Fiber Optics

What is Fiber Optics?

• **Fiber optics** is a technology that uses **thin strands of glass or plastic fibers** to transmit data as **light signals**. It allows data to travel very fast over long distances with minimal loss of signal.

How Does Fiber Optics Work?

- Light Signals: Instead of using electrical signals (like in copper wires), fiber optics use light pulses to send data.
- Core and Cladding: A fiber optic cable consists of a core (where the light travels) surrounded by a reflective outer layer called cladding. The light bounces off the walls of the core and continues to travel through the cable.
- 3. **Data Transmission**: Data is converted into light signals, sent through the fiber, and then converted back into electrical signals at the receiving end.

Types of Fiber Optics:

- 1. Single-Mode Fiber:
 - Used for long-distance communication.
 - It has a small core and sends light signals in a straight line.
 - Common in internet connections and cable TV.

2. Multi-Mode Fiber:

- Used for shorter distances, such as within buildings.
- It has a larger core, allowing light to travel in multiple paths.
- o Common in LANs (Local Area Networks).

Advantages of Fiber Optics:

- **High Speed**: Transmits data much faster than traditional copper cables.
- Long Distance: Signals can travel much farther without losing strength.
- Less Interference: Not affected by electrical noise or electromagnetic interference.
- **High Bandwidth**: Can carry large amounts of data, making it ideal for high-speed internet and video streaming.

Disadvantages of Fiber Optics:

- **Cost**: More expensive to install than copper cables.
- Fragility: The glass fibers are more delicate and can break if bent too much.
- Special Equipment: Requires special tools and skills for installation and repair.

Where is Fiber Optics Used?

- Internet: High-speed broadband connections.
- **Telecommunications**: Used for phone calls and video communication.
- **Medical**: Fiber optics are used in endoscopy to look inside the human body.
- **Television**: Cable TV uses fiber optics to deliver clear signals.

