Notes on Statistics

Dec. 32, 2999

1 Distributions from random samples

1.1 Random samples and statistics

The random variables X_1, \dots, X_n are called a random sample of size n from the population f(x) if they are independent and identically distributed with pdf or pmf f(x), or iid random variables. Let $T(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ be a real-valued or vector-valued function whose domain includes of sample space of (X_1, \dots, X_n) , then the random variable or random vector $Y = (X_1, \dots, X_n)$ is called a statistic, whose distribution is called the sampling distribution of Y.

- 2 Point estimation
- 3 Hypothesis testing
- 4 Interval estimation
- 5 A complete example
- 6 More examples
- 7 Linear regression

References