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The Johns matrix of & wowle plate is
The Johns matrix of $\stackrel{>}{\downarrow}$ wowle plate is $A \stackrel{>}{\downarrow} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & i \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & i \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
Of which we chose in rizontal as forst axis.
If we potente At by angle - D and At by angle - a
we con get:
1 - S/+8/A> C/+8/
Const Singer March
$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos 520 & -\sin 2\theta \\ -\sin 2\theta & -\sin 2\theta \end{bmatrix}$
-sinzo (+coszo)
A2 = S(x) A= 5 (x)
In corredules above or a we can got the easts trove raise
$= [\cos^2 \alpha + i \sin^2 \alpha (i-1) \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{2}]$
$= \left(\frac{\cos^2 \alpha + i \sin^2 \alpha}{1 - i \cos^2 \alpha}\right)$ $= \left(\frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{2}\right)$ $= \left($
If we plan the A? hefore
the to the said the s
If the light travel through Affirst the Af.
Suppose the Triput brain is
$E_{i} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

D	a	t	0

Therefore we can get the translandssion light ons.

$$=A_{2}\left[\begin{array}{c} \cos 2\theta & -\sin 2\theta \\ -\sin 2\theta & -\cos 2\theta \end{array}\right]\left[\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 0 \end{array}\right]$$

$$= \left(\frac{\cos^2 x + i \sin^2 x}{(i-1) \sin^2 x} + \frac{\cos^2 x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin^2 x}\right) \left(\frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin^2 x}\right)$$

$$= \left[\begin{array}{c} \cos\alpha\cos(2\theta - \alpha) + i\sin\alpha\sin(\alpha 2\theta) \\ -\sin\alpha\cos(2\theta - \alpha) + i\cos\alpha\sin(\alpha - 2\theta) \end{array}\right]$$

By corefully choose & 18 we can get the outs trousinssion beam as.

beam as.

1)
$$\sin(\alpha-2\theta)^2 = > \alpha-2\theta = n\pi (n \in \mathbb{Z})$$

$$E t = \begin{bmatrix} cos \alpha \\ -sin \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

Therefore Et can represent any linear politheation.

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T)		
Therefore Et can represent any the	, sold Aya	ob litt met if
	1 Junah	a cost to
2. problem 41 in text book.		
	-	The Land
The Johns of a beam splitter	has to	ro pourts,
the reflection parts and transim	33171 7011	
Assume that therefis no loss in- AT= (100), AR=	THE DRAM	Spul tier.
	herefore	And the
SIA) = [cosp sino], SI	0)-1= 0	oso -sini
$\frac{S(A) = \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos \theta - \frac{1}{2} \sin \theta\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2} \cos \theta\right)} = \frac{1}{2} \cos \theta$	Si	in a cost
Therefore, after rotation (003	ς²θ -	51n00010
AT = S(0) ATS(0) =	1n0030	(۵,۵,۶
, sin²	θ	Sind cool)
AR = S(8) AR 5 (8) =	100	COLI

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Problem 4.2

From the description we know that the Jones modifix of this element is

$$=\frac{1}{2}\begin{bmatrix}1\\1\end{bmatrix}\begin{bmatrix}1\\0\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{-1}{2} \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 & i \\ 1 & i \end{array} \right)$$

Of which we choose vertical as fast axis.

If the input beam is a left circular beam for example.

Ei= 1 []

Therefore the incident light will be rejected.

If it is a left crawar blam

$$E + = AE_1 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{2}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{1} \right)$$

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Whichia	dicate that it will be	come a linear polriz
Light. I	f he rotate the device	by - 0. Then we can go
	sustruments with traduction	
	5 (0) A 5710)	
(2)	cosotsinocosoti/sin2otsinoc	130) -Sindoso-Sin'0+
	a fight insurcement XIA+1	1 sino cost + costo)
2		= (intraducto)
अंश अर अर	- sin 0 cost - isin20 + cos20 tisin	ocao sin'otisinemo-
		clomania + lanza
Therefore v	re Al acts on different circo	
Therefore v	chance of and of.	plan wow. We can ge
that.	-1 () - (cos 20 + sinum) (- sinu cos 0 - 1	sinizo rous le tisinous o t
that.	chance of and of.	sinizo rous le tisinous o t
that. AIT	cos otsinums of the cost of th	elar wow. We can ger oti(sing) Tsinowso) -i singo rous letisinowso t
that. AIT	$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline & & \\ \hline & & & \\ \hline & & \\ $	otisino) otisino)
that. AIT	$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline & & \\ \hline & & & \\ \hline & & \\ $	elar wow. We can ger 0+1(sing Tsinows)-i sing rous bitisinows t

Problem 4.

The zero-order moveplate can be made by align the fast axis of the first plate to the slow axis of the second waveplate. Suppose that the refraction index of these two Waveflate are Ne, n., ne, n. . For a k > (k= = or 4 ...) waveplate, there should be.

> 5 dil ne-no) = Im+PIX | dz(ne-no) = (n+k))

If we want to make a zero-orde pta waveplate. Therefore we ran get that.

d, (ne-no) - dz (ni-ni) = in-m + ki-kz) = kx

That is the rule how we chose di and di.

If ne = ne, no = n' , we can simplify it as-(d1-d2)[nc-no)= R) (k= 1,4)

Suppose that ne and no to a functions of temperature. and wavelenght. Let &x = opp(x) (optical path difference) 3 T - | d1 - d2 | 3 T - 3 T)

Compare with that of muli-orde woneplat

a opposition = del ano -dni)

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Therefore. 20POIN_20POIN_3T	
Henre II has small	,
Due that soll-dz < di	
d1-dz < dz	
Therefore zero-orde wave plate has smaller That's thesame for wavelength.	defendence on temperatur
That's the same for wavelength.	
J , J	
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