

- 2 Fig. 2.1 shows a ball to be shot at an angle θ above the level ground towards a wall 20 m away from it. x is the displacement from the launching point in the direction of the wall.



Fig. 2.1

Fig. 2.2 shows the variation of the vertical component of the ball's velocity v_y with displacement x .

$$v_y / \text{m s}^{-1}$$

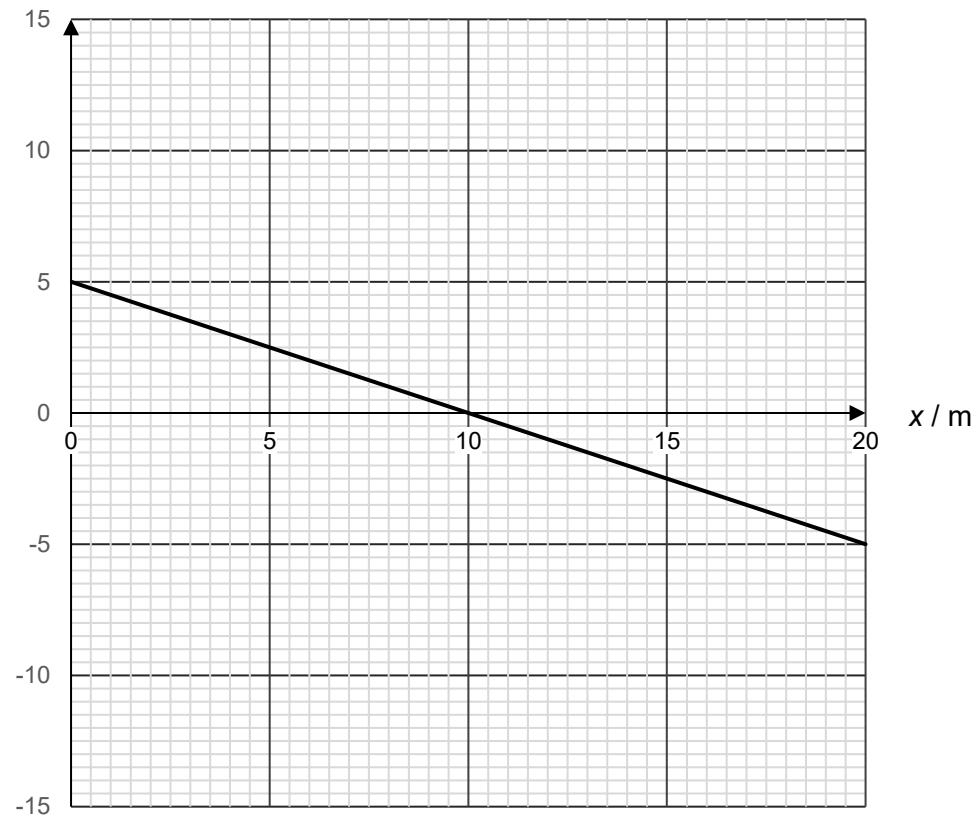


Fig. 2.2

- (a) Show that the time taken for the ball to reach the wall is 1.02 s.
- [2]
- (b) Hence, or otherwise, determine the horizontal component of the ball's velocity.
- horizontal velocity = m s^{-1} [1]
- (c) Determine θ .
- $\theta = \dots^\circ$ [2]
- (d) The ball is now projected at different θ with the same speed.

On Fig. 2.2, sketch the variation of v_y with x if the ball were to hit the wall when it is at its maximum height.

[1]