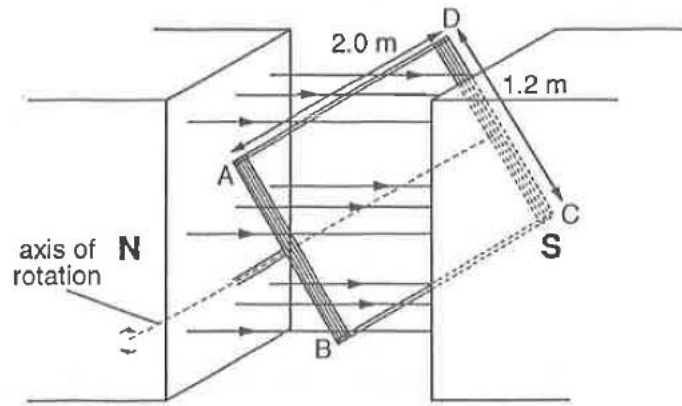
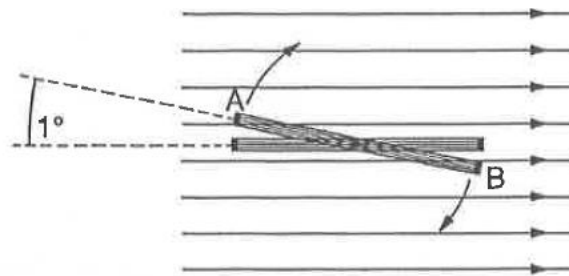


- 8 In a power station generator, a large rectangular coil is rotating at 50 revolutions per second in a magnetic field of magnetic flux density of 0.29 T. The coil as shown in Fig. 8.1 has 38 turns each 2.0 m long and 1.2 m wide.



**Fig. 8.1**

The maximum output e.m.f. of the coil occurs when it moves near the plane of the magnetic field as shown in Fig. 8.2.



**Fig. 8.2**

- (a) State Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction.

.....

.....

**(b)** For the coil moving through an angle of  $1.0^\circ$  near the plane of the magnetic field, calculate

**(i)** the time taken for it to rotate  $1.0^\circ$

time = .....s [2]

**(ii)** the flux cut by one turn of the coil in this time

flux cut = .....Wb [3]

**(iii)** the e.m.f. generated by one turn of the coil in this time

e.m.f. = .....V [2]

**(iv)** the e.m.f. generated by all 38 turns of the coil in this time

e.m.f. = .....V [1]

- (c) (i) The value obtained in **(b)(iv)** is the peak value of the sinusoidal output of the coil. Calculate the r.m.s. value of the output of the coil.

r.m.s. value of the output = .....V [1]

- (ii) State the direction of the current induced in side AD as a result of this e.m.f. Explain how you deduced your answer.

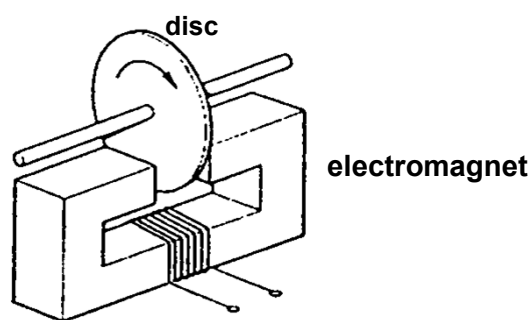
.....  
 .....  
 ..... [2]

- (d) (i) State *Lenz's law*.

.....  
 ..... [1]

- (ii) Explain the following two situations, using the laws of electromagnetic induction:

1. A copper disc spins freely between the poles of an unconnected electromagnet as shown in Fig. 8.3.



**Fig 8.3**

Describe and explain what will happen to the speed of rotation of the disc when a direct current is switched on in the electromagnet.

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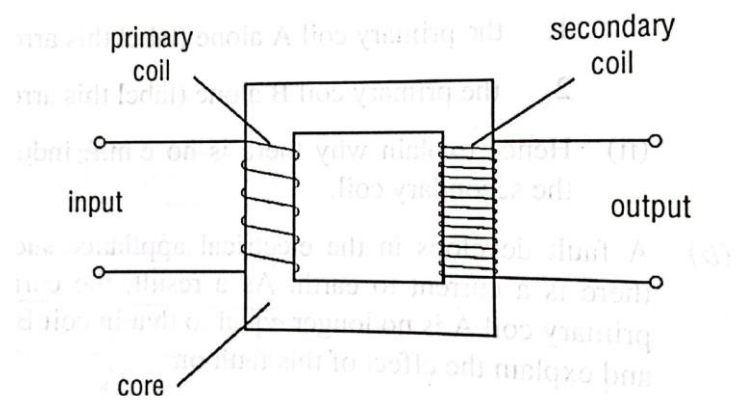
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..... [4]

2. A simple iron-cored transformer is shown below.



Suggest why the input voltage and the output e.m.f. have the same frequency.

.....

.....

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..... [3]

[Total: 20]

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