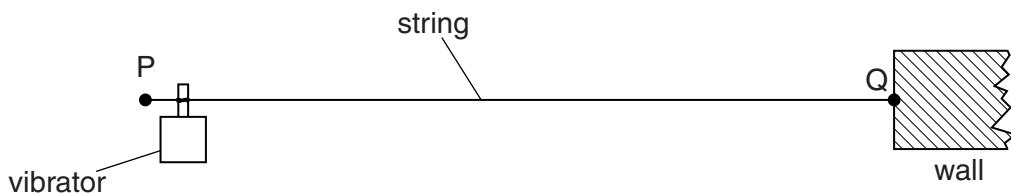


- 5 Fig. 5.1 shows a string stretched between two fixed points P and Q.



**Fig. 5.1**

A vibrator is attached near end P of the string. End Q is fixed to a wall. The vibrator has a frequency of 50 Hz and causes a transverse wave to travel along the string at a speed of  $40 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .

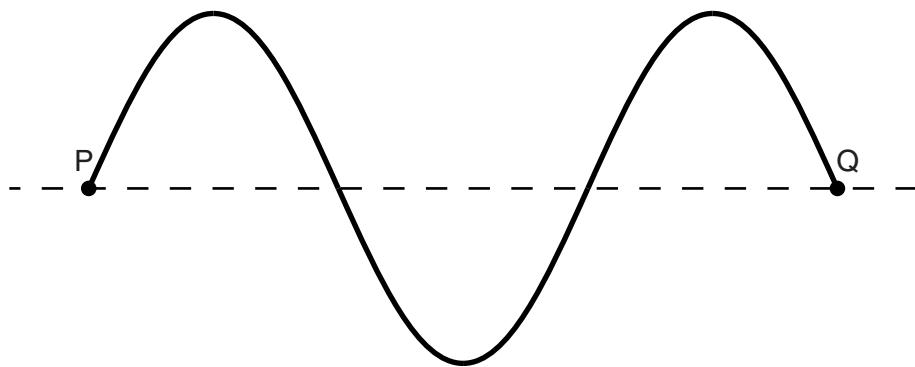
- (a) (i) Calculate the wavelength of the transverse wave on the string.

$$\text{wavelength} = \dots \text{ m} [2]$$

- (ii) Explain how this arrangement may produce a stationary wave on the string.

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

- (b) The stationary wave produced on PQ at one instant of time  $t$  is shown on Fig. 5.2. Each point on the string is at its maximum displacement.



**Fig. 5.2** (not to scale)

- (i) On Fig. 5.2, label all the nodes with the letter N and all the antinodes with the letter A. [2]

- (ii) Use your answer in (a)(i) to calculate the length of string PQ.

For  
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Use

length = ..... m [1]

- (iii) On Fig. 5.2, draw the stationary wave at time ( $t + 5.0\text{ ms}$ ). Explain your answer.

..... [3]