

The `super` Keyword in Java

1. Introduction

`super` keyword in Java **parent class er members ke access korte** use hoy.

Eta **inheritance er context** e important, jekhane **child class parent class er variable, method, or constructor access** korte parel

2. Uses of `super` Keyword

1. Access parent class variable
 2. Call parent class method
 3. Invoke parent class constructor
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3. Access Parent Class Variable

```
class Parent {
    int num = 100;
}

class Child extends Parent {
    int num = 200;

    void display() {
        System.out.println("Child num: " + num);
        System.out.println("Parent num: " + super.num);
    }
}

public class TestSuperVariable {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Child c = new Child();
        c.display();
    }
}
```

Output:

Child num: 200
Parent num: 100

4. Call Parent Class Method

```
class Parent {  
    void show() {  
        System.out.println("Parent class method");  
    }  
}  
  
class Child extends Parent {  
    void show() {  
        System.out.println("Child class method");  
    }  
  
    void display() {  
        show();           // Child method  
        super.show();     // Parent method  
    }  
}  
  
public class TestSuperMethod {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Child c = new Child();  
        c.display();  
    }  
}
```

Output:

Child class method
Parent class method

5. Call Parent Class Constructor

```
class Parent {  
    Parent() {  
        System.out.println("Parent constructor called");  
    }  
}
```

```

    }
}

class Child extends Parent {
    Child() {
        super(); // Call parent constructor
        System.out.println("Child constructor called");
    }
}

public class TestSuperConstructor {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Child c = new Child();
    }
}

```

Output:

```

Parent constructor called
Child constructor called

```

6. Summary Table

Use Case	Example	Purpose
Access parent variable	<code>super.num</code>	Resolve variable shadowing
Call parent method	<code>super.show()</code>	Call overridden method
Call parent constructor	<code>super()</code>	Initialize parent object

7. Points to Remember

1. `super` keyword **child class theke parent class access er jonno** use hoyl
2. `super()` must be **first statement in child constructor**!
3. `super` only refers to **immediate parent class**!
4. `super` is **not required for static members** (use class name instead)!