

- 2 In a sample of gas at room temperature, five atoms have the following speeds:

$$1.32 \times 10^3 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$1.50 \times 10^3 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$1.46 \times 10^3 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$1.28 \times 10^3 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$1.64 \times 10^3 \text{ m s}^{-1}.$$

For these five atoms, calculate, to three significant figures,

- (a) the mean speed,

$$\text{mean speed} = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m s}^{-1} \text{ [1]}$$

- (b) the mean-square speed,

$$\text{mean-square speed} = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2} \text{ [2]}$$

- (c) the root-mean-square speed.

$$\text{root-mean-square speed} = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m s}^{-1} \text{ [1]}$$