

- 4 An  $\alpha$ -particle and a proton are at rest a distance  $20\text{ }\mu\text{m}$  apart in a vacuum, as illustrated in Fig. 4.1.

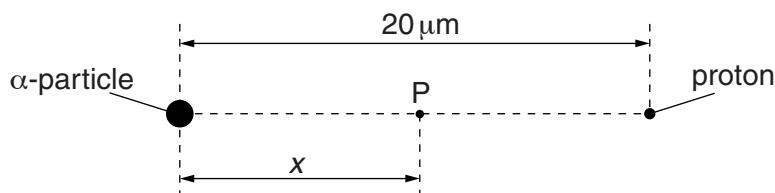


Fig. 4.1

- (a) (i) State Coulomb's law.

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..... [2]

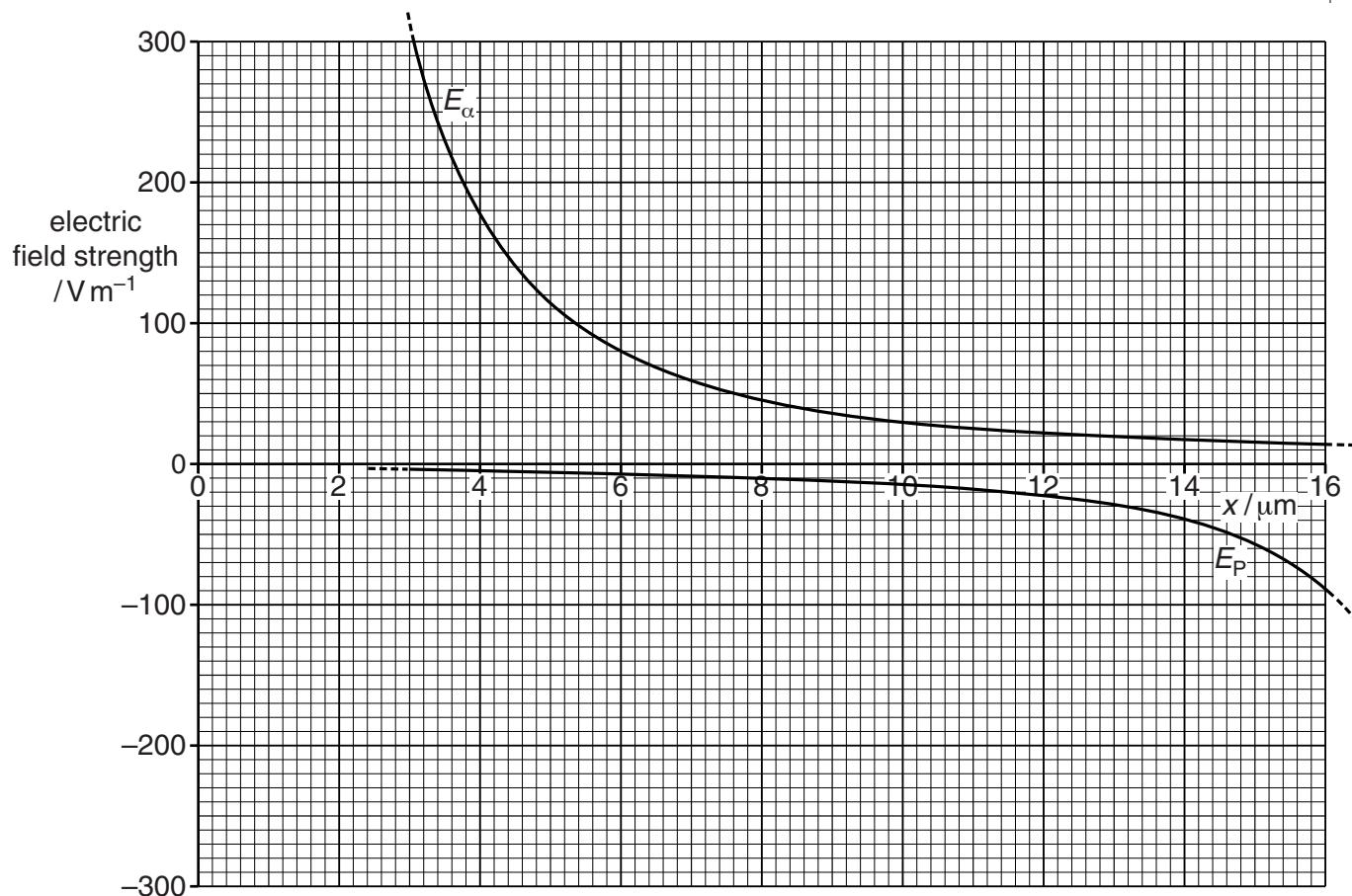
- (ii) The  $\alpha$ -particle and the proton may be considered to be point charges.  
Calculate the electric force between the  $\alpha$ -particle and the proton.

force = ..... N [2]

- (b) (i) Define *electric field strength*.

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..... [2]

- (ii) A point P is distance  $x$  from the  $\alpha$ -particle along the line joining the  $\alpha$ -particle to the proton (see Fig. 4.1). The variation with distance  $x$  of the electric field strength  $E_\alpha$  due to the  $\alpha$ -particle alone is shown in Fig. 4.2.



**Fig. 4.2**

The variation with distance  $x$  of the electric field strength  $E_p$  due to the proton alone is also shown in Fig. 4.2.

1. Explain why the two separate electric fields have opposite signs.
- .....  
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.....

[2]

2. On Fig. 4.2, sketch the variation with  $x$  of the combined electric field due to the  $\alpha$ -particle and the proton for values of  $x$  from  $4 \mu\text{m}$  to  $16 \mu\text{m}$ . [3]