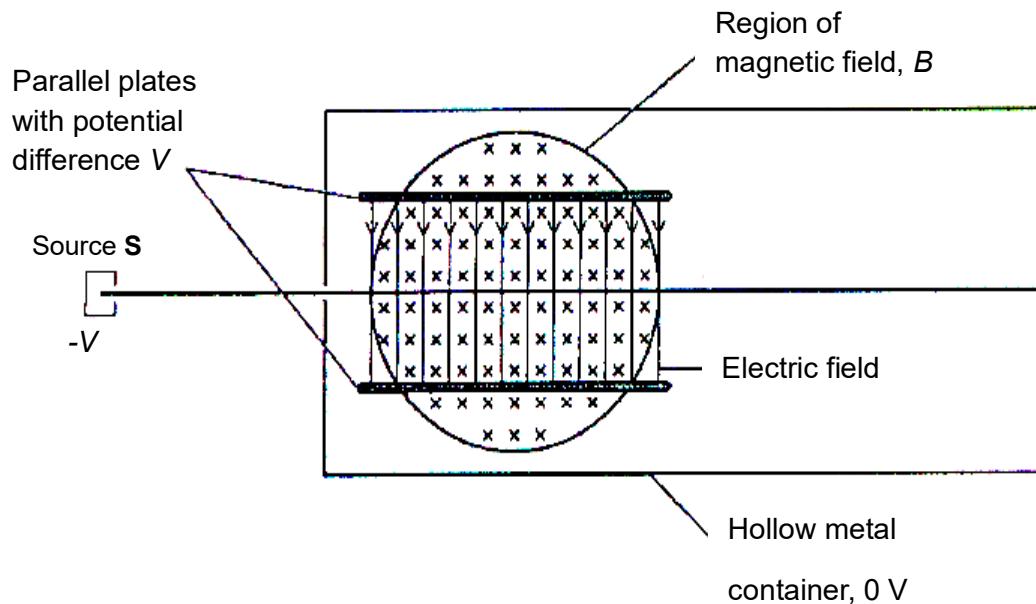


- 24** A part of a mass spectrometer is shown in the figure below. Negative ions are generated at the source **S** with negligible speed, which is at a potential of  $-V$  with respect to the hollow metal container. Inside the container, there are parallel plates separated by distance  $d$  and a uniform magnetic field  $B$  is applied to the region between the parallel plates.



If the potential difference between the parallel plates is  $V$ , what is the charge to mass ratio of the ions that can pass through the fields undeviated?

<b>A</b>	$\frac{V}{2B^2d^2}$	<b>B</b>	$\frac{2V}{B^2d^2}$	<b>C</b>	$\frac{2B^2d^2}{V}$	<b>D</b>	$\frac{B^2d^2}{2V}$
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