

7 (a) State experimental evidence to suggest that the process of radioactive decay is

- (i) random

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[1]

- (ii) spontaneous

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[1]

(b) A student determines the half-life of the radioactive isotope of phosphorous-32. Phosphorous-32 decays by beta emission to form sulfur-32 which is stable.

The student measures the average count-rate from a sample of phosphorous-32 at various times  $t$ . The background-subtracted count rate,  $R$ , is shown in Fig. 7.1.

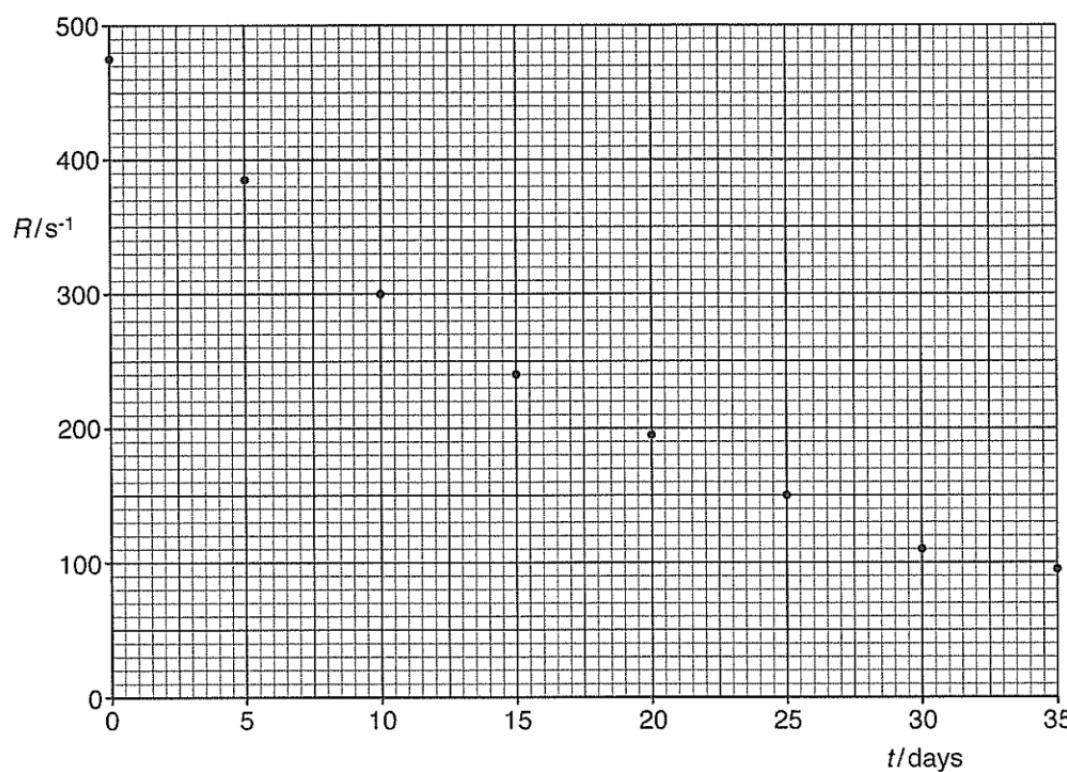


Fig. 7.1

- (i) Use Fig. 7.1 to determine a value for the half-life of phosphorous-32. Show your working clearly.

half-life = ..... days [3]

- (ii) Explain why, although the count rates are too low for the radiation to cause immediate symptoms in the student, careful shielding of the source is necessary.

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- (iii) Suggest why the determination of the half-life of phosphorus-32 by this method requires that the product of the decay is stable.

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..... [1]