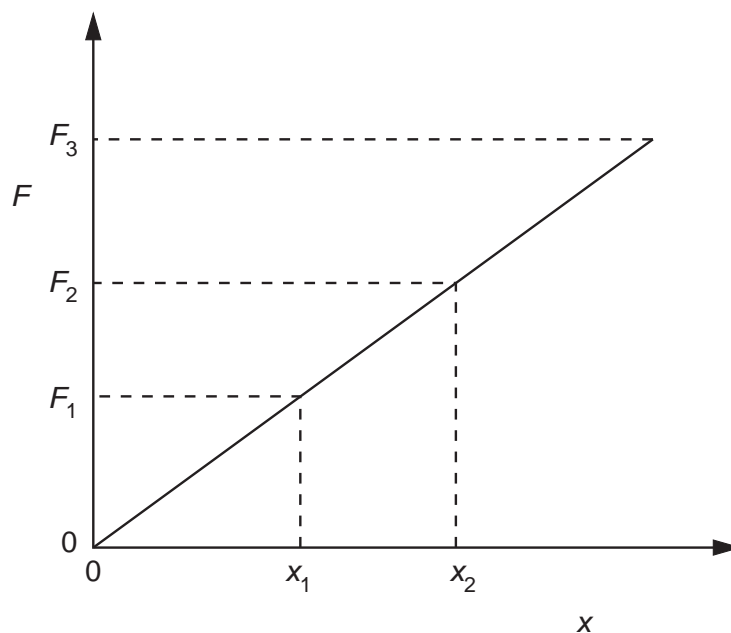


- 5 Fig. 5.1 shows the variation with force  $F$  of the extension  $x$  of a spring as the force is increased to  $F_3$  and then decreased to zero.



**Fig. 5.1**

- (a) State, with a reason, whether the spring is undergoing an elastic change.

.....  
 ..... [1]

- (b) The extension of the spring is increased from  $x_1$  to  $x_2$ .

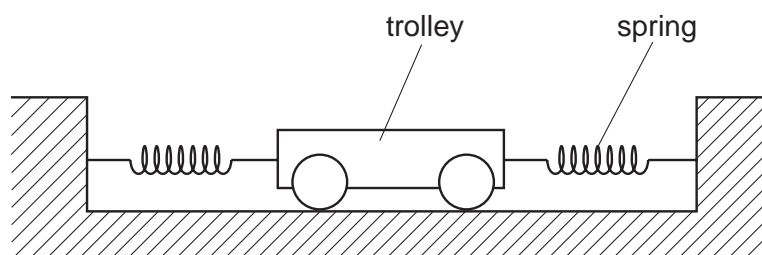
Show that the work  $W$  done in extending the spring is given by

$$W = \frac{1}{2}k(x_2^2 - x_1^2),$$

where  $k$  is the spring constant.

[3]

- (c) A trolley of mass 850 g is held between two fixed points by means of identical springs, as shown in Fig. 5.2.



**Fig. 5.2**

When the trolley is in equilibrium, the springs are each extended by 4.5 cm. Each spring has a spring constant  $16 \text{ N cm}^{-1}$ .

The trolley is moved a distance of 1.5 cm along the direction of the springs. This causes the extension of one spring to be increased and the extension of the other spring to be decreased. The trolley is then released. The trolley accelerates and reaches its maximum speed at the equilibrium position.

Assuming that the springs obey Hooke's law, use the expression in (b) to determine the maximum speed of the trolley.

speed = .....  $\text{m s}^{-1}$  [4]