

- 1 A block is attached to a uniform beam using a light string. The beam is horizontal and in equilibrium on a pivot, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

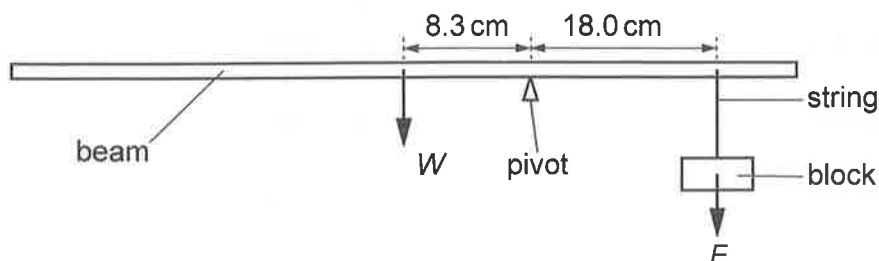


Fig. 1.1 (not to scale)

The weight  $W$  of the beam acts at a distance of 8.3 cm from the pivot.

The weight  $F$  of the block acts at a distance of 18.0 cm from the pivot.

The block is then submerged in water of density  $1.0 \times 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ . The pivot and the block are both moved so that the beam is once more in equilibrium, as shown in Fig. 1.2.

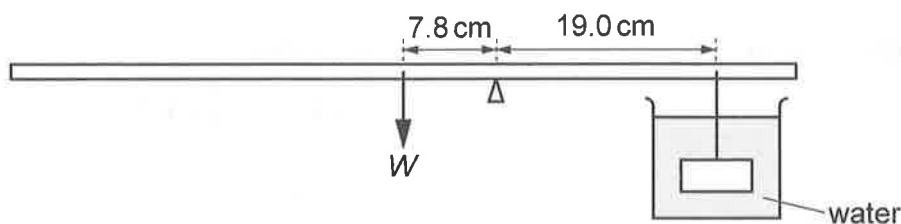


Fig. 1.2 (not to scale)

The weight  $W$  of the beam acts at a distance of 7.8 cm from the pivot.

The string supporting the block is at a distance of 19.0 cm from the pivot.

- (a) Explain the origin of the force of upthrust acting on the block when it is submerged in the water.

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..... [2]





(b) The block has a volume of  $27.8 \text{ cm}^3$ .

(i) Show that the upthrust acting on the block is  $0.27 \text{ N}$ . Explain your working.

[2]

(ii) Determine  $F$ .

$F = \dots\dots\dots \text{ N}$  [3]

[Total: 7]

