

8 (a) (i) Explain what is meant by *half-life*.

)

.....

.....

.....

....[1]

(ii) Explain what is meant by *decay constant*.

.....

.....

.....

....[2]

(iii) Write down the nuclear notation of a nuclide with particular reference to lithium
) (Li) nucleus containing 3 protons and 4 neutrons.

State the meaning of any number that you write down.

[2]

(b) Naturally occurring radioactivity results in the emission of three types of ionising
) radiation - alpha, beta and gamma.

Distinguish between the three types in terms of their relative charges, masses and speeds.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.. [6]

- (c) In the early years of this century Mdm Curie drew an illustration similar to the Fig. 8.1) below which indicated how the three radiations travelled in air in a uniform magnetic field.

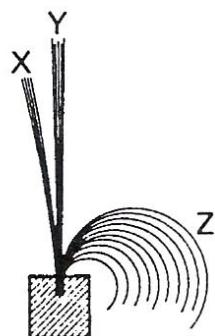


Fig. 8.1

- (i) Identify the radiations X, Y and Z.

X:

Y:

Z:

[3]

- (ii) Explain what is shown by the fact that the lines for X all have approximately the same length.

.....
.....
.....

...[2]

- (iii) Explain what is shown by the fact that the lines for Z have different curvatures?
)

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

...[2]

- (iv) Give two reasons why it is difficult, if not impossible, to take a photograph which
) is like the figure.

1.
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

2.
.....
.....
.....
.....

[2]

[Total: 20]