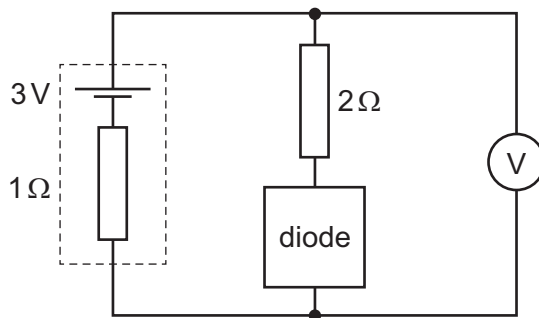


- 35** An ideal diode has zero resistance when forward biased and infinite resistance when reverse biased. The diode is connected in series with a  $2\Omega$  resistor across the terminals of a source having electromotive force (e.m.f.)  $3\text{ V}$  and internal resistance  $1\Omega$ , as shown.



A high-resistance voltmeter is connected across the diode and resistor.

Which row gives the readings of the voltmeter for the two ways of connecting the diode?

	forward biased	reverse biased
<b>A</b>	$1\text{ V}$	$3\text{ V}$
<b>B</b>	$2\text{ V}$	$0\text{ V}$
<b>C</b>	$2\text{ V}$	$3\text{ V}$
<b>D</b>	$3\text{ V}$	$0\text{ V}$