

Homework 2: Operational Semantics for WHILE

CS 252: Advanced Programming Languages
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1 Introduction

For this assignment, you will implement the semantics for a small imperative language, named WHILE.

The language for WHILE is given in Figure 1. Unlike the Bool* language we discussed previously, WHILE supports *mutable references*. The state of these references is maintained in a *store*, a mapping of references to values. (“Store” can be thought of as a synonym for heap.) Once we have mutable references, other language constructs become more useful, such as sequencing operations ($e_1; e_2$).

2 Small-step semantics

The small-step semantics for WHILE are given in Figure 3. For the sake of brevity, these rules use *evaluation contexts* (C), which specify which *redex* will be evaluated next. The evaluation rules then apply to the “hole” (\bullet) in this context.

Most of these rules are fairly straightforward, but there are a couple of points to note with the [SS-WHILE] rule. First of all, this is the only rule that makes a more complex expression when it has finished. (This rule is much cleaner when specified with the big-step operational semantics.)

Secondly, note the final value of this expression once the while loop completes. It will *always* be **false** when it completes. We could have created a special value, such as **null**, or we could have made the while loop a statement that returns no value. Both choices, however, would complicate our language needlessly.

3 YOUR ASSIGNMENT

Part 1: Rewrite the operational semantic rules for WHILE in L^AT_EX to use big-step operational semantics instead. Submit both your L^AT_EX source and the generated PDF file.

Extend your semantics with features to handle boolean values. **Do not treat these as binary operators.** Specifically, add support for:

- **and**
- **or**
- **not**

The exact behavior of these new features is up to you, but should seem reasonable to most programmers.

Part 2: Once you have your semantics defined, download `WhileInterp.hs` and implement the `evaluate` function, as well as any additional functions you need. Your implementation must be consistent with your operational semantics, *including your extensions for **and**, **or**, and **not***. Also, you may not change any type signatures provided in the file.

Finally, implement the interpreter to match your semantics.

Zip all files together into `hw2.zip` and submit to Canvas.

$e ::=$		<i>Expressions</i>
	x	variables/addresses
	v	values
	$x := e$	assignment
	$e; e$	sequential expressions
	$e \text{ op } e$	binary operations
	if e then e else e	conditional expressions
	while (e) e	while expressions
$v ::=$		<i>Values</i>
	i	integer values
	b	boolean values
$op ::=$	$+ \mid - \mid * \mid / \mid > \mid >= \mid < \mid <=$	<i>Binary operators</i>

Figure 1: The WHILE language

Runtime Syntax:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
C \in \text{Context} & ::= C; e \mid C \text{ op } e \mid v \text{ op } C \mid x := C \mid \text{if } C \text{ then } e_1 \text{ else } e_2 \mid \bullet \\
\sigma \in \text{Store} & = \text{variable} \rightarrow v
\end{array}$$

Evaluation Rules:

$e, \sigma \rightarrow e', \sigma'$

[SS-VAR]	$\frac{x \in \text{domain}(\sigma) \quad \sigma(x) = v}{C[x], \sigma \rightarrow C[v], \sigma}$
[SS-ASSIGN]	$\overline{C[x := v], \sigma \rightarrow C[v], \sigma[x := v]}$
[SS-OP]	$\frac{v = v_1 \text{ op } v_2}{C[v_1 \text{ op } v_2], \sigma \rightarrow C[v], \sigma}$
[SS-SEQ]	$\overline{C[v; e], \sigma \rightarrow C[e], \sigma}$
[SS-IFTRUE]	$\overline{C[\text{if true then } e_1 \text{ else } e_2], \sigma \rightarrow C[e_1], \sigma}$
[SS-IFFALSE]	$\overline{C[\text{if false then } e_1 \text{ else } e_2], \sigma \rightarrow C[e_2], \sigma}$
[SS-WHILE]	$\overline{C[\text{while } (e_1) \text{ } e_2], \sigma \rightarrow C[\text{if } e_1 \text{ then } e_2; \text{while } (e_1) \text{ } e_2 \text{ else false}], \sigma}$

Figure 2: Small-step semantics for WHILE

Runtime Syntax:

$$\sigma \in Store = variable \rightarrow v$$

Evaluation Rules:

$$\boxed{e, \sigma \rightarrow e', \sigma'}$$

[BS-VAR]

$$\frac{x \in domain(\sigma) \quad \sigma(x) = v}{x, \sigma \Downarrow v, \sigma}$$

[BS-VAL]

$$\frac{}{v, \sigma \Downarrow v, \sigma}$$

[BS-ASSIGN]

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma \Downarrow v_1, \sigma_1}{x := e_1, \sigma \Downarrow v_1, \sigma_1 [x := v_1]}$$

[BS-OP]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} e_1, \sigma \Downarrow v_1, \sigma_1 \\ e_2, \sigma_1 \Downarrow v_2, \sigma_2 \end{array}}{e_1 \text{ op } e_2, \sigma \Downarrow v_1 \text{ op } v_2, \sigma_2}$$

[BS-SEQ]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} e_1, \sigma \Downarrow v_1, \sigma_1 \\ e_2, \sigma_1 \Downarrow v_2, \sigma_2 \end{array}}{e_1; e_2, \sigma \Downarrow v_2, \sigma_2}$$

[BS-IFTRUE]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{true}, \sigma_1 \\ e_2, \sigma_1 \Downarrow v, \sigma_2 \end{array}}{\text{if } e_1 \text{ then } e_2 \text{ else } e_3, \sigma \Downarrow v, \sigma_2}$$

[BS-IFFALSE]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{false}, \sigma_1 \\ e_3, \sigma_1 \Downarrow v, \sigma_2 \end{array}}{\text{if } e_1 \text{ then } e_2 \text{ else } e_3, \sigma \Downarrow v, \sigma_2}$$

[BS-WHILEFALSE]

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{false}, \sigma_1}{\text{while } (e_1) \text{ } e_2, \sigma \Downarrow v_1, \sigma_1}$$

[BS-WHILETRUE]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{true}, \sigma_1 \\ e_2, \sigma_1 \Downarrow v_2, \sigma_2 \end{array}}{\begin{array}{c} \text{while } (e_1) \text{ } e_2, \sigma_2 \Downarrow v_1, \sigma_3 \\ \text{while } (e_1) \text{ } e_2, \sigma \Downarrow v_1, \sigma_3 \end{array}}$$

[BS-AND-TRUE]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{true}, \sigma_1 \\ e_2, \sigma_1 \Downarrow v_2, \sigma_2 \end{array}}{\text{and } e_1 \text{ } e_2, \sigma \Downarrow v_2, \sigma_2}$$

[BS-AND-FALSE]

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{false}, \sigma_1}{\text{and } e_1 \text{ } e_2, \sigma \Downarrow \text{false}, \sigma_1}$$

[BS-OR-TRUE]

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{true}, \sigma_1}{\text{or } e_1 \text{ } e_2, \sigma \Downarrow \text{true}, \sigma_1}$$

[BS-OR-FALSE]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{false}, \sigma_1 \\ e_2, \sigma_1 \Downarrow v_2, \sigma_2 \end{array}}{\text{or } e_1 \text{ } e_2, \sigma \Downarrow v_2, \sigma_2}$$

[BS-NOT-TRUE]

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{false}, \sigma_1}{\text{not } e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{true}, \sigma_1}$$

[BS-NOT-FALSE]

$$\frac{e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{true}, \sigma_1}{\text{not } e_1, \sigma \Downarrow \text{false}, \sigma_1}$$

Figure 3: Big-step semantics for WHILE