

- 3 (a) State the conditions for a body to be in equilibrium.

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

- (b) A uniform metre rule is pivoted at its centre as shown in Fig. 3.1.

The left end of the rule is suspended from a fixed point using a spring of force constant  $21 \text{ N m}^{-1}$ . A mass of  $0.25 \text{ kg}$  is hung from the same end of the rule using a string.

A block M is hung from the rule using a string at a distance of  $30 \text{ cm}$  from the pivot.

The rule is horizontal and the extension of the spring is  $1.5 \text{ cm}$ .

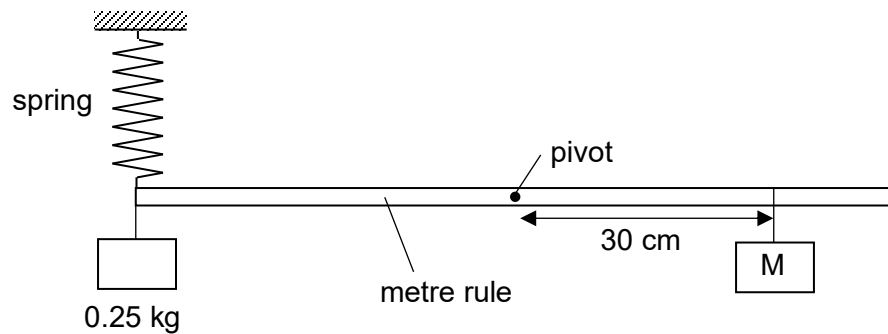


Fig. 3.1

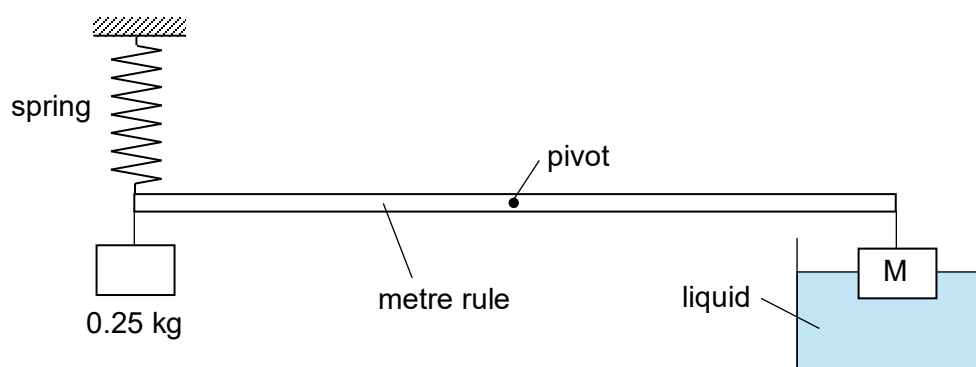
- (i) Show that the mass of block M is  $0.36 \text{ kg}$ .

[2]

- (ii) Block M is now shifted to the end of the rule as shown in Fig. 3.2.

To keep the rule horizontal, half of block M is submerged in a liquid of unknown density.

The density of block M is  $8.9 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ .



**Fig. 3.2**

Determine the density of the liquid.

density of liquid = .....  $\text{kg m}^{-3}$  [3]

- (iii) Without further calculation, describe the equilibrium positions of the metre rule and block M when the spring in Fig. 3.2 is removed.

.....  
..... [1]

