

8 (a) State what is meant by the work function energy of a metal.

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..... [2]

(b) Ultraviolet radiation of frequency  $1.36 \times 10^{15} \text{ Hz}$  is incident, in a vacuum, on a metal surface. The power of the radiation incident on the surface is  $8.36 \text{ mW}$ . Photoelectrons are emitted with a maximum kinetic energy of  $3.09 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$ .

(i) Determine the number of photons incident on the surface per unit time.

number per unit time = .....  $\text{s}^{-1}$  [2]

(ii) Calculate the work function energy  $\Phi$  of the metal.

$\Phi = \dots\dots\dots \text{ J}$  [2]

(c) The frequency of the radiation incident on the surface in (b) is increased while the power remains constant.

State and explain the effect of this change on:

(i) the maximum kinetic energy of the photoelectrons

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..... [2]

(ii) the rate of emission of photoelectrons.

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..... [2]