

- 7 (a) State what is a *photon*.

.....
..... [1]

- (b) Two metal electrodes A and B are sealed into an evacuated glass envelope and a potential difference V , measured using the voltmeter, is applied between them as shown in Fig. 7.1.

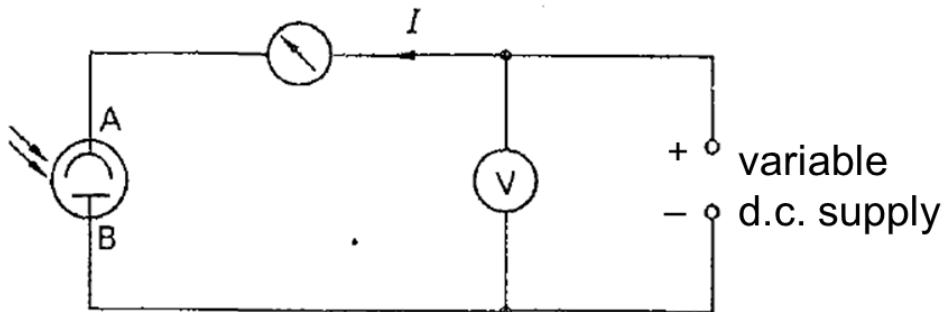


Fig. 7.1

B is then illuminated with monochromatic light of wavelength 365 nm and I , the photocurrent in the circuit, is measured for various values of V . The results are shown in Fig. 7.2.

- (i) Using Fig. 7.2, determine the change in electric potential energy required to reduce the photocurrent to zero.

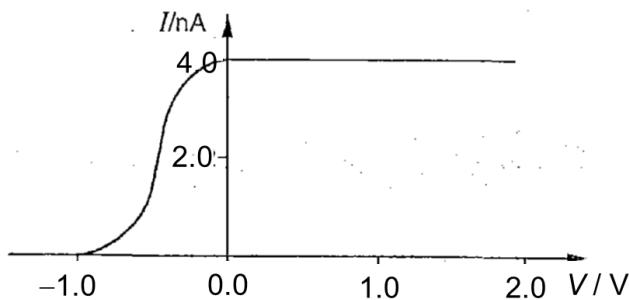


Fig. 7.2

$$\text{change in electric potential energy} = \dots \text{J} \quad [1]$$

(ii) Calculate the maximum speed of the photoelectrons.

$$\text{maximum speed} = \dots \text{ km s}^{-1} \quad [2]$$

(iii) Hence determine the work function energy of B.

$$\text{work function} = \dots \text{ eV} \quad [2]$$