

- 1 (a) With reference to electric field lines, explain why, for points outside an isolated charged spherical conductor, the charges on the sphere may be considered to act as a point charge at its centre.
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[1]

- (b) Two vertical metal plates in a vacuum have a separation of 4.0 cm. A potential difference of 2.0×10^2 V is applied between the plates. Fig. 1.1 shows a side view of this arrangement.

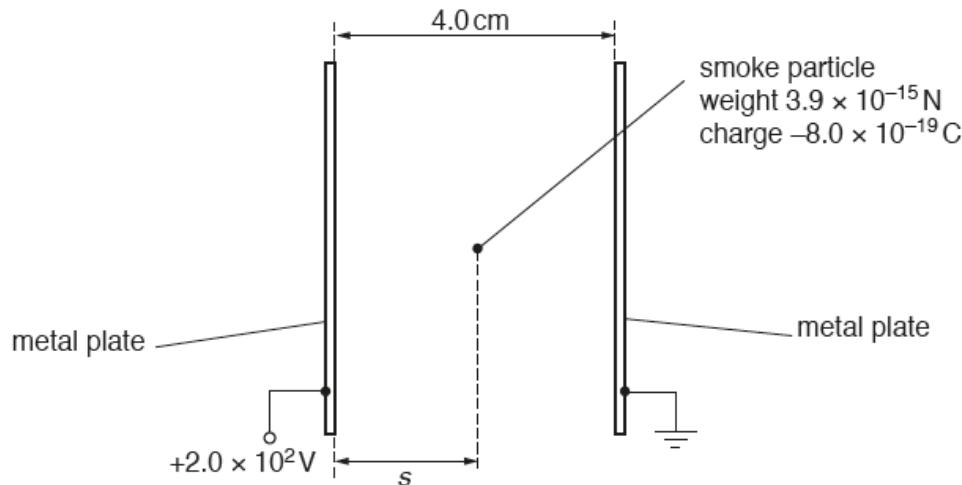


Fig. 1.1

An isolated smoke particle is in the uniform electric field between the plates. The particle has weight 3.9×10^{-15} N and charge -8.0×10^{-19} C.

- (i) On Fig. 1.1, draw labelled arrows to show the directions of the two forces acting on the smoke particle. [1]

- (ii) The resultant force acting on the smoke particle is F .

Determine

1. the magnitude of F ,

$$F = \dots \text{ N} \quad [3]$$

2. The angle of F to the horizontal.

$$\text{angle} = \dots^\circ \quad [1]$$

- (c) (i) The electric field in (b) is switched on at time $t = 0$ when the particle is at a horizontal displacement $s = 2.0 \text{ cm}$ from the left-hand plate. At time $t = 0$ the horizontal velocity of the particle is zero. The particle is then moved by the electric field until it hits a plate at time $t = T$.

On Fig. 1.2, sketch the variation with time t of the horizontal displacement s of the particle from the left-hand plate.

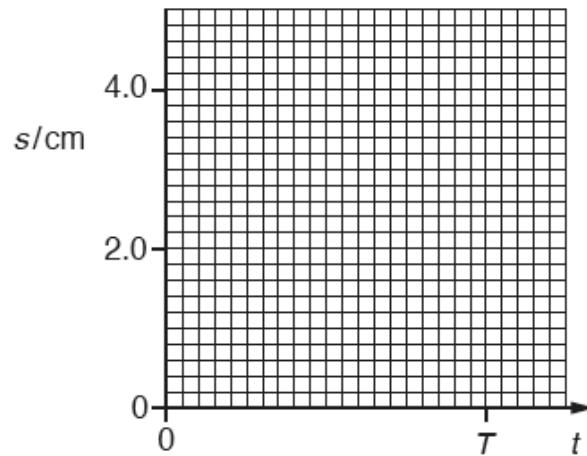


Fig. 1.2

[2]

- (ii) Determine the time T .

$$T = \dots \text{ s} \quad [2]$$

[Total: 10]

