## **Quiz: Cryptography with Python**

**Due** Feb 1 at 3:30pm **Points** 12 **Questions** 6 **Time Limit** None

## **Instructions**

For this assignment, you will need to first follow the instructions in this document

(https://app.box.com/embed\_widget/s/g8kn4sm7b75yeadn6er0xi3m0mpkmhuf?

view=list&sort=name&direction=ASC&theme=dark). This assignment has no time limit, and it is an individual assignment. After you write your python code, answer the following questions. For many of you, this is your first time using python. Please review the <a href="Intro to Python">Intro to Python</a> assignment. If you struggle to complete the assignment, please ask for help.

## Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	302 minutes	8 out of 12 *

<sup>\*</sup> Some questions not yet graded

Score for this quiz: **8** out of 12 \* Submitted Jan 26 at 10:02pm This attempt took 302 minutes.

2 / 2 pts

Question 2 0 / 2 pts

	In Part 2, what are the first ten dgits of the cypher-text of the sentence "Running late. Wait for me."
	O 6772190022
	O 6820092213
You Answered	1325060482
Correct Answei	5628730804
_	

	Question 3	2 / 2 pts
	In Part 3, what is the decrypted message?	
	Congrats! You just encrypted and decrypted the message!	
	Congrats! You just decrypted the message!	
Correct!	Congrats! You just decrypted your first message!	
	○ Congrats!	

Correct!	Question 4	2 / 2 pts
	In Part 4, what are the first ten digits of the signature?	
	<ul><li>3141272798</li></ul>	
	1982734091	
	O 6099814821	

## **Question 6**

Correct!

Not yet graded / 2 pts

Copy and paste your code here.

Your Answer:

p=1124810506393172296567230181206596238297365710155113220216178371 87076258724819

q=8918511193833577129332832333311142298569706214913936804923236506 5924632677343

n=p\*q e= 65537

from sympy import mod\_inverse import hashlib

d=mod\_inverse(e,(p-1)\*(q-1))

d

message = "Running late. Wait for me."

print(message)

# this is the plaintext message we want to send.

# First, we transform m into a number.

m = int.from\_bytes(message.encode('utf-8'), "big") # message.encode converts the string into bytes using the utf-8

# encoding. int.from\_bytes converts a number from bytes to integer. 'big' means that the most significant byte is at

```
# the beginning (search MSByte for more info)
print(m)
c = pow(m, e, n)
print(c)
c=902972792334038486842651888055416788261194306570392783861752151
57420668599748859474946429638835684082404301255996368249965770801
16022919050269017033777667
m3 = pow(c, d, n)
m3 bytes = m3.to bytes((m3.bit length() + 7) \frac{1}{8}, 'big') # the function x.to bytes
needs to now how long the bit
# length should be, and where the MSByte is ("big").
# Now that the m3 is in bytes, we can decode it into string.
message3 = m3_bytes.decode()
print(message3)
m hash=hashlib.sha256(b"Congrats! You just decrypted your first
message!").hexdigest()
m_hash
M3 = int.from bytes(m hash.encode('utf-8'), "big")
M3
S = pow(M3, d, n)
print("The Signature message is %s. The signature is %s" % (M3,S))
M4 = pow(S, e, n)
print("The Verified Signature message is %s. The Original Signature message was
%s" % (M4,M3))
```

Quiz Score: 8 out of 12