

- 12 The isotope iodine-131 ( $^{131}_{53}\text{I}$ ) is radioactive with a decay constant of  $8.6 \times 10^{-2} \text{ day}^{-1}$ .  $\beta^-$  particles are emitted with a maximum energy of 0.61 MeV.

(a) State what is meant by

(i) *radioactive*,

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(ii) *decay constant*.

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(b) Explain why the emitted  $\beta^-$  particles have a range of energies.

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(c) A sample of blood contains  $1.2 \times 10^{-9} \text{ g}$  of iodine-131.

Determine, for this sample of blood,

(i) the activity of the iodine-131,

$$\text{activity} = \dots \text{Bq} [3]$$

- (ii) the time for the activity of the iodine-131 to be reduced to 1/50 of the activity calculated in (i).

time = ..... days [2]

[Total: 11]

**BLANK PAGE**

---

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced online in the Cambridge International Examinations Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download at [www.cie.org.uk](http://www.cie.org.uk) after the live examination series.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.