

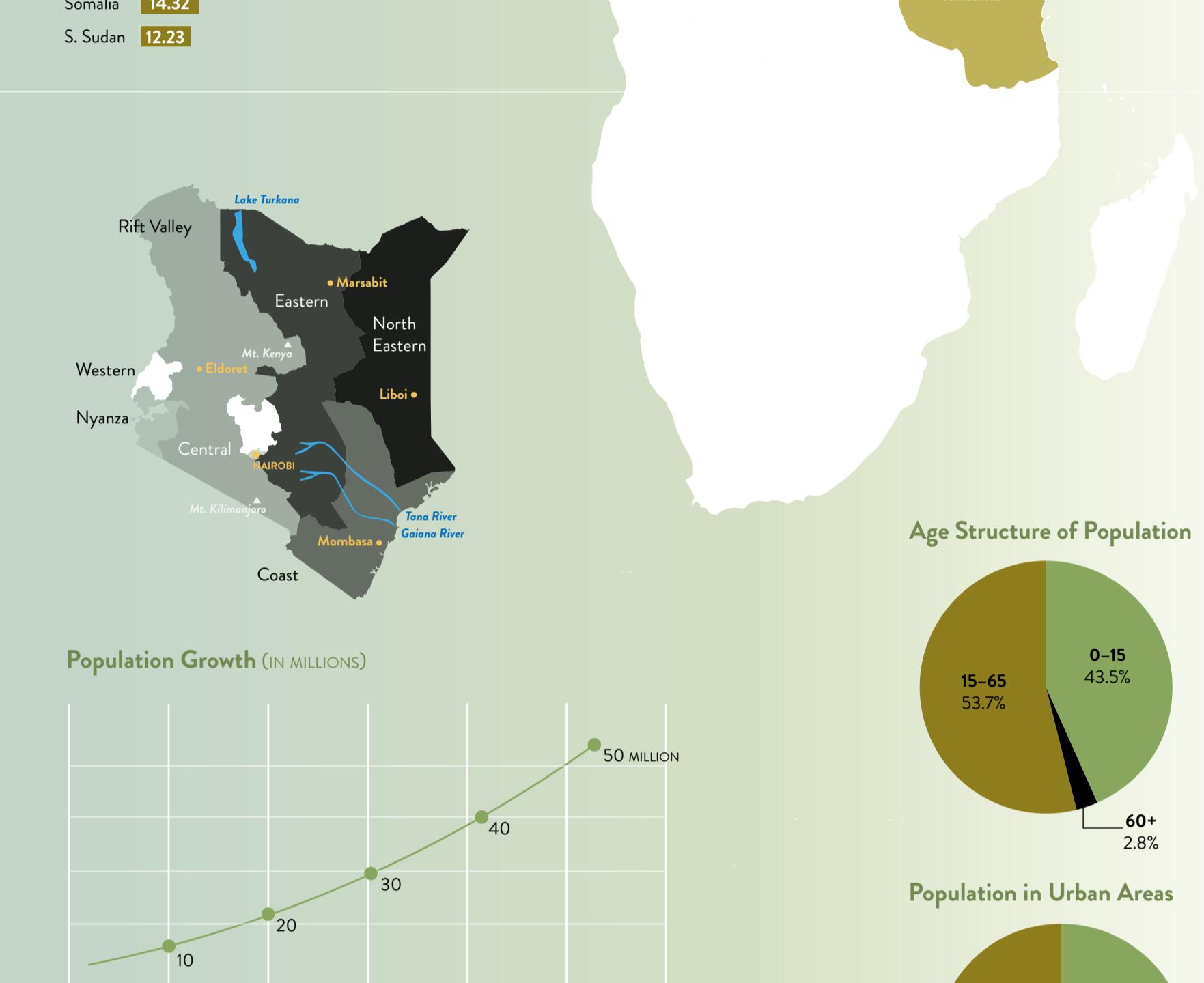
1450

First Kenyans settle the land

Sidney Castro
NEU 2017

KENYA

GEOGRAPHY/POPULATION



1944

Kenyan African Union (KAU) formed to campaign for African independence

1947

Jomo Kenyatta becomes the KAU leader

1952

Mau Mau group, Mau Mau, starts a violent campaign against the white settlers

1956

Mau Mau put down after thousands are killed, mainly Africans

1960

Britain announces plans to prepare Kenya for majority African rule

1961

Kenyatta freed and assumes presidency of Kenya

1963

Kenya gains independence, with Kenyatta as prime minister

1964

Republic of Kenya formed

1974

Kenyatta re-elected

1978

Kenyatta dies in office, succeeded by Vice President Daniel arap Moi

1982

Kenya officially declared a one-party state by National Assembly

1990

Death of Foreign minister

2002

Mwai Kibaki wins a landslide victory, ending Kenyatta's four decades of power

2004

Long-awaited draft of new constitution completed

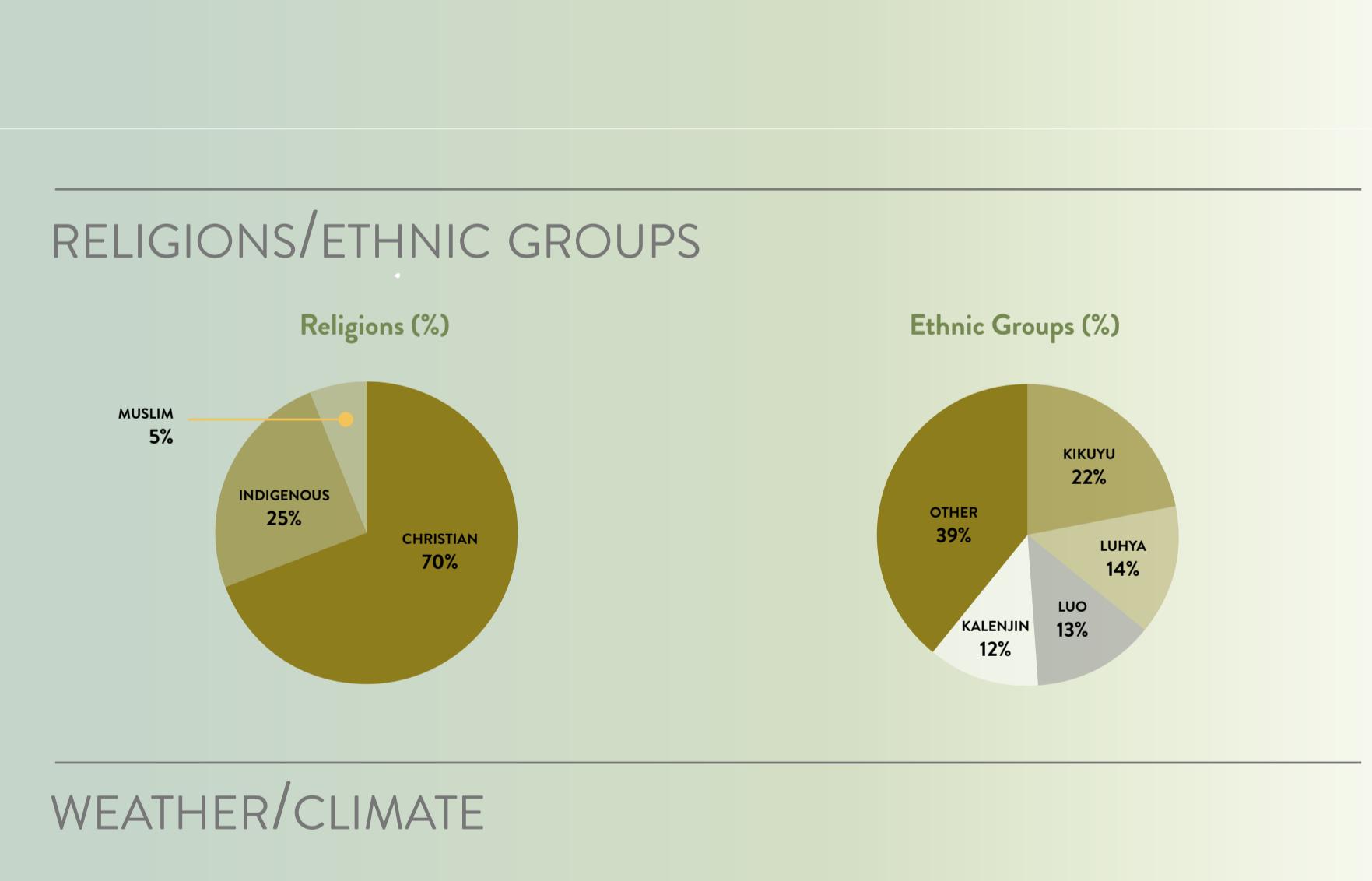
2005

Parliament approves a draft constitution after days of violent protests in Nairobi

2017

President Kenyatta is declared winner of the presidential election in August as well as the re-run in October

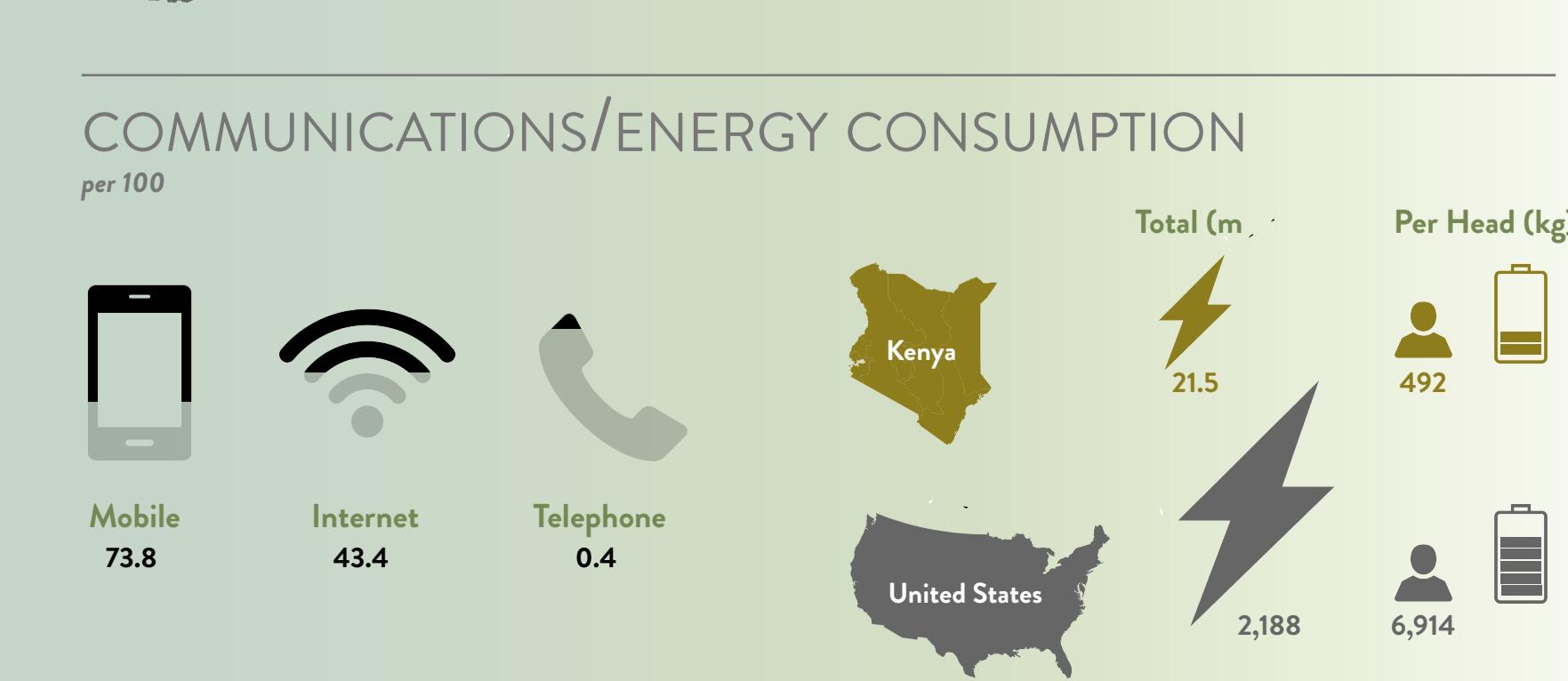
IMPORTS/EXPORTS



AGRICULTURE AND FISHING



LIVESTOCK AND FARMING



RELIGIONS/ETHNIC GROUPS

WEATHER/CLIMATE

TRANSPORTATION

COMMUNICATIONS/ENERGY CONSUMPTION

KIBAKI VICTORY

Present