

- 2 Fig. 2.1 shows an airplane of mass m moving in a horizontal circular motion of radius 12 km and speed v . L is the lift force on the airplane and L makes an angle θ with the vertical. The airplane completes one revolution in 250 s.

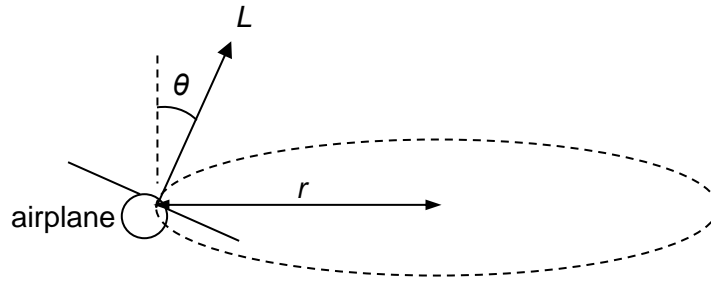


Fig. 2.1

- (a) Explain why the wings of the airplane need to be tilted for it to move in a horizontal circle.

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 [1]

- (b) Calculate the speed v of the airplane.

$v = \dots\dots\dots \text{ m s}^{-1}$ [2]

- (c) Calculate the angle θ .

$\theta = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$ [3]

- (d) The wings are suddenly tilted for a larger angle θ .

State and explain one subsequent effect on the motion of the airplane.

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..... [2]