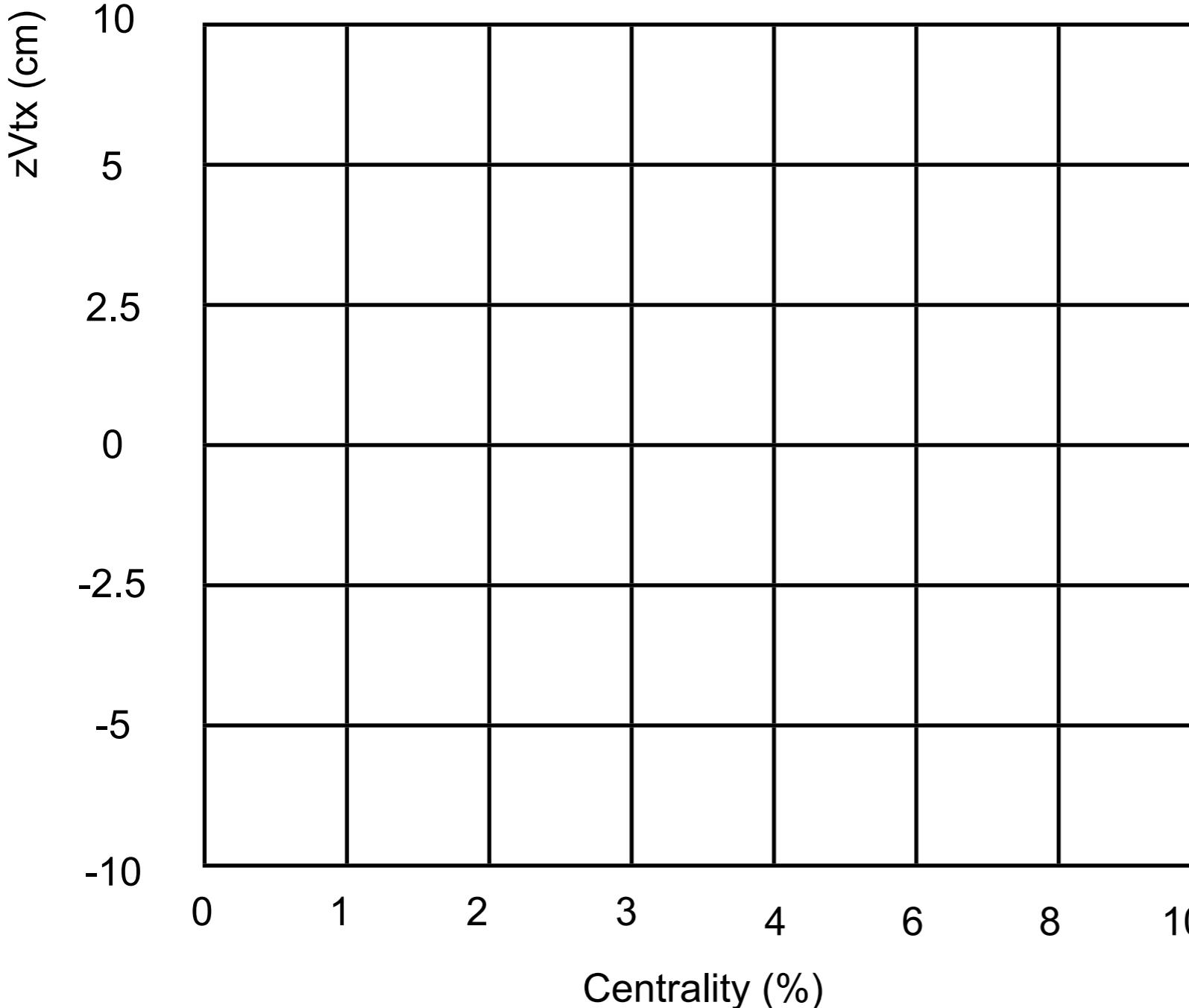
The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools



The event pool

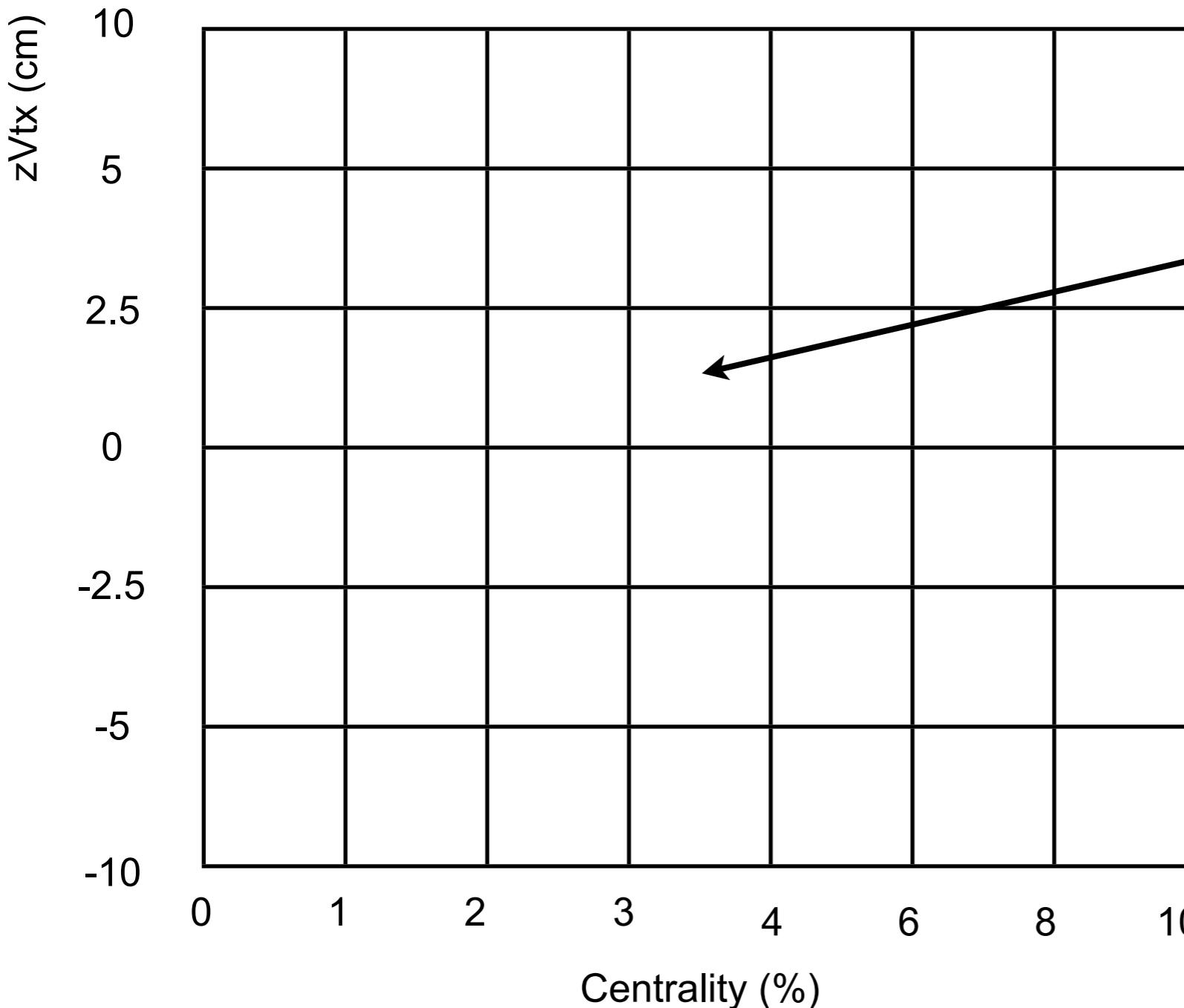
The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools



- 1) Get info from the Event centrality zVtx

The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools

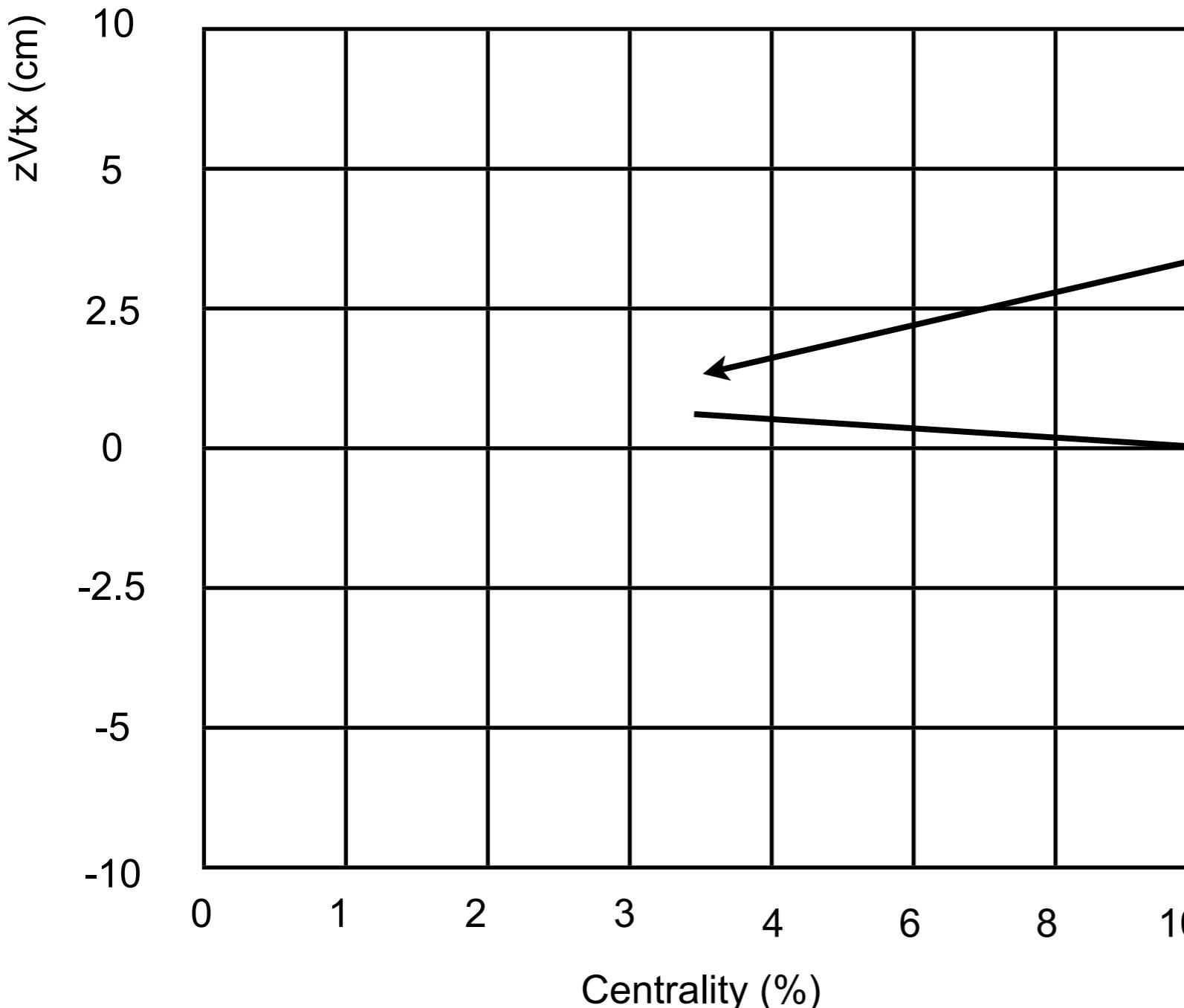


1) Get info from the Event
centrality
 $zVtx$

example (centrality 3.5%, $zVtx$ 1.4 cm)

The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools



1) Get info from the Event
centrality
 $zVtx$

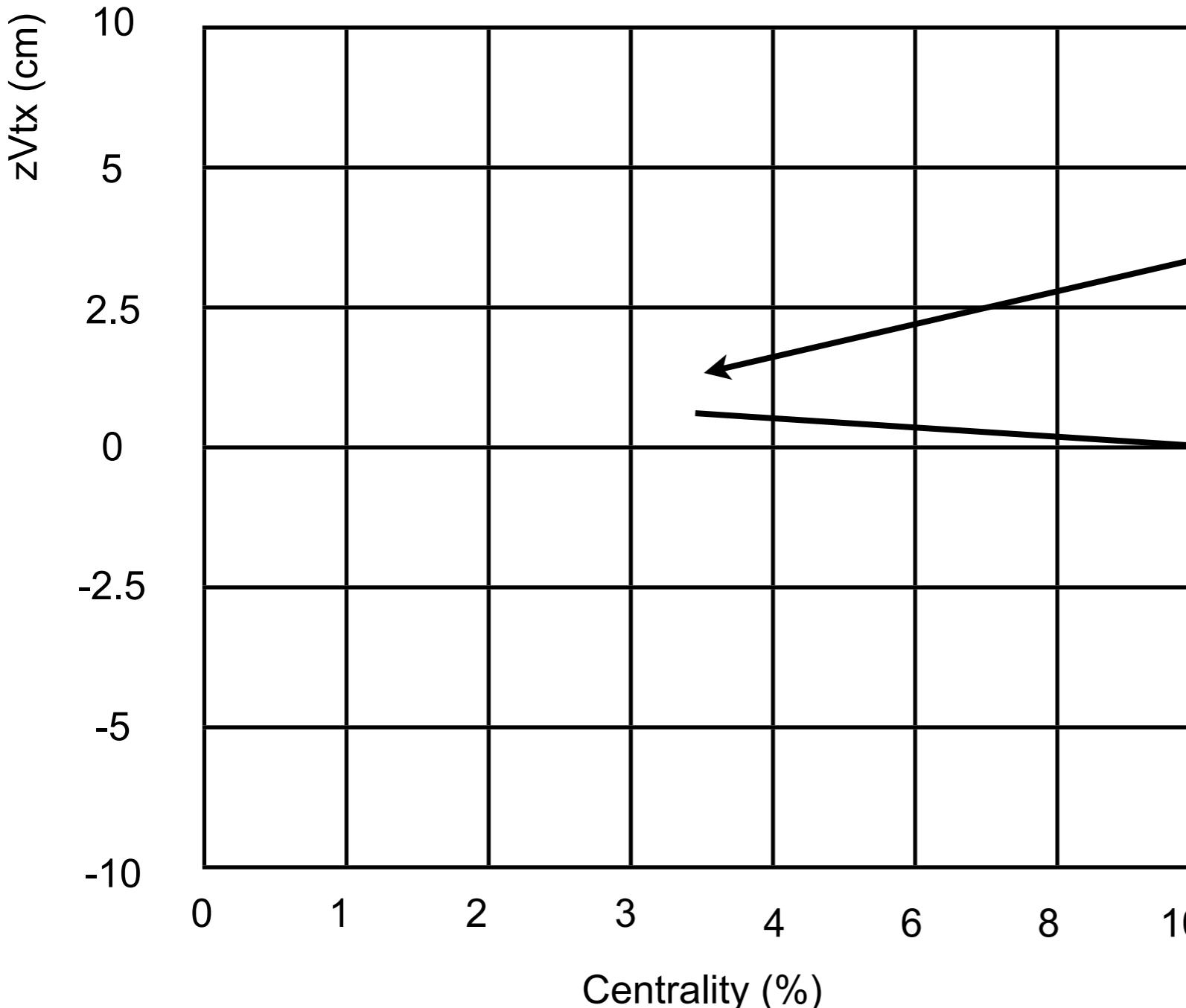
example (centrality 3.5%, $zVtx$ 1.4 cm)

2) Get the pool to from the manager

```
AliEventPoolManager::GetEventPool(MultipOrCent, zvertex);
```

The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools



1) Get info from the Event
centrality
 $zVtx$

example (centrality 3.5%, $zVtx$ 1.4 cm)

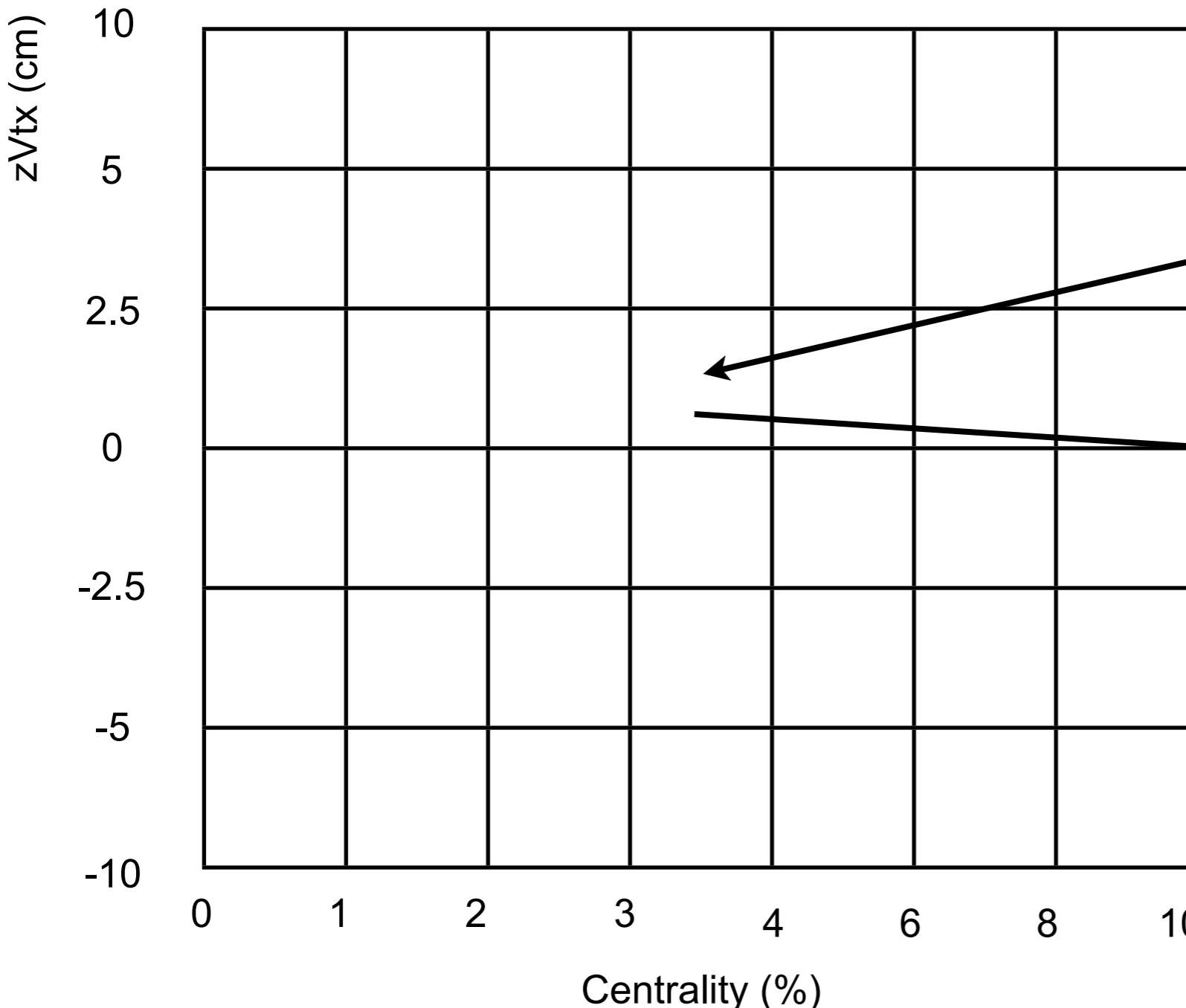
2) Get the pool to from the manager

3) Extract the tracks/events in the pool

```
AliEventPoolManager::GetEventPool(MultipOrCent, zvertex);
```

The event pool

The AliEventPoolManager: definition of the pools

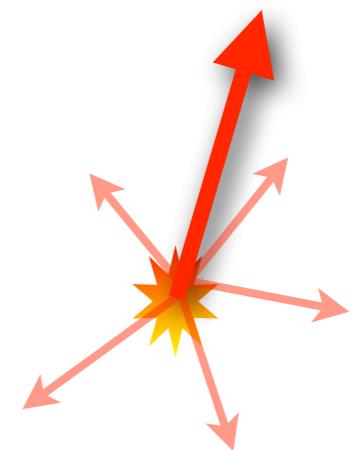


- 1) Get info from the Event centrality
 $zVtx$
- example (centrality 3.5%, $zVtx$ 1.4 cm)
- 2) Get the pool to from the manager
- 3) Extract the tracks/events in the pool
- 4) Run the mixing analysis from event N and the events stored in the pool

```
AliEventPoolManager::GetEventPool(MultipOrCent, zvertex);
```

Event mixing in your task

Event N



Event mixing in your task



Event N - select the “trigger” particle

Is the event pool ready in the centrality/zVtx bin?



Event mixing in your task

Event N - select the “trigger” particle

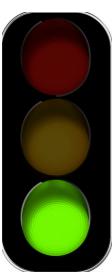
Is the event pool ready in the centrality/zVtx bin?



↓
Yes

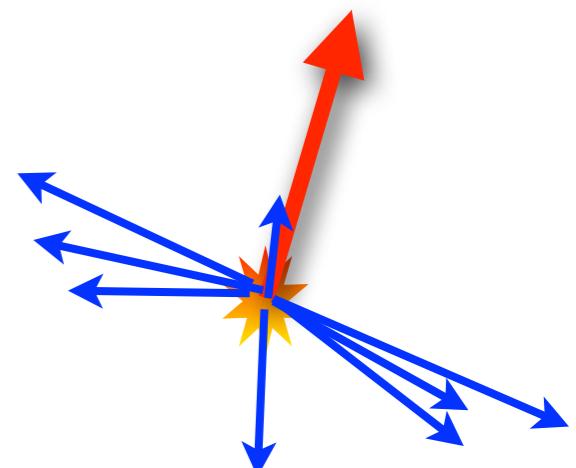
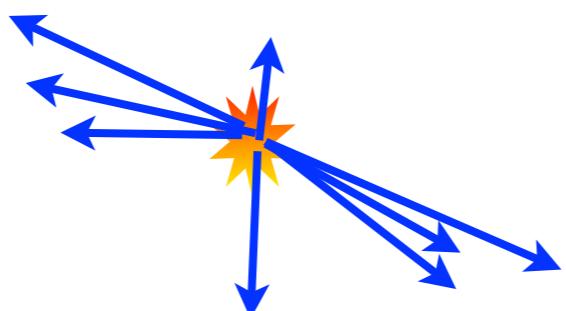
Event mixing in your task

Event N - select the “trigger” particle



↓
Yes

Get event N-1 from the pool



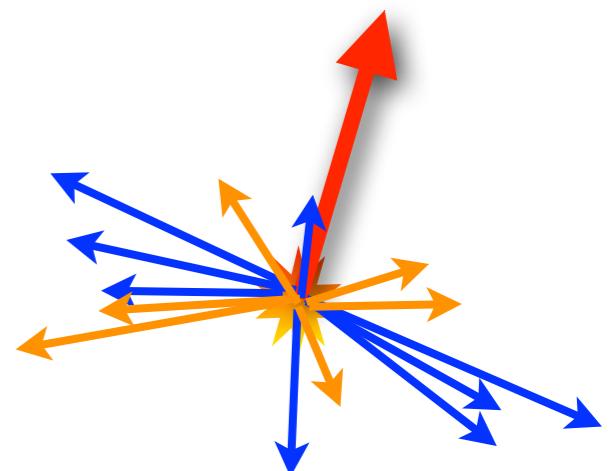
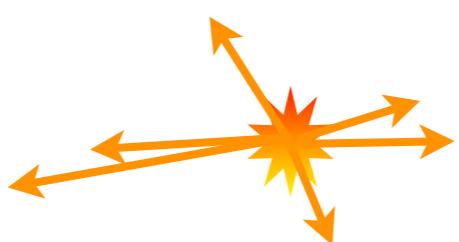
Event mixing in your task

Event N - select the “trigger” particle



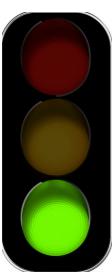
↓
Yes

Get event N-2 from the pool



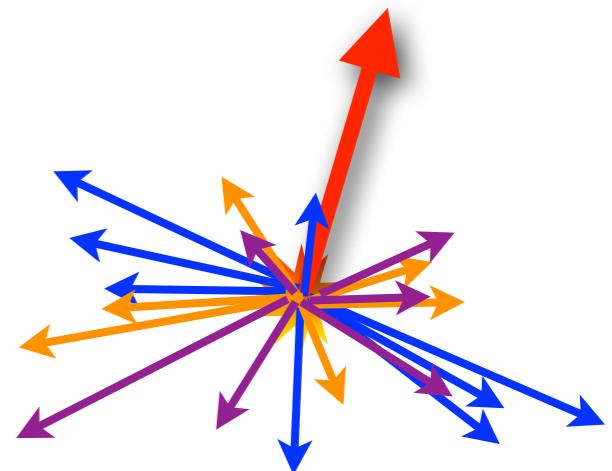
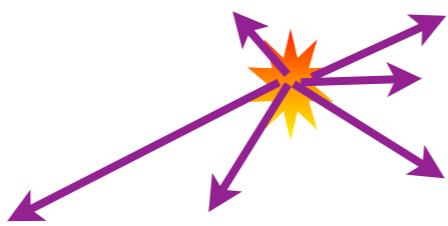
Event mixing in your task

Event N - select the “trigger” particle



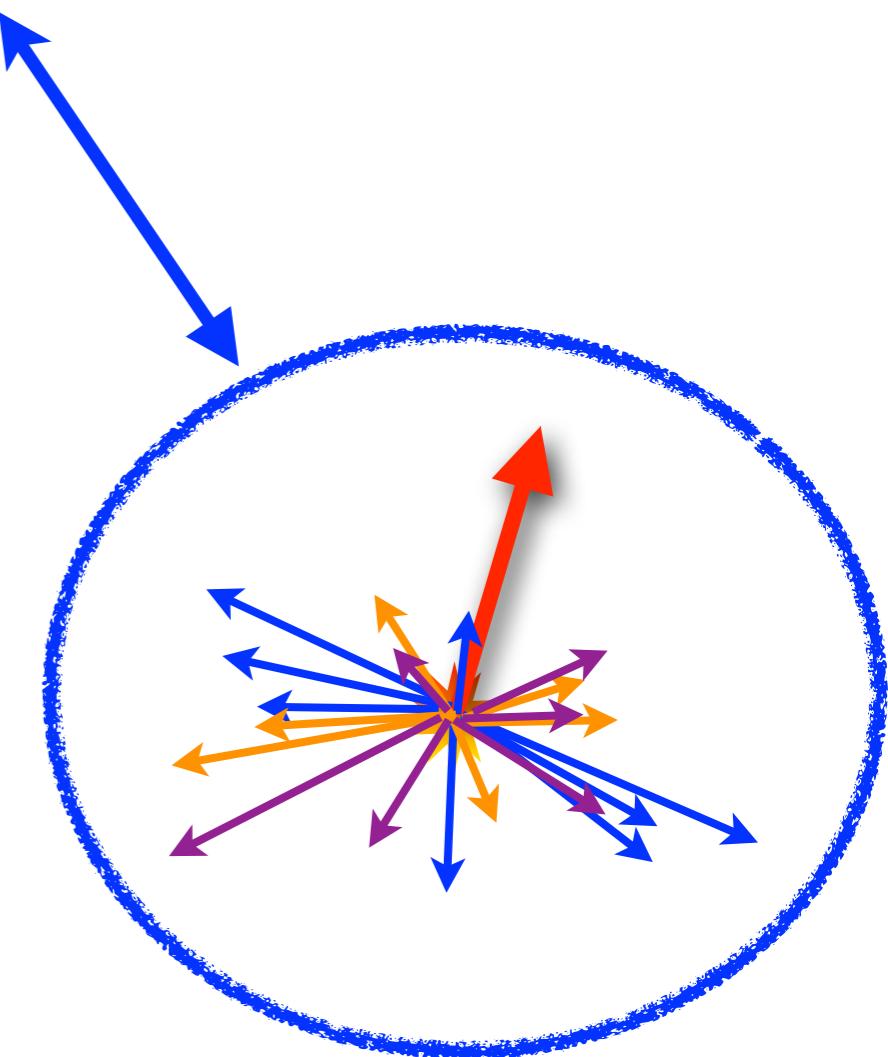
↓
Yes

Get event N-3 from the pool



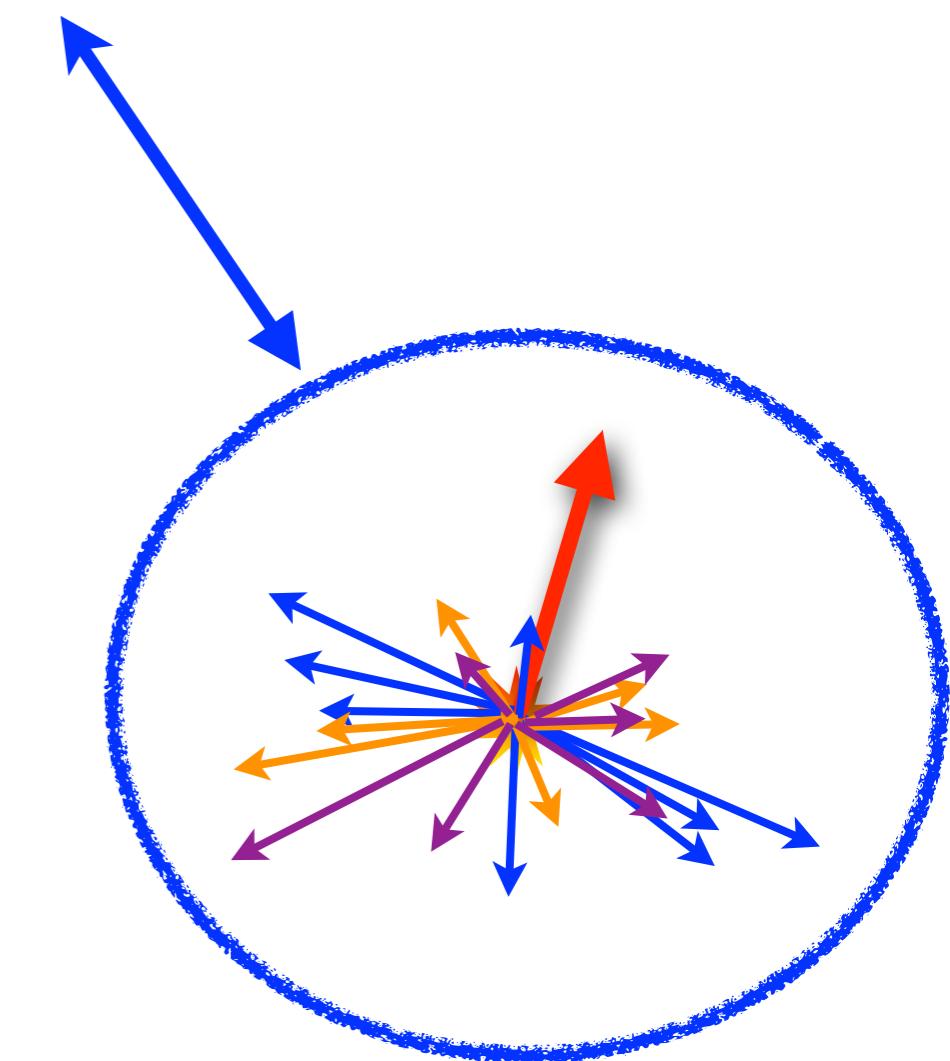
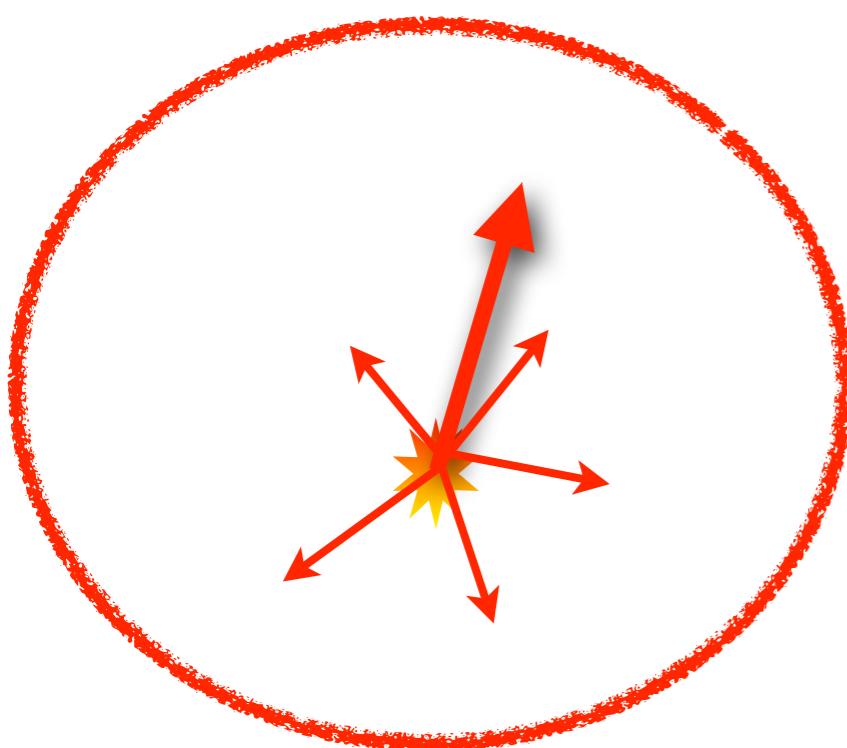
Event mixing in your task

1) Study the correlation distributions



Event mixing in your task

1) Study the correlation distributions

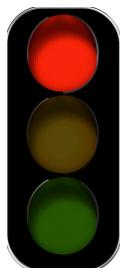


2) Store the event N in the pool

Event mixing in your task

Event N - select the “trigger” particle

Is the event pool ready in the centrality/zVtx bin?

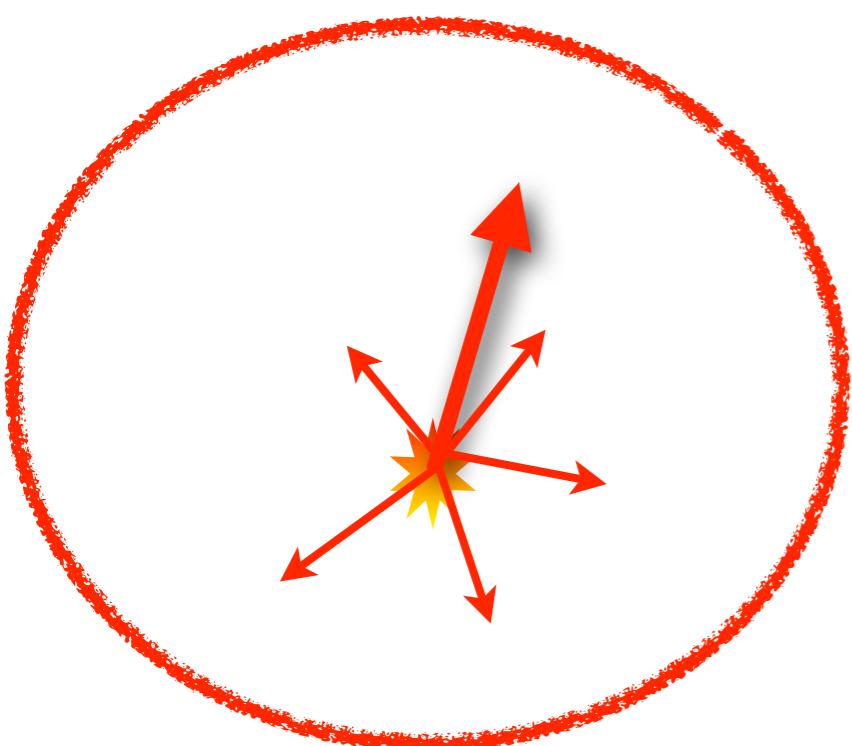
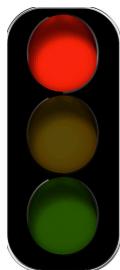


No

Event mixing in your task

Event N - select the “trigger” particle

Is the event pool ready in the centrality/zVtx bin?



↓
No

Store the event N in the pool

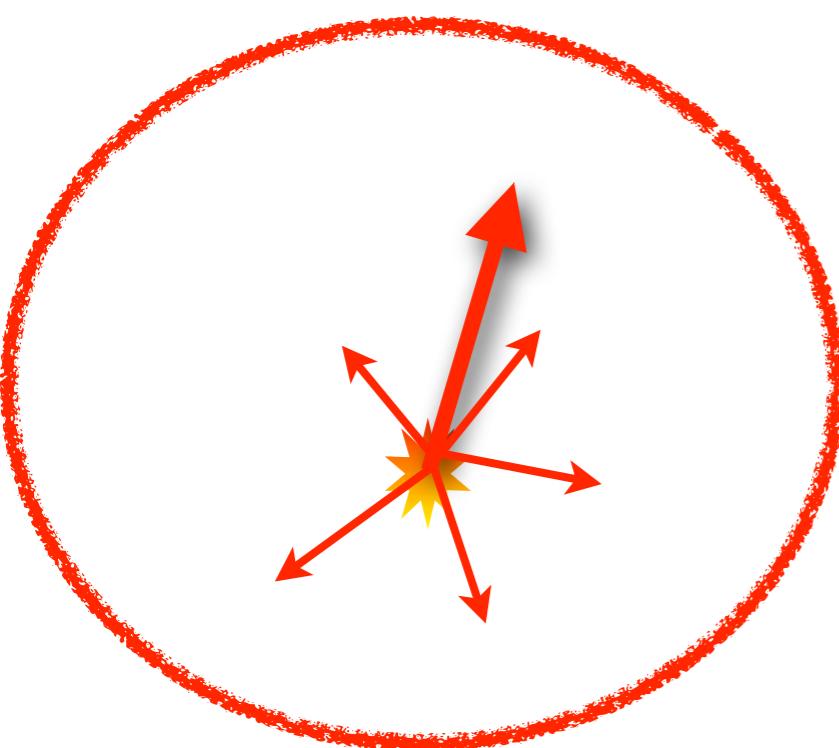
Event mixing in your task

Event N - select the “trigger” particle

Is the event pool ready in the centrality/zVtx bin?

Go to event N+1

No



2) Store the event N in the pool



Event mixing: how to

The AliEventPoolManager: Get the pool for your event

Extract the event pool from the manager using the functions

// First uses bin indices, second uses the variables themselves.

```
(AliEventPool *) AliEventPoolManager:: GetEventPool(Int_t iMult, Int_t iZvtx, Int_t iPsi=0);  
(AliEventPool *) AliEventPoolManager:: GetEventPool(Int_t centVal, Double_t zvtxVal, Double_t psiVal=0.);  
(AliEventPool *) AliEventPoolManager:: GetEventPool(Double_t centVal, Double_t zvtxVal, Double_t psiVal=0.);
```

```
Double_t centralityObj = AODEvent->GetHeader()->GetCentralityP();  
MultipOrCent = centralityObj->GetCentralityPercentileUnchecked("V0M");  
  
AliAODVertex *vtx = AODEvent->GetPrimaryVertex();  
Double_t zvertex = vtx->GetZ(); // zvertex
```

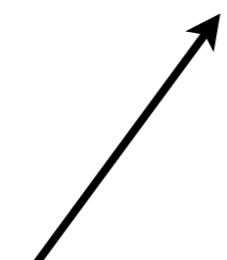
```
AliEventPool * Pool = PoolMgr->GetEventPool(MultipOrCent, zvertex);
```

```
Pool->SetTargetEvents(10); // set the minimum number of events to mix
```

Event mixing: how to



Checks that the pool for the selected event is ready (has a minimum number of tracks and events set previously)



```
Bool_t AliEventPool::IsReady();
```

```
if(!Pool->IsReady()) return;
```

Event mixing: how to



Define a TObjArray

```
TObjArray *AssociatedTracks = new TObjArray();
```

Loop on the events present in the event pool

```
For(Int_t k=0; k<Pool->GetCurrentNEvents(); k++){
```

```
    AssociatedTracks = fPool->GetEvent(k);
```

for loop over the tracks stored in the event k (explained in the next slide)

```
}
```

Event mixing: how to



```
For(Int_t k=0; k<Pool->GetCurrentNEvents(); k++)  
AssociatedTracks = fPool->GetEvent(k);  
  
for loop over the tracks stored in the event k  
}
```

```
Int_t NofTracks = AssociatedTracks->GetEntriesFast();  
  
for(Int_t iTrack = 0; iTrack<NofTracks; iTrack++){  
  
    MyTrack * MixedTrack = (MyTrack*) AssociatedTracks->At(iTrack);  
  
    Double_t phimixed = MixedTrack->Phi();  
    ...  
    // calculate correlations  
}
```

Event mixing: update the pool



!! At the end of your analysis !!

**Update the event pool → store the event N that will be used
at the next step for mixing**

```
TObjArray *TrackArray = new TObjArray();
TrackArray->SetOwner(kTRUE);

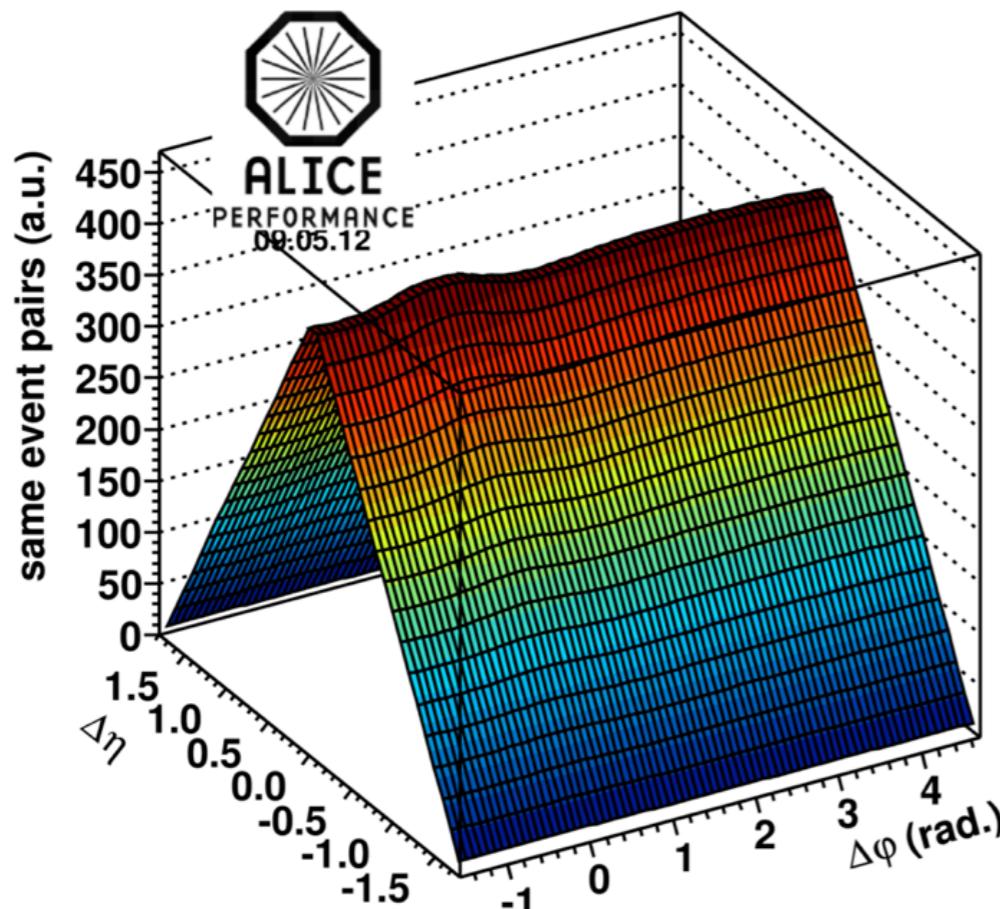
// loop on all the tracks
for(Int_t iTrack = 0; iTrack<AOD->GetNTracks(); iTrack++){
    AliAODTrack* track = AOD->GetTrack(iTrack);
```

apply your selections to the track

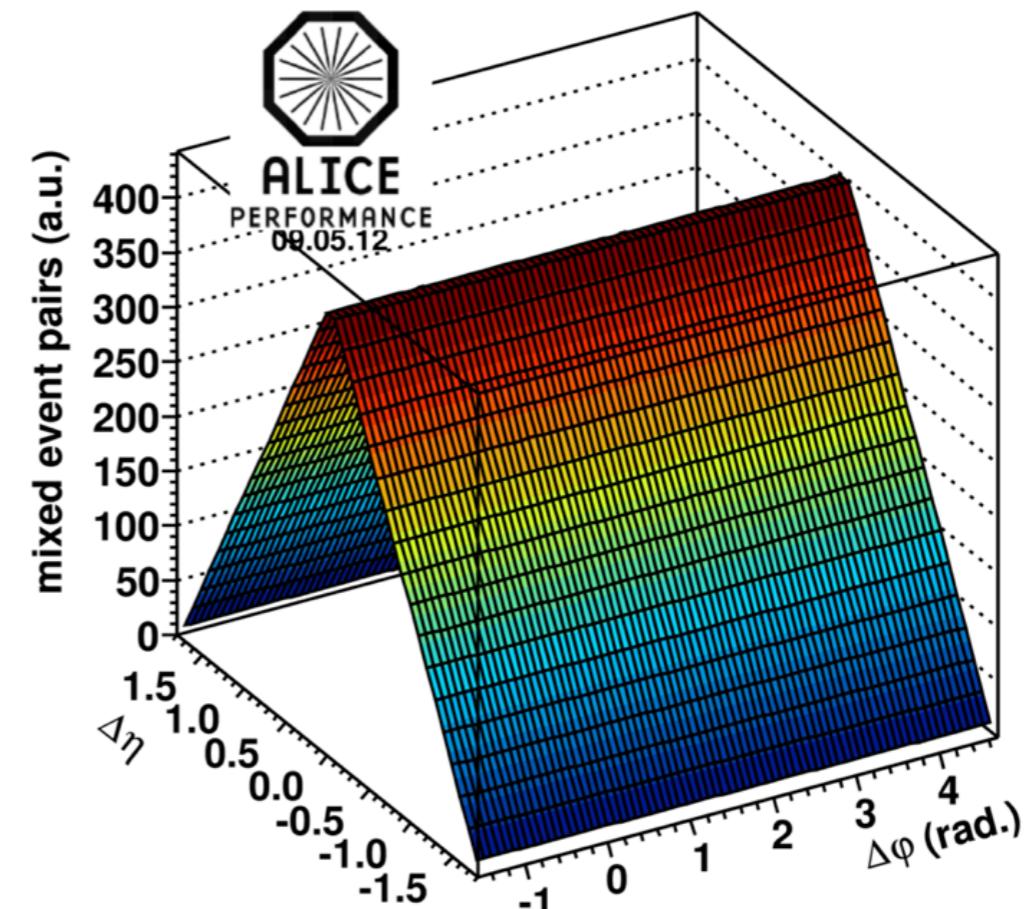
```
    TrackArray->Add(new MyTrack(track->Eta(), track->Phi(), track ->pT));
}
```

```
Pool->UpdatePool(TrackArray);
```

The offline correction

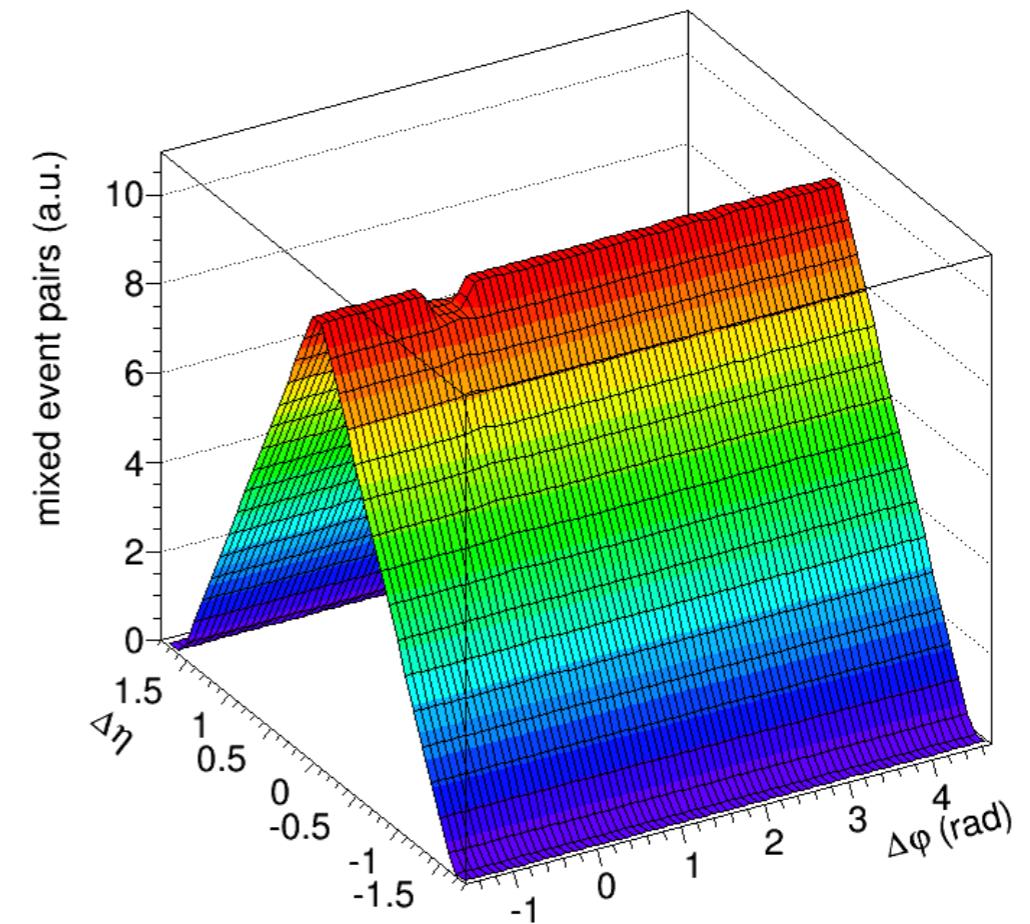
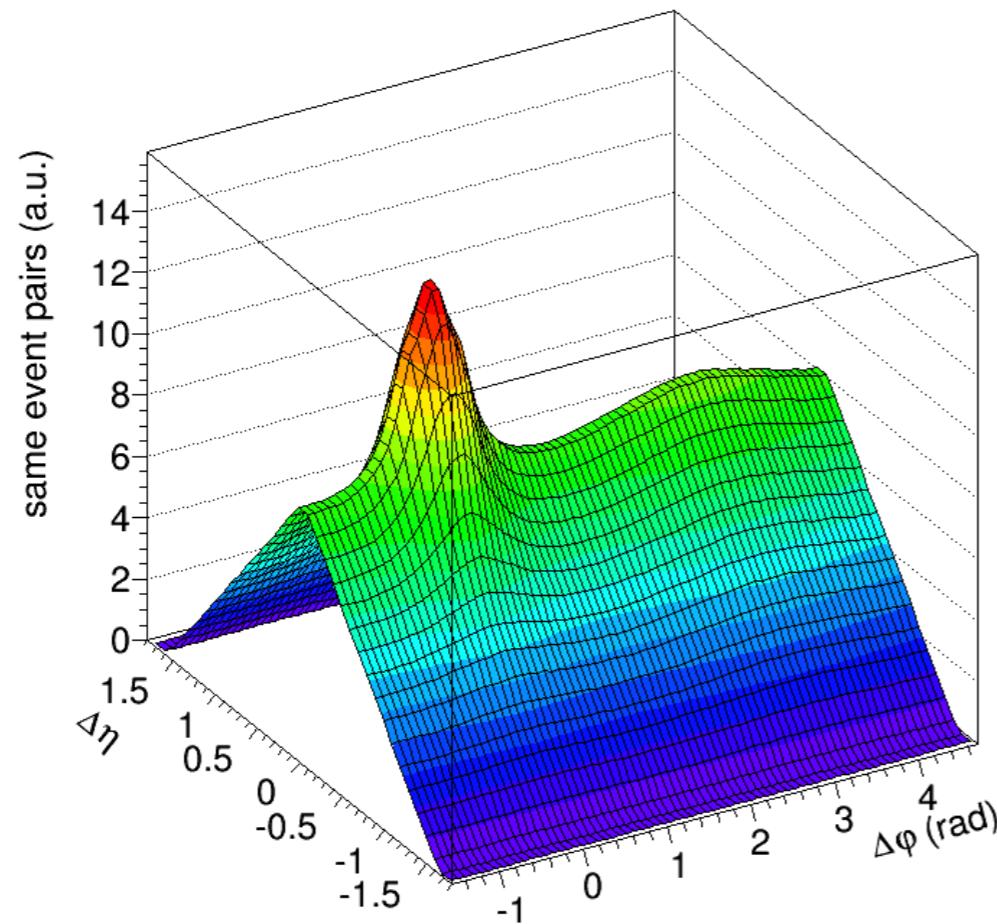


ALI-PERF-15347



PbPb

The offline correction



pPb

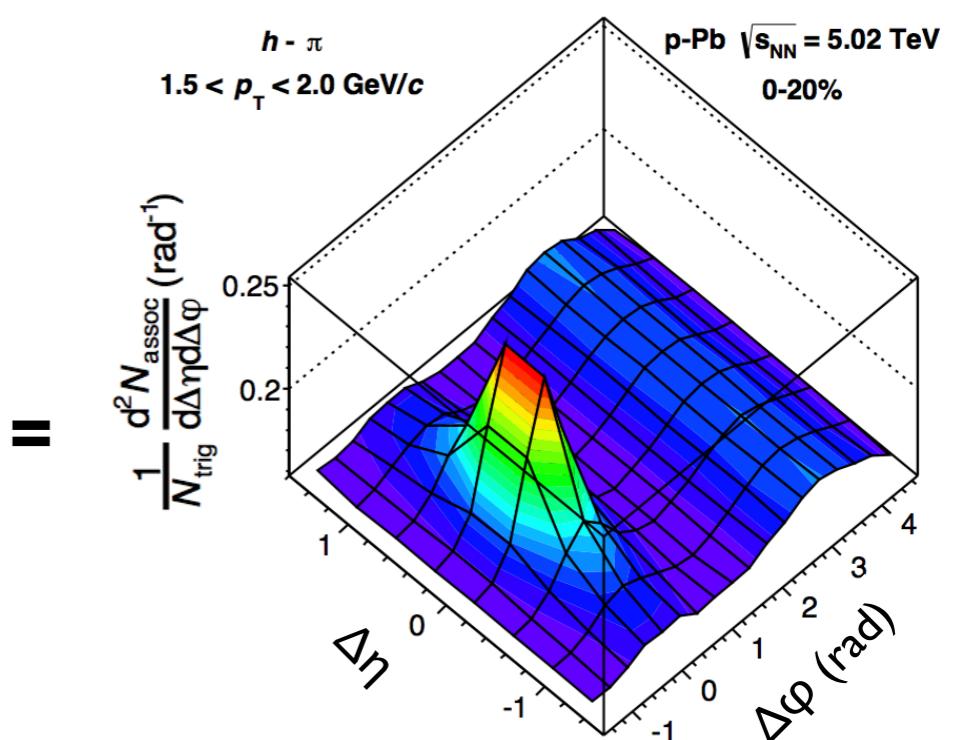
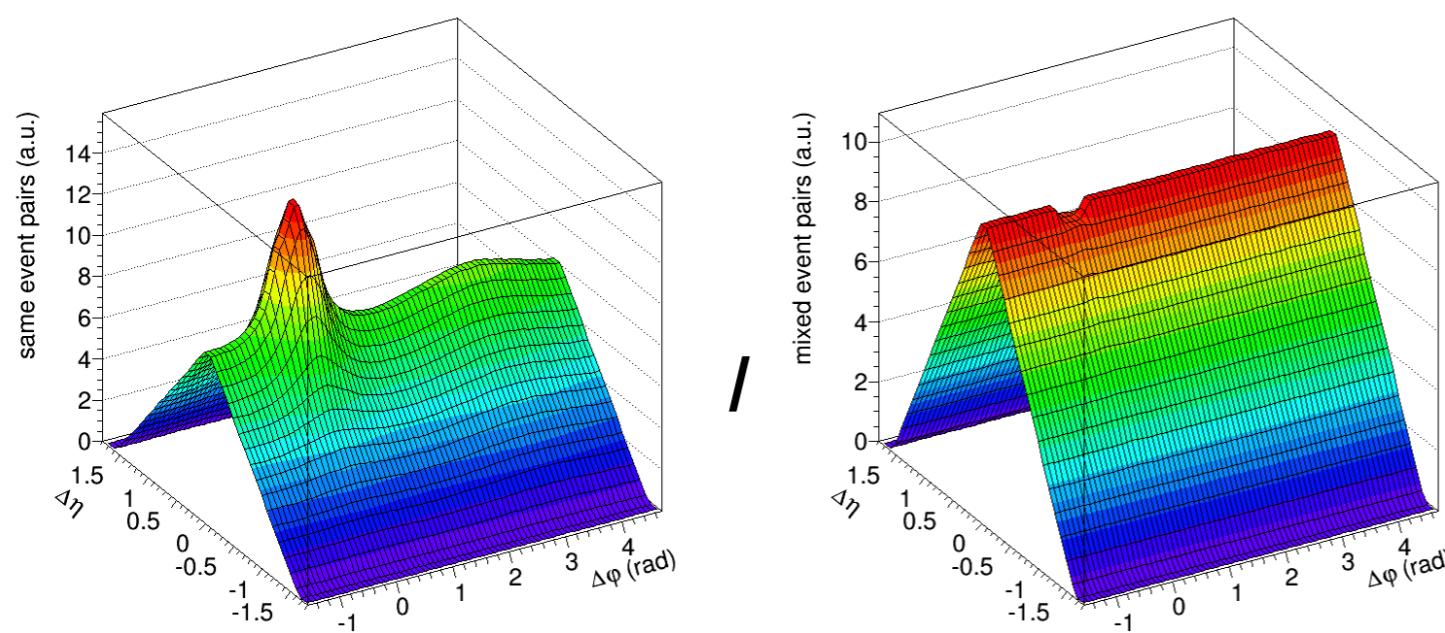
The offline correction

$$\frac{d^2 N^{Corrected}(\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta)}{d\Delta\phi d\Delta\eta} = \frac{\frac{d^2 N^{SE}(\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta)}{d\Delta\phi d\Delta\eta}}{\frac{d^2 N^{ME}(\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta)}{d\Delta\phi d\Delta\eta}} \frac{d^2 N^{ME}(0,0)}{d\Delta\phi d\Delta\eta}$$

(Done for each pool bin)

- Normalize the mixed distribution to the value at (0,0) → a track that goes in the same direction as the trigger one “feels” the same condition
- Use the mixed event as a weight: divide the single event distribution with the mixed one
- Do it for each pool bin
- Merge your outputs
- Have fun with the rest of your analysis

The offline correction

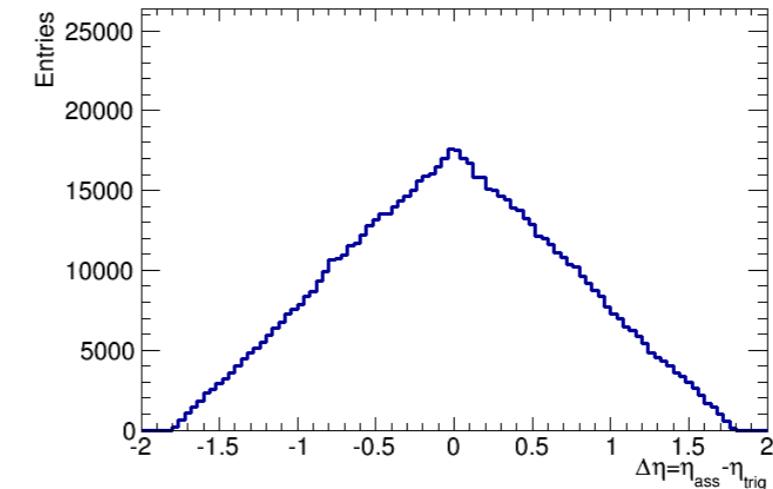


After correction
physical correlation
remains

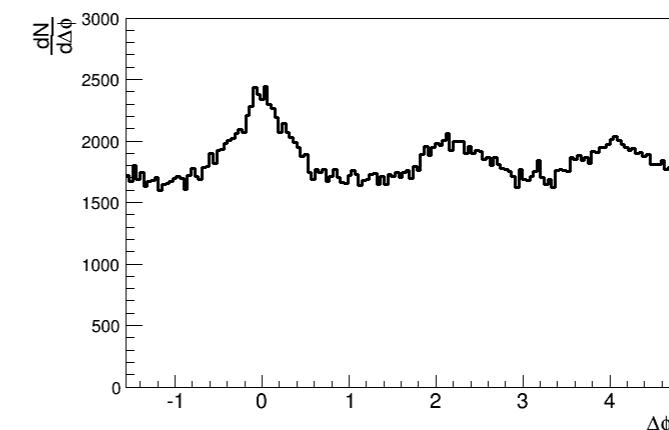
pPb

Summary

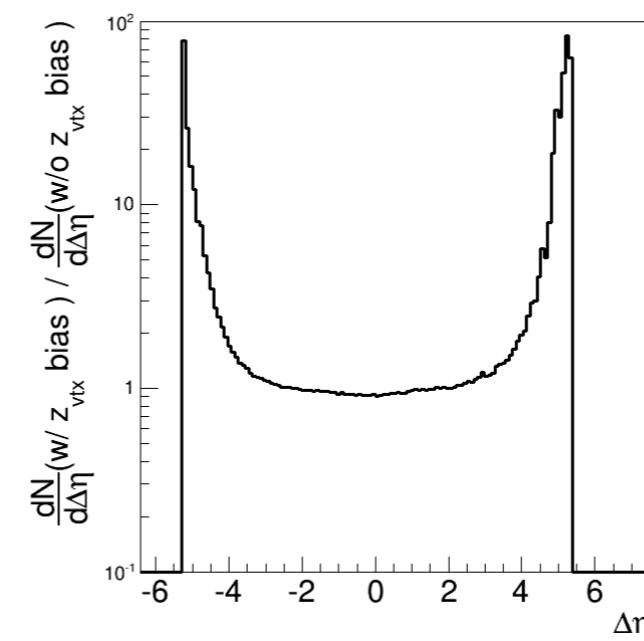
Correction for the pseudorapidity triangular shape



Correction for the azimuthal inhomogeneity



Careful with the vertex position



Summary: my task

MyTask::UserCreateOutputObject()

```

Int_t MaxNofEvents = 1000;
Int_t trackDepth = 2000;
Int_t nCentralityBins = 15;
Double_t centralityBins[] = { 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100.1 };
Int_t nZvtxBins = 7;
Double_t vertexBins[] = { -7, -5, -3, -1, 1, 3, 5, 7 };
AliEventPoolManager *manager = new AliEventPoolManager(MaxNofEvents,trackDepth,nCentralityBins,(Double_t*)centralityBins,nZvtxBins,(Double_t*) vertexBins);

```

MyTask::UserExec()

```

Double_t centralityObj = AODEvent->GetHeader()->GetCentralityP();
MultipOrCent = centralityObj->GetCentralityPercentileUnchecked("V0M");
AliAODVertex *vtx = AODEvent->GetPrimaryVertex();
Double_t zvertex = vtx->GetZ(); // zvertex

AliEventPool * Pool = manager->GetEventPool(MultipOrCent, zvertex);

if(!Pool->IsReady()) return;

TObjArray *AssociatedTracks = new TObjArray();

for (Int_t k=0; k<Pool->GetCurrentNEvents(); k++){

    AssociatedTracks = fPool->GetEvent(k);
    Int_t NofTracks = AssociatedTracks->GetEntriesFast();
    for(Int_t iTrack = 0; iTrack<NofTracks; iTrack++){
        MyTrack * MixedTrack = (MyTrack*) AssociatedTracks->At(iTrack);
        Double_t phimixed = MixedTrack->Phi();

        ...
        // calculate correlations
    }

    TObjArray *TrackArray = new TObjArray();
    TrackArray->SetOwner(kTRUE);
    // loop on all the tracks
    for(Int_t iTrack = 0; iTrack<AOD->GetNTracks(); iTrack++){
        AliAODTrack* track = AOD->GetTrack(iTrack);
        apply your selections to the track
        TrackArray->Add(new MyTrack(track->Eta(), track->Phi(), track->pT));
    }

    Pool->UpdatePool(TrackArray);
}

```

BACKUP

□ Developed through two classes

- Analysis Task
- AliHFCorrelator

□ Uses the framework developed by PWGCF

□ Inputs for the event mixing is passed through the associated tracks cut object

```
HFCorrelationCuts->SetMaxNEventsInPool(200);  
HFCorrelationCuts->SetMinNTracksInPool(1000);  
HFCorrelationCuts->SetMinEventsToMix(8);  
  
HFCorrelationCuts->SetNofPoolBins(5,4);  
  
Double_t MBins[]={0,20,40,60,500};  
Double_t * MultiplicityBins = MBins;  
  
Double_t ZBins[]={-10,-5,-2.5,2.5,5,10};  
Double_t *ZVrtxBins = ZBins;  
  
HFCorrelationCuts->SetPoolBins(ZVrtxBins,MultiplicityBins);
```

Task::UserCreateOutputObjects

Definition of the correlator

```
fCorrelator = new AliHFCorrelator("Correlator", fCuts2, fSystem);
```

AliHFAssociatedTrackCuts
contains info on the mixing

Bool to switch in
between pp, AA
(multiplicity/centrality)

```
fCorrelator->SetEventMixing(fmixing); //set kFALSE/kTRUE for mixing Off/On
```

```
Bool_t pooldef = fCorrelator->DefineEventPool();
```

```
Bool_t AliHFCorrelator::DefineEventPool(){
    // definition of the Pool Manager for Event Mixing
    Int_t MaxNofEvents = fhadcuts->GetMaxNEventsInPool();
    Int_t MinNofTracks = fhadcuts->GetMinNTracksInPool();
    Int_t NofCentBins = fhadcuts->GetNCentPoolBins();
    Double_t * CentBins = fhadcuts->GetCentPoolBins();
    Int_t NofZVrtxBins = fhadcuts->GetNZvtxPoolBins();
    Double_t *ZVrtxBins = fhadcuts->GetZvtxPoolBins();
    fPoolMgr = new AliEventPoolManager(MaxNofEvents, MinNofTracks, NofCentBins, CentBins, NofZVrtxBins,
    ZVrtxBins);
    if(!fPoolMgr) return kFALSE;
    return kTRUE;
}
```

Roadmap of the task

```

//_____
Task::UserExec(){
    Initialization of the event i
    Physics selection
    Reading the branch of the AOD containing filtered D candidates
    for(on D candidates in the AOD: Int_t j){

        topological selection on D meson
        Invariant mass check (is in peak or sideband)

        if(!sideband && !peak) continue
            for(on the events in the pool if analysis on event mixing){
                loop on event (i-1), (i-2), (i-3) ....
                "events before the one where the D candidate is found"
                for(on associated tracks in the AOD/pool: Int_t k){

                    track quality selection (Done in the AliHFCorrelator)
                    is Track a D daughter? (if yes) continue;
                    calculate Delta Phi, Delta eta in between D(j) and track(k)

                    Filling histos/ ThNsparse
                } // end loop on tracks
            } // end loop on events in pool
        } // end loop on D candidates

    The event pool for event mixing is updated with the tracks from this AOD event (ith)
    Makes sure we are actually mixing
} // end loop on events

```

Where we are in the code

```

//  

Task::UserExec(){  

    Initialization of the event i  

    Physics selection  

    Reading the branch of the AOD containing filtered D candidates  

    for(on D candidates in the AOD: Int_t j){  

        topological selection on D meson  

        Invariant mass check (is in peak or sideband)  

        if(!sideband && !peak) continue  

        for(on the events in the pool if analysis on event mixing){  

            loop on event (i-1), (i-2), (i-3) .....  

            "events before the one where the D candidate is found"  

            for(on associated tracks in the AOD/pool: Int_t k){  

                track quality selection (Done in the AliHFCorrelator)  

                is Track a D daughter? (if yes) continue;  

                calculate Delta Phi, Delta eta in between D(j) and track(k)  

                Filling histos/ ThNsparse  

            } // end loop on tracks  

        } // end loop on events in pool  

    } // end loop on D candidates  

    The event pool for event mixing is updated with the tracks from this AOD event (ith)  

    Makes sure we are actually mixing  

} // end loop on events

```

Task::UserExec (before loop on D)

Initialization of the pool

```
Bool_t correlatorON = fCorrelator->Initialize(); //define the pool for mixing  
  
if(!correlatorON) {  
    AliInfo("AliHFCorrelator didn't initialize the pool correctly or processed a bad  
event");  
    return;  
}
```



AliHFCorrelator::Initialize()

```

//_____
Bool_t AliHFCorrelator::Initialize(){

    // std::cout << "AliHFCorrelator::Initialize" << std::endl;
    AliInfo("AliHFCorrelator::Initialize") ;
    if(!fAODEvent){
        AliInfo("No AOD event") ;
        return kFALSE;
    }
    //std::cout << "No AOD event" << std::endl;

    AliCentrality *centralityObj = 0;
    Int_t multiplicity = -1;
    Double_t MultipOrCent = -1;

    // initialize the pool for event mixing
    if(!fsystem){ // pp
        multiplicity = fAODEvent->GetNTracks();
        MultipOrCent = multiplicity; // convert from Int_t to Double_t
    }
    if(fsystem){ // PbPb

        centralityObj = fAODEvent->GetHeader()->GetCentralityP();
        MultipOrCent = centralityObj->GetCentralityPercentileUnchecked("V0M");
        AliInfo(Form("Centrality is %f", MultipOrCent));
    }

    AliAODVertex *vtx = fAODEvent->GetPrimaryVertex();
    Double_t zvertex = vtx->GetZ(); // zvertex
    Double_t * CentBins = fhadcuts->GetCentPoolBins();
    Double_t poolmin=CentBins[0];
    Double_t poolmax=CentBins[fhadcuts->GetNCentPoolBins()];

    if(TMath::Abs(zvertex)>=10 || MultipOrCent>poolmax || MultipOrCent < poolmin) {
        if(!fsystem)AliInfo(Form("pp Event with Zvertex = %.2f cm and multiplicity = %.0f out of pool bounds, SKIPPING",zvertex,MultipOrCent));
        if(fsystem) AliInfo(Form("PbPb Event with Zvertex = %.2f cm and centrality = %.1f out of pool bounds, SKIPPING",zvertex,MultipOrCent));

        return kFALSE;
    }

    fPool = fPoolMgr->GetEventPool(MultipOrCent, zvertex); → Get the Event pool relative to the
    if (!fPool){                                multiplicity/zvtx bin
        AliInfo(Form("No pool found for multiplicity = %f, zVtx = %f cm", MultipOrCent, zvertex));
        return kFALSE;
    }
    //fPool->PrintInfo();
    return kTRUE;
}

```

Switch pp/AA
Multiplicity or Centrality for the pools

Not the actual multiplicity, but the N
of tracks in the AOD

Get the Event pool relative to the
multiplicity/zvtx bin

General structure of the task

```

//_____
Task::UserExec(){

Initialization of the event i
Physics selection
Reading the branch of the AOD containing filtered D candidates

for(on D candidates in the AOD: Int_t j){

    topological selection on D meson
    Invariant mass check (is in peak or sideband)

    if(!sideband && !peak) continue

        for(on the events in the pool if analysis on event mixing){
            loop on event (i-1), (i-2), (i-3) ....
            "events before the one where the D candidate is found"
            for(on associated tracks in the AOD/pool: Int_t k){

                track quality selection (Done in the AliHFCorrelator)
                is Track a D daughter? (if yes) continue;
                calculate Delta Phi, Delta eta in between D(j) and track(k)

                Filling histos/ ThNsparse
            } // end loop on tracks
        } // end loop on events in pool
    } // end loop on D candidates

    The event pool for event mixing is updated with the tracks from this AOD event (ith)
    Makes sure we are actually mixing
} // end loop on events
}

```

Task::UserExec (inside loop on D)

If a D candidate is found - after topological and invariant mass selection - peak or sideband

Processing of the pool

```
Bool_t execPool = fCorrelator->ProcessEventPool();
if(fmixing && !execPool) {
    AliInfo("Mixed event analysis: pool is not ready");
    continue;
}
```

```
-----[

//_____
Bool_t AliHFCorrelator::ProcessEventPool(){
    // analysis on Mixed Events
    //cout << "AliHFCorrelator::ProcessEventPool" << endl;
    if(!fmixing) return kFALSE;
    if(!fPool->IsReady()) return kFALSE;
    if(fPool->GetCurrentNEvents()<fhadcuts->GetMinEventsToMix()) return kFALSE;
    // fPool->PrintInfo();
    fPoolContent = fPool->GetCurrentNEvents();

    return kTRUE;
}
-----]
```

Checks if the event pool is ready for the mixing analysis! - satisfies the conditions we set at the beginning

Where we are in the code

```

//_____
Task::UserExec(){

Initialization of the event i
Physics selection
Reading the branch of the AOD containing filtered D candidates

for(on D candidates in the AOD: Int_t j){

    topological selection on D meson
    Invariant mass check (is in peak or sideband)

    if(!sideband && !peak) continue

        for(on the events in the pool if analysis on event mixing){
            loop on event (i-1), (i-2), (i-3) ....
            "events before the one where the D candidate is found"

            for(on associated tracks in the AOD/pool: Int_t k){

                track quality selection (Done in the AliHFCorrelator)
                is Track a D daughter? (if yes) continue;
                calculate Delta Phi, Delta eta in between D(j) and track(k)

                Filling histos/ ThNsparse
            } // end loop on tracks
        } // end loop on events in pool
    } // end loop on D candidates

The event pool for event mixing is updated with the tracks from this AOD event (ith)
Makes sure we are actually mixing
} // end loop on events
}

```

Task::UserExec (inside loop on D)

If the event pool is ready...

Get the number of events in the pool of the and loop on them

```

Int_t NofEventsinPool = 1; // SE analysis
if(fmixing) NofEventsinPool = fCorrelator->GetNofEventsInPool(); // ME analysis

Loop on the events in the pool (1 if SE)

for (Int_t jMix =0; jMix < NofEventsinPool; jMix++){// loop on events in the pool;
if it is SE analysis, stops at one

    Bool_t analyzetracks = fCorrelator->ProcessAssociatedTracks(jMix);
}

```

```

// -----
Bool_t AliHFCorrelator::ProcessAssociatedTracks(Int_t EventLoopIndex, const TObjArray* associatedTracks){

    fAssociatedTracks = new TObjArray();
    if(!fmixing){ // analysis on Single Event
        if(fselect==kHadron || fselect ==kKaon) fAssociatedTracks = AcceptAndReduceTracks(fAODEvent);
        if(fselect==kKZero) {fAssociatedTracks = AcceptAndReduceKZero(fAODEvent);}
        if(fselect==kElectron && associatedTracks) fAssociatedTracks=new TObjArray(*associatedTracks);

    }
    if(fmixing) { // analysis on Mixed Events
        fAssociatedTracks = fPool->GetEvent(EventLoopIndex);
    } // end if mixing
    if(!fAssociatedTracks) return kFALSE;
    fNofTracks = fAssociatedTracks->GetEntriesFast();
    return kTRUE;
}

```

Function explained at the end

TObjArray that contains the tracks from one of the previous events (i-1) or (i-2) or (i-3),....

Where we are in the code



```
//  
Task::UserExec(){  
  
    Initialization of the event i  
    Physics selection  
    Reading the branch of the AOD containing filtered D candidates  
  
    for(on D candidates in the AOD: Int_t j){  
  
        topological selection on D meson  
        Invariant mass check (is in peak or sideband)  
  
        if(!sideband && !peak) continue  
  
        for(on the events in the pool if analysis on event mixing){  
            loop on event (i-1), (i-2), (i-3) .....  
            "events before the one where the D candidate is found"  
  
            for(on associated tracks in the AOD/pool: Int_t k){  
  
                track quality selection (Done in the AliHFCorrelator)  
                is Track a D daughter? (if yes) continue;  
                calculate Delta Phi, Delta eta in between D(j) and track(k)  
  
                Filling histos/ ThNsparse  
            } // end loop on tracks  
        } // end loop on events in pool  
    } // end loop on D candidates  
  
    The event pool for event mixing is updated with the tracks from this AOD event (ith)  
    Makes sure we are actually mixing  
} // end loop on events
```

Task::UserExec (inside loop on events in pool)

```
Int_t NofTracks = fCorrelator->GetNofTracks();
```

Get the number of tracks that are stored in the TObjArray for the given event

```
for(Int_t iTrack = 0; iTrack<NofTracks; iTrack++){ // looping on track candidates
    Bool_t runcorrelation = fCorrelator->Correlate(iTrack);
    if(!runcorrelation) continue;
    Double_t DeltaPhi = fCorrelator->GetDeltaPhi();
    Double_t DeltaEta = fCorrelator->GetDeltaEta();
    AliReducedParticle * hadron = fCorrelator->GetAssociatedParticle();
    Double_t ptHad = hadron->Pt();
    Double_t phiHad = hadron->Phi();
    Double_t etaHad = hadron->Eta();
    Int_t label = hadron->GetLabel();
    Int_t trackid = hadron->GetID();
```

```
//
Bool_t AliHFCorrelator::Correlate(Int_t loopindex){
    if(loopindex >= fNofTracks) return kFALSE;
    if(!fAssociatedTracks) return kFALSE;
    fReducedPart = (AliReducedParticle*)fAssociatedTracks->At(loopindex);
    fDeltaPhi = SetCorrectPhiRange(fPhiTrigger - fReducedPart->Phi());
    fDeltaEta = fEtaTrigger - fReducedPart->Eta();
    return kTRUE;
}
```

Gets the $\text{loopindex}^{\text{th}}$ track in the TObjArray

Calculation of delta phi and delta eta

Task::UserExec (inside loop on events on the tracks)



Filling the histos/ThNSpares

```
arraytofill[0] = DeltaPhi;
arraytofill[1] = DeltaEta;
arraytofill[2] = ptDStar;
arraytofill[3] = etaDStar;
arraytofill[4] = ptHad;
// arraytofill[5] = zVtxPosition;
arraytofill[5] = MultipOrCent;

if(isInPeak) {
    if(!fReco && TMath::Abs(etaHad)>0.9) continue;
    if(fselect==1) ((THnSparseF*)fOutput->FindObject("CorrelationsDStarHadron"))->Fill(arraytofill);

}

if(isInDZeroSideBand) {
    if(!fReco && TMath::Abs(etaHad)>0.9) continue;
    if(fselect==1) ((THnSparseF*)fOutput->FindObject("DZeroBkgCorrelationsDStarHadron"))->Fill(arraytofill);
}

if(isInDStarSideBand) {
    if(!fReco && TMath::Abs(etaHad)>0.9) continue;
    if(fselect==1) ((THnSparseF*)fOutput->FindObject("DStarBkgCorrelationsDStarHadron"))->Fill(arraytofill);
}
```



Where we are in the code

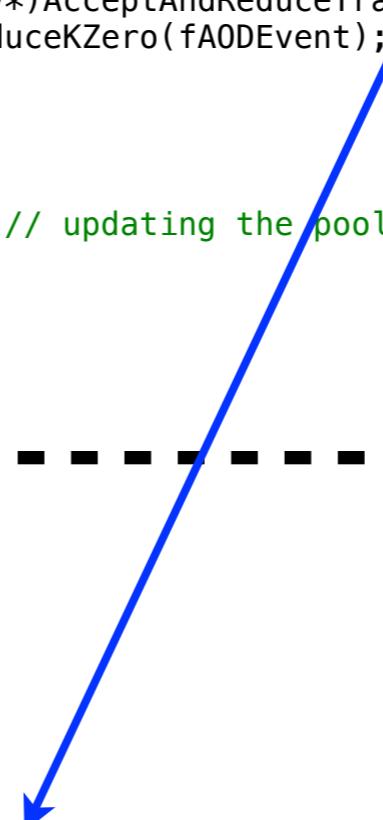


```
//  
Task::UserExec(){  
  
    Initialization of the event i  
    Physics selection  
    Reading the branch of the AOD containing filtered D candidates  
  
    for(on D candidates in the AOD: Int_t j){  
  
        topological selection on D meson  
        Invariant mass check (is in peak or sideband)  
  
        if(!sideband && !peak) continue  
  
        for(on the events in the pool if analysis on event mixing){  
            loop on event (i-1), (i-2), (i-3) .....  
            "events before the one where the D candidate is found"  
  
            for(on associated tracks in the AOD/pool: Int_t k){  
  
                track quality selection (Done in the AliHFCorrelator)  
                is Track a D daughter? (if yes) continue;  
                calculate Delta Phi, Delta eta in between D(j) and track(k)  
  
                Filling histos/ ThNsparse  
            } // end loop on tracks  
        } // end loop on events in pool  
    } // end loop on D candidates  
  
The event pool for event mixing is updated with the tracks from this AOD event (ith)  
Makes sure we are actually mixing  
} // end loop on events
```

Task::UserExec (after the loop on the D mesons)



```
Bool_t updated = fCorrelator->PoolUpdate();  
  
if(!updated) AliInfo("Pool was not updated");  
  
- - - - - //  
Bool_t AliHFCorrelator::PoolUpdate(const TObjArray* associatedTracks){  
  
    if(!fmixing) return kFALSE;  
    if(!fPool) return kFALSE;  
    if(fmixing) { // update the pool for Event Mixing  
        TObjArray* objArr = NULL;  
        if(fselect==kHadron || fselect==kKaon) objArr = (TObjArray*)AcceptAndReduceTracks(fAODEvent);  
        else if(fselect==kKZero) objArr = (TObjArray*)AcceptAndReduceKZero(fAODEvent);  
        else if(fselect==kElectron && associatedTracks){  
            objArr = new TObjArray(*associatedTracks);  
        }  
        else return kFALSE;  
        if(objArr->GetEntriesFast()>0) fPool->UpdatePool(objArr); // updating the pool only if there are entries in the array  
    }  
  
    return kTRUE;  
}  
- - - - -
```



Function that stores an array of tracks
that pass the quality selections

AliHFCorrelator::AcceptAndReduce...(...) reco

```

//  

TObjArray* AliHFCorrelator::AcceptAndReduceTracks(AliAODEvent* inputEvent){  

Double_t weight=1.;  

Int_t nTracks = inputEvent->GetNTracks();  

AliAODVertex * vtx = inputEvent->GetPrimaryVertex();  

Double_t pos[3],cov[6];  

vtx->GetXYZ(pos);  

vtx->GetCovarianceMatrix(cov);  

const AliESDVertex vESD(pos,cov,100.,100);  

Double_t Bz = inputEvent->GetMagneticField();  

TObjArray* tracksClone = new TObjArray;  

tracksClone->SetOwner(kTRUE);  

//*****  

// use reconstruction  

if(fUseReco){  

  for (Int_t iTrack=0; iTrack<nTracks; ++iTrack) {  

    AliAODTrack* track = inputEvent->GetTrack(iTrack);  

    if (!track) continue;  

    if(!fhadcuts->IsHadronSelected(track,&vESD,Bz)) continue; // apply ESD level selections  

    if(!fhadcuts->Charge(fDCharge,track)) continue; // apply selection on charge, if required  

    Double_t pT = track->Pt();  

    //compute impact parameter  

    Double_t d0z0[2],covd0z0[3];  

    Double_t d0=-999999.;  

    if(fUseImpactParameter) track->PropagateToDCA(vtx,Bz,100,d0z0,covd0z0);  

    else d0z0[0] = 1. ; // random number - be careful with the cuts you applied  

    if(fUseImpactParameter==1) d0 = TMath::Abs(d0z0[0]); // use impact parameter  

    if(fUseImpactParameter==2) { // use impact parameter over resolution  

      if(TMath::Abs(covd0z0[0])>0.00000001) d0 = TMath::Abs(d0z0[0])/TMath::Sqrt(covd0z0[0]);  

      else d0 = -1.; // if the resolution is Zero, rejects the track - to be on the safe side  

    }  

    if(!fhadcuts->CheckHadronKinematic(pT,d0)) continue; // apply kinematic cuts  

    Bool_t rejectsoftpi = kTRUE;// TO BE CHECKED: DO WE WANT IT TO kTRUE AS A DEFAULT?  

    if(fD0cand && !fmixing) rejectsoftpi = fhadcuts->InvMassDstarRejection(fD0cand,track,fhypD0); // TO BE CHECKED: WHY NOT FOR EM?  

    if(fselect ==kKaon){  

      if(!fhadcuts->CheckKaonCompatibility(track,fmontecarlo,fmcArray,fPIDmode)) continue; // check if it is a Kaon - data and MC  

    }  

    weight=fhadcuts->GetTrackWeight(pT,track->Eta(),pos[2]);  

    tracksClone->Add(new AliReducedParticle(track->Eta(), track->Phi(), pT,track->GetLabel(),track->GetID(),d0,rejectsoftpi,track->Charge(),weight));  

  } // end loop on tracks  

} // end if use reconstruction kTRUE
}

```

Loop on the tracks

Selection done for AliESDtrackCuts class (stored in the cut object)

fhadcuts - associated track cuts / AliHFAssociatedTrackCuts class

Impact parameter of the track - computed only if the flag is set to true - saves CPU time on grid

Selection for pt and imp.par

PID for Kaons

Storing in the TObjArray

AliHFCorrelator::AcceptAndReduce...(...) MC truth



```
//  
TObjArray* AliHFCorrelator::AcceptAndReduceTracks(AliAODEvent* inputEvent){  
  
    //use MC truth  
    if(fmontecarlo && !fUseReco){  
  
        for (Int_t iPart=0; iPart<fmcmc->GetEntriesFast(); iPart++) {  
            AliAODMCParticle* mcPart = dynamic_cast<AliAODMCParticle*>(fmcmc->At(iPart));  
            if (!mcPart) {  
                AliWarning("MC Particle not found in tree, skipping");  
                continue;  
            }  
            if(!mcPart->Charge()) continue; // consider only charged tracks  
  
            Int_t PDG =TMath::Abs(mcPart->PdgCode());  
            if(fselect ==kHadron) {if(((PDG==321)|| (PDG==211)|| (PDG==2212)|| (PDG==13)|| (PDG==11))) continue;} // select only if kaon, pion, proton, muon or electron  
            else if(fselect ==kKaon) {if(!(PDG==321)) continue;} // select only if kaon  
            else if(fselect ==kElectron) {if(!(PDG==11)) continue;} // select only if electron  
  
            Double_t pT = mcPart->Pt();  
            Double_t d0 =1; // set 1 for the moment - no displacement calculation implemented yet  
            if(!fhadcuts->CheckHadronKinematic(pT,d0)) continue; // apply kinematic cuts  
  
            tracksClone->Add(new AliReducedParticle(mcPart->Eta(), mcPart->Phi(), pT,iPart,-1,d0,kFALSE,mcPart->Charge()));  
        }  
    } // end if use MC truth  
  
    return tracksClone;  
}
```

Loop on the particles in the array

consider only final state charged particles

check pt/imp.par selection

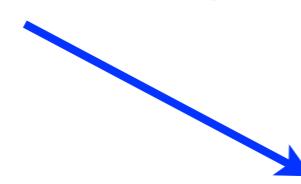
store the array

Offline correction



Taken from the D efficiency correction class - under testing

```
//  
TH2D * AliHFCorrelationCF::ApplyEventMixingCorrection(TH2D * SEHisto, TH2D * MEHisto){  
    // function that applies the event mixing correction  
  
    TH2D * OutputHisto;  
    NormalizeToPeak(MEHisto);  Normalization to the bins at (0,0)  
  
    OutputHisto = Divide2DHistos(SEHisto,MEHisto);  
  
    return OutputHisto;  
}
```

 **Division of the SE and ME histos**

```
//  
TH2D * AliHFCorrelationCF::NormalizeToPeak(TH2D * inputHisto){  
    // function that normalizes the SB distribution to the bin centered at (delta phi, delta eta) = (0,0)  
  
    Int_t* centralbins = FindCentralBin(inputHisto);  
    inputHisto->Scale(1./inputHisto->GetBinContent(centralbins[0],centralbins[1]));  
  
    return inputHisto;  
}
```

Offline correction

```

// _____
TH2D * AliHFCorrelationCF::Divide2DHistos(TH2D * NumHisto, TH2D * DenomHisto){
    // function that divides two TH2D histos

    Int_t BinsX = NumHisto->GetNbinsX();
    Int_t BinsY = NumHisto->GetNbinsY();
    Double_t Xlowerbin = NumHisto->GetXaxis()->GetBinLowEdge(1);
    Double_t Xupperbin = NumHisto->GetXaxis()->GetBinLowEdge(BinsX+1);
    Double_t Ylowerbin = NumHisto->GetYaxis()->GetBinLowEdge(1);
    Double_t Yupperbin = NumHisto->GetYaxis()->GetBinLowEdge(BinsY+1);

    if((BinsX != DenomHisto->GetNbinsX())||(BinsY != DenomHisto->GetNbinsY()))printf(">>> Warning! Dividing two histos with different binning!");
    if((Xlowerbin != DenomHisto->GetXaxis()->GetBinLowEdge(1))||(Xupperbin != DenomHisto->GetXaxis()->GetBinLowEdge(BinsX+1))) printf(">>> Warning!
Dividing two histos with different X axis ranges!");
    if((Ylowerbin != DenomHisto->GetYaxis()->GetBinLowEdge(1))||(Yupperbin != DenomHisto->GetYaxis()->GetBinLowEdge(BinsY+1))) printf(">>> Warning!
Dividing two histos with different Y axis ranges!");

    TString name = NumHisto->GetName();
    name += "_ratio";
    // define the output histo
    TH2D * outputHisto = new TH2D(name.Data(),name.Data(),BinsX,Xlowerbin,Xupperbin,BinsY,Ylowerbin,Yupperbin);

    Double_t ratio = 0; Double_t ratioerr = 0;
    Double_t numvalue = 0; Double_t denomvalue = 0;
    Double_t numvalerr = 0; Double_t denomvalerr = 0;

    for (Int_t x =1; x<BinsX+1; x++){ // loop on delta phi
        for (Int_t y=1; y<BinsY+1; y++){ // loop on delta eta
            numvalue = NumHisto->GetBinContent(x,y);
            denomvalue = DenomHisto->GetBinContent(x,y);
            numvalerr = NumHisto->GetBinError(x,y);
            denomvalerr = DenomHisto->GetBinError(x,y);

            if(!denomvalue) {

                printf("Error: Dividing by zero - cannot divide histos\n"); return NULL;

                ratio = numvalue/denomvalue;
                ratioerr = TMath::Sqrt((numvalerr/denomvalue)*(numvalerr/denomvalue) + ratio*ratio * (denomvalerr/denomvalue)*(denomvalerr/denomvalue));

                outputHisto->SetBinContent(x,y,ratio);
                outputHisto->SetBinError(x,y,ratioerr);
            }
        }
    }

    return outputHisto;
}

```

→ Loop on the bins

→ Error propagation:: to be checked