

# Snakemake for reproducible research

Making Snakemake even more reproducible









- Being reproducible
- Using scripts from other languages
- Using unknown number of inputs/outputs

- Being reproducible conda/mamba, Docker/Apptainer
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  - Conda/mamba: open-source, cross-platform, language-agnostic package manager and environment management system
  - Channels: field-specific repositories of software
    - Conda-forge: general computation
    - <u>Bioconda</u>: bioinformatics

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  - Channels: field-specific repositories of software
    - Conda-forge: general computation
    - <u>Bioconda</u>: bioinformatics
  - Environments defined in YAML files

```
name: python_env
channels:
    - conda-forge
    - bioconda
dependencies:
    - python >= 3.12
    - pandas == 2.2.3
    py.yaml
```

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  - Directive: conda
    - Value: path to the environment file relative to the rule's snakefile

```
rule rename_file:
    input:
        'data/test.txt'
    output:
        'results/renamed_file.txt'
    conda:
        '../envs/py.yaml'
    shell:
        'mv {input} {output}'
```

#### Using conda in Snakemake:

- Snakemake provides integrated package management via Conda to define isolated software environments per rule
- Directive: conda
  - Value: path to the environment file relative to the rule's snakefile
- Execution parameter:
  - v7 and before: --use-conda

v8+: --software-deployment-methodor --sdm (shorthand version)

```
snakemake --cores 1 --use-conda results/renamed_file.txt

oo snakemake --cores 1 --sdm conda
    results/renamed file.txt
```

rule rename file:

input:

output:

conda:

shell:

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    - Handles Docker and Apptainer images
    - Global OR rule-specific

```
container:
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        'mv {imput} {output}'
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    - v7 and before: --use-singularity
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```
container: 'docker://geertvangeest/desc
rule rename file:
    input:
    output:
   container:
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- Using Docker in Snakemake:
  - Snakemake provides a container integration: it can automatically spawn a container created from a given image
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    - Value: URL/path to the image location
    - Handles Docker and Apptainer images
    - Global OR rule-specific
  - Execution parameter
    - v7 and before: --use-singularity
    - V8+: --sdm apptainer
  - Can be combined with conda --sdm conda apptainer
    - Pull the image
    - Create the conda env from within the container
  - Containerisation of Conda-based workflows

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rule rename file:
    input:
    output:
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```

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snakemake -c 1 --use-singularity
    results/renamed_file.txt

snakemake -c 1 --sdm apptainer
    results/renamed_file.txt
```

```
snakemake -c 1 --sdm conda apptainer
results/renamed file.txt
```

```
snakemake -c 1 --containerize > Dockerfile
```

#### Snakemake environments

• Question 10

#### What is the best setting for Snakemake environments?

- Use package and container managers!
- Same as Snakefile and config files: split things reasonably
  - 1 .smk file ≈ 1 'thematic' module ≈ 1 environment
- Always check for version conflicts

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#### Executing external code in Snakemake

```
rule get_header:
    input:
        'data/file.txt'

output:
        'results/file_header.txt'

params:
        lines = 5

run:
        input_file = open (input[0])
        output_file = open (utput[0], 'w')
        for i in range (params.lines):
             output_file.write(input_file.readline())
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- Replaces shell
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  - Inconvenient for long code
  - No conda/container directive!!!

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    script:
        'first_step.py'
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- Execute Python/R/R Markdown/Julia/Rust/bash code from an external script
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- Value = path to the script relative to the rule's snakefile

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- Replaces shell/run
- Access to directive values and variables, like in shell
- Value = path to the script relative to the rule's snakefile
- Advantages:
  - Great for long code
  - Can use conda/container directive!!!

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```
rule get header:
    input:
    output:
    params:
    script:
                                             first step.py
# Retrieve information from Snakemake
input file = open(snakemake.input[0])
output file = open (snakemake.output[0], 'w')
n lines = snakemake.params.lines
# Process file
for i in range(n lines):
    output file.write(input file.readline())
```

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```
rule get header:
    input:
    output:
    params:
    script:
                                                first step.R
library(readr)
# Retrieve information from Snakemake
input path <- snakemake@input[[1]]</pre>
output path <- snakemake@output[[1]]</pre>
n lines <- snakemake@params$lines[1]</pre>
# Process file
data <- read delim(input path, '\t',</pre>
```

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  - Define the function above the rule
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    - No parentheses, no argument

```
def seq input(wildcards):
    type = wildcards.type
    if type == 'SE':
        return 'data/file1.fq'
    else:
        return ['data/file1.fg', 'data/file2.fg']
rule merge files:
    input:
        seq input
    output:
    shell:
```

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- Input functions = Python functions

  Single argument: 'wildcards'
  Return a file or list of files

  - Can also return a dictionary with input names as keys
    - Use input: unpack(<function name>) to obtain named inputs

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- Functions are evaluated before workflow execution ⇒ can't list output files
  - No output functions!

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rule merge files:
    input:
        seq input
    output:
    shell:
       snakemake --cores 1 results/not SE.txt
                  {type} = "NotSE"
    input:
```

- aka 'Data-dependent conditional execution' aka checkpoint (instead of rule)
- When:
  - An unknown number of files is generated by a rule
  - Output files are unknown before execution
- Conditional reevaluation of the DAG of jobs based on the outputs content
  - Since DAG is re-evaluated midway □ you can't see the whole workflow at the start
- Very complicated!

#### **Exercises**

- Through the day:
  - Develop a simple RNAseq analysis workflow, from reads (fastq files) to Differentially Expressed Genes
     (DEG)
- For this session:
  - Use an input function
  - Use R and Python scripts
  - Run a rule inside a conda environment
  - Run a rule inside a Docker/Singularity container