

- 3 A ball falls from rest onto a flat horizontal surface. Fig. 3.1 shows the variation with time t of the velocity v of the ball as it approaches and rebounds from the surface.

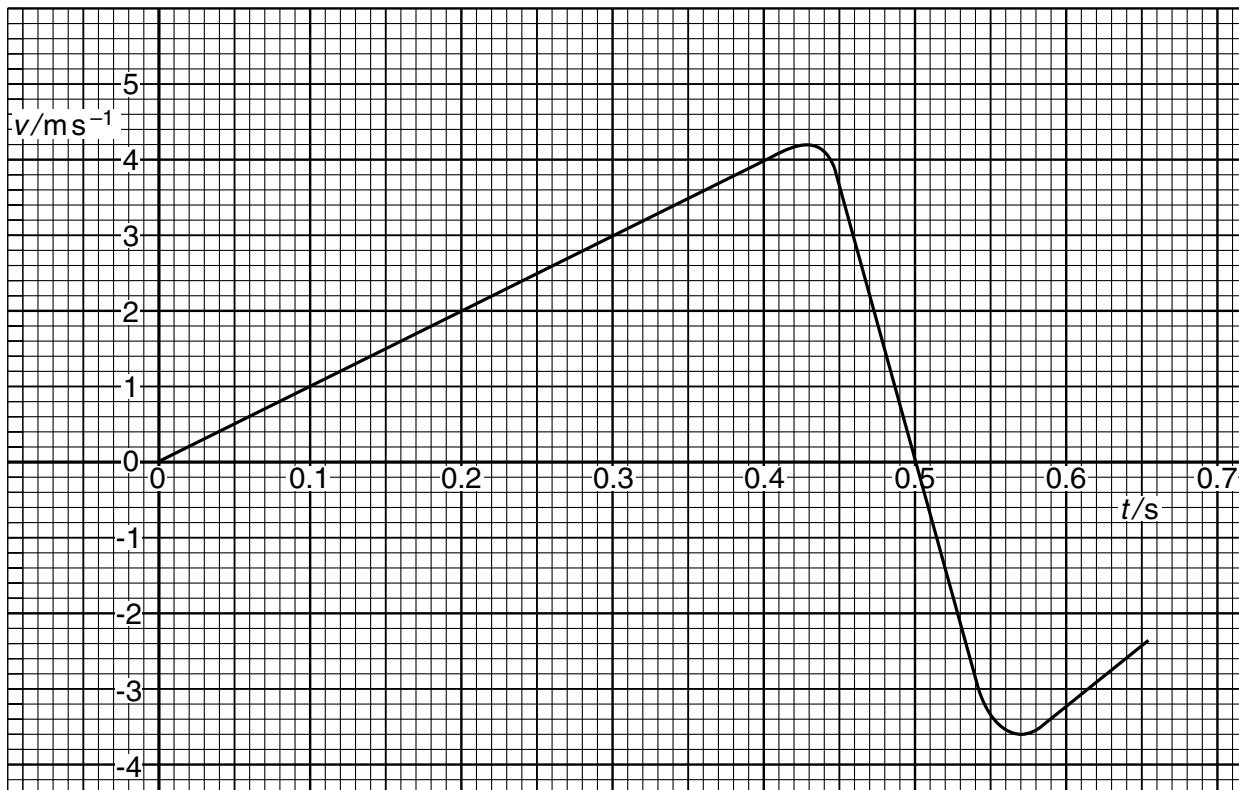


Fig. 3.1

Use data from Fig. 3.1 to determine

- (a) the distance travelled by the ball during the first 0.40 s,

$$\text{distance} = \dots \text{m} \quad [2]$$

- (b) the change in momentum of the ball, of mass 45 g, during contact of the ball with the surface,

change = N s [4]

- (c) the average force acting on the ball during contact with the surface.

force = N [2]