

- 1 A sphere of radius 2.1 mm falls with terminal (constant) velocity through a liquid, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

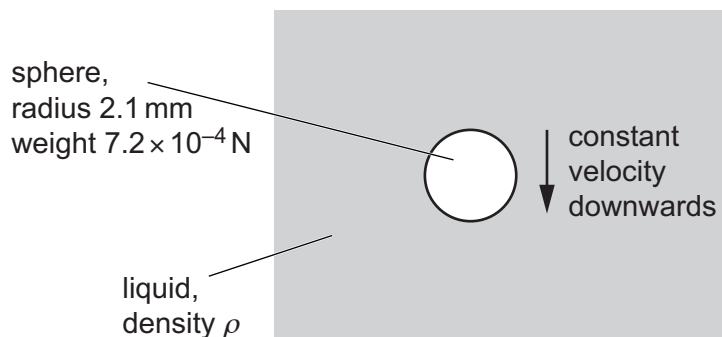


Fig. 1.1

Three forces act on the moving sphere. The weight of the sphere is $7.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$ and the upthrust acting on it is $4.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N}$. The viscous force F_V acting on the sphere is given by

$$F_V = krv$$

where r is the radius of the sphere, v is its velocity and k is a constant. The value of k in SI units is 17.

- (a) Determine the SI base units of k .

SI base units [2]

- (b) Use the value of the upthrust acting on the sphere to calculate the density ρ of the liquid.

$\rho = \dots\dots\dots \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ [3]

- (c) (i) On the sphere in Fig. 1.1, draw three arrows to show the directions of the weight W , the upthrust U and the viscous force F_V . Label these arrows W , U and F_V respectively. [1]
- (ii) Determine the magnitude of the terminal (constant) velocity of the sphere.

velocity = ms^{-1} [2]