6 An electric field and a magnetic field are used to form a velocity selector. Charged particles, called ions, pass into a region of uniform electric and magnetic fields that is between parallel plates, as shown in Fig. 6.1.
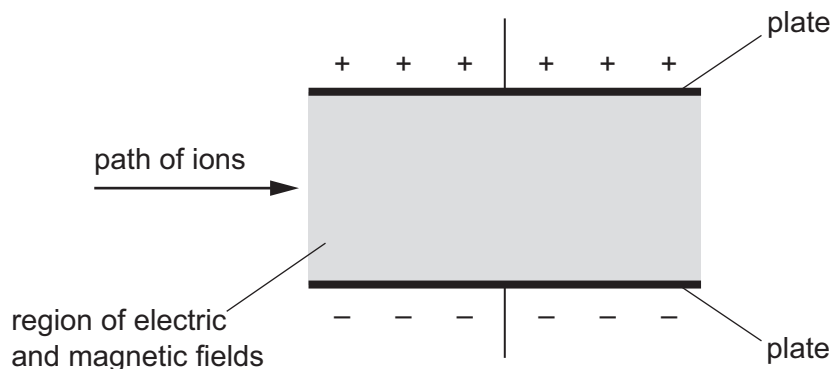

Fig. 6.1

(a) The potential difference (p.d.) between the plates of the velocity selector is V. The separation of the plates is d and the magnetic flux density is B.

Show that the speed u of ions that pass undeviated through the velocity selector is given by

$$u = \frac{V}{Bd}.$$

[2]

(b) Positive ions with kinetic energy $4.1 \times 10^{-17}\,\text{J}$ and mass $3.2 \times 10^{-27}\,\text{kg}$ pass undeviated through the velocity selector when V is equal to $980\,\text{V}$ and d is equal to $3.6 \times 10^{-2}\,\text{m}$.

Determine B.

$B =$ .... T [3]

(c) A proton passes undeviated through the velocity selector.

An alpha particle enters the velocity selector at the same speed as the proton.

State how the expression in **(a)** predicts that the alpha particle also passes undeviated through the velocity selector.

....

.... [1]

(d) By reference to Fig. 6.1 and to the forces acting on a positive ion, determine the direction of the magnetic field. Explain your reasoning.

....

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....

....

.... [3]

(e) The positive ions in **(b)** enter the velocity selector with greater kinetic energy.

On Fig. 6.1, sketch the path of these ions.   [2]

[Total: 11]