

- 28** Light quanta each of energy  $3.5 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$  fall on the cathode of a photocell. The current through the cell is just reduced to zero by applying a reverse voltage to make the cathode  $0.25 \text{ V}$  positive with respect to the anode.

The minimum energy required to remove an electron from the cathode is

- A**  $2.9 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
- B**  $3.1 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
- C**  $3.5 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
- D**  $3.9 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$