

- 3 (a) Define power.

.....
.....

[1]

- (b) Fig. 3.1 shows a car travelling at a speed of 22 m s^{-1} on a horizontal road.

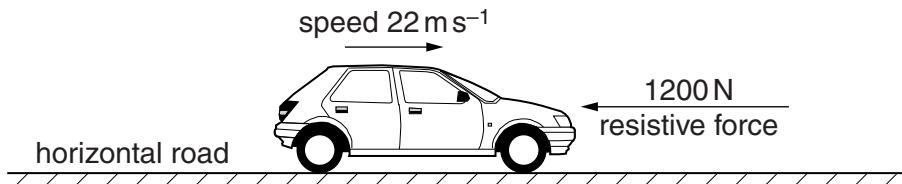


Fig. 3.1

The car has a mass of 1500 kg. A resistive force of 1200 N acts on the car.

Calculate

- (i) the force F required from the car to produce an acceleration of 0.82 m s^{-2} ,

$$F = \dots \text{ N} [3]$$

- (ii) the power required to produce this acceleration.

$$\text{power} = \dots \text{ W} [2]$$

- (c) The resistive force on the car is proportional to v^2 , where v is the speed of the car.
Suggest why the car has a maximum speed.

.....
.....

[1]