

- 1 (a) (i) Define momentum.

..... [1]

- (ii) A car is travelling at close to the top speed on an expressway. It is then brought to rest.

Estimate the impulse of the car.

impulse = [3]

- (b) An aeroplane is at rest on a runway. It accelerates in a straight line along the runway and after 55.0 s it takes off. While the aeroplane is in contact with the runway, the resultant force on it varies. Fig. 1.1 is a graph that shows how the resultant force varies with time.

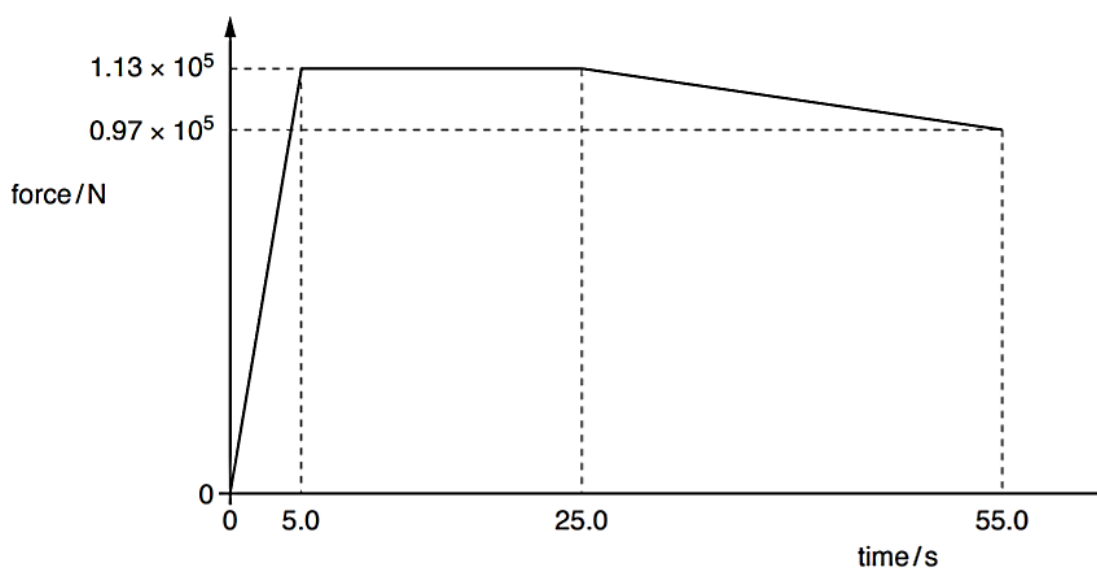


Fig. 1.1

- (i) State two reasons why the acceleration of the aeroplane is not constant as it travels along the runway.

1.

.....

2.

..... [2]

- (ii) The total mass of the aeroplane is 7.31×10^4 kg. Calculate the velocity v_{max} of the aeroplane at take-off.

$v_{\max} = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m s}^{-1}$ [4]

- (iii) On Fig. 1.2, sketch the shape of the velocity-time graph for the aeroplane as it travels along the runway.

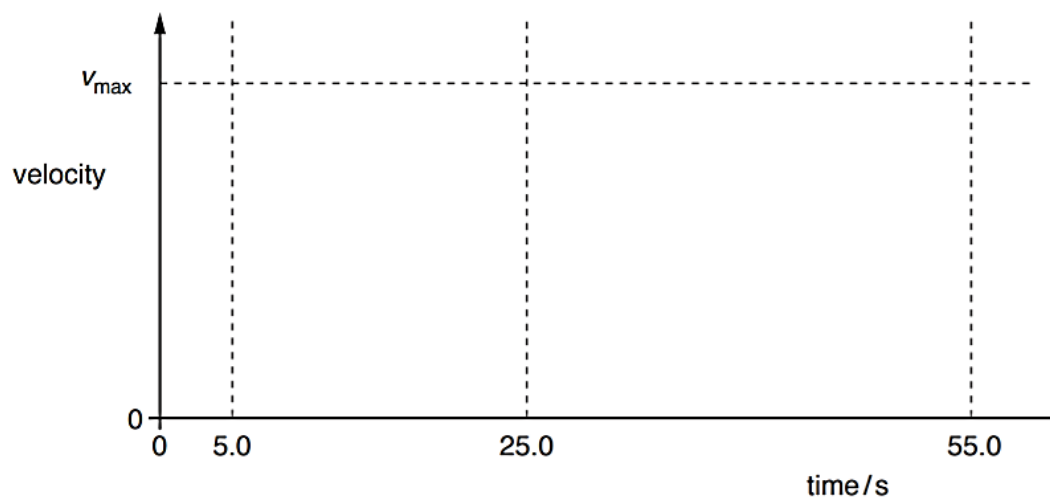


Fig. 1.2

[3]

- (iv) Estimate the distance the aeroplane travels along the runway.

distance = $\dots\dots\dots \text{ m}$ [2]

[Total: 15]