

- 6 The variation with time  $t$  of the sinusoidal current  $I$  in a resistor  $450\Omega$  is shown in Fig. 6.1.

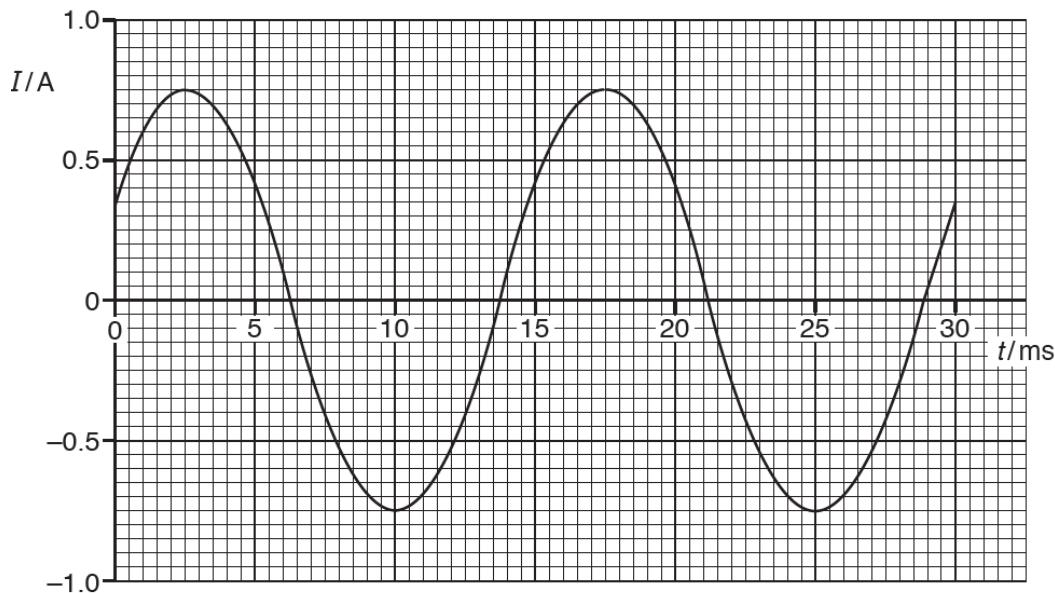


Fig. 6.1

Use data from Fig. 6.1 to determine, for the time  $t = 0$  to  $t = 30$  ms,

- (i) the frequency of the current,

$$\text{frequency} = \dots \text{Hz} [2]$$

- (ii) the root-mean-square (r.m.s) current,

$$\text{r.m.s current} = \dots \text{A} [2]$$

- (iii) the energy dissipated by the resistor.

$$\text{energy} = \dots \text{J} [2]$$

- (iv) The average current in the resistor is zero.

Explain why there is a heating effect in the resistor.

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[2]

[Total: 8]