

- 6 (a) Define the *ohm*.

.....[1]

- (b) A battery of electromotive force (e.m.f.) E and internal resistance 1.5Ω is connected to a network of resistors, as shown in Fig. 6.1.

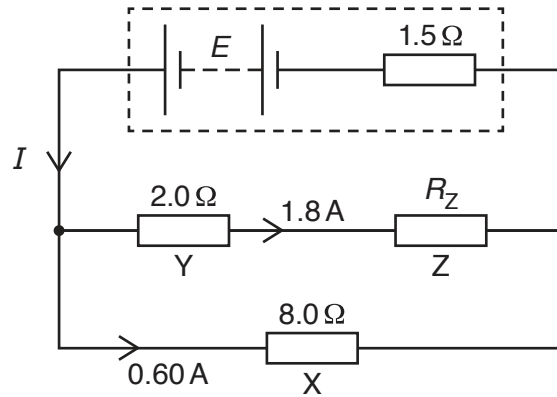


Fig. 6.1

Resistor X has a resistance of 8.0Ω . Resistor Y has a resistance of 2.0Ω . Resistor Z has a resistance of R_Z . The current in X is 0.60A and the current in Y is 1.8A .

- (i) Calculate:

1. the current I in the battery

$I = \dots\dots\dots \text{A}$ [1]

2. resistance R_Z

$R_Z = \dots\dots\dots \Omega$ [2]

3. e.m.f. E .

$E = \dots\dots\dots \text{V}$ [2]

- (ii) Resistors X and Y are each made of wire. The two wires have the same length and are made of the same metal.

Determine the ratio:

1.
$$\frac{\text{cross-sectional area of wire X}}{\text{cross-sectional area of wire Y}}$$

ratio = [2]

2.
$$\frac{\text{average drift speed of free electrons in X}}{\text{average drift speed of free electrons in Y}}$$

ratio = [2]

[Total: 10]

Please turn over for Question 7.