

- 4 Two charged metal spheres A and B are isolated in space, as shown in Fig. 4.1.

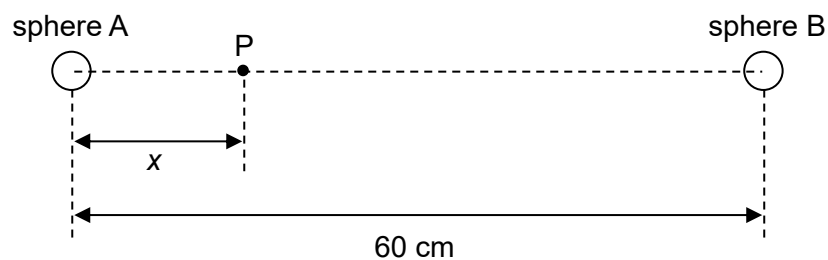


Fig. 4.1

The centres of the spheres are separated by a distance of 60 cm. Point P is at a distance x from the centre of sphere A along the line joining the centres of the two spheres.

The variation with x of the electric potential V at P is shown in Fig. 4.2. The potential at $x = 15.0$ cm is zero.

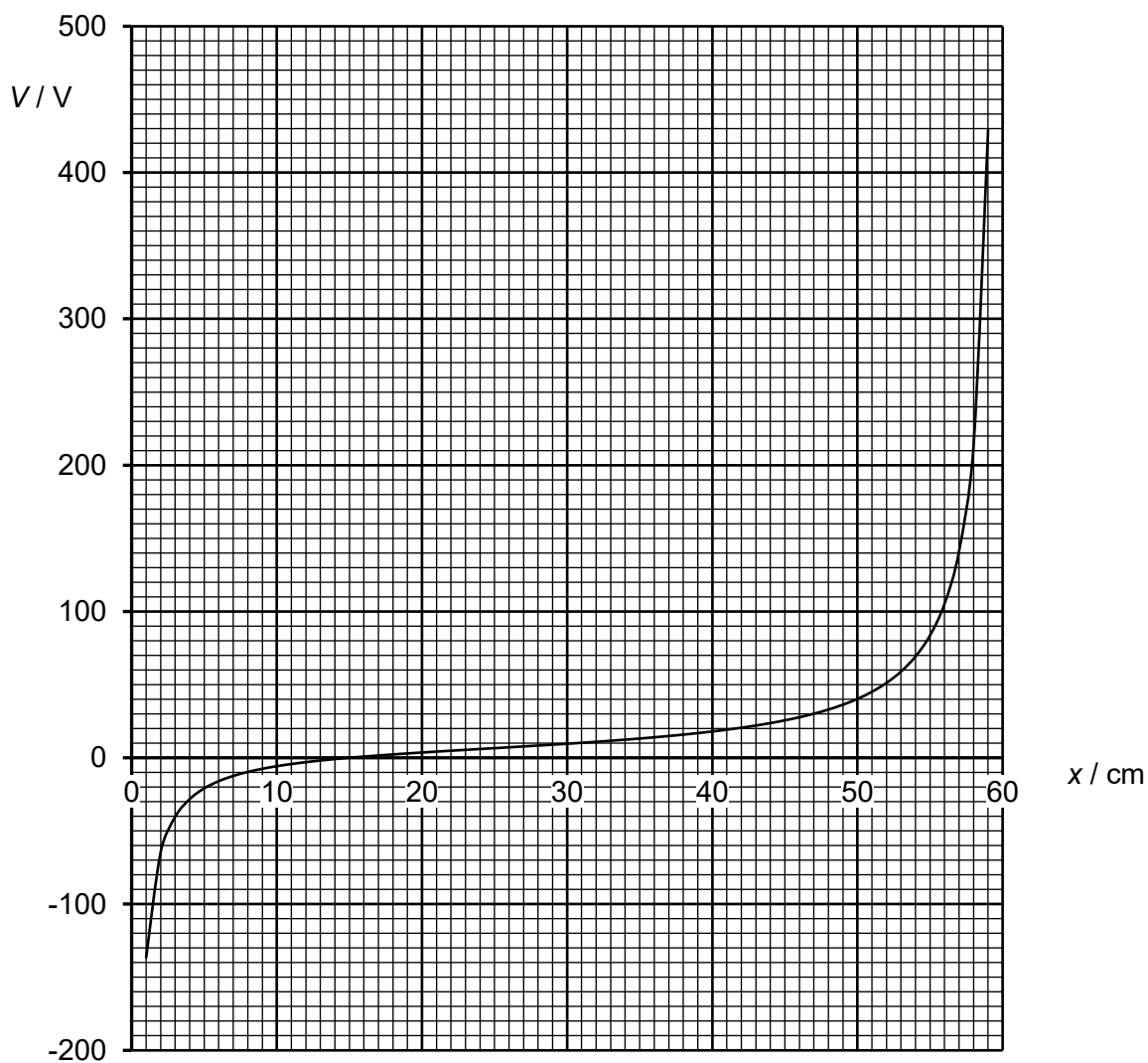


Fig. 4.2

- (a) (i)** Define *electric field strength*.

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..... [2]

- (ii)** State the relation between electric field strength E and potential V .

.....
..... [1]

- (iii)** Hence, explain the direction of the electric field at the point P, where $x = 15.0$ cm.

.....
..... [1]

- (b)** Given that the magnitude of the charge of sphere B is 0.48 nC, determine the charge of sphere A.

charge of sphere A = C [3]

- (c)** An electron moves along the line joining the centres of the two spheres towards sphere B and passes $x = 15.0$ cm with a speed of 4.0×10^6 m s⁻¹. Calculate the speed of the electron when it reaches $x = 57.0$ cm.

speed = m s^{-1} [3]

[Total: 10]