

4 (a) A diffraction grating is used to determine the wavelength of light.

(i) Explain what is meant by the diffraction of light.

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(ii) Given that the diffraction grating has N lines per meter and the wavelength of light is λ , explain using equations how the maximum order of lines can be deduced.

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(b) A diffraction grating is used with different wavelengths of light. The angle θ of the second order maximum is measured for each wavelength. The variation with wavelength λ of $\sin \theta$ is shown in **Fig. 4**.

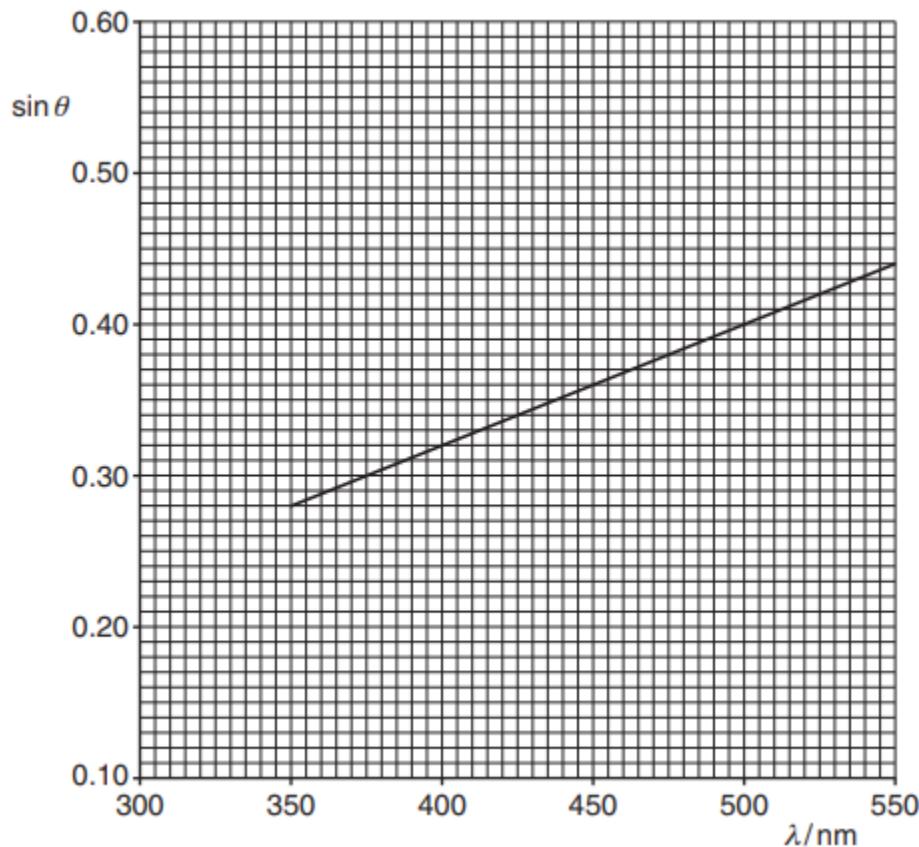


Fig. 4

- (i)** Determine the gradient of the line shown in **Fig. 4**.

Gradient = [2]

- (ii) Use the gradient in (i) to calculate the slit separation d of the diffraction grating.

$$d = \dots \text{ m} [2]$$

- (iii) Explain how the line in **Fig. 4** will change for the 1st order maximum with respect to its gradient and vertical intercept.

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