

2 (a) State the **two** conditions necessary for a body to be in equilibrium.

1.
.....
2.
.....
- [2]

(b) Fig. 2.1 shows a uniform beam AB of length 6.0 m and weight 2700 N suspended by two ropes AC and BC, each of length 6.0 m. The tensions in ropes AC and BC are T_1 and T_2 respectively.

A worker of weight 900 N is holding onto the beam at point D, where AD = 4.0 m and DB = 2.0 m.

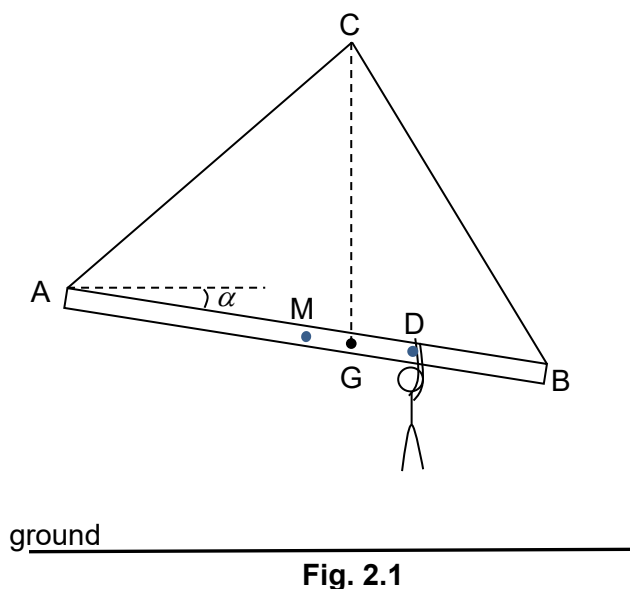


Fig. 2.1

The beam makes an angle α to the horizontal. The point M is the mid-point of the beam and the point G on the beam is the position of the centre of gravity of the beam and the worker.

(i) Explain in terms of forces acting on the beam, why the point G must lie directly below C.

-
.....
.....
.....
.....
- [2]

5

(ii) Calculate the distances MG and DG.

distance MG = m

distance DG = m
[2]

(iii) If the angle α is 2.8° , determine the magnitude of the tension T_2 .

tension T_2 = N [2]

[Total: 8]