

- 4 Two charged metal spheres A and B are isolated in space, as shown in Fig. 4.1.

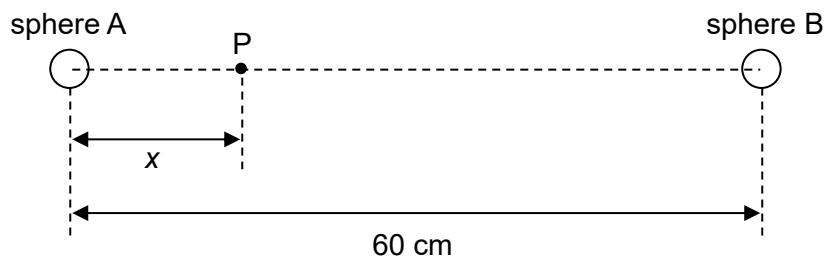


Fig. 4.1

The centres of the spheres are separated by a distance of 60 cm. Point P is at a distance x from the centre of sphere A along the line joining the centres of the two spheres.

The variation with x of the electric potential V at P is shown in Fig. 4.2. The potential at $x = 15.0$ cm is zero.

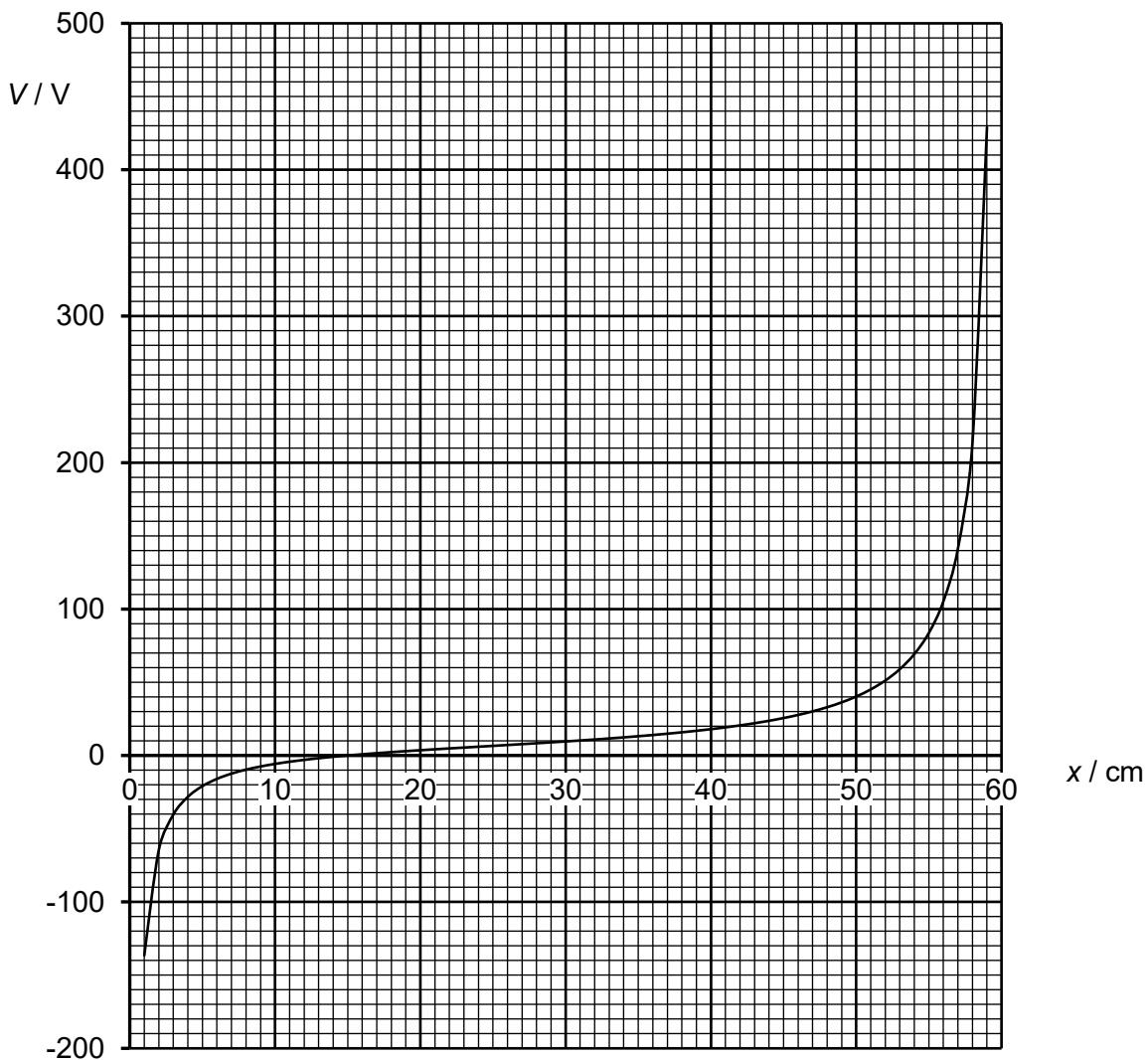


Fig. 4.2

- (a) (i) Define *electric field strength*.

..... [2]

- (ii) State the relation between electric field strength E and potential V .

..... [1]

- (iii) Hence, explain the direction of the electric field at the point P, where $x = 15.0\text{ cm}$.

..... [1]

- (b) Given that the magnitude of the charge of sphere B is 0.48 nC , determine the charge of sphere A.

charge of sphere A = C [3]

- (c) An electron moves along the line joining the centres of the two spheres towards sphere B and passes $x = 15.0\text{ cm}$ with a speed of $4.0 \times 10^6\text{ m s}^{-1}$. Calculate the speed of the electron when it reaches $x = 57.0\text{ cm}$.

speed = m s^{-1} [3]

[Total: 10]