## **ML 4**

Q) what is an API and how it works?

Ans. API(application programming interface) is a set of rules which makes a link (source of communication ) between the two machines .

Some examples of API include cloud application communicating with a server, servers pinging each other, or application interacting with an operating system.

eg→ customer→waiter→chef.....here waiter plays the role of an API and let customer ad chef be the two machines.

## TO LINK YOUR API IN PYTHON

- 1) <a href="https://www.themoviedb.org/settings/api">https://www.themoviedb.org/settings/api</a> → make your own api key here
- 2) <a href="https://developer.themoviedb.org/reference/intro/getting-started">https://developer.themoviedb.org/reference/intro/getting-started</a> → this will display all the content of that particular api through which it has been linked in the form of json
- 3) <a href="https://jsonviewer.stack.hu/">https://jsonviewer.stack.hu/</a> this is the site to view the json file. this converts the json text to the human readable format.

```
import pandas as pd
import requests
response= requests.get("https://api.themoviedb.org/3/movie/top_i
df=pd.DataFrame(response.json()['results'])[["id","title","releadf
```

## Framing a machine learning program

ML 4

- 1) Transaction Business problem to ML problem : increase our revenue and decrease the churn rate
- 2) Identify the problem: UI not navigate, internet issue, subscription discount
- 3) current solution: overall churn rate prediction in last year
- 4) getting data: required exact date | recommendation click | publish date
- 5) getting the matrix: follow checkpoints and rectify the correct matrix
- 6) Online vs Batch ML: focus on our training model and retaining model. OLTP system(online transactional processing) in data warehouse.
- real time execution of large number of databases , transaction by large number of people .
- 7) check assumptions: check one machine learning model work as all condition, region and country.

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