

- 2 (a) State what is meant by the *internal energy* of a system.

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.....  
..... [2]

- (b) The atoms of an ideal gas occupy a container of volume  $2.30 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$  at pressure  $2.60 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$  and temperature  $180 \text{ K}$ , as illustrated in Fig. 2.1.

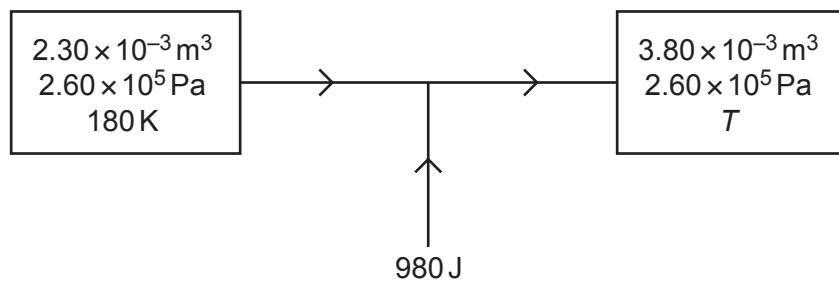


Fig. 2.1

The gas is heated at constant pressure so that its volume becomes  $3.80 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$  at a temperature  $T$ .

For the fixed mass of gas, calculate:

- (i) the amount of substance, in mol

$$\text{amount} = \dots \text{ mol} \quad [2]$$

- (ii) the temperature  $T$ , in K.

$$T = \dots \text{ K} \quad [2]$$

(c) During the change in (b), the thermal energy supplied to the gas is 980 J.

(i) Determine the work done on the gas during this change. Explain your working.

$$\text{work done} = \dots \text{J} [3]$$

(ii) Determine the change  $\Delta U$  in internal energy of the gas.

$$\Delta U = \dots \text{J} [1]$$