

- 2 The variation with time t of the velocity v of a ball is shown in Fig. 2.1.

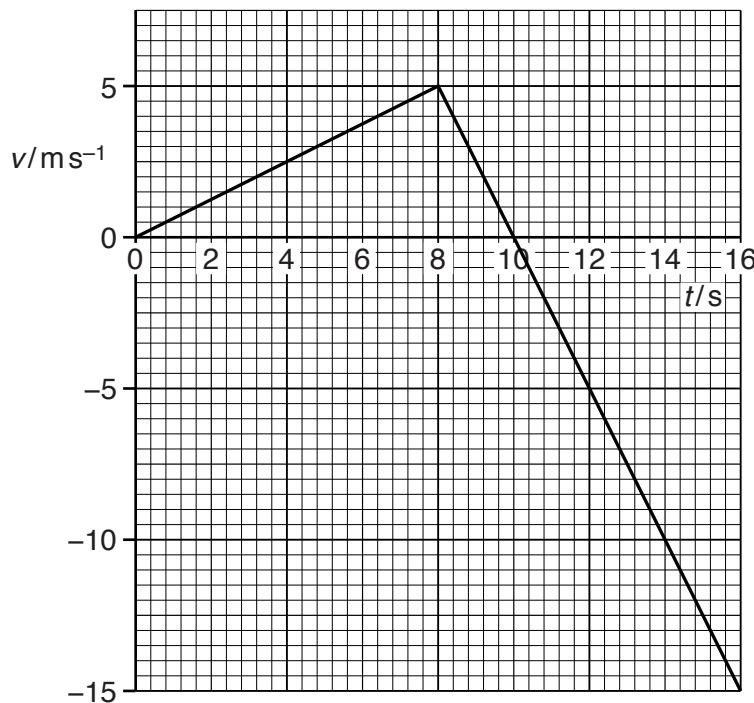


Fig. 2.1

The ball moves in a straight line from a point P at $t = 0$. The mass of the ball is 400 g.

- (a) Use Fig. 2.1 to describe, without calculation, the velocity of the ball from $t = 0$ to $t = 16\text{ s}$.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

[2]

(b) Use Fig. 2.1 to calculate, for the ball,

(i) the displacement from P at $t = 10\text{ s}$,

$$\text{displacement} = \dots \text{ m} [2]$$

(ii) the acceleration at $t = 10\text{ s}$,

$$\text{acceleration} = \dots \text{ ms}^{-2} [2]$$

(iii) the maximum kinetic energy.

$$\text{kinetic energy} = \dots \text{ J} [2]$$

(c) Use your answers in (b)(i) and (b)(ii) to determine the time from $t = 0$ for the ball to return to P.

$$\text{time} = \dots \text{ s} [2]$$