

- 6 (a) Define *magnetic flux density* of a magnetic field.
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[2]

- (b) Fig. 6.1 shows a solenoid of length 50.0 cm and 1000 turns. It is connected in a circuit in series with a horizontal rectangular loop ABCD, where AB = 20.0 cm and BC = 4.0 cm. The loop is freely pivoted about the axis XY.

When there is no current, the loop is balanced without the use of any rider. When a current of 3.0 A flows as shown in Fig. 6.1, a rider of mass 0.40 g is needed to restore balance.

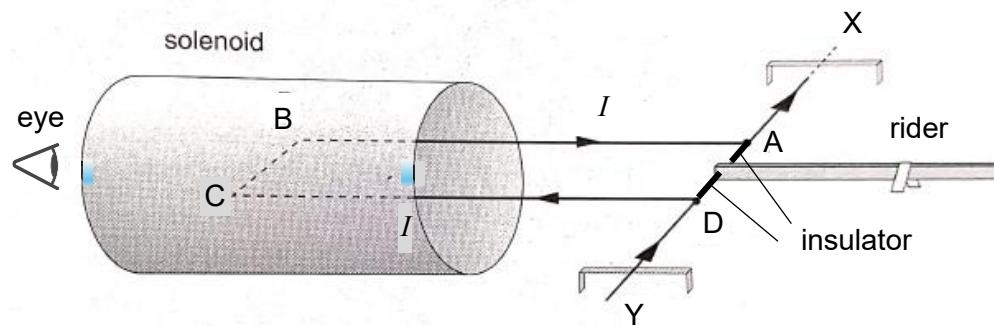


Fig. 6.1

- (i) State and explain whether the direction of the current in the solenoid is clockwise or anticlockwise as viewed by the eye.
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- (ii) Calculate the magnetic flux density in the solenoid.

magnetic flux density = T [2]

- (iii) Determine the magnetic force acting on side BC.

force = N [1]

- (iv) Determine the distance of the rider from the axis XY when balance is restored.

distance = cm [2]

