

Spotify End-To-End Data Pipeline Project

Business Use Case

A music enthusiast wants to create a **database of top global songs**, which will be automatically updated on a **daily or weekly** schedule by extracting data from the **Spotify API**. The aim is to track popular songs, artists, and playlists over time. To achieve this, a data pipeline is built to automate the process of **extracting**, **transforming**, and **visualizing** the music data using AWS services and Python code.

Introduction

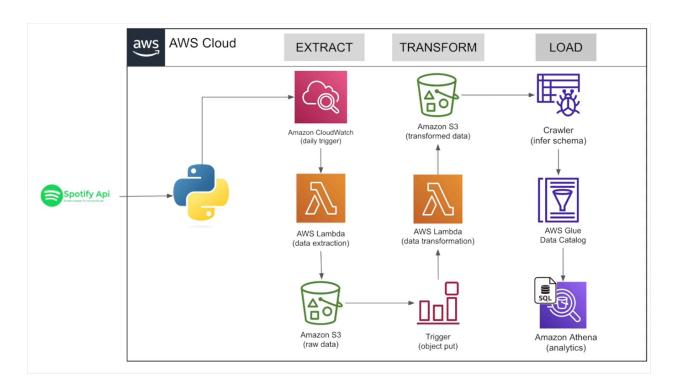
The **Spotify End-to-End Data Pipeline** project demonstrates the complete process of extracting, transforming, and loading (ETL) Spotify music data. The primary goal of this project is to create an automated pipeline that weekly collects music data, processes it, and stores it in a database for further analysis.

Rey AWS Services & Technologies:

- Amazon CloudWatch: Triggers the pipeline on a scheduled basis (daily or weekly).
- AWS Lambda: Runs Python code for data extraction and transformation.
- Amazon S3: Stores both raw and transformed data.
- AWS Glue Crawler: Automatically infers schema and catalogs the data for querying.

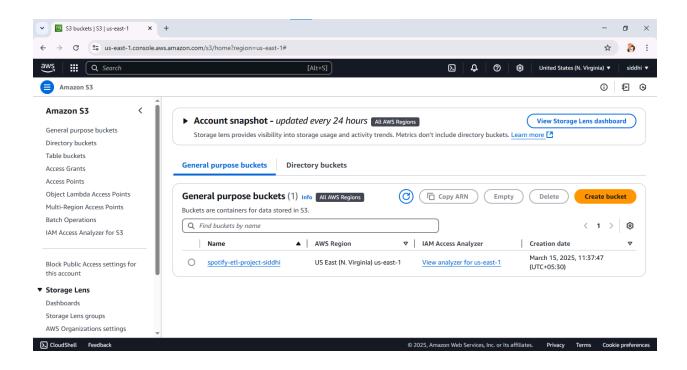
- Amazon Athena: Executes interactive SQL queries directly on data in Amazon S3.
- Spotify API: Source of music data (playlists, tracks, artists).

ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM:

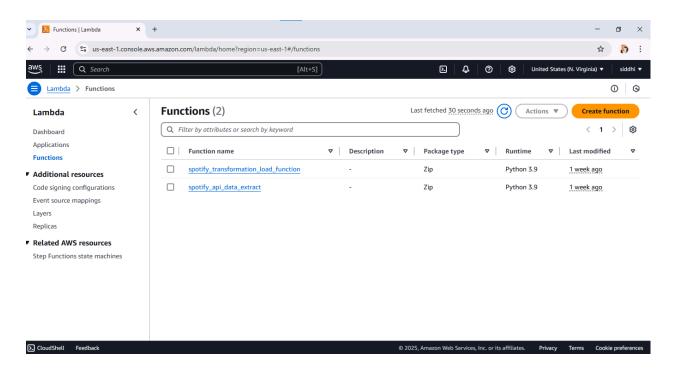


XDEMONSTRATION OF THE PROJECT AND STEPSTO BUILD ETL PIPELINE:

1. Navigate to the **S3 service** in the AWS Console and create a bucket. I created a bucket named **spotify-etl-project-siddhi**.

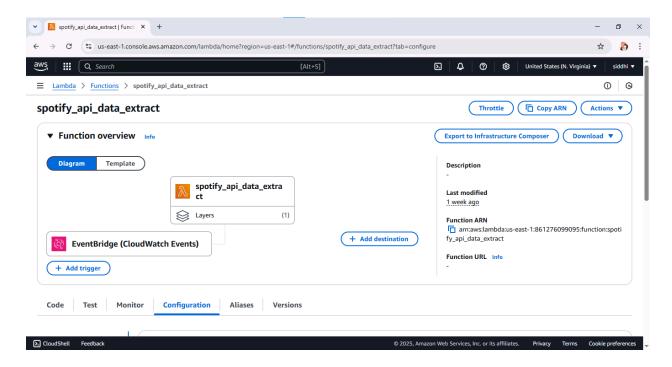


2. Then, I created two Lambda functions named spotify_api_data_extract and spotify_transformation_load_function.

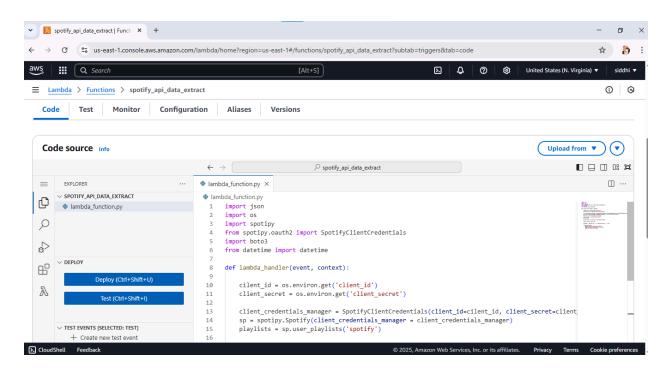


3. I applied a

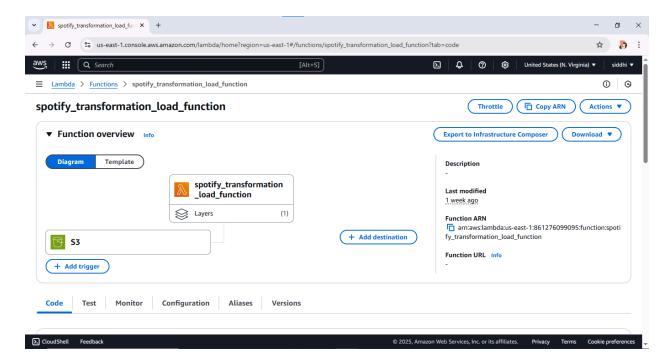
CloudWatch alarm to the spotify_api_data_extract function to trigger it weekly and collect updated data.



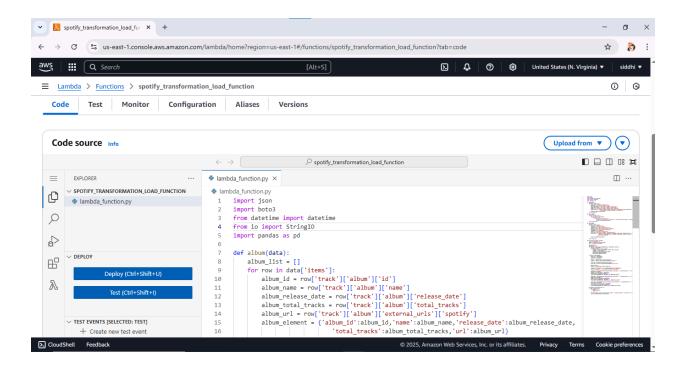
Here is the function code:



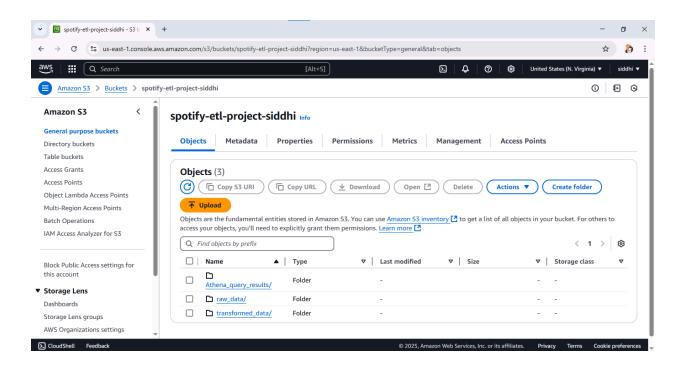
4. I added an S3 trigger to the spotify_transformation_load_function, so it automatically triggers whenever the spotify_api_data_extract function runs.

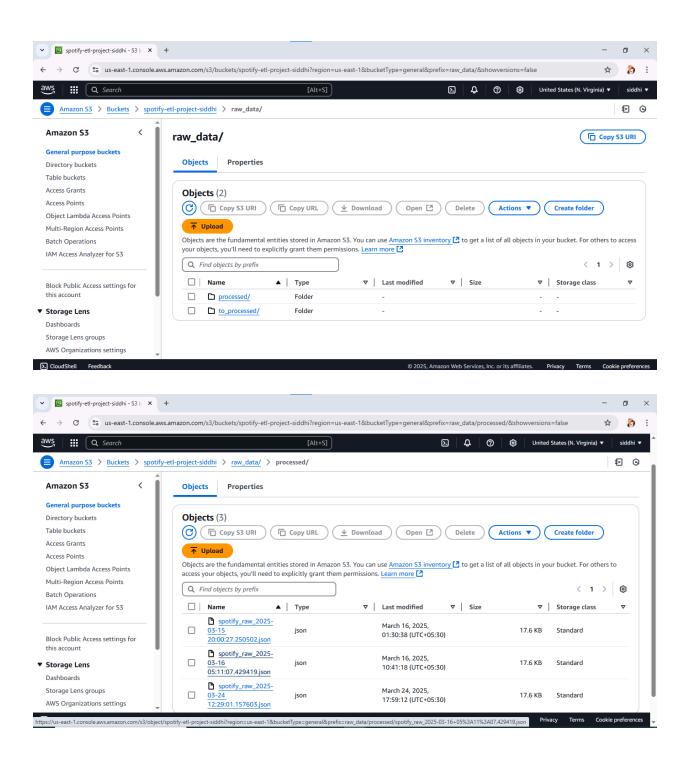


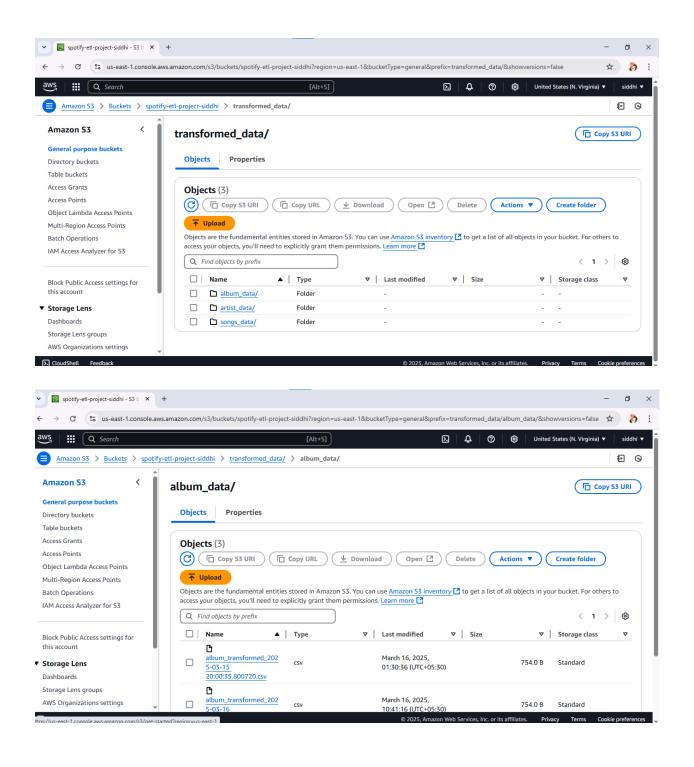
Here is the code:

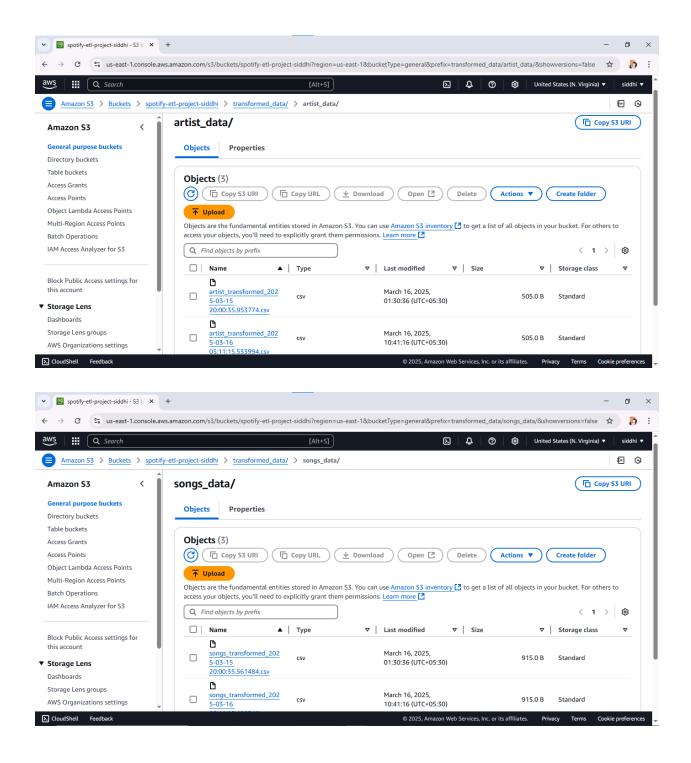


- 5. I created three folders in my bucket:
- 1. raw_data → Contains two subfolders:
 - to_processed: Stores data fetched from the API.
 - processed: Holds the processed data in JSON format.
- 2. The data in the **processed** folder is transformed by the **Lambda function** and stored separately in the **transformed_data** folder as:
 - album_data.csv
 - artist_data.csv
 - songs_data.csv
- 3. athena_query_results → Stores the Athena query results.



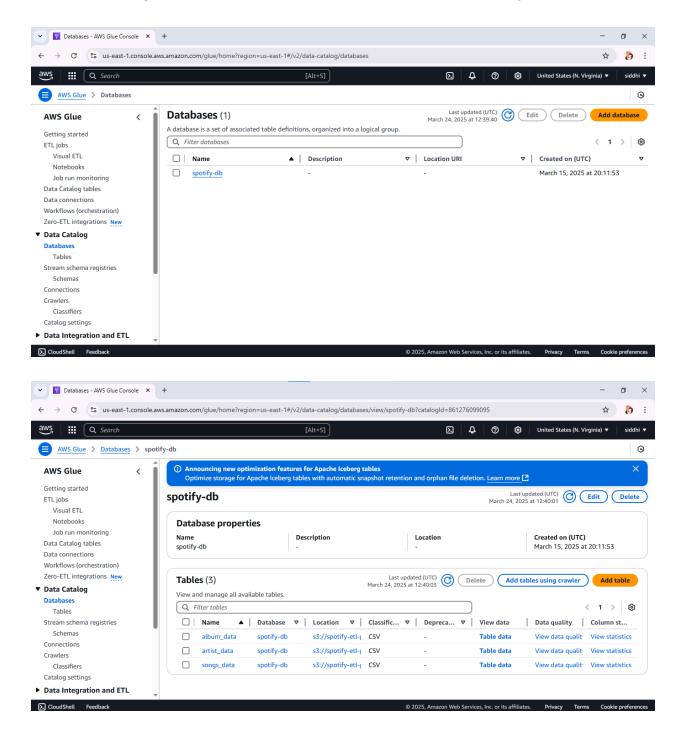


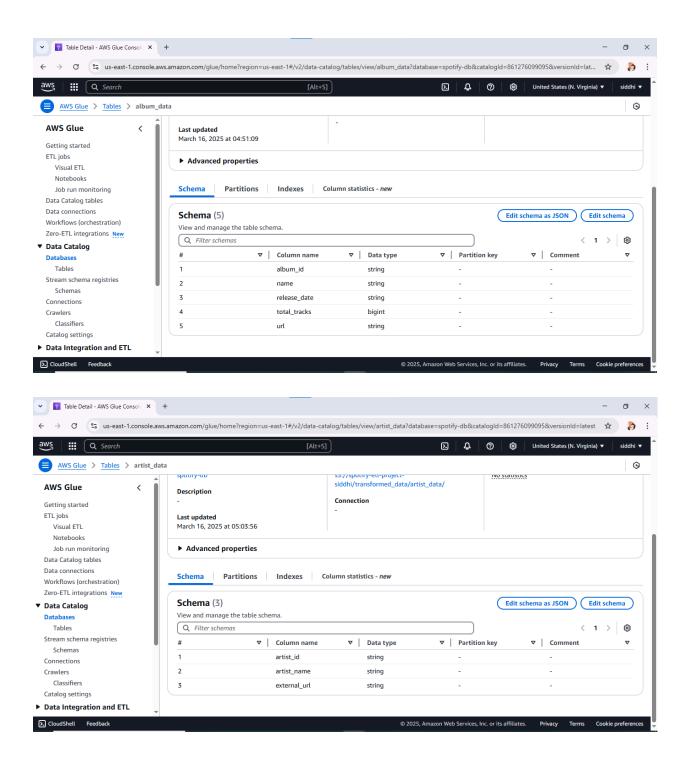


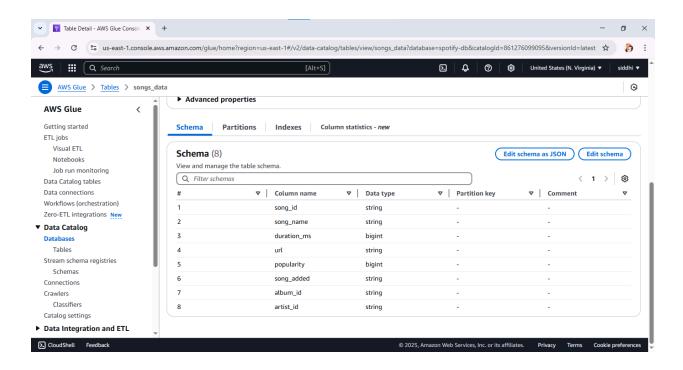


- 6. I created an AWS Glue database named spotify-db, which helps in:
- Cataloging and organizing data stored in S3.
- Defining table schemas for the transformed data.

- Querying the data with Athena by creating metadata tables.
- Automating ETL workflows for data transformation and analysis.

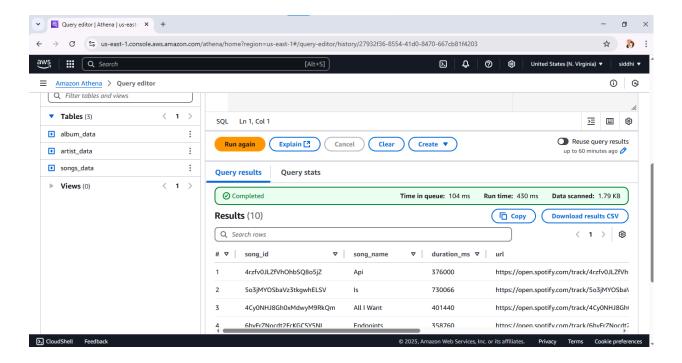






I am using

Amazon Athena, connected to AWS Glue, to run queries on the spotify-db database for data analysis and retrieval.



Conclusion

The **Spotify ETL project** successfully automates the extraction, transformation, and loading of Spotify data using **AWS services**. The data is stored in **S3**, processed with **Lambda functions**, cataloged with **Glue**, and queried using **Athena**. This pipeline ensures efficient data processing and enables seamless analysis for gaining insights from Spotify's music data.