

7 (a) State Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction.

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(b) Two coils are wound on an iron bar, as shown in Fig. 7.1.

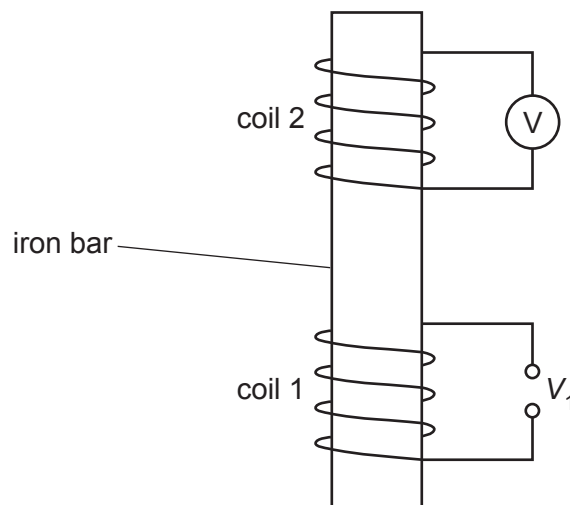


Fig. 7.1

Coil 1 is connected to a potential difference (p.d.) V_1 that gives rise to a magnetic field in the iron bar.

Fig. 7.2 shows the variation with time t of the magnetic flux density B in the iron bar.

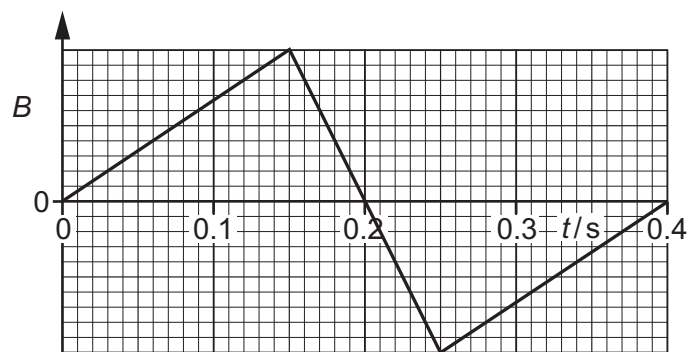


Fig. 7.2

A voltmeter measures the electromotive force (e.m.f.) V_2 that is induced across coil 2.

On Fig. 7.3, sketch the variation with t of V_2 between $t = 0$ and $t = 0.40$ s.

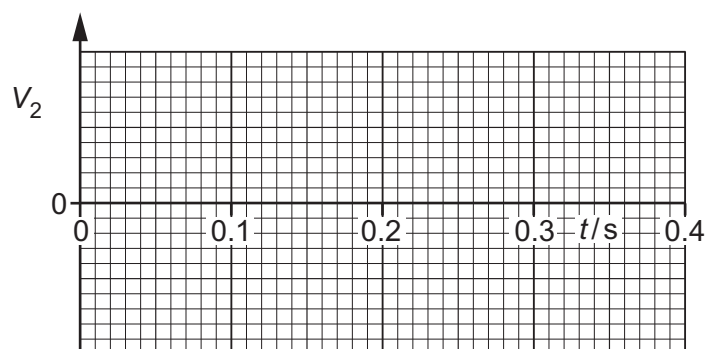


Fig. 7.3

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- (c) Coil 2 in (b) is now replaced with a copper ring that rests loosely on top of coil 1. The supply to coil 1 is replaced with a cell and a switch that is initially open, as shown in Fig. 7.4.

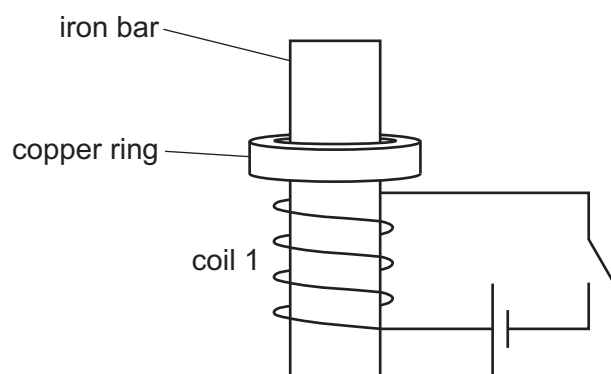


Fig. 7.4

- (i) The switch is now closed. As it is closed, the copper ring is observed to jump upwards.

Explain why this happens.

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- (ii) Suggest, with a reason, what would be the effect of repeating the procedure in (c)(i) with the terminals of the cell reversed.

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 [1]