# Task 3: Skeleton of an ML program: Transformer, Estimator, Parameters

**Objective:** Understand the building block of any ML application with the example of predicting the role of an IT professional is developer by looking at his experience and annual salary

#### #Read data

df = spark.read.csv("/home/s\_kante/spark/data/developers\_survey\_training.csv", header='true')

## #Replace IsDeveloper value with integer 1 or 0

df.createOrReplaceTempView("inputData")

df1 = spark.sql("SELECT CASE IsDeveloper WHEN 'Yes' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END AS label, CAST(YearsOfExp AS FLOAT) AS YearsOfExp, CAST(Salary AS FLOAT) AS Salary FROM inputData ");

#### #Create feature vector

from pyspark.ml.feature import VectorAssembler

assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols=["Salary","YearsOfExp"], outputCol="features")

combined = assembler.transform(df1)

vector df = combined.select(combined.label, combined.features)

# #Estimator: Create an instance LogisticRegression which is an estimator

from pyspark.ml.classification import LogisticRegression

Ir estimator = LogisticRegression(maxIter=10)

print str(LogisticRegression().explainParams())

### #Train the model

model = Ir estimator.fit(vector df)

#### **#Parameters**: Check the parameters used to train the model

params = model.extractParamMap()

### #Pass parameters explicitly while training the model

params = {Ir estimator.maxIter:15}

model = Ir estimator.fit(vector df, params)

#### **#Transformer**: test the model. Transform method will return a dataframe with predictions

prediction = model.transform(vector df)

### #Save the model on disc

model.save("/home/s\_kante/spark/data/trained\_models/predict\_emp\_role")

#### **#Load** a trained model from disc to memory

from pyspark.ml.classification import LogisticRegressionModel

mymodel =
LogisticRegressionModel.load("/home/s\_kante/spark/data/trained\_models/predict\_emp\_role")
prediction = mymodel.transform(vector\_df)

**#QUESTION:** How do we predict in actual production environment?