

- 5 Fig. 5.1 shows two identical circular coils X and Y that are fixed in position. The planes of both coils are parallel and their centres lie along a common axis PQ.

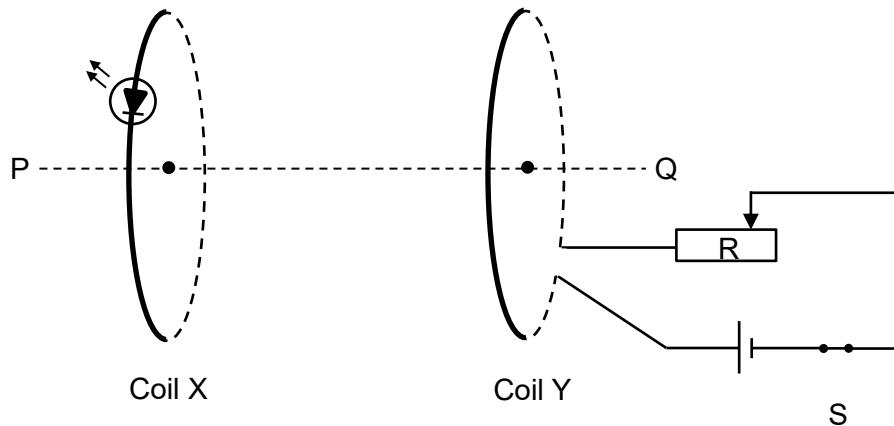


Fig. 5.1

Coil Y is connected to a cell, a switch S and a variable resistor R. S is closed and R is set to its maximum value.

A light emitting diode (LED) is connected to coil X and it is not lit up.

- (a) Based on the laws of electromagnetic induction, describe and explain what would be observed about the LED when the following changes are made independently:

- (i) S is opened.

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- (ii) The resistance of R is decreased.

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- (b) The cell is now replaced by an alternating voltage source. The sinusoidal current flowing through coil Y is represented by the equation $I_Y = I_0 \sin(100\pi t)$. Current flowing in the clockwise direction, when the coils are viewed from Q, is taken as positive.

- (i) On the axes of Fig. 5.2, sketch at least 2 cycles of the variation with time t of the current I_Y flowing through coil Y.

Indicate relevant values on the horizontal axis.



Fig. 5.2

[2]

- (ii) On the axes of Fig. 5.3, sketch at least 2 cycles of the variation with time t of the current I_X flowing through coil X.

Indicate relevant values on the horizontal axis.



Fig. 5.3

[2]