

DATA ANALYSIS ON LARGE DATASET

```
import os  
  
import pandas as pd  
  
import numpy as np  
  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
  
import seaborn as sns  
  
# Settings  
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)  
sns.set(style="whitegrid")  
  
# 1. CREATE DATASET IF NOT PRESENT  
file_name = "dataset.csv"  
  
if not os.path.exists(file_name):  
    print("Dataset not found. Creating sample dataset...")  
  
    np.random.seed(42)  
  
    data = {  
        "Age": np.random.randint(18, 60, 500),  
        "Salary": np.random.randint(20000, 120000, 500),  
        "Experience": np.random.randint(0, 40, 500),  
        "Score": np.random.normal(70, 10, 500),  
        "Department": np.random.choice(["HR", "IT", "Sales", "Finance"], 500)  
    }  
  
    df = pd.DataFrame(data)
```

```
# Introduce missing values  
df.loc[10:20, "Salary"] = np.nan  
df.loc[30:35, "Department"] = np.nan  
df.to_csv(file_name, index=False)  
print("Sample dataset created as dataset.csv")
```

2. LOAD DATASET

```
df = pd.read_csv(file_name)  
print("\nDataset Loaded Successfully")  
print("Shape:", df.shape)  
print(df.head())
```

3. DATA INFO

```
print("\nDataset Info:")  
print(df.info())
```

4. HANDLE MISSING VALUES

```
num_cols = df.select_dtypes(include=np.number).columns  
cat_cols = df.select_dtypes(include="object").columns  
df[num_cols] = df[num_cols].fillna(df[num_cols].mean())  
for col in cat_cols:  
    df[col] = df[col].fillna(df[col].mode()[0])  
print("\nMissing values handled.")
```

5. REMOVE DUPLICATES

```
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)  
print("Duplicates removed.")
```

6. REMOVE OUTLIERS (IQR)

```
Q1 = df[num_cols].quantile(0.25)  
Q3 = df[num_cols].quantile(0.75)  
IQR = Q3 - Q1  
  
df = df[~((df[num_cols] < (Q1 - 1.5 * IQR)) |  
          (df[num_cols] > (Q3 + 1.5 * IQR))).any(axis=1)]  
  
print("Outliers removed.")  
print("Final shape:", df.shape)
```

7. STATISTICAL SUMMARY

```
print("\nStatistical Summary:")  
print(df.describe())
```

8. VISUALIZATIONS

```
# Histogram  
df[num_cols].hist(figsize=(10, 7), bins=20)  
plt.suptitle("Feature Distributions")  
plt.show()
```

```

# Boxplot

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

sns.boxplot(data=df[num_cols])

plt.title("Boxplot of Numerical Features")

plt.xticks(rotation=45)

plt.show()

# Heatmap

corr_matrix = df[num_cols].corr()

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

sns.heatmap(corr_matrix, annot=True, cmap="coolwarm", fmt=".2f")

plt.title("Correlation Heatmap")

plt.show()

```

9. INSIGHTS

```

high_corr = corr_matrix.abs().unstack().sort_values(ascending=False)

high_corr = high_corr[high_corr < 1]

print("\nTop Correlated Feature Pairs:")

print(high_corr.head(10))

```

10. SAVE OUTPUTS

```

df.to_csv("cleaned_dataset.csv", index=False)

with open("DA_Report.txt", "w") as file:

    file.write("DATA ANALYSIS REPORT\n")

    file.write("=====\\n\\n")

```

```
file.write(f"Final Dataset Shape: {df.shape}\n\n")

file.write("Statistical Summary:\n")

file.write(str(df.describe()))

file.write("\n\nCorrelation Matrix:\n")

file.write(str(corr_matrix))

print("\nCleaned dataset and report generated successfully!")
```

OUTPUT

Dataset Loaded Successfully

Shape: (500, 5)

	Age	Salary	Experience	Score	Department
0	56	81476.0	13	67.645433	HR
1	46	64811.0	29	71.021289	HR
2	32	56208.0	34	75.510677	Finance
3	25	40150.0	20	70.388776	Finance
4	38	91180.0	36	70.432717	HR

Dataset Info:

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 500 entries, 0 to 499
```

```
Data columns (total 5 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
---	--------	----------------	-------

```
---
```

0	Age	500	non-null	int64
1	Salary	489	non-null	float64
2	Experience	500	non-null	int64
3	Score	500	non-null	float64
4	Department	494	non-null	object

```
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(1)
```

```
memory usage: 19.7+ KB
```

```
None
```

Missing values handled.

Duplicates removed.

Outliers removed.

Final shape: (496, 5)

Statistical Summary:

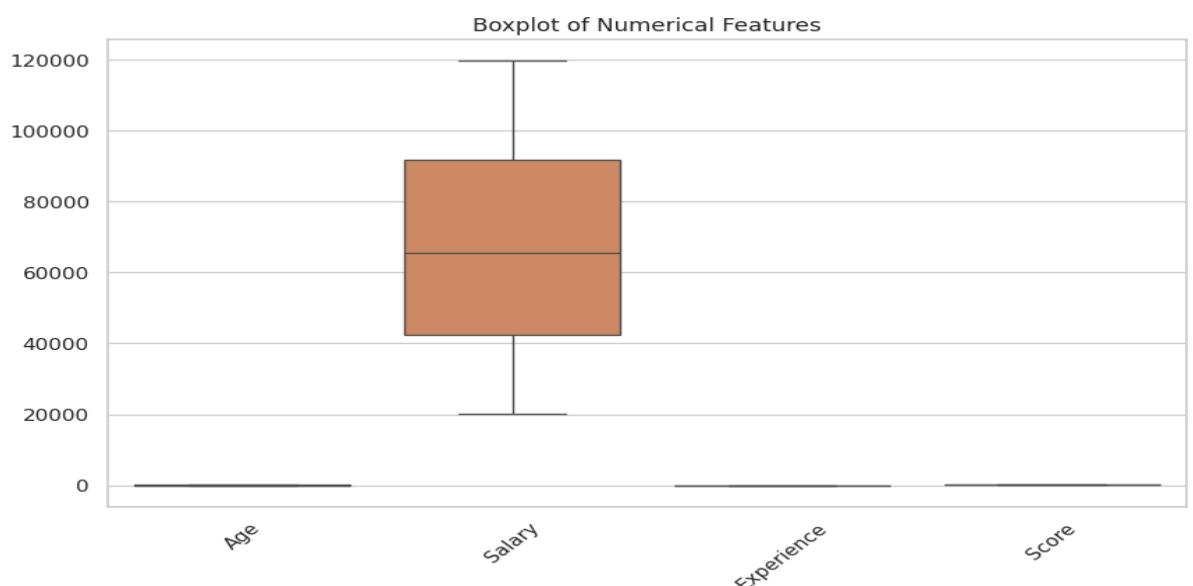
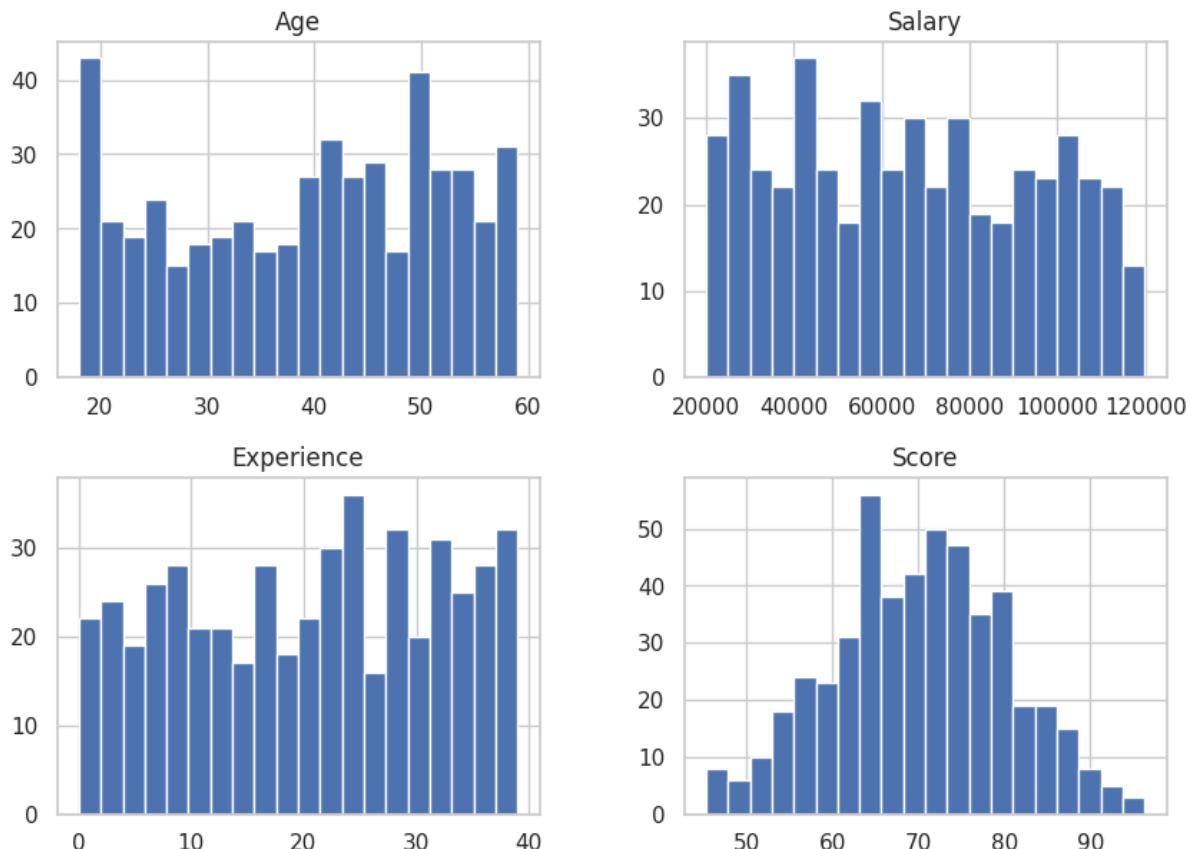
	Age	Salary	Experience	Score
count	496.000000	496.000000	496.000000	496.000000
mean	39.272177	66669.340363	20.481855	70.032838
std	12.182970	28531.744442	11.681102	10.241025
min	18.000000	20055.000000	0.000000	45.314571
25%	29.000000	42534.250000	10.000000	63.414936

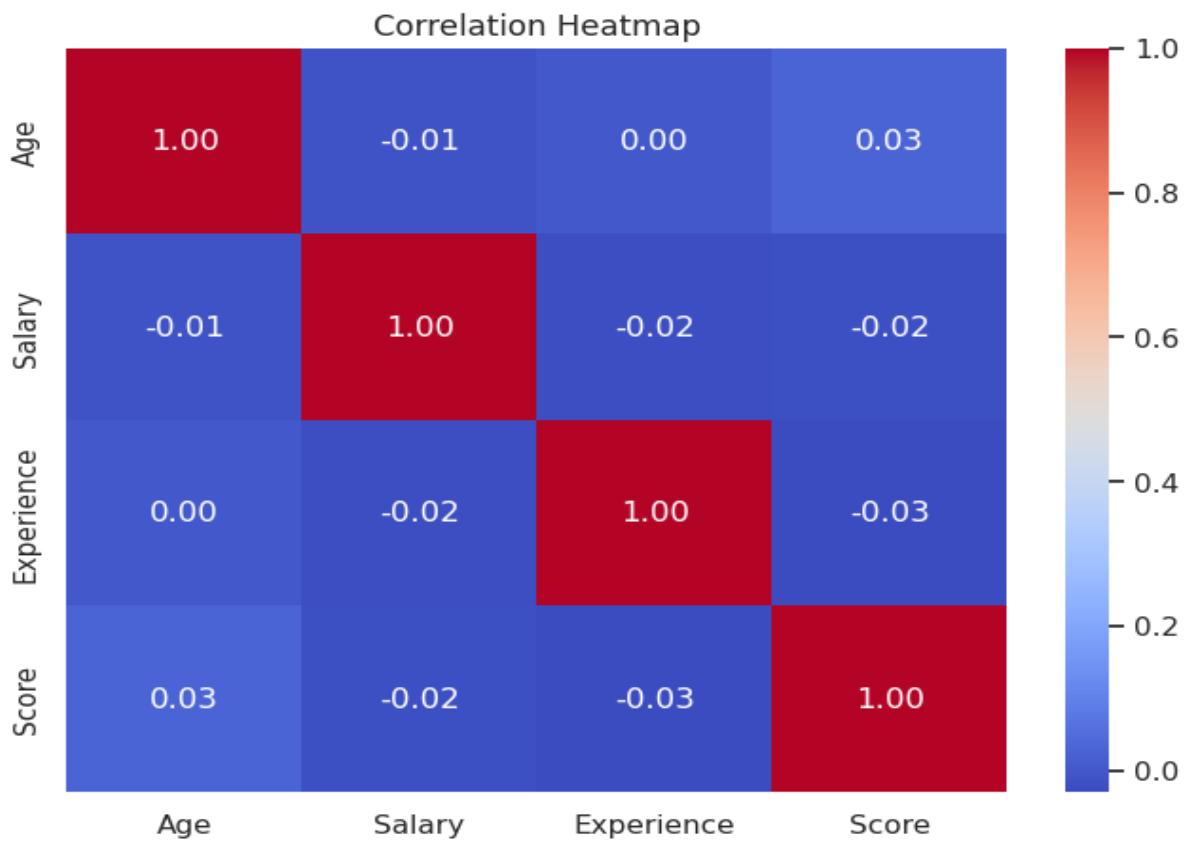
```

50%  41.000000 65565.000000 22.000000 70.454376
75%  50.000000 91861.500000 31.000000 77.403336
max   59.000000 119835.000000 39.000000 96.292126

```

Feature Distributions





Top Correlated Feature Pairs:

```

Age      Score      0.030835
Score     Age      0.030835
Experience Score      0.029078
Score     Experience  0.029078
Salary    Experience  0.022714
Experience Salary      0.022714
Score     Salary      0.020118
Salary    Score      0.020118
Age      Salary      0.011853
Salary    Age      0.011853
dtype: float64

```

Cleaned dataset and report generated successfully!

Conclusion

This project successfully demonstrated data analysis on a large dataset using Python libraries such as Pandas, NumPy, Matplotlib, and Seaborn. The dataset was cleaned by handling missing values, removing duplicates, and eliminating outliers to improve data quality. Statistical summaries helped in understanding the central tendencies and variability of features. Visualizations like histograms, boxplots, and heatmaps revealed important patterns, distributions, and correlations. These insights support better understanding of relationships among variables. The cleaned dataset and generated report can be effectively used for decision-making or as a foundation for further machine learning model development.