

- 4 (a) A resistor “ladder” with 2 stages “ $R$ - $2R$ ” resistors, with values of  $R$  and  $2R$ , are connected to an ideal cell of e.m.f.  $V$  as shown in Fig. 4.1.

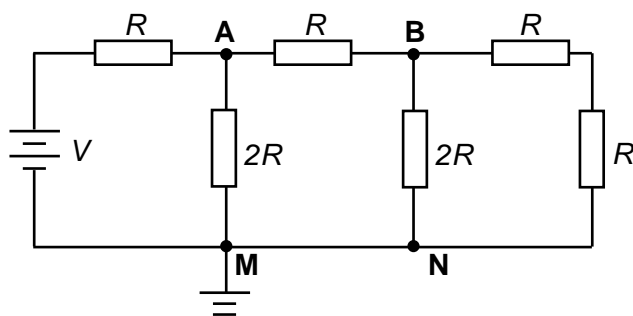


Fig. 4.1

- (i) Show that the effective resistance between junction **A** and **M** is  $R$ .

[1]

- (ii) Determine the potential at junction **A** in terms of  $V$ .

potential at **A** in terms of  $V$  ..... [2]

- (iii) Two additional “ $R$ - $2R$ ” stages, are added to the resistor “ladder” as shown in Fig 4.2.

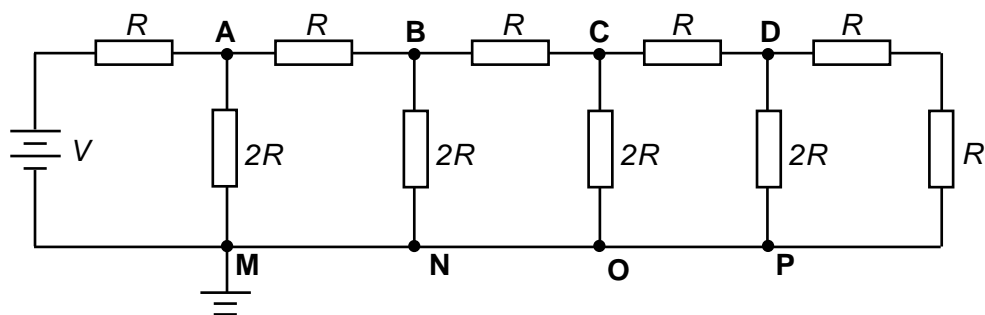


Fig 4.2

Using your answers from (i) and (ii), deduce the potential at junction **D**, in Fig. 4.2 in terms of  $V$ .

potential at **D** in terms of  $V$  ..... [2]

- (b) The current-potential difference relationship for two electrical components P and Q is shown in Fig. 4.3.

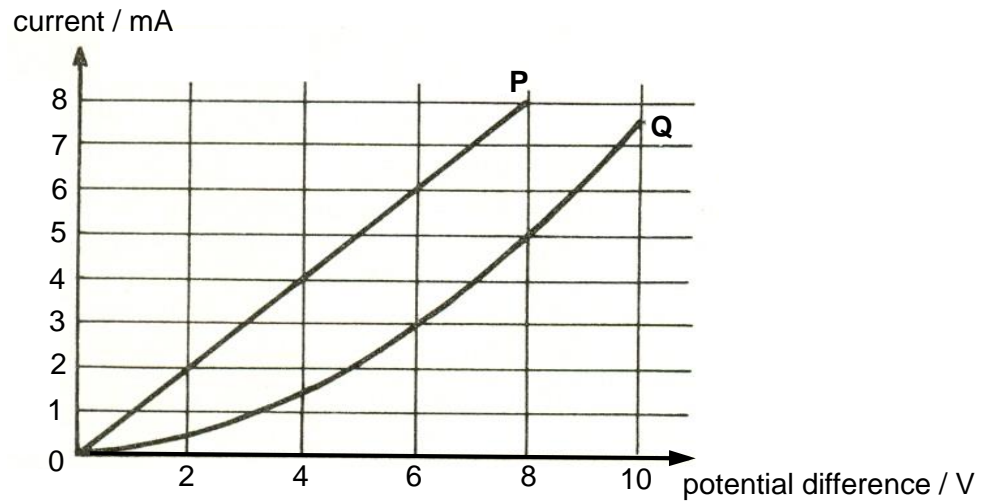
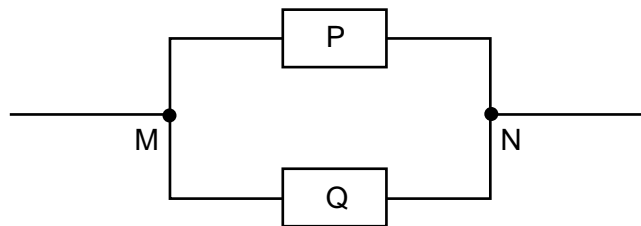


Fig. 4.3

P and Q are connected in parallel. The current flowing through P is 6 mA.



Determine the effective resistance between M and N.

effective resistance = .....  $\Omega$  [3]

[Total: 8]