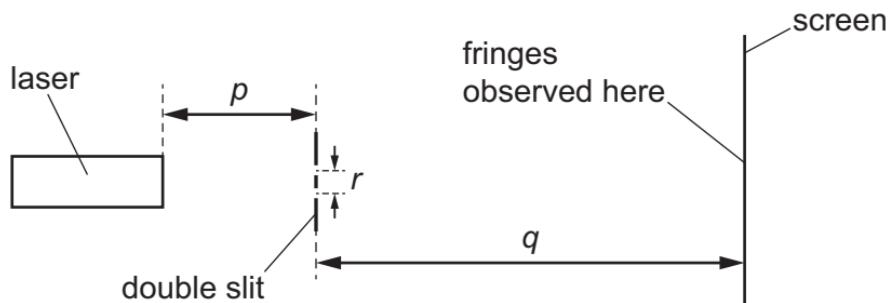


- 31 A student sets up an experiment to investigate double-slit interference.

The student uses light of a single wavelength from a laser to illuminate a double slit so that a pattern of interference fringes is observed on the screen.



The student finds that the fringes are very close together.

What could the student **decrease** in order to increase the separation of the fringes on the screen?

- A the distance  $p$  from the laser to the double slit
- B the distance  $q$  from the double slit to the screen
- C the separation  $r$  of the slits
- D the wavelength of the light from the laser