

Hyperledger Fabric Architecture and Design

Baohua Yang Nov, 2017

About Me

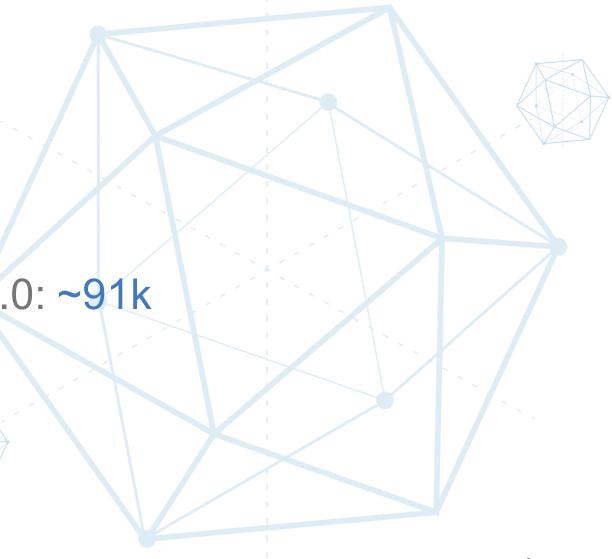
Interested Areas

- -Fintech, Cloud and Analytics
- Technical Leader
 - -Senior Researcher/Architect in IBM, Oracle
- Open-Source Contributor
 - Hyperledger, OpenStack, OpenDaylight, etc.
- Hyperledger Developer
 - -Core designer & committer of Fabric, Cello, sdk etc.
 - Hyperledger Technical Steering Committee (TSC) Member
 - Hyperledger Technical Working Group China Chair



Hyperledger Fabric

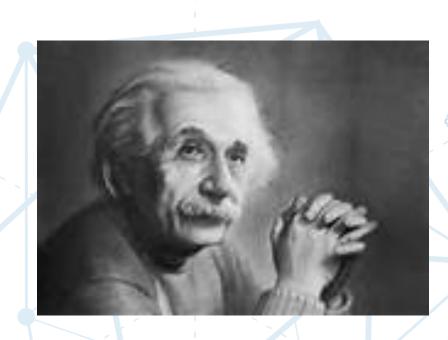
- Open-sourced at Dec, 2015
- Proposed by IBM and DAH
- Written in Golang
- 90+ contributors
- 7000+ commits
- Core code (loc): v0.6: ~49k; v1.0: ~91k
- Active now, in 1.1.0-preview



Existing Blockchain Technologies

- Limited Throughput
- Slow Transaction Confirmation
- Designed for Cryptocurrency
- Poor Governance
- No Privacy
- No Settlement Finality
- Anonymous Processors

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Hyperledger Fabric: Ledger for Enterprise

 Intended as a foundation for developing applications or solutions with a modular architecture, Hyperledger Fabric allows components, such as consensus and membership services, to be plug-and-play

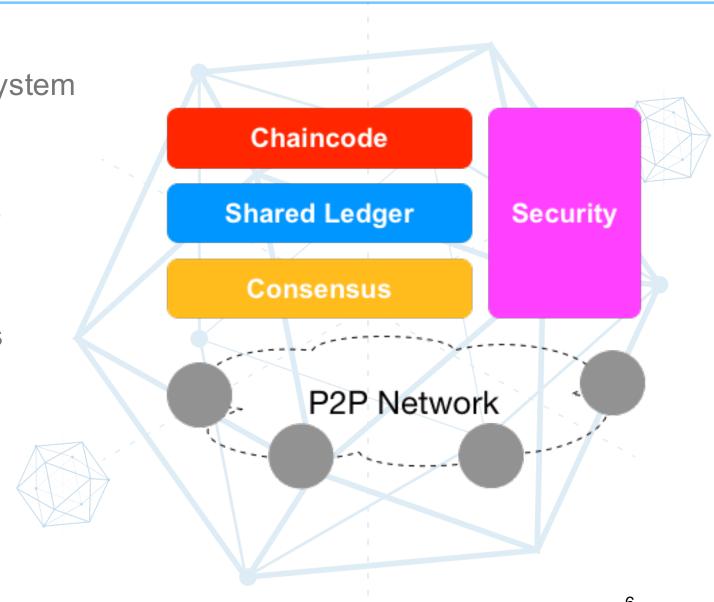


- Privacy, Confidentiality, Auditability, Performance and Scalability
- Permissioned with better trust among members, while enable optimized consensus
- Open protocol/standard with open-source code



Fabric Main Components

- Shared Ledger
 - Append-only distributed record system
 - Blocks + States
- Smart Contract (Chaincode)
 - Business logics with transactions
 - Stateless and deterministic
- Consensus
 - Verified and ordered transactions
- Security
 - Access control
 - Privacy protection
 - Verification
 - -CA

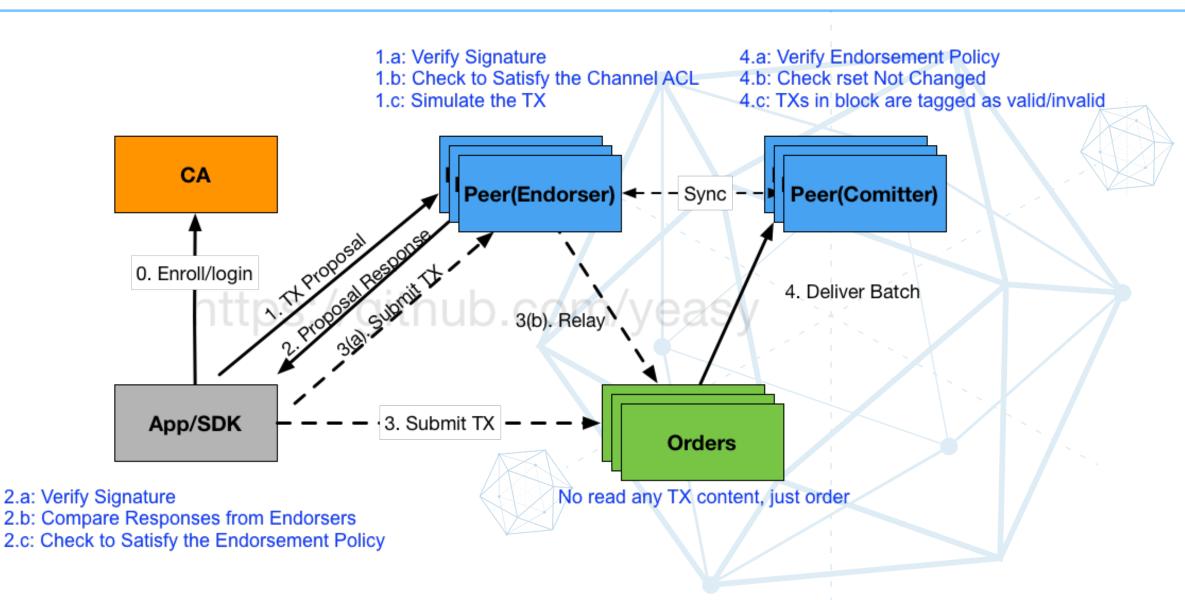


Fabric Basic Functionalities

- Network consists of Peers, Orderers, Cas
 - Peer: transaction processing (endorsement, commitment)
 - Orderer: Order transaction
 - CA: Manage identities and credentails
- Transaction history is stored in blocks
- Latest state is stored in database
- Transaction is consensused with orderering service
- Transaction proposal is endorsed before submitting to the network

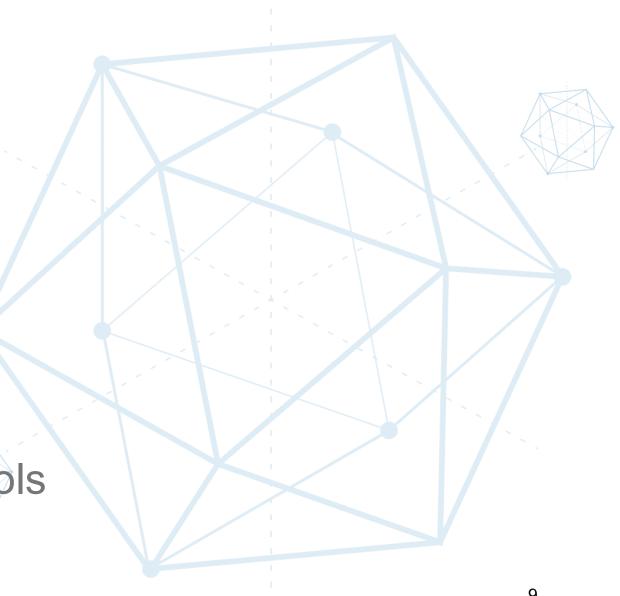


Fabric 1.x Workflow



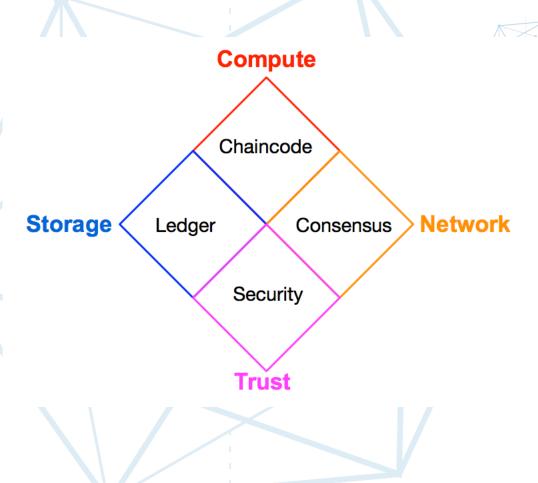
Fabric 1.x New Design

- Node Functionality Decouple
- Multi-Channel/Chain
- Private Ledger
- Consensus
- Permission and Privacy
- System Chaincode
- Pluggable Components
- Configuration Management Tools



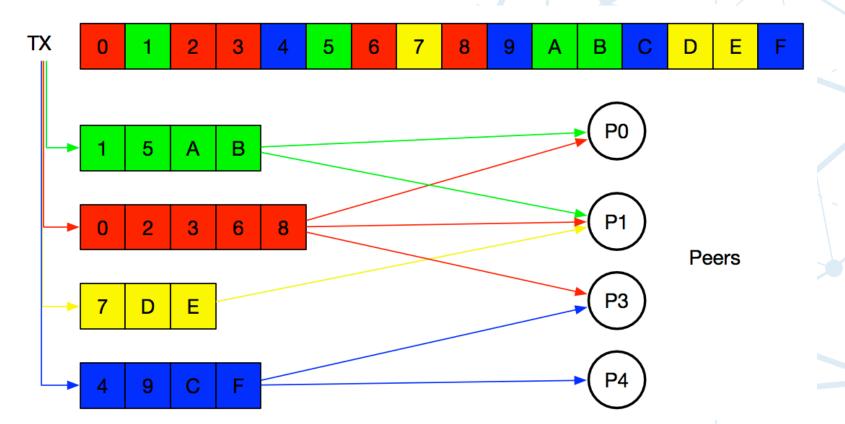
Node Functionality Decouple

- Various Intensive Requirements/Workloads
 - Chaincode: Compute intensive
 - Shared Ledger: Storage intensive
 - -Consensus: Network intensive
 - Security: Trust intensive
- Decouple Full-functional Nodes
 - Endorser: Endorse TX proposal
 - -Committer: Write down block
 - -Orderer: Only order, no TX aware
 - -CA: Certificate management



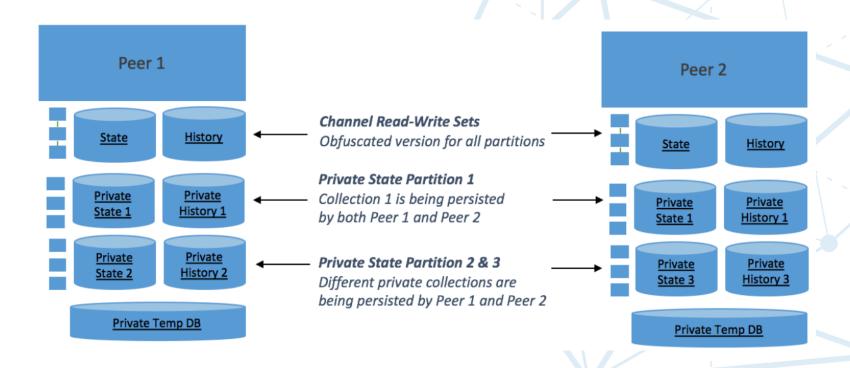
Multi-Channel/Chain

- Isolate the transactions, ledgers between organizations –
 Overlay Network
- Peer can join channels accordingly



Permission and Privacy

- Private Ledger
 - -Full data needn't send to orderer
 - -Peers can have private transaction even in the same channel

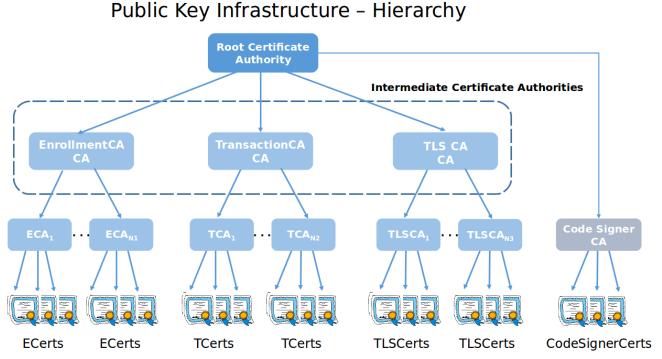


Consensus

- Full-circle verification of the correctness of a set of transactions comprising a block
 - Endorsement policy
 - -MVCC validation on RW sets
 - Ordering
 - -ACL
- Orderer
 - -Solo, Kafka, BFT, and more...
 - -Broadcast(blob), Deliver(seqno, prevhash, blob)

Permission and Privacy

- Permission at Various Levels
 - -Network, channel, transaction
- Privacy for Business
 - Anonymity
 - Un-linkability
 - Auditability and Accountability
- Fabric CA (PKI)
 - Identity Registration Management
 - Enrollment Cert (Ecert) and Transaction Cert (Tcert)



System Chaincode

- Handle system operations, running on peers natively.
 - Configuration System Chaincode (cscc)
 - Endorsement System Chaincode (escc)
 - Validation System Chaincode (vscc)
 - Query System Chaincode (qscc)
 - Lifecycle management System Chaincode (Iscc)
 - -Resource management System Chaincode (rscc)



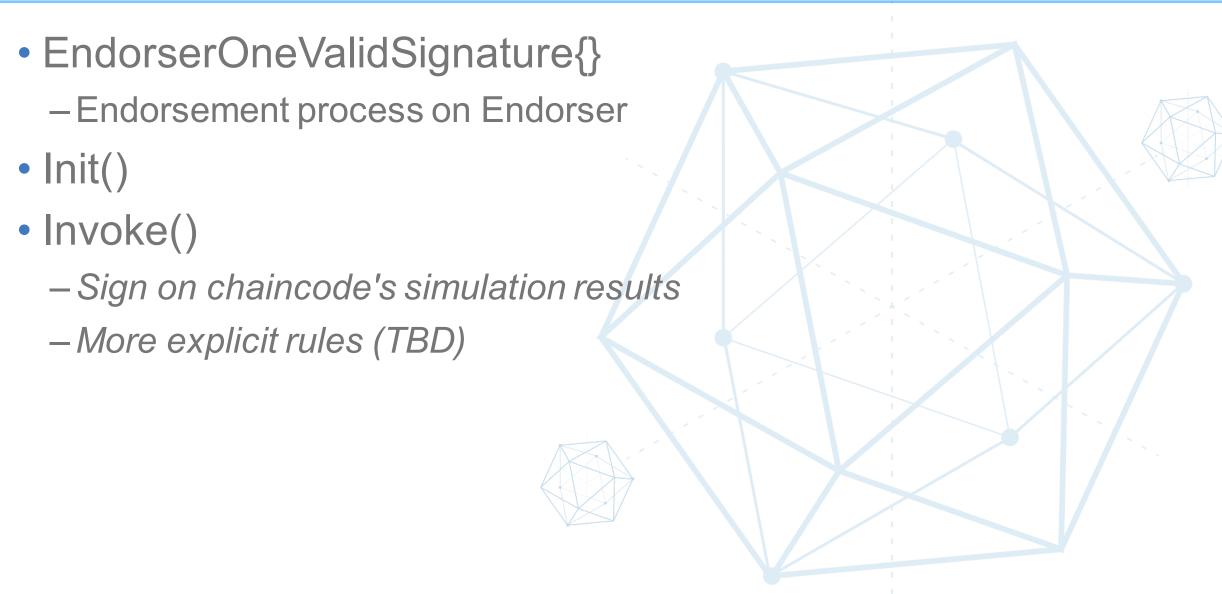


Configuration System ChainCode

- PeerConfiger{}
 - Handle those configuration transactions
- Init()
- Invoke()
 - -JoinChain: peer join into a chain
 - UpdateConfigBlock: update the configuration
 - -GetConfigBlock: get the configuration block data
 - -GetChannels: returns information about all channels for this peer



Endorsement System ChainCode



Validation System ChainCode

- ValidatorOneValidSignature{}
 - Validation process on Committer
- Init()
- Invoke()
 - Validate the specified block of transactions, e.g., rwsets, signatures





Query System ChainCode

- LedgerQuerier{}
 - Ledger query functions
- Init()
- Invoke()
 - GetChainInfo: Get information of a chain
 - -GetBlockByNumber: Get the block data by its number
 - -GetBlockByHash: Get the block data by its hash value
 - -GetTransactionByID: Get the transaction data by its id
 - -GetBlockByTxID: Get the block data by contained transaction id



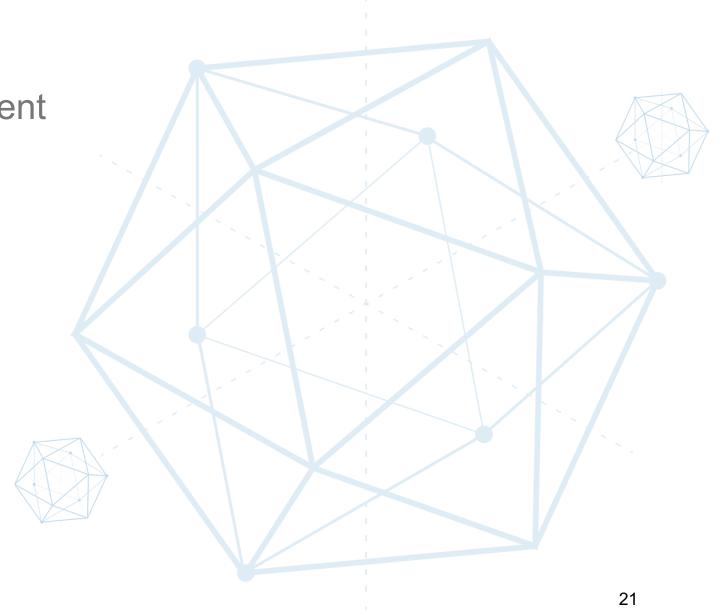
Lifecycle management System ChainCode

- LifeCycleSysCC{}
 - Application chaincode lifecycle management process
- Init()
- Invoke()
 - install: install a chaincode on a peer
 - deploy: deploy a chaincode on a peer
 - upgrade: upgrade a chaincode
 - getid: get chaincode info
 - getdepspec: get ChaincodeDeploymentSpec
 - getccdata: get ChaincodeData
 - getchaincodes: get the instantiated chaincodes on a channel
 - getinstalledchaincodes: get the installed chaincodes on a peer



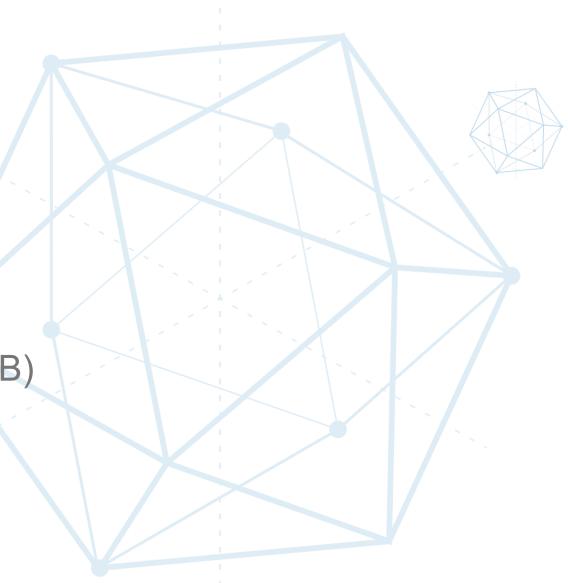
Resource management System ChainCode

- Rscc{}
 - -Resource's policy management
- Init()
- Invoke()
 - -TBD



Pluggable Components

- Modular and Pluggable
 - Membership Services (CA)
 - -SDKs (node, python, java, go)
 - Endorsement/Verification
 - -Consensus service (solo, kafka, bft)
 - Ledger
 - StateDB (levelDB, couchDB, MongoDB)
 - Crypto algorithms (software, HSM)



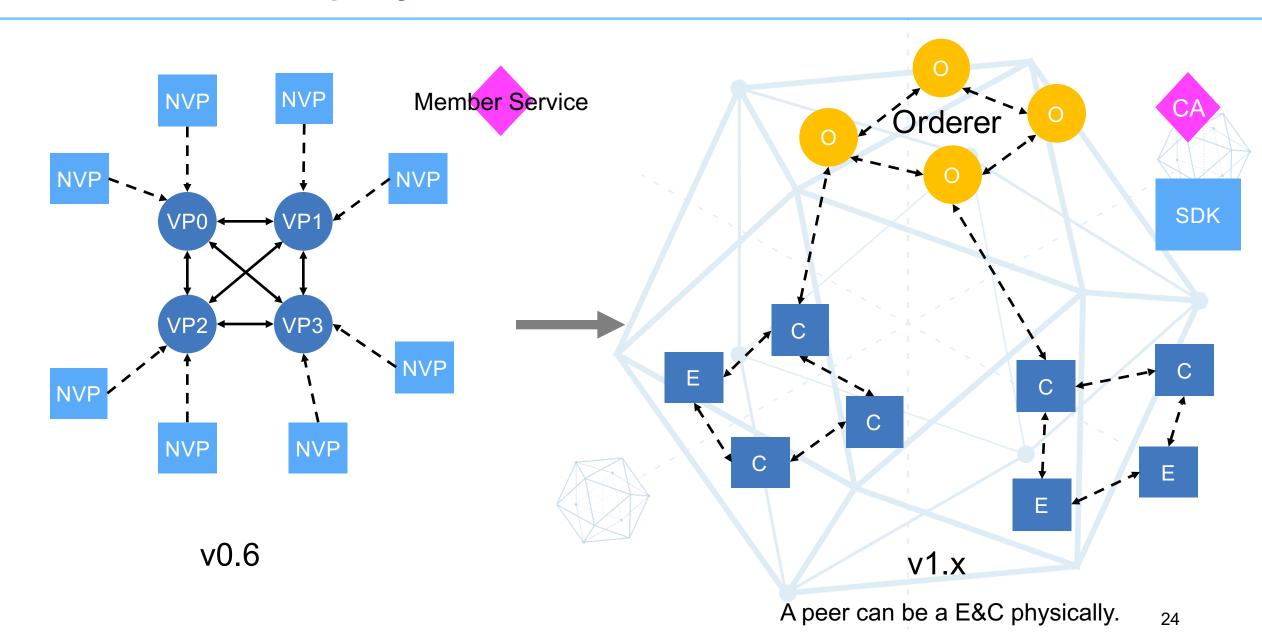
Configuration Management Tools

- Cryptogen
 - Generate certificate files for organizations
- Configtxgen
 - Generate genesis block
 - Generate configuration update transaction
- Configtxlator
 - Convert configuration artifacts between protobuf and Json





Fabric 1.x Deployment Scenarios



Hyperledger Fabric Roadmap

Hack Fest docker images

- · 60 participates tested
- Basic v1 architecture in place
- Add / Remove Peers
- Channels
- Node SDK
- Go Chaincode
- Ordering Solo
- Fabric CA

V1 Alpha *

- Docker images
- Tooling to bootstrap network
- Fabric CA or bring your own
- Java and Node SDKs
- Ordering Services Solo and Kafka
- Endorsement policy
- Level DB and Couch DB
- Block dissemination across peers via Gossip

V1 GA *

- Hardening, usability, serviceability, load, operability and stress test
- Java Chaincode
- Chaincode ACL
- Chaincode packaging & LCI
- Pluggable crypto
- HSM support
- Consumability of configuration
- Next gen bootstrap tool (config update)
- · Config transaction lifecycle
- Eventing security
- · Cross Channel Query
- Peer management APIs
- Documentation

V Next *

- SBFT
- Archive and pruning
- System Chaincode extensions
- · Side DB for private data
- Application crypto library
- Dynamic service discovery
- REST wrapper
- Python SDK
- Identity Mixer (Stretch)
- Tcerts

2016/17 December

March

June

Future

Connect-a-thon

 11 companies in Australia, Hungary, UK, US East Coast, US West Coast, Canada dynamically added peers and traded assets

Connect-a-cloud

 Dynamically connecting OEM hosted cloud environments to trade assets



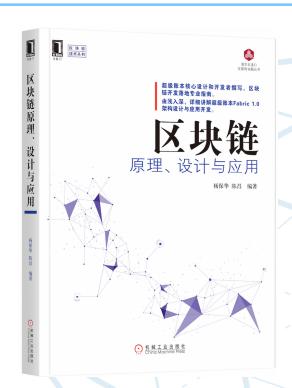
* Dates for Alpha, Beta, and GA are determined by Hyperledger community and are currently proposals.

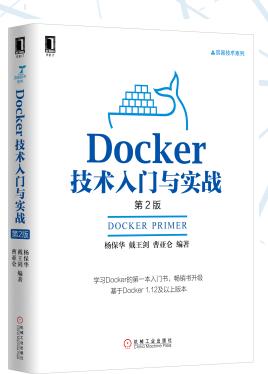
Proposed Alpha detailed content:

https://wiki.hyperledger.org/projects/proposedv1alphacontent 25

Reference

- Hyperledger Project
- Hyperledger Wiki
- •《区块链原理设计与应用》
- •《Docker 技术入门与实战》
- github.com/yeasy/blockchain_guide
- github.com/yeasy/docker_practice









Questions?

Thank You!
@baohua

Slides available at github.com/yeasy/seminar-talk#hyperledger