

- 5 (a) A d.c. supply is connected across a variable resistor. The resistance of the variable resistor is changed. Fig. 5.1 shows the variation of the power P dissipated in the resistance R of the variable resistor.

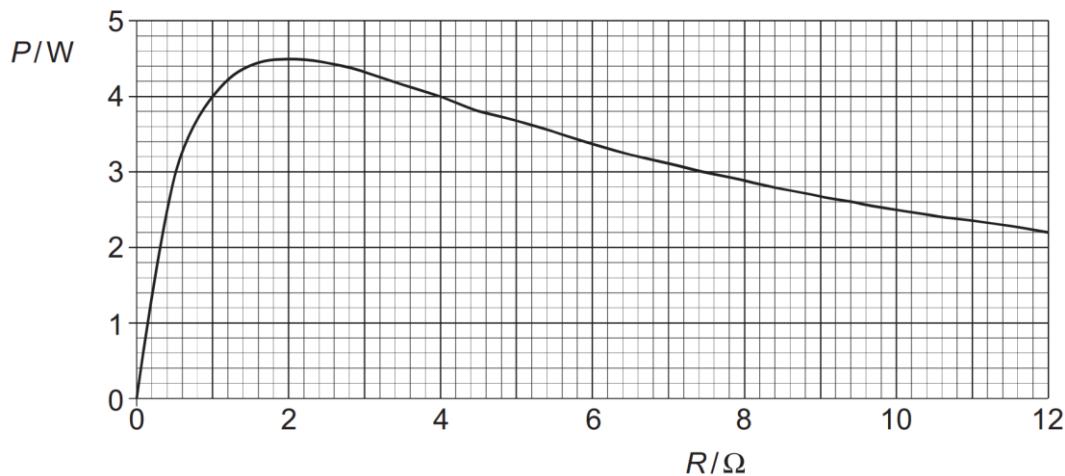


Fig. 5.1

- (i) Use Fig. 5.1 to determine the potential difference across the variable resistor when it dissipates maximum power.

potential difference = V [2]

- (ii) Explain why your answer in (i) is not equal to the e.m.f. of the supply.

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[1]

- (b) Fig. 5.2 shows a circuit. The battery has negligible internal resistance.

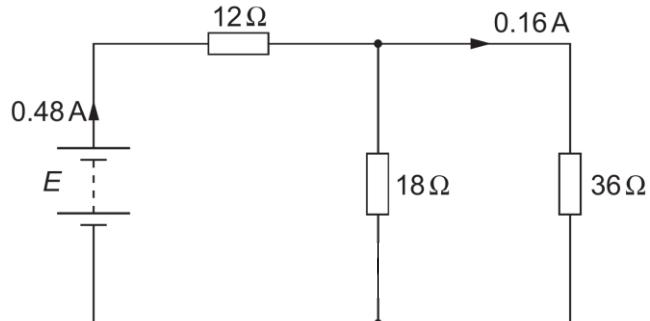


Fig. 5.2

- (i) Determine the number of electrons passing through the battery in a time of 150 s.

number = [1]

- (ii) Determine the e.m.f. E of the battery.

e.m.f. = V [2]