

# Hyperledger Fabric Architecture and Design

Baohua Yang Dec, 2017

#### **About Me**

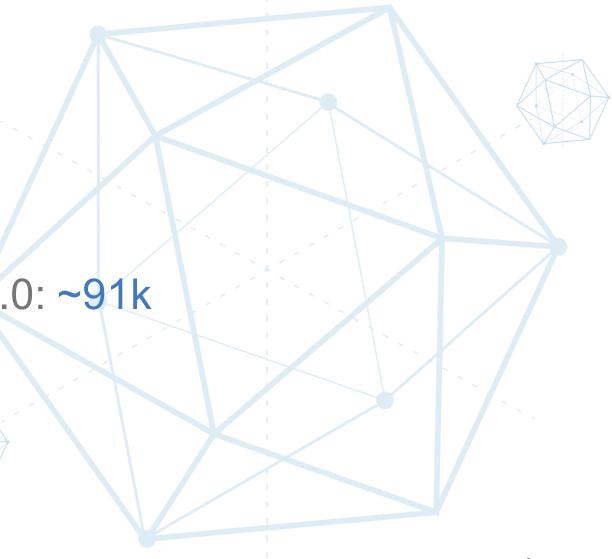
#### Interested Areas

- -Fintech, Cloud and Analytics
- Technical Leader
  - -Senior Researcher/Architect in IBM, Oracle
- Open-Source Contributor
  - Hyperledger, OpenStack, OpenDaylight, etc.
- Hyperledger Developer
  - -Core designer & committer of Fabric, Cello, sdk etc.
  - Hyperledger Technical Steering Committee (TSC) Member
  - Hyperledger Technical Working Group China Chair



# Hyperledger Fabric

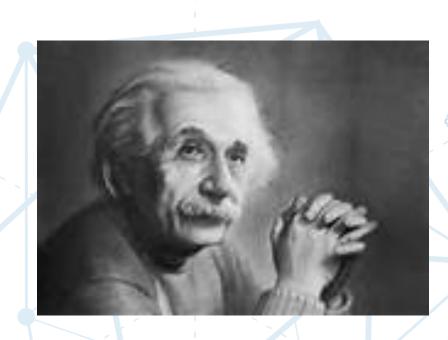
- Open-sourced at Dec, 2015
- Proposed by IBM and DAH
- Written in Golang
- 90+ contributors
- 7000+ commits
- Core code (loc): v0.6: ~49k; v1.0: ~91k
- Active now, in 1.1.0-preview



### Existing Blockchain Technologies

- Limited Throughput
- Slow Transaction Confirmation
- Designed for Cryptocurrency
- Poor Governance
- No Privacy
- No Settlement Finality
- Anonymous Processors

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### Hyperledger Fabric: Ledger for Enterprise

 Intended as a foundation for developing applications or solutions with a modular architecture, Hyperledger Fabric allows components, such as consensus and membership services, to be plug-and-play

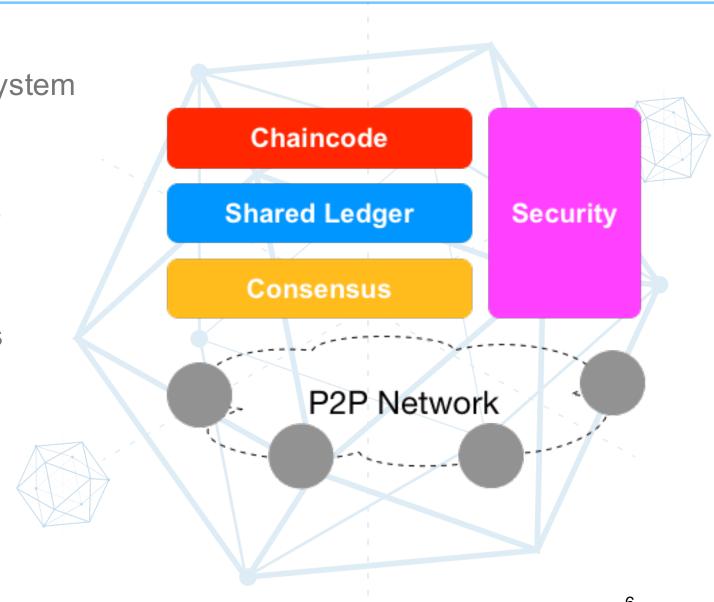


- Privacy, Confidentiality, Auditability, Performance and Scalability
- Permissioned with better trust among members, while enable optimized consensus
- Open protocol/standard with open-source code



### Fabric Main Components

- Shared Ledger
  - Append-only distributed record system
  - Blocks + States
- Smart Contract (Chaincode)
  - Business logics with transactions
  - Stateless and deterministic
- Consensus
  - Verified and ordered transactions
- Security
  - Access control
  - Privacy protection
  - Verification
  - -CA

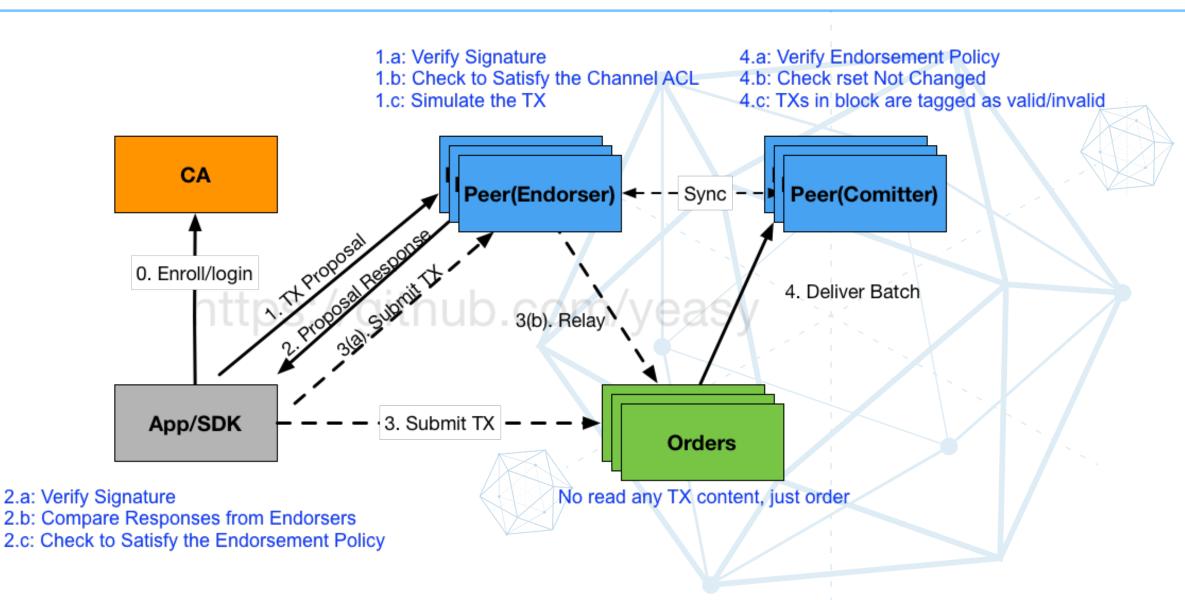


#### Fabric Basic Functionalities

- Network consists of Peers, Orderers, Cas
  - Peer: transaction processing (endorsement, commitment)
  - Orderer: Order transaction
  - CA: Manage identities and credentails
- Transaction history is stored in blocks
- Latest state is stored in database
- Transaction is consensused with orderering service
- Transaction proposal is endorsed before submitting to the network

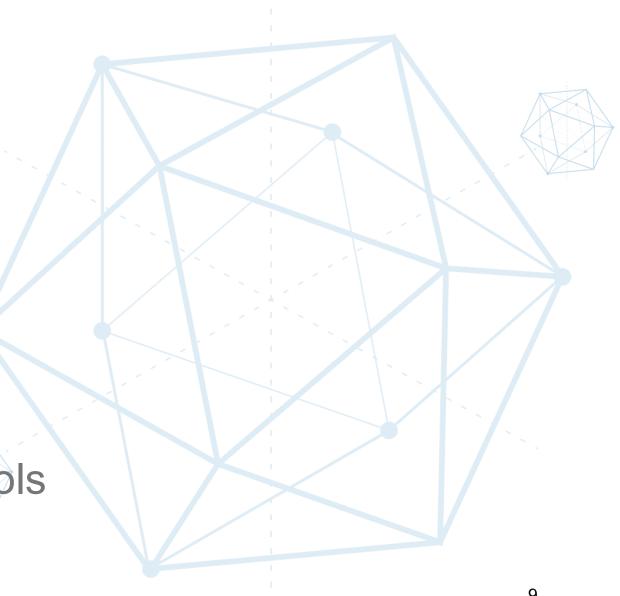


#### Fabric 1.x Workflow



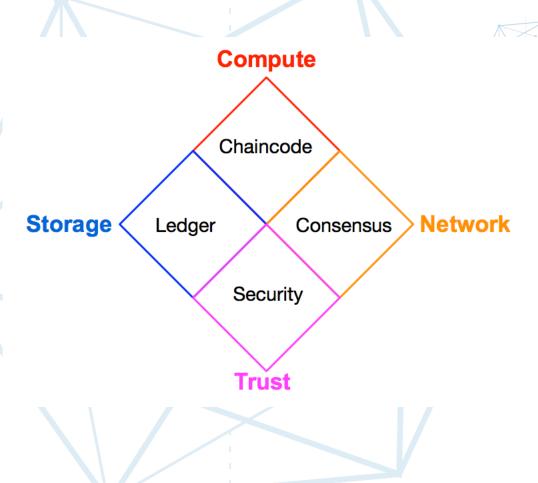
## Fabric 1.x New Design

- Node Functionality Decouple
- Multi-Channel/Chain
- Private Ledger
- Consensus
- Permission and Privacy
- System Chaincode
- Pluggable Components
- Configuration Management Tools



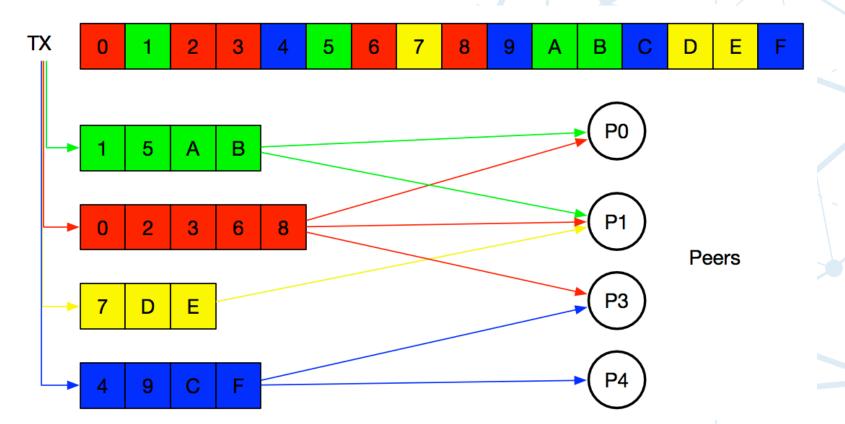
### Node Functionality Decouple

- Various Intensive Requirements/Workloads
  - Chaincode: Compute intensive
  - Shared Ledger: Storage intensive
  - -Consensus: Network intensive
  - Security: Trust intensive
- Decouple Full-functional Nodes
  - Endorser: Endorse TX proposal
  - -Committer: Write down block
  - -Orderer: Only order, no TX aware
  - -CA: Certificate management



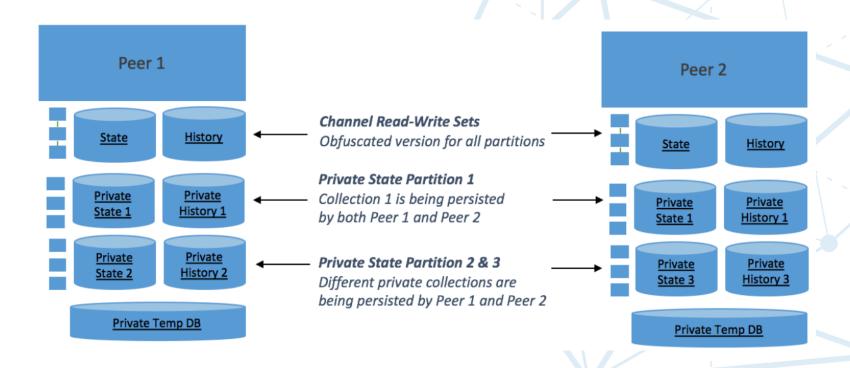
#### Multi-Channel/Chain

- Isolate the transactions, ledgers between organizations –
   Overlay Network
- Peer can join channels accordingly



### Permission and Privacy

- Private Ledger
  - -Full data needn't send to orderer
  - -Peers can have private transaction even in the same channel

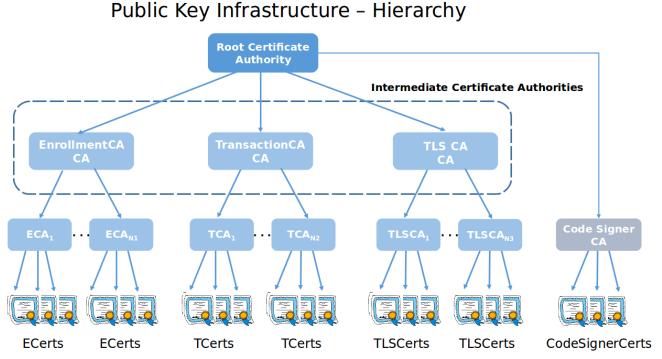


#### Consensus

- Full-circle verification of the correctness of a set of transactions comprising a block
  - Endorsement policy
  - -MVCC validation on RW sets
  - Ordering
  - -ACL
- Orderer
  - -Solo, Kafka, BFT, and more...
  - -Broadcast(blob), Deliver(seqno, prevhash, blob)

### Permission and Privacy

- Permission at Various Levels
  - -Network, channel, transaction
- Privacy for Business
  - Anonymity
  - Un-linkability
  - Auditability and Accountability
- Fabric CA (PKI)
  - Identity Registration Management
  - Enrollment Cert (Ecert) and Transaction Cert (Tcert)



### System Chaincode

- Handle system operations, running on peers natively.
  - Configuration System Chaincode (cscc)
  - Endorsement System Chaincode (escc)
  - Validation System Chaincode (vscc)
  - Query System Chaincode (qscc)
  - Lifecycle management System Chaincode (Iscc)
  - -Resource management System Chaincode (rscc)



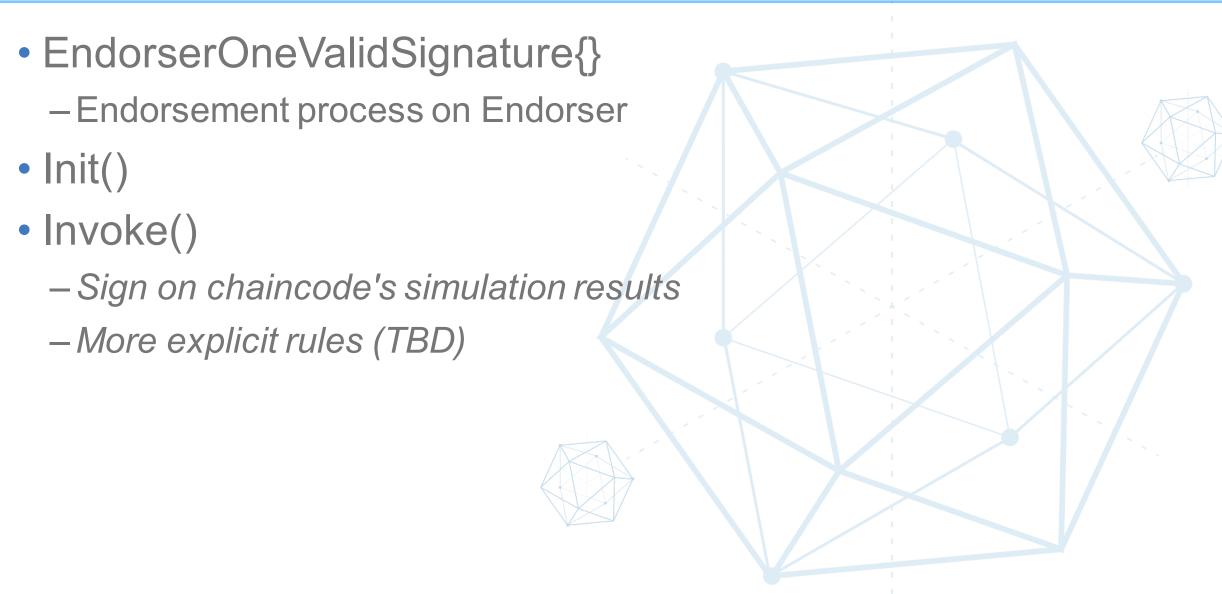


### Configuration System ChainCode

- PeerConfiger{}
  - Handle those configuration transactions
- Init()
- Invoke()
  - -JoinChain: peer join into a chain
  - UpdateConfigBlock: update the configuration
  - -GetConfigBlock: get the configuration block data
  - -GetChannels: returns information about all channels for this peer



### **Endorsement System ChainCode**



#### Validation System ChainCode

- ValidatorOneValidSignature{}
  - Validation process on Committer
- Init()
- Invoke()
  - Validate the specified block of transactions, e.g., rwsets, signatures





# Query System ChainCode

- LedgerQuerier{}
  - Ledger query functions
- Init()
- Invoke()
  - GetChainInfo: Get information of a chain
  - -GetBlockByNumber: Get the block data by its number
  - -GetBlockByHash: Get the block data by its hash value
  - -GetTransactionByID: Get the transaction data by its id
  - -GetBlockByTxID: Get the block data by contained transaction id



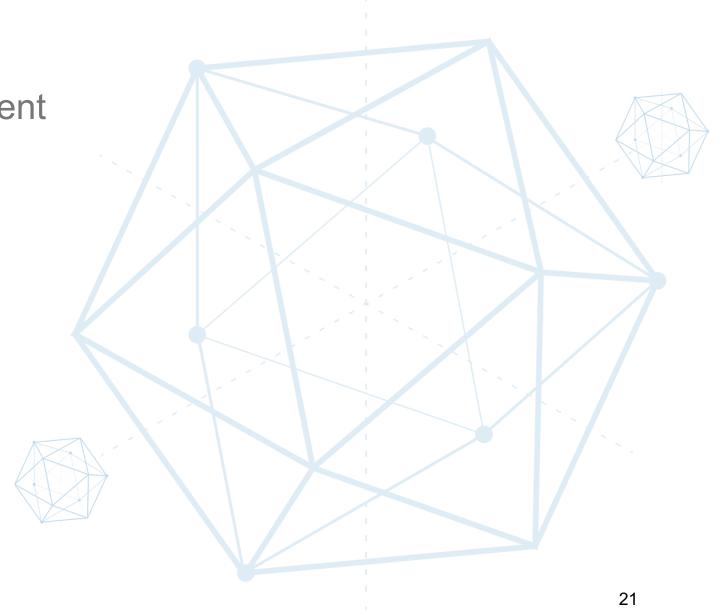
### Lifecycle management System ChainCode

- LifeCycleSysCC{}
  - Application chaincode lifecycle management process
- Init()
- Invoke()
  - install: install a chaincode on a peer
  - deploy: deploy a chaincode on a peer
  - upgrade: upgrade a chaincode
  - getid: get chaincode info
  - getdepspec: get ChaincodeDeploymentSpec
  - getccdata: get ChaincodeData
  - getchaincodes: get the instantiated chaincodes on a channel
  - getinstalledchaincodes: get the installed chaincodes on a peer



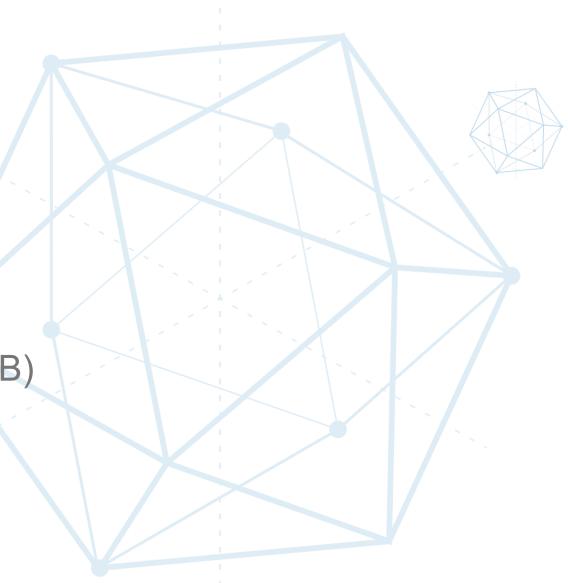
## Resource management System ChainCode

- Rscc{}
  - -Resource's policy management
- Init()
- Invoke()
  - -TBD



### Pluggable Components

- Modular and Pluggable
  - Membership Services (CA)
  - -SDKs (node, python, java, go)
  - Endorsement/Verification
  - -Consensus service (solo, kafka, bft)
  - Ledger
  - StateDB (levelDB, couchDB, MongoDB)
  - Crypto algorithms (software, HSM)



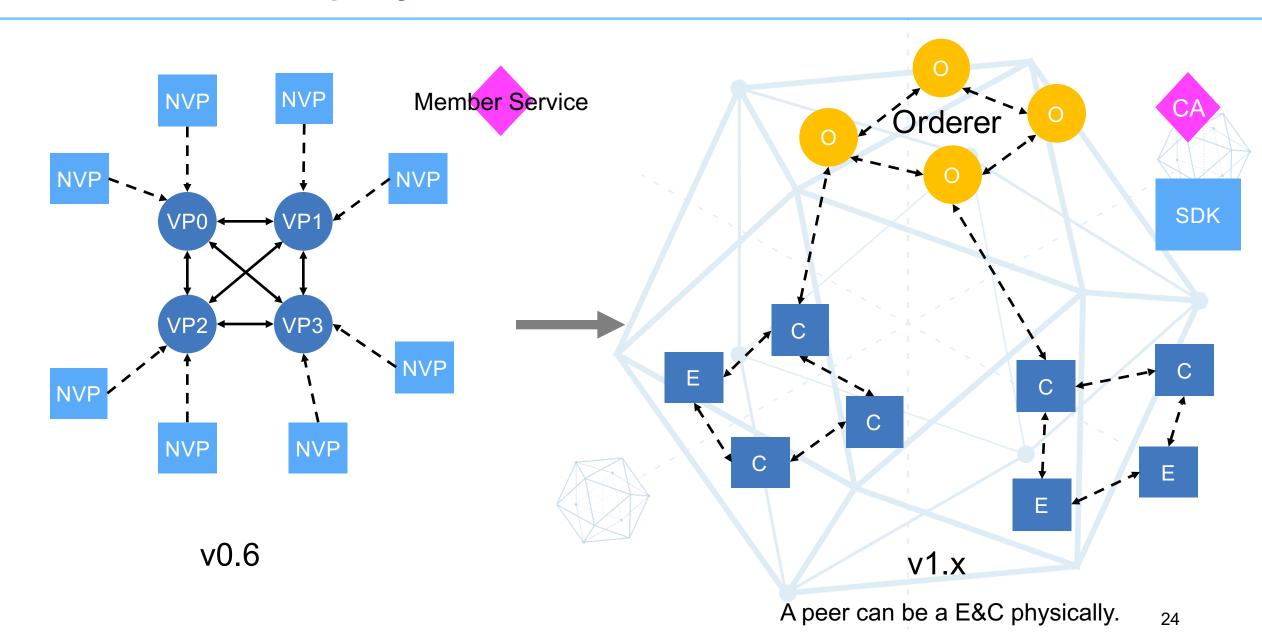
## **Configuration Management Tools**

- Cryptogen
  - Generate certificate files for organizations
- Configtxgen
  - Generate genesis block
  - Generate configuration update transaction
- Configtxlator
  - Convert configuration artifacts between protobuf and Json





# Fabric 1.x Deployment Scenarios



# Hyperledger Fabric Roadmap

# Hack Fest docker images

- · 60 participates tested
- Basic v1 architecture in place
- Add / Remove Peers
- Channels
- Node SDK
- Go Chaincode
- Ordering Solo
- Fabric CA

#### V1 Alpha \*

- Docker images
- Tooling to bootstrap network
- Fabric CA or bring your own
- Java and Node SDKs
- Ordering Services Solo and Kafka
- Endorsement policy
- Level DB and Couch DB
- Block dissemination across peers via Gossip

#### V1 GA \*

- Hardening, usability, serviceability, load, operability and stress test
- Java Chaincode
- Chaincode ACL
- Chaincode packaging & LCI
- Pluggable crypto
- HSM support
- Consumability of configuration
- Next gen bootstrap tool (config update)
- · Config transaction lifecycle
- Eventing security
- · Cross Channel Query
- Peer management APIs
- Documentation

#### V Next \*

- SBFT
- Archive and pruning
- System Chaincode extensions
- · Side DB for private data
- Application crypto library
- Dynamic service discovery
- REST wrapper
- Python SDK
- Identity Mixer (Stretch)
- Tcerts

2016/17 December

March

June

**Future** 

#### Connect-a-thon

 11 companies in Australia, Hungary, UK, US East Coast, US West Coast, Canada dynamically added peers and traded assets

#### Connect-a-cloud

 Dynamically connecting OEM hosted cloud environments to trade assets



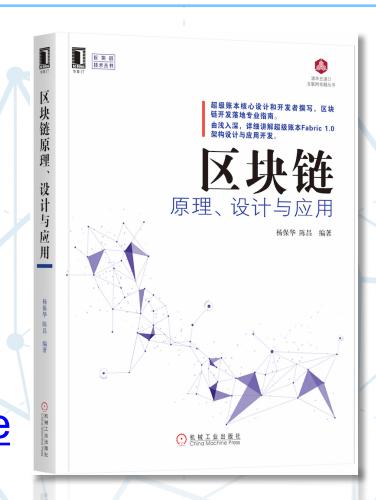
\* Dates for Alpha, Beta, and GA are determined by Hyperledger community and are currently proposals.

#### **Proposed Alpha detailed content:**

https://wiki.hyperledger.org/projects/proposedv1alphacontent 25

#### Reference

- Hyperledger Project
- •《区块链原理设计与应用》
- •《Docker 技术入门与实战》
- 超级账本 Fabric 源码剖析
- github.com/yeasy/blockchain\_guide







# Questions?

Thank You!
@baohua

Slides available at github.com/yeasy/seminar-talk#hyperledger