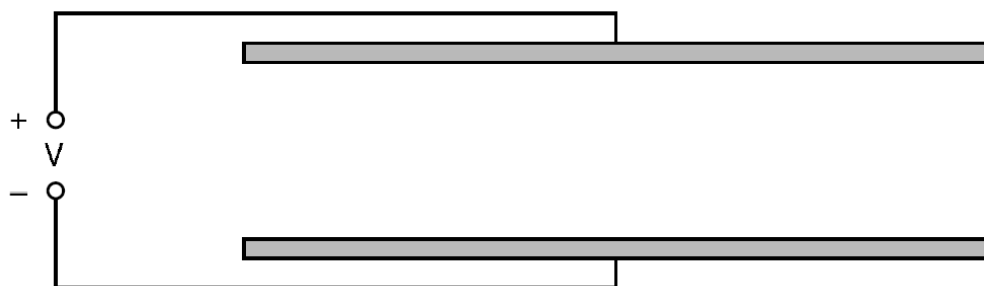


5 (a) (i) State what is meant by an *electric field*.

.....
 [1]

(ii) Complete the diagram in Fig. 5.1 to show the electric field pattern between the parallel plates.



[2]

Fig. 5.1

(iii) The plates in Fig. 5.1 are separated by a distance d and there is a potential difference V between them. A small charge of $+Q$ is moved from the negative plate up to the positive of the plate.

State an expression for the work W done on the charge

1. in terms of V and Q

$$W = \dots\dots\dots [1]$$

2. in terms of the force F on the charge and d .

$$W = \dots\dots\dots [1]$$

(iv) Use your answers to (a) (iii) to show that the electric field strength between the plates in (a) (ii) is equal to the potential gradient.

[2]

- (b) The electric field pattern around two charges of $+1.0\ \mu\text{C}$ and $+4.0\ \mu\text{C}$ is shown in Fig. 5.2.

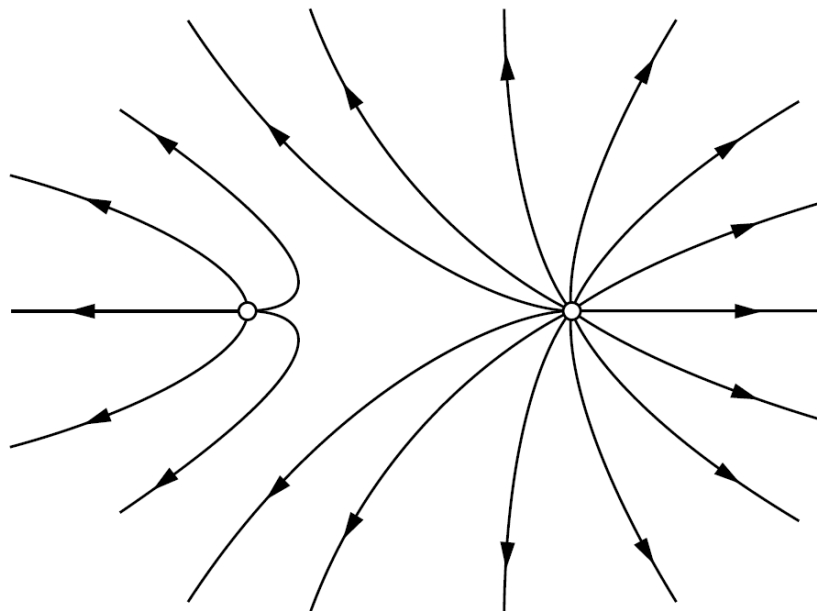


Fig. 5.2 (not to scale)

The distance between the two charges is 6.0 cm.

There is a neutral point between the charges. A point charge placed at the neutral point does not experience a force.

Determine the distance of the neutral point from the $1.0\ \mu\text{C}$ charge.

distance = cm [3]

[Total: 10]

