

- 4 (a) Three capacitors are connected as shown in Fig. 4.1.

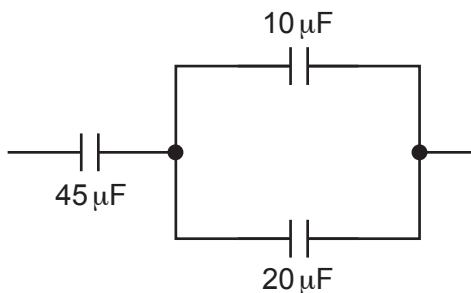


Fig. 4.1

Determine the total capacitance, in μF , of the network of three capacitors.

$$\text{capacitance} = \dots \mu\text{F} \quad [2]$$

- (b) A capacitor of capacitance $45 \mu\text{F}$ is connected to a variable power supply initially set at 8.0 V . The output of the power supply increases so that the potential difference (p.d.) across the capacitor increases to 9.6 V .

Calculate the increase in energy ΔE stored in the capacitor.

$$\Delta E = \dots \text{J} \quad [2]$$

- (c) A sinusoidal a.c. power supply is connected to the input of a bridge rectifier. The output of the rectifier is connected to a load resistor.

- (i) Complete the circuit in Fig. 4.2 by adding a capacitor to smooth the p.d. across the load resistor.

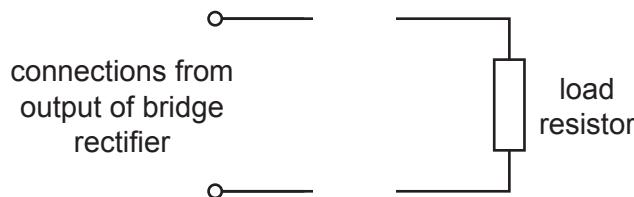


Fig. 4.2

[1]

- (ii) The variation with time t of the p.d. V of the smoothed output is shown in Fig. 4.3.

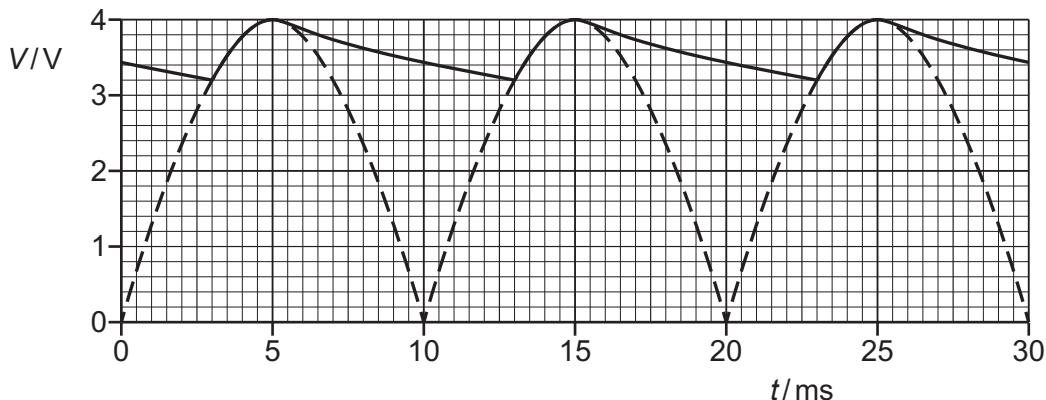


Fig. 4.3

Determine the time constant, in ms, of the smoothing circuit.

time constant = ms [3]

- (d) A sinusoidal a.c. power supply has a maximum power of 16W.

State the value of the mean power when the output of the power supply is:

- (i) full-wave rectified

mean power = W [1]

- (ii) half-wave rectified.

mean power = W [1]