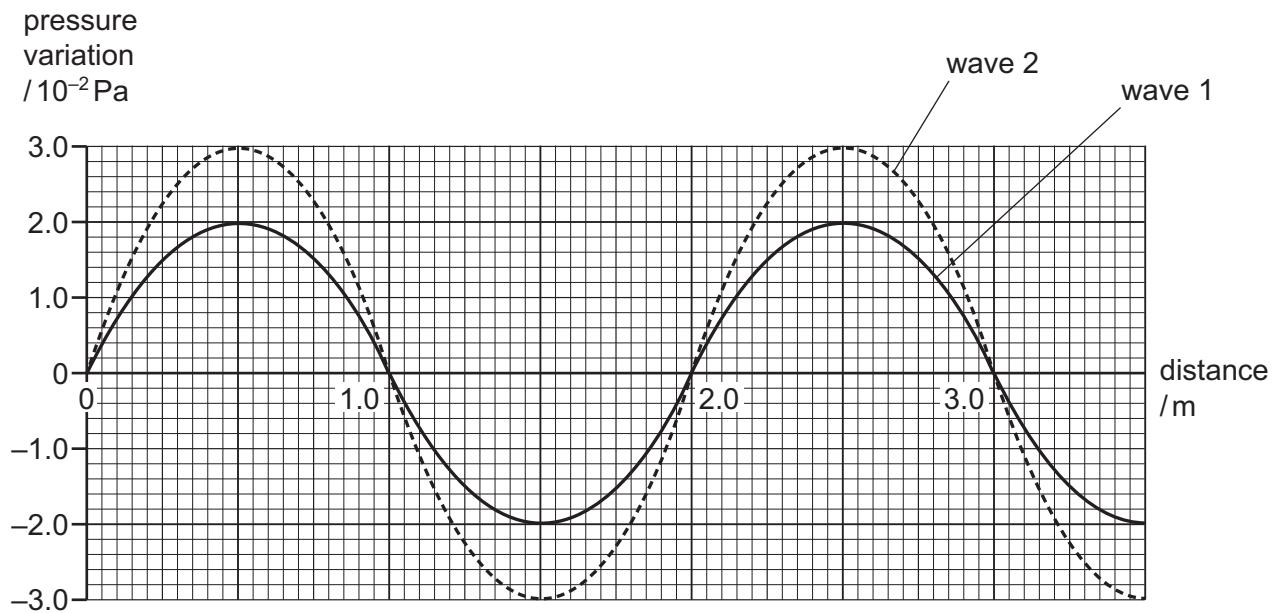


- 23 A sound wave consists of a series of moving pressure variations from the normal, constant air pressure.

The graph shows these pressure variations for two waves at one instant in time.



Wave 1 has an intensity of $1.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W m}^{-2}$.

What is the intensity of wave 2?

- A $2.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W m}^{-2}$
- B $3.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W m}^{-2}$
- C $3.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W m}^{-2}$
- D $4.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W m}^{-2}$

Space for working