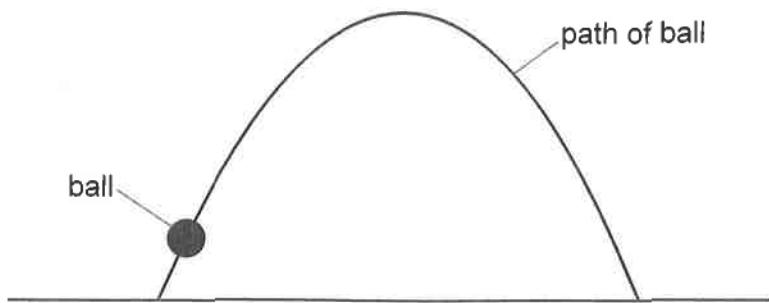


**Section B**

Answer **one** question from this section.

- 6 A ball is thrown from the ground and follows the path shown in Fig. 6.1. The ground is horizontal. The effect of air resistance is negligible.



**Fig. 6.1** (not to scale)

- (a) (i) Describe the variation in the vertical velocity and the vertical acceleration of the ball throughout the path.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

- (ii) Describe the variation in the horizontal velocity and the horizontal acceleration of the ball throughout the path.

.....  
.....  
..... [2]

- (b) (i) The initial velocity of the ball is  $14.0\text{ms}^{-1}$  at an angle of  $30.0^\circ$  to the horizontal.

Calculate the horizontal distance travelled by the ball before hitting the ground.

horizontal distance = ..... m [4]





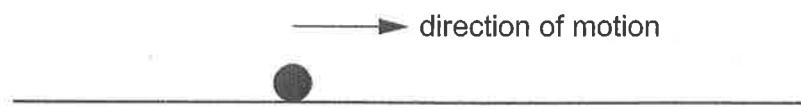
- (ii) The ball is now thrown at the same speed and angle from a cliff edge. The cliff height is 68.0 m.

Calculate the extra horizontal distance travelled by the ball before hitting the ground when thrown from the cliff edge.

$$\text{extra horizontal distance} = \dots \text{m} [5]$$

- (c) When the ball in Fig. 6.1 hits the ground, it continues to travel along the ground for a short distance  $L$  before coming to rest. Assume that the ball is sliding.

- (i) On Fig. 6.2, draw and label all the forces acting on the ball during this time.



[2]

Fig. 6.2

- (ii) Explain, in terms of energy, why the ball comes to rest.

.....  
.....  
.....

[2]

- (iii) The ball is thrown at the same speed but at an angle of  $15^\circ$  to the horizontal.

State and explain how this affects distance  $L$ .

.....  
.....  
.....

[2]

[Total: 20]

[Turn over]

