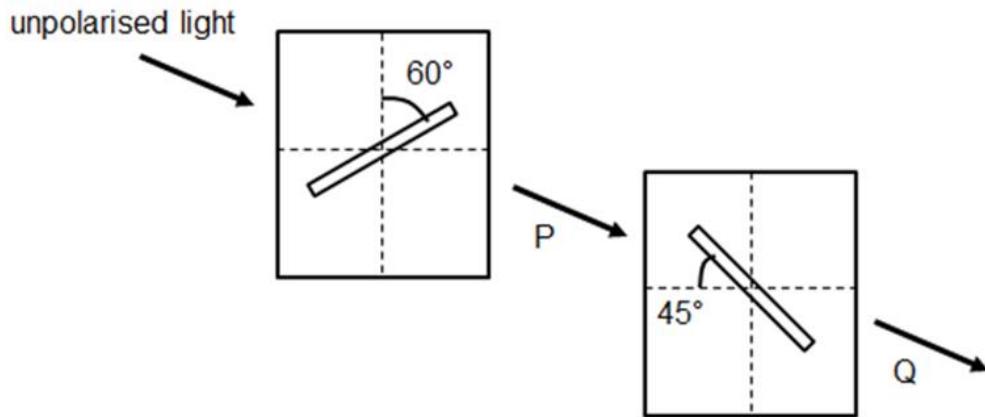


- 17 A beam of unpolarised light with amplitude  $A$  and intensity  $I$  is passed through two optical polarisers.

The first polariser's transmission axis is oriented at  $60^\circ$  to the vertical, while the second polariser's transmission axis is oriented at  $45^\circ$  to the horizontal.



What is the intensity of the light at P and amplitude of the light at Q?

**Intensity of light at P    Amplitude of light at Q**

- |   |                       |                                     |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I$ | $A \sin 15^\circ$                   |
| B | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I$ | $\frac{1}{2}A \sin 15^\circ$        |
| C | $\frac{1}{2}I$        | $A \sin 15^\circ$                   |
| D | $\frac{1}{2}I$        | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}A \sin 15^\circ$ |