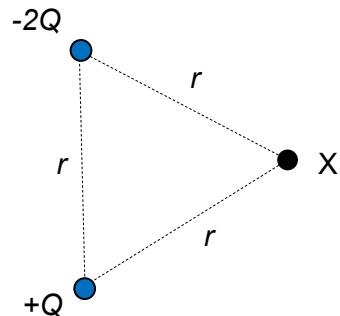


- 22 Two point charges of charged $-2Q$ and $+Q$ are arranged at two corners of an equilateral triangle of side r in vacuum.



What can be deduced about the electric potential V , and the magnitude and direction of electric field strength E at point X?

	V	magnitude of E	direction of E
A	$-\frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}$	$\frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} < E < \frac{3Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$	↖
B	$-\frac{2Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}$	$ E < -\frac{3Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$	↗
C	$-\frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}$	$ E < \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$	↖
D	$-\frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}$	$ E = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$	↗