

- 2 Fig. 2.1 shows an airplane of mass m moving in a horizontal circular motion of radius 12 km and speed v . L is the lift force on the airplane and L makes an angle θ with the vertical. The airplane completes one revolution in 250 s.

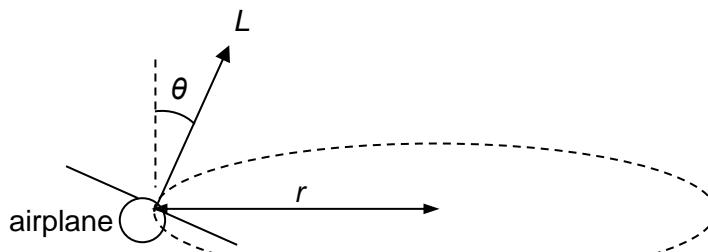


Fig. 2.1

- (a) Explain why the wings of the airplane need to be tilted for it to move in a horizontal circle.
-
.....

[1]

- (b) Calculate the speed v of the airplane.

$$v = \dots \text{ m s}^{-1} \quad [2]$$

- (c) Calculate the angle θ .

$$\theta = \dots^\circ \quad [3]$$

- (d) The wings are suddenly tilted for a larger angle θ .

State and explain one subsequent effect on the motion of the airplane.

.....
.....
.....

[2]

