

- 2 (a) Define *speed* and *velocity* and use these definitions to explain why one of these quantities is a scalar and the other is a vector.

speed:

velocity:

.....
.....
.....

[2]

- (b) A ball is released from rest and falls vertically. The ball hits the ground and rebounds vertically, as shown in Fig. 2.1.

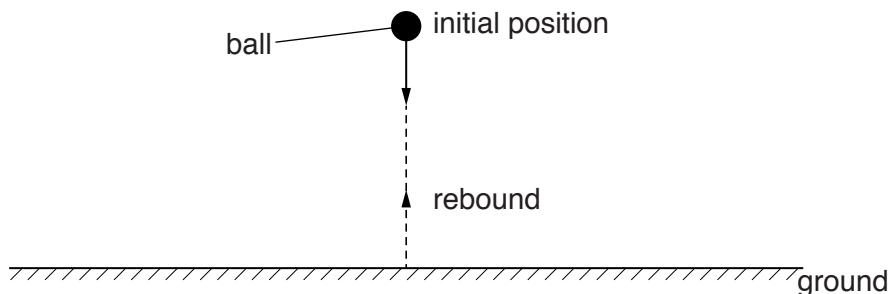


Fig. 2.1

The variation with time t of the velocity v of the ball is shown in Fig. 2.2.

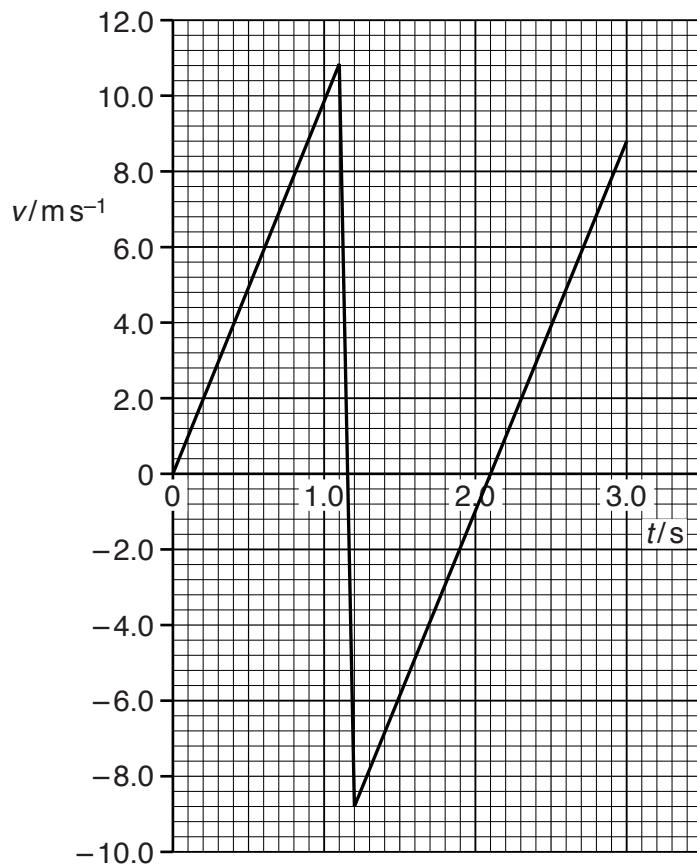


Fig. 2.2

Air resistance is negligible.

- (i) Without calculation, use Fig. 2.2 to describe the variation with time t of the velocity of the ball from $t = 0$ to $t = 2.1$ s.
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.....
.....
.....
.....

[3]

- (ii) Calculate the acceleration of the ball after it rebounds from the ground. Show your working.

acceleration = m s^{-2} [3]

(iii) Calculate, for the ball, from $t = 0$ to $t = 2.1\text{ s}$,

1. the distance moved,

$$\text{distance} = \dots \text{ m} [3]$$

2. the displacement from the initial position.

$$\text{displacement} = \dots \text{ m} [2]$$

(iv) On Fig. 2.3, sketch the variation with t of the speed of the ball.

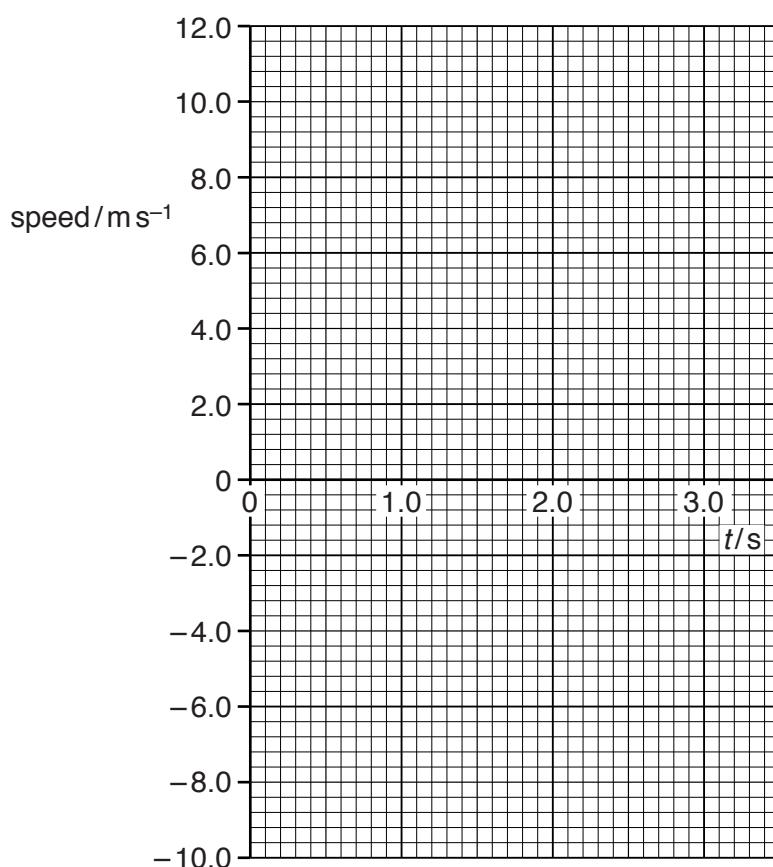


Fig. 2.3

[2]