

**2**     **(a)**   **(i)**     State the first law of thermodynamics.

.....  
.....  
.....[1]

**(ii)**   Use first law of thermodynamics to explain why the internal energy of the water in an ice cube increases when the ice melts, at atmospheric pressure, to form a liquid without any change of temperature.

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.....  
.....  
.....[2]

- (b) An ideal gas undergoes a cycle of changes  $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A$  as shown in Fig. 2.1.

Process A to B takes place at constant temperature of 310 K. Process B to C takes place at constant volume and during this process, 55 J of heat leaves the system. The temperature at C is 280 K. Process C to A takes place with no heat exchange.

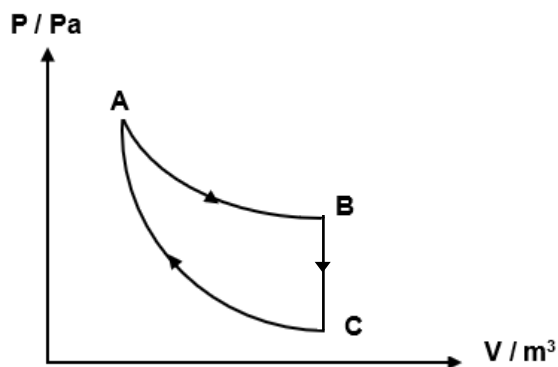


Fig. 2.1

- (i) Calculate the change in internal energy of the gas during the process B to C.

change in internal energy = ..... J [2]

- (ii) Determine the work done by the gas during the process C to A.  
Explain your working clearly.

work done by the gas = ..... J [3]