

- 6 A battery of electromotive force (e.m.f.) 6.0V and negligible internal resistance is connected in series with a variable resistor and a uniform resistance wire XY, as shown in Fig. 6.1.

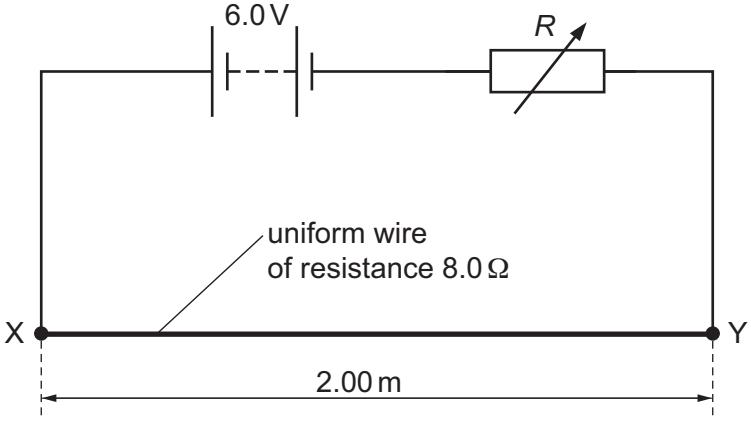


Fig. 6.1

Wire XY has length 2.00m and resistance 8.0 $\Omega$ . The resistance  $R$  of the variable resistor is adjusted so that the potential difference across wire XY is 2.4V.

- (a) Determine  $R$ .

$$R = \dots \Omega [2]$$

- (b) Explain why the potential difference  $V$  between any two points on wire XY is proportional to the distance  $L$  between those points.

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- (c) A cell of e.m.f.  $E$  and internal resistance  $r$  is connected to the circuit, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

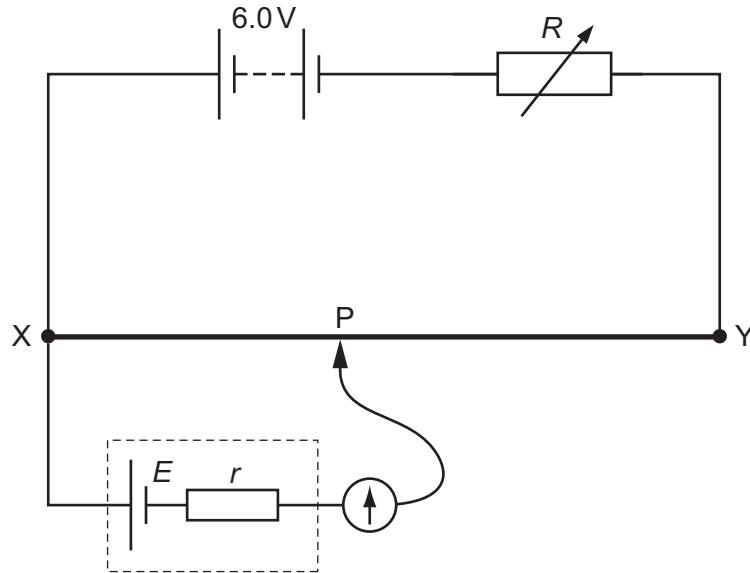


Fig. 6.2

Resistance  $R$  is unchanged.

The movable connection P is positioned on wire XY so that the galvanometer reading is zero.  
Distance XP is 1.24 m.

- (i) Calculate  $E$ .

$$E = \dots \text{ V} [2]$$

- (ii) The value of  $R$  is now decreased.

State and explain the change that must be made to the position of P on wire XY so that the galvanometer reads zero again.

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