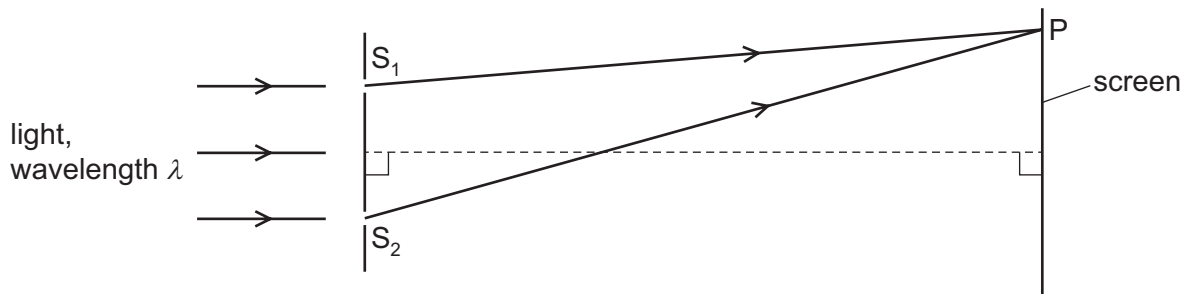


- 28 Light of wavelength λ is incident normally on two narrow slits S_1 and S_2 , a small distance apart. Bright and dark fringes are observed on a screen a long distance away from the slits.



The n th **dark** fringe from the central bright fringe is observed at point P on the screen.

Which equation is correct for all positive values of n ?

- A $S_2P - S_1P = \frac{n\lambda}{2}$
- B $S_2P - S_1P = n\lambda$
- C $S_2P - S_1P = (n - \frac{1}{2})\lambda$
- D $S_2P - S_1P = (n + \frac{1}{2})\lambda$