Problem N. Divisible Sum Pairs

OS Linux

Given an array of integers and a positive integer k, determine the number of (i, j) pairs where i < j and ar[i] + ar[j] is divisible by k.

Example

$$ar = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]$$

 $k = 5$

Three pairs meet the criteria: [1, 4], [2, 3], and [4, 6].

Function Description

Complete the *divisibleSumPairs* function in the editor below.

divisibleSumPairs has the following parameter(s):

- *int n*: the length of array ar
- int ar[n]: an array of integers
- *int k*: the integer divisor

Returns

- int: the number of pairs

Input Format

The first line contains **2** space–separated integers, n and k. The second line contains n space-separated integers, each a value of arr[i].

Constraints

- $2 \le n \le 100$
- $1 \le k \le 100$
- $1 \le ar[i] \le 100$

Sample Input

Sample Output

5

Explanation

Here are the **5** valid pairs when k = 3:

•
$$(0,2) o ar[0] + ar[2] = 1 + 2 = 3$$

•
$$(0,5) o ar[0] + ar[5] = 1 + 2 = 3$$

•
$$(1,3) o ar[1] + ar[3] = 3 + 6 = 9$$

•
$$(2,4) o ar[2] + ar[4] = 2 + 1 = 3$$

•
$$(4,5) \rightarrow ar[4] + ar[5] = 1 + 2 = 3$$