



### Section A

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

- 1 An object of mass  $0.92\text{g}$  is projected vertically upwards with an initial speed of  $160\text{ms}^{-1}$ . The object reaches a height of  $1100\text{m}$  before returning to the ground.

- (a) (i) Show that air resistance on the object is **not** negligible.

[3]

- (ii) Calculate the energy lost by the object due to air resistance.

$$\text{energy lost} = \dots \text{J} [2]$$

- (b) At the initial speed of  $160\text{ms}^{-1}$ , the force due to air resistance acting on the object is  $3.4 \times 10^{-3}\text{N}$ .

Calculate the initial deceleration of the object.

$$\text{deceleration} = \dots \text{ms}^{-2} [2]$$





- (c) The variation with speed  $v$  of the air resistance force  $F_A$  acting on the object is shown in Fig. 1.1.

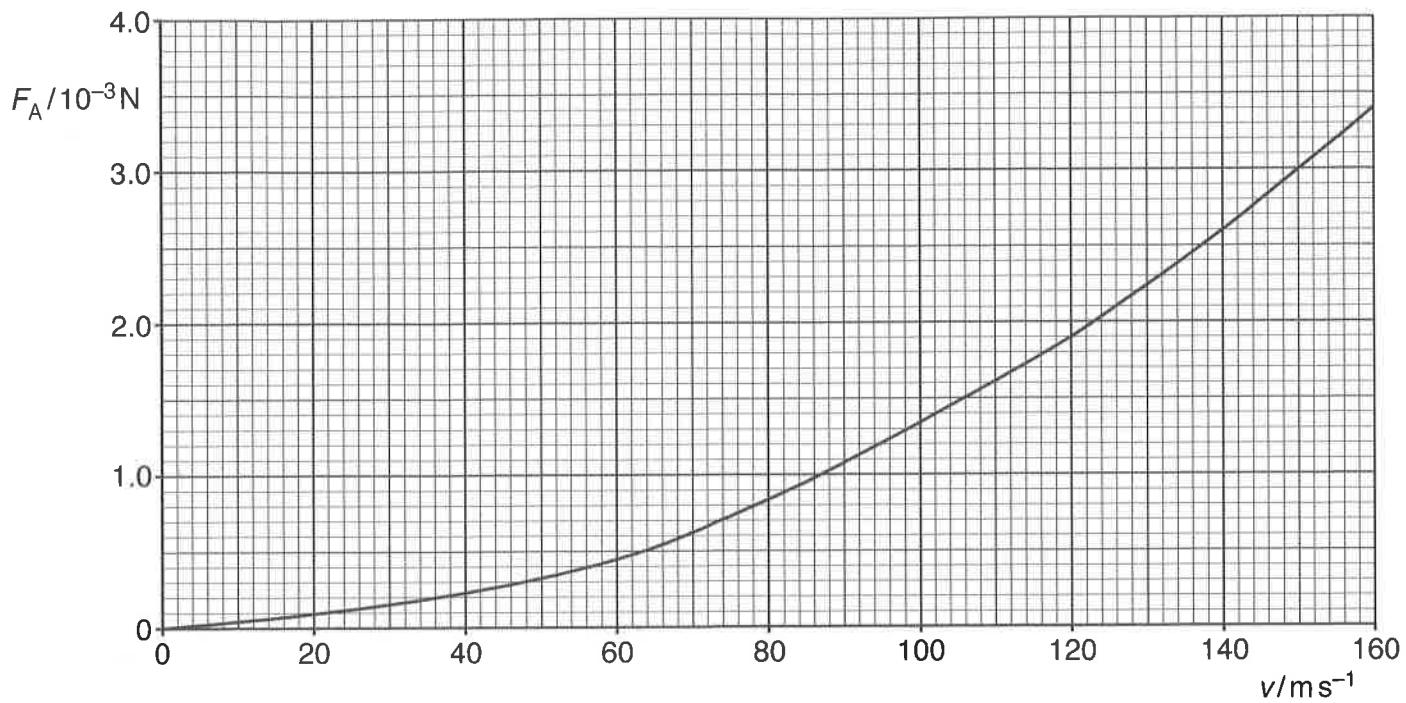


Fig. 1.1

Show that, for speeds greater than  $80 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ , the force  $F_A$  due to air resistance is proportional to the square of the speed  $v$ .

[3]

[Total: 10]

