



Guidelines for creating Roles in AWS

Case: Creating a role for accessing S3 bucket from EC2 instance

Prerequisites:

- S3 bucket and EC2 instance should be the same region - **N. Virginia.**
- S3 bucket should be available in your account.

1. Edit the security group with my IP before starting the EC2 instance.

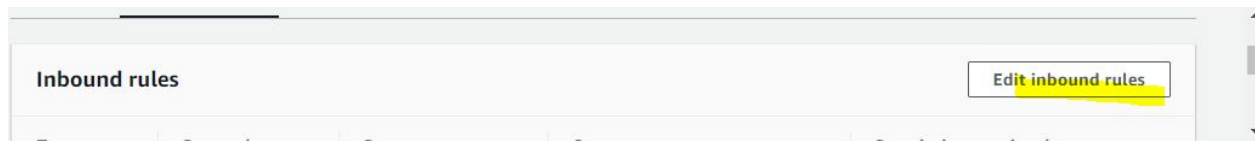
2. Select EC2 and click on the security group - **ml-sec**

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console for the 'us-east-1' region. The left sidebar contains navigation links for EC2 Dashboard, Events, Tags, Reports, Limits, INSTANCES, and IMAGES. The main content area displays the 'Launch Instance' page for an Ubuntu instance. The instance details table shows the instance ID 'i-0b2e2c6140683d09e', type 't2.micro', and state 'stopped'. The 'Security groups' field is highlighted, showing 'ml-sec' with a link to 'view inbound rules'.

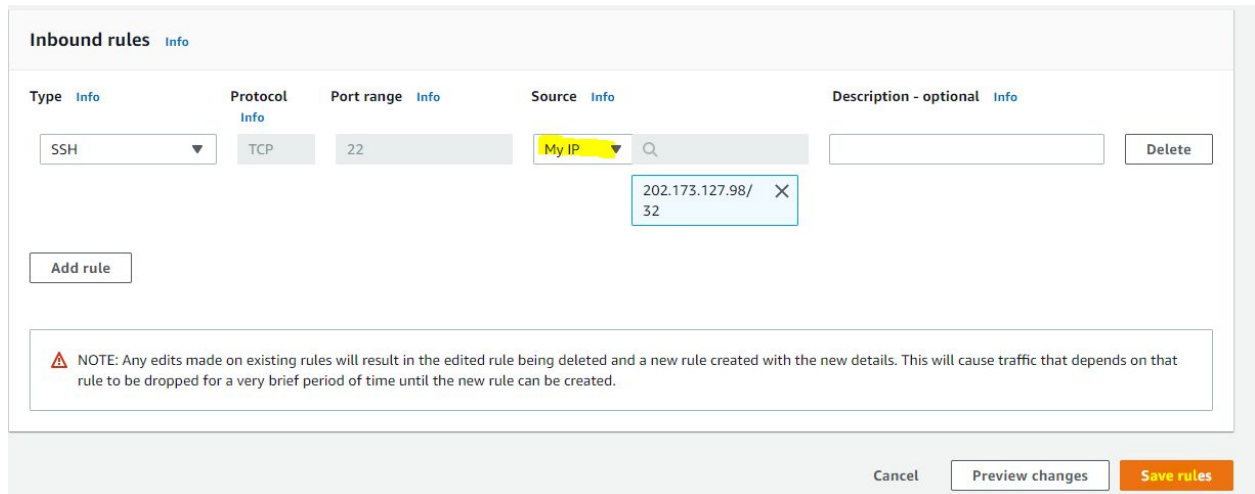
3. Next, click on **Inbound rules**:

The screenshot shows the 'Security Groups (1/1)' page in the AWS Management Console. The 'Inbound rules' tab is selected, showing a table with one rule for 'ml-sec'. The table has columns for 'Security group ID', 'Security group name', 'VPC ID', 'Description', and 'Owner'. The rule for 'ml-sec' has a 'Security group ID' of 'sg-03fc94c28aba725cf', a 'VPC ID' of 'vpc-810955fb', and a 'Description' of 'ml-sec-group'.

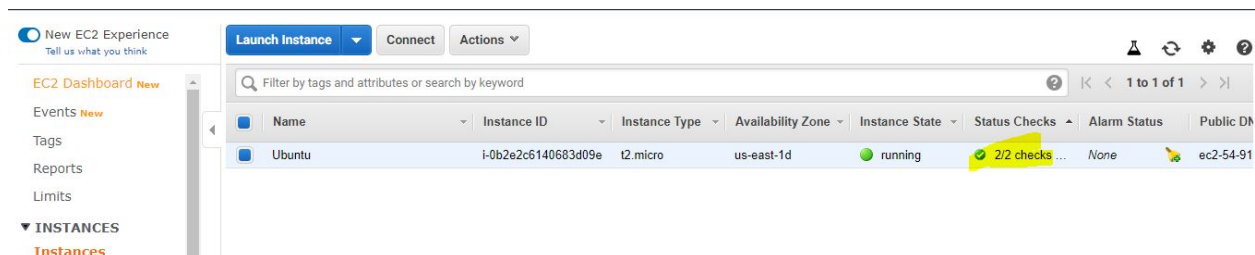
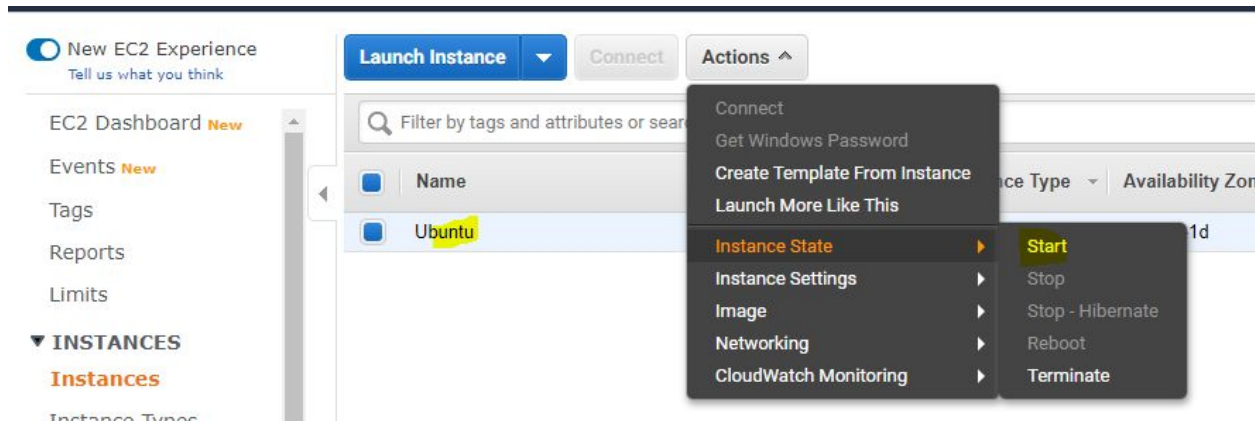
4. Click on **Edit inbound rules**:



5. Edit source with My IP and click on **Save rules**.



6. Navigate back to the EC2 dashboard and **start** the EC2 instance.





7. Then, access the EC2 instance from PuTTY or Linux/MAC shell.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-99: ~  
login as: ubuntu  
Authenticating with public key "imported-openssh-key"  
Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-1057-aws x86_64)  
  
* Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com  
* Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com  
* Support:        https://ubuntu.com/advantage  
  
System information disabled due to load higher than 1.0  
  
* Kubernetes 1.18 GA is now available! See https://microk8s.io for docs or  
install it with:  
  
    sudo snap install microk8s --channel=1.18 --classic  
  
* Multipass 1.1 adds proxy support for developers behind enterprise  
firewalls. Rapid prototyping for cloud operations just got easier.  
  
    https://multipass.run/  
  
49 packages can be updated.  
22 updates are security updates.  
  
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;  
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the  
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.  
  
Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by  
applicable law.  
  
To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".  
See "man sudo_root" for details.  
  
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-99:~$
```

8. Run below command and access s3 bucket from instance.

```
sudo apt install awscli
```

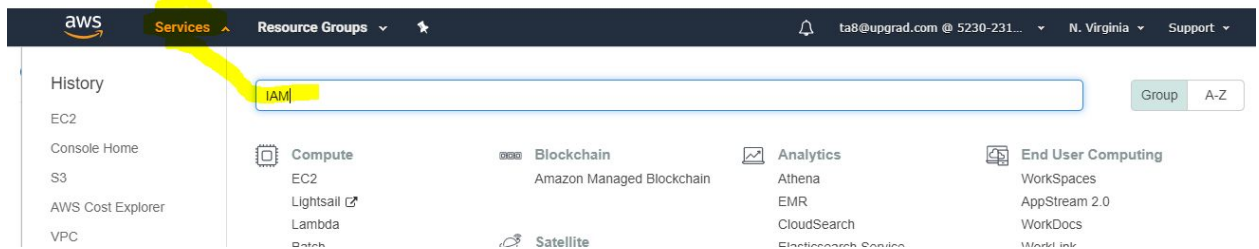


```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-99:~$ sudo apt install awscli
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
  docutils-common libjbig0 libjpeg-turbo8 libjpeg8 liblcms2-2 libpaper-utils libpaper1
  python3-docutils python3-jmespath python3-olefile python3-pil python3-pygments python3-dateutil
Suggested packages:
  liblcms2-utils docutils-doc fonts-linuxlibertine | ttf-linux-libertine texlive-lang-
  python3-pil-dbg ttf-bitstream-vera sgml-base-doc debhelper
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  awscli docutils-common libjbig0 libjpeg-turbo8 libjpeg8 liblcms2-2 libpaper-utils lib
  python3-dateutil python3-docutils python3-jmespath python3-olefile python3-pil python
0 upgraded, 24 newly installed, 0 to remove and 34 not upgraded.
Need to get 4551 kB of archives.
After this operation, 40.8 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-updates/main amd64 libjpeg
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 sgml-base all
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic/main amd64 python3-dateutil
```

9. Enter **aws s3 ls**

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-99:~$ aws s3 ls
Unable to locate credentials. You can configure credentials by running "aws configure".
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-99:~$
```

10. Presently, you are not able to access the bucket. Go back to the AWS management console and search for the **IAM** service.



11. Click on **Roles** and **Create role**.



AWS Services Resource Groups

ta8@upgrad.com @ 5230-231... Global Support

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

- Dashboard
- Access management
 - Groups
 - Users
 - Roles**
 - Policies
 - Identity providers
 - Account settings
- Access reports
 - Access analyzer
 - Archive rules
 - Analyzers
 - Settings
 - Credential report

Roles

What are IAM roles?

IAM roles are a secure way to grant permissions to entities that you trust. Examples of entities include the following:

- IAM user in another account
- Application code running on an EC2 instance that needs to perform actions on AWS resources
- An AWS service that needs to act on resources in your account to provide its features
- Users from a corporate directory who use identity federation with SAML

IAM roles issue keys that are valid for short durations, making them a more secure way to grant access.

Additional resources:

- IAM Roles FAQ
- IAM Roles Documentation
- Tutorial: Setting Up Cross Account Access
- Common Scenarios for Roles

Create role Delete role

12. Select **EC2** in the use case list and click on **Next Permissions**.

Create role

1 2 3 4

Select type of trusted entity

AWS service
EC2, Lambda and others

Another AWS account
Belonging to you or 3rd party

Web identity
Cognito or any OpenID provider

SAML 2.0 federation
Your corporate directory

Allows AWS services to perform actions on your behalf. [Learn more](#)

Choose a use case

Common use cases

EC2
Allows EC2 instances to call AWS services on your behalf.

Lambda
Allows Lambda functions to call AWS services on your behalf.

Or select a service to view its use cases

API Gateway	CodeDeploy	EMR	KMS	RoboMaker
AWS Backup	CodeGuru	ElastiCache	Kinesis	S3

* Required

Cancel **Next: Permissions**



13. In the search tab, search policy **s3full** and select the checkbox for **AmazonS3full access**.

Policy- AmazonS3FullAccess

Create role 1 2 3 4

▼ Attach permissions policies

Choose one or more policies to attach to your new role.

Create policy ↻

Filter policies Showing 1 result

	Policy name	Used as
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	AmazonS3FullAccess	None

14. Click on Next numbered tab

Create role 1 2 3 4

Add tags (optional)

IAM tags are key-value pairs you can add to your role. Tags can include user information, such as an email address, or can be descriptive, such as a job title. You can use the tags to organize, track, or control access for this role. [Learn more](#)

Key	Value (optional)	Remove
<input type="text" value="Add new key"/>	<input type="text"/>	

You can add 50 more tags.

15. Give the role name: **s3_access_role** and click on create role.



Create role

1 2 3 4

Review

Provide the required information below and review this role before you create it.

Role name*
Use alphanumeric and '+', '@', '-' characters. Maximum 64 characters.

Role description
Maximum 1000 characters. Use alphanumeric and '+', '@', '-' characters.

Trusted entities AWS service: ec2.amazonaws.com

Policies AmazonS3FullAccess

Permissions boundary Permissions boundary is not set

No tags were added.

* Required

Cancel

Previous

Create role

16. Navigate back to the EC2 service.

17. Go to EC2 instance> Action> instance setting> **Attach/Replace IAM role**



18. Select your role: **s3_access_role** and **Apply**.

Attach/Replace IAM Role

Select an IAM role to attach to your instance. If you don't have any IAM roles, choose Create new IAM role to create a role in the IAM console. If an IAM role is already attached to your instance, the IAM role you choose will replace the existing role.

Instance ID: i-0b2e2c6140683d09e (Ubuntu) ⓘ

IAM role* No Role ⓘ [Create new IAM role](#) ⓘ

* Required

Profile Name
No Role
EMR_EC2_DefaultRole
s3_access_role

[Cancel](#) [Apply](#)

[Instances](#) > Attach/Replace IAM Role

Attach/Replace IAM Role

 IAM role operation succeeded

[Close](#)

19. Switch back to the instance terminal.

aws s3 ls

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-99:~$ aws s3 ls
2020-01-23 06:08:10 test-agaw
2020-04-08 06:00:58 upgrad-123
ubuntu@ip-172-31-94-99:~$
```

You can view the contents of the S3 bucket now.

Note: Please stop the instance when not in use or save the budget. If the instance is no longer required, terminate the instance.



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EC2 Dashboard **New**

Events **New**

Tags

Reports

Limits

▼ INSTANCES

Instances

Instance Types

Launch Instance ▼ Connect Actions ^

Filter by tags and attributes or search

	Name	Instance Type	Availability Zone	Instance State	Stop
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Ubuntu			running	

- Connect
- Get Windows Password
- Create Template From Instance
- Launch More Like This
- Instance State ▶ Start
- Instance Settings ▶ Stop
- Image ▶ Stop - Hibernate
- Networking ▶ Reboot
- CloudWatch Monitoring ▶ Terminate

Please verify the instance status - **Stopped** with Red.