Use of Twitter Data to Obtain Customer Loyalty

Twitter Data Collection

Twitter is a well-known social media platform in which users are allowed to create a unique account and post tweet on the topics of his/her taste. The popularity of this platform is growing and many users post tweets regarding their experience of the products or services they used. People are posting opinions and experience about the brand they have used, whether they are satisfied with the product or service and also their opinions are shared with many other people. Hence it becomes immensely important for vendors to know whether the consumers liked their products and consumers opinion about their products.

Traditionally, data collection about the satisfaction or feedback on the product or services is made through a survey. The traditional way of survey requires to dedicate manpower to spend time and effort to collect the data. Moreover, to carry out data collection through this form of survey consumes an enormous amount of time.

Twitter social media forum can be a better way to carry out a survey on people opinions. The opinions posted by people in terms of tweets can be gathered using specific hashtags. These tweets can be analyzed to make understand consumer's opinion on the products or services. The following figures 1 shows twitter data collection using REST API using specific hastags.



Figure 1. Twitter data collection using REST API.

Sentiment Analysis of Tweets

Once the data collected from the twitter then various preprocessing steps are carried out on the data. Next, twitter data can be utilized for various purposes such as stock market prediction, sentiment analysis of movies, sentiment analysis on a new gadget, people opinion on current events etc. In figure 2, the sentiment analysis of tweets is shown. After the preprocessing step, the sentiment of tweets is analyzed and found the sentiment score. The tweet sentiment analysis can be carried out to help vendors to know consumer's opinions.

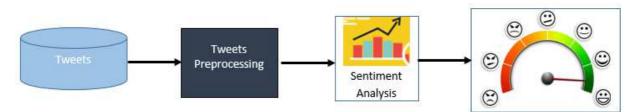


Figure 2. Sentiment analysis of tweets.

VADER is a sentiment analyzer which stands for Valence Aware Dictionary and sEntiment Reasoner. VADER uses a lexicon and uses a set of rules to provide sentiment scores. Textblob is another sentiment analyzer which provides an output as a tuple (polarity, subjectivity).

Sentiment Analysis for Loyalty

Consumer loyalty can be measured using Twitter and analysis of twitter related data. The sentiment analysis on tweets gives an opinion of users in terms of sentiment scores. The twitter also provides various other information such as a number of likes, retweeted a tweet etc. Here an idea proposed to compute the consumer loyalty using twitter related information. The tweets related to the airline industry are collected from twitter. The airline industries from various regions such as America, India, European and Australian are considered. The objective is to computer consumer loyalty to a specific airline based their tweet history. These tweets are collected using the search terms such as

"loyal flyer"	"loyal airline"	"left airline"
10 j w 11 j w	10) 011 0111110	1010 001111110

Each collected tweet consists of an ID, permalink, date and time stamp, the text contained within the tweet, username, retweets, and likes. Few tweets with likes and retweets are shown in below table.

Username	Date,	Tweet,		Retweets
Unamel	2018- 04-10 11:33,	Am sorry but I am really disappointed @JetBlue . I was a loyal customer. The way I advertise this airline you would think I work for the place but you guys showed me today that you don't care. Whether my family is dying or not as long as you have the money. Things happen everyday,	0	0
Uname2	2018- 04-09 23:58,	@FlyAirNZ is the best airline I have ever flown! I am a loyal @AmericanAir customer, but the #skycouch stole my heart! https:// twitter.com/flyairnz/statu s/983283384951754752	1	0
Uname3	2018- 02-28 02:18,	@WorldMark (Michael D Brown) I'm a corporate retiree and worked for organizations where I was empowered to make a difference for the customer as long as I followed 'core values'. I am a LOYAL Southwest Airline's customer for the same reason. I would love to feel same 4 Wyndham.	0	0

Loyalty Measurement

Using Textblob the sentiment score for each tweet is computed as TS_i . The tweets having sentiment score greater than zero are considered as positive and less than zero are taken as negative tweets. Consider John is a frequent traveler and he uses several air lines. We can compute the mean of positive tweets and negative tweets by John for a particular airline as

$$P^{John} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} TS_i$$
 [*n* is number of positive tweets]

$$N^{John} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} TS_i$$
 [*n* is number of negative tweets]

John has TL_i number of likes for the i^{th} tweet and the mean of likes for John is

$$L^{John} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} TL_{i}$$
 [*n* is the total number of likes for all tweets of John]

For John suppose TR_i is a number of retweets for a particular tweet i on the given airline query, then mean retweet for John is

$$R^{John} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} TR_{i}$$
 [n is the total number of retweets for John]

The influence of John on his follower or people who all following his tweets is the sum of mean likes and mean retweets for person j.

$$In^{John} = L^{John} + R^{John}$$

Using the above measured statistics the consumer loyalty for John is computed as,

$$CM^{John} = \left[P^{John} + N^{John}\right] \times In^{John} \times F^{John}$$

Here F^{John} is the number of the follower to John.

Results and Statistics

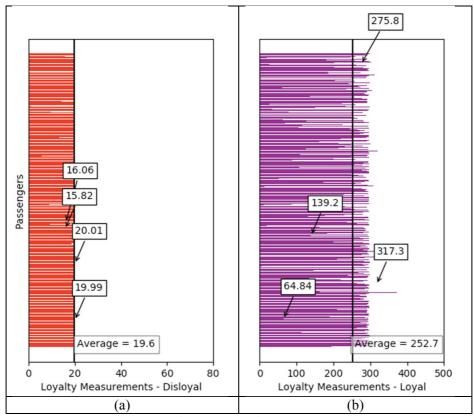


Figure 3. Loyalty measurements.

The left part of figure 3(a) represents the loyalty measurements for tweets obtained using the search terms "left airline". These are customers who left the airline services and shifted to different service. The figure 3(b) show the loyalty measurement for the tweets obtained with the search term "loyal to airline" or "loyal flyer". The average loyalty measurement in figure 3(a) is 19.6 while the average loyalty measurement for figure 3(b) is 252.7.

Research Paper

The research on consumer loyalty evaluation using twitter data is appeared in:

 $\underline{http://thesai.org/Publications/ViewPaper?Volume=9\&Issue=6\&Code=IJACSA\&SerialNo=52$

Cite the Work

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