

Tutorial-4 Solutions

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Q1. Establish the provable equivalence: $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \wedge \neg q) \vdash r \wedge \neg r$

(i) $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \wedge \neg q) \vdash r \wedge \neg r$

Proof:

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| 1. $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \wedge \neg q)$ | premise |
| 2. $p \rightarrow q$ | $\wedge e$ 1 |
| 3. $p \wedge \neg q$ | $\wedge e$ 1 |
| 4. p | $\wedge e$ 3 |
| 5. q | $\rightarrow e$ 2, 4 |
| 6. $\neg q$ | $\wedge e$ 3 |
| 7. \perp | $\neg e$ 5, 6 |
| 8. $r \wedge \neg r$ | $\perp e$ 7 |

(ii) $r \wedge \neg r \vdash (p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \wedge \neg q)$

Proof:

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| 1. $r \wedge \neg r$ | premise |
| 2. r | $\wedge e1$ 1 |
| 3. $\neg r$ | $\wedge e2$ 1 |
| 4. \perp | $\neg e$ 2,3 |
| 5. $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \wedge \neg q)$ | $\perp e$ 4 |

From (i) and (ii) $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \wedge \neg q) \dashv\vdash r \wedge \neg r$

Q2. Establish the provable equivalence: $p \wedge q \rightarrow p \dashv\vdash r \vee \neg r$

(i) $p \wedge q \rightarrow p \vdash r \vee \neg r$

Proof:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| 1. $p \wedge q \rightarrow p$ | premise |
| 2. $r \vee \neg r$ | LEM |

(ii) $r \vee \neg r \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow p$

Proof:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. $r \vee \neg r$ | premise |
| 2. $p \wedge q$ | assumption |
| 3. p | $\wedge e$ 1 2 |
| 4. $p \wedge q \rightarrow p$ | $\rightarrow i$ 2-3 |

From (i) and (ii) , $p \wedge q \rightarrow p \dashv\vdash r \vee \neg r$

Q3. Establish the provable equivalence: $p \wedge q \rightarrow r \dashv\vdash p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$

(i) $p \wedge q \rightarrow r \vdash p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$

Proof:

1. $p \wedge q \rightarrow r$ premise

2. p assumption

3. q assumption

4. $p \wedge q$ $\wedge i$ 2,3

5. r $\rightarrow e$ 1,4

6. $q \rightarrow r$ $\rightarrow i$ 3-5

7. $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$ $\rightarrow i$ 2-6

(ii) $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \vdash p \wedge q \rightarrow r$

Proof:

1. $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$ premise

2. $p \wedge q$ assumption

3. p $\wedge e$ 1 2

4. q $\wedge e$ 2 2

5. $q \rightarrow r$ $\rightarrow e$ 1,3

6. r $\rightarrow e$ 5,4

7. $p \wedge q \rightarrow r$ $\rightarrow i$ 2-6

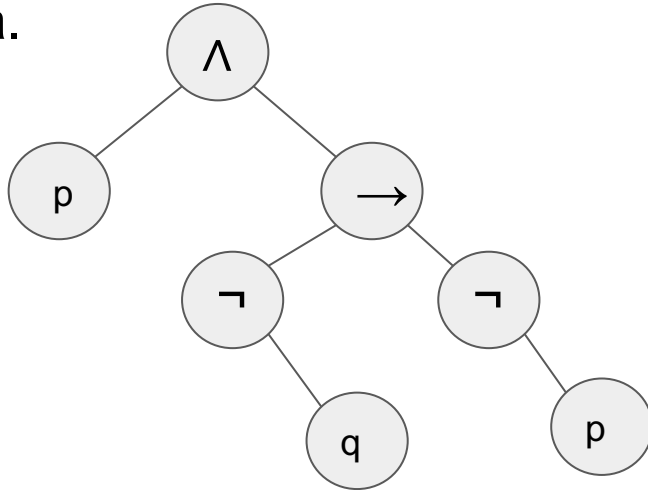
From (i) and (ii), $p \wedge q \rightarrow r \vdash p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$

Q4. Draw the parse tree of

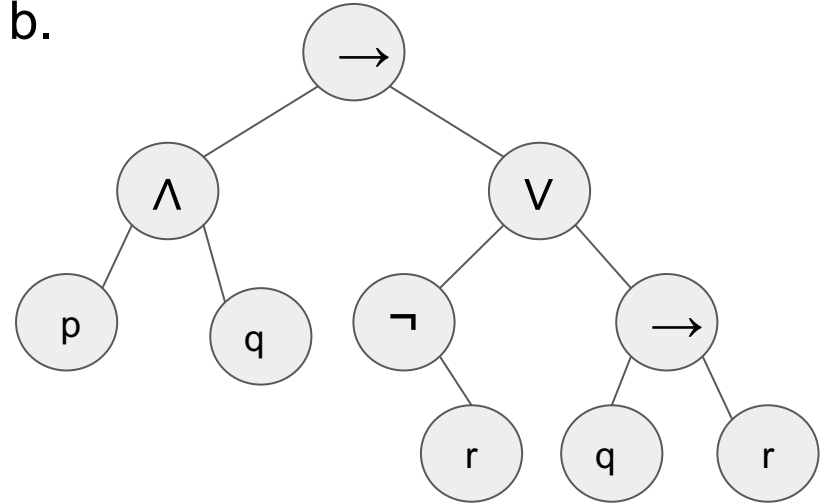
a. $p \wedge (\neg q \rightarrow \neg p)$

b. $(p \wedge q) \rightarrow (\neg r \vee (q \rightarrow r))$

a.



b.

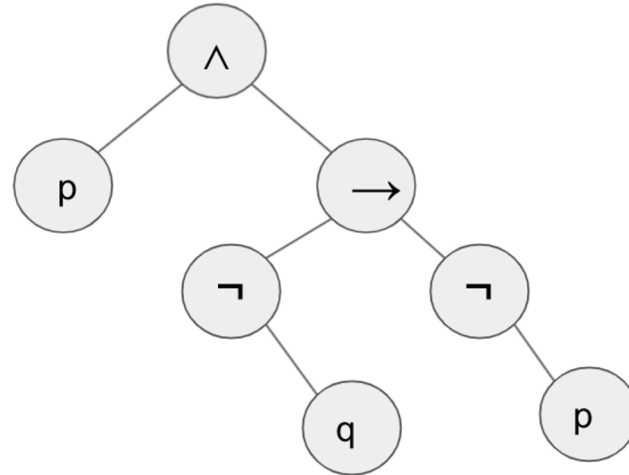


Q5. Write the preorder, postorder and inorder traversal of the parse trees

a. Preorder: $\wedge p \rightarrow \neg q \neg p$

Postorder: $p q \neg p \neg \rightarrow \wedge$

Inorder: $p \wedge \neg q \rightarrow \neg p$



b.Preorder: $\rightarrow \wedge p q \vee \neg r \rightarrow q r$

Postorder: $p q \wedge r \neg q r \rightarrow \vee \rightarrow$

Inorder: $p \wedge q \rightarrow \neg r \vee q \rightarrow r$

