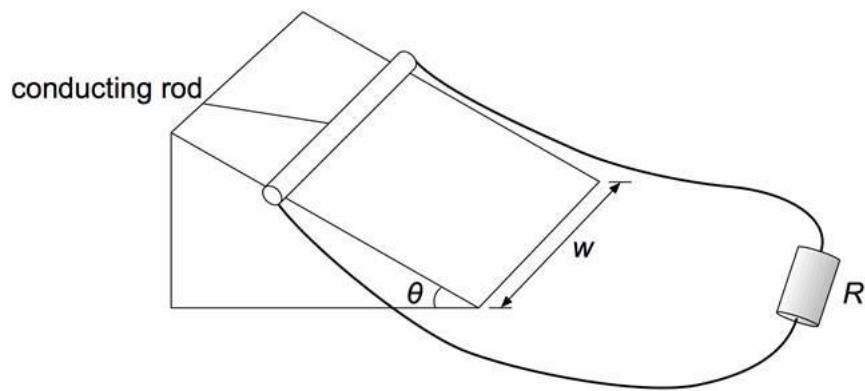


**25**

The figure below shows a conducting rod of length  $L$  and mass  $m$  placed on a very long and smooth plane of width  $w$  which makes an angle of  $\theta$  to the horizontal. The rod is connected to a resistor of resistance  $R$  through light and flexible wires. The rod is then released from rest at the top of the plane and moves in a uniform magnetic flux density  $B$  that is vertically downwards everywhere. The rod attains terminal velocity after some time.



What is the magnitude of the rod's terminal velocity?

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**A**

$$\frac{mgR \tan \theta}{B^2 w^2}$$

**B**

$$\frac{mgR \tan \theta}{B^2 L^2}$$

**C**

$$\frac{mgR \tan \theta}{B^2 w^2 \cos \theta}$$

**D**

$$\frac{mgR \tan \theta}{B^2 L^2 \cos \theta}$$