

## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

**Due Date: April 28, 2022 (11:59 pm)**

**Grading:** This assignment has a **weightage of 10%** in your overall 100 points.

### **Guidelines**

- ✓ This assignment aims to make the students familiar with socket programming in computer networks.
- ✓ **This assignment is to be completed individually.**
- ✓ **Programming Language to be used: C or Java -> programs written in any other programming language will not be evaluated and a score of 0 will be given.**
- ✓ Use either UDP or TCP sockets for this assignment.
- ✓ Code should be easy to understand (make proper use of comments, don't overuse them).
- ✓ Assignment submitted after due date and time will not be evaluated and a score of zero will be awarded for this assignment.
- ✓ Material copied from Internet or elsewhere will attract penalty - Plagiarism will not be tolerated.
  - Plagiarism below 60% - No penalty or Minor penalty.
  - Plagiarism between 60% and 75% - 50% marks deduction
  - Plagiarism greater than 75% - 100% marks deduction.

### **Submission**

Each student must upload the following files on Blackboard:

- Paste your code and screenshots of input and output screens (paste them in this file) - Name the document as Socket\_CN2022\_FirstName\_LastName.pdf.
- **Upload zip file of .c (server.c and client.c) OR .java (server.java and client.java) file on BB.**

### **Question**

Write a program that involves a client and a server. The client sends server 4 values, for example  $X$ ,  $n$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$  where,  $X$  is the adjacency matrix of a directed graph with  $m$  nodes (let's say 5 nodes: A B C D E), and  $n$  is the length of the path from node  $B$  to node  $C$ .

The server responds back with two responses:

- i. Positive Y response (or Negative N response) if there exists (or doesn't exist) a path of length  $n$  from  $B$  to  $C$ .
- ii. The image of the directed graph with nodes proving the validity of the response.

For simplicity, assume that the above graph can have minimum 3 nodes and maximum 10 nodes

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For example: Let's take a 3-node directed graph:

**Case 1:** Client sends the following to the server:

*Input:*

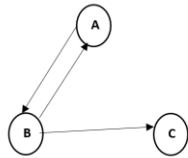
0	1	0
1	0	1
0	0	0

, 2, A, C

Where, there is an adjacency matrix, 2 is the length of the path from node A to node C – that server has to check whether it exists or not.

Server should return the following:

*Output 1: Yes, there exists a path of length 2 from node A to node C.*



*Output 2: Graph:*

**Case 2:** Client sends the following to the server:

*Input:*

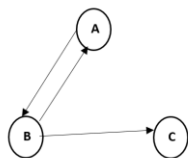
0	1	0
1	0	1
0	0	0

, 2, C, A

Where, there is an adjacency matrix, 2 is the length of the path from node C to node A.

Server should return the following:

*Output 1: No, there is no path of length 2 from node C to node A.*



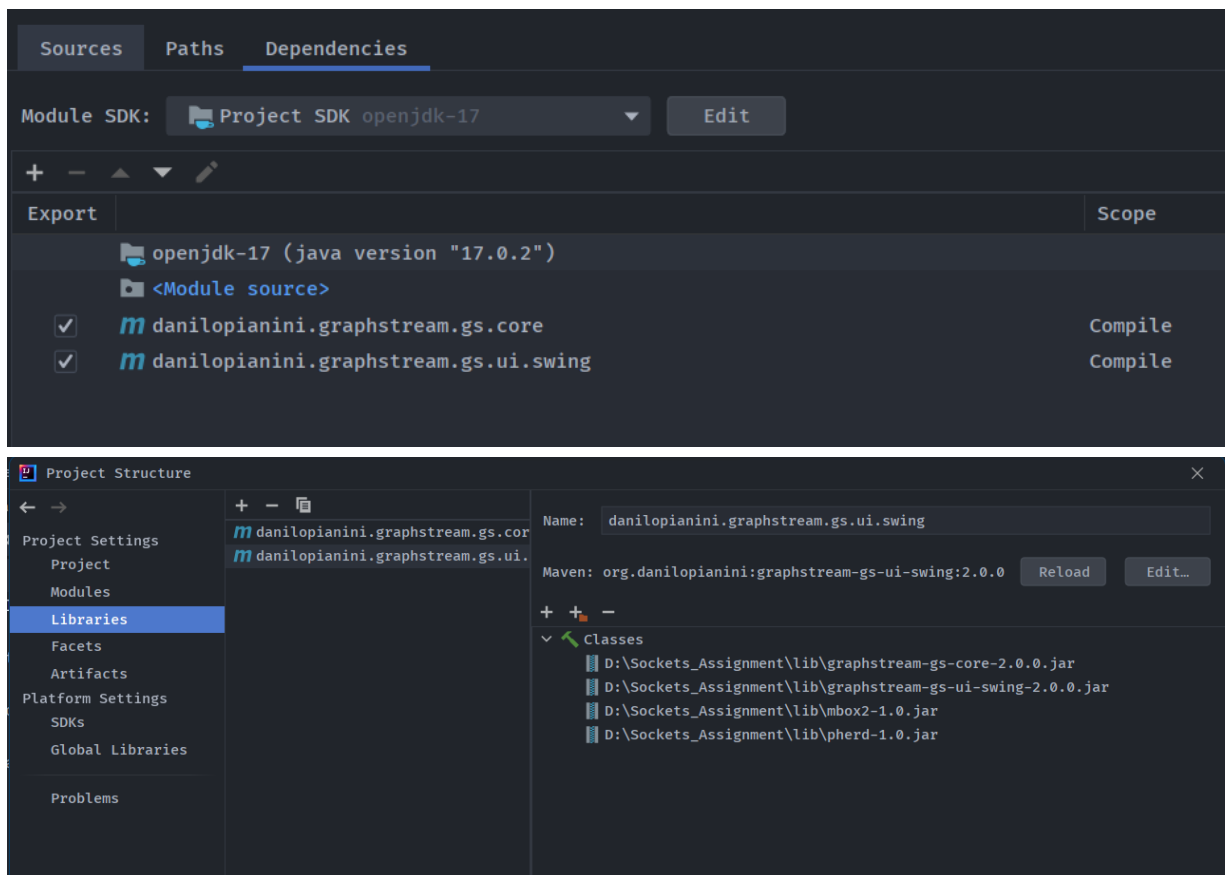
*Output 2: Graph:*

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### Submission Template

To run the program:

- Install the libraries **gs-core** and **gs-ui-swing** (gs: GraphStream)
- Used Maven to create the project. So, install these libraries through maven or maybe through official website(<http://graphstream-project.org/download/>) and add .jar files.
- Load the dependencies in the project and import the required packages to run the project successfully.



- Change the path to read the created image (w.r.t your file directory)

```
//READING THE STORED IMAGE
BufferedImage image = ImageIO.read(new File( pathname: "D:\\Sockets_Assignment\\graph.jpg"));
```

Change the pathname according to your directory in which this project exists or where the created graph image gets saved.

## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

### ❖ Screenshots of Input and Output Screens

#### Sample Input 1:

Number of nodes: 6

Matrix: 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0

Path Length: 2

Source Node: A

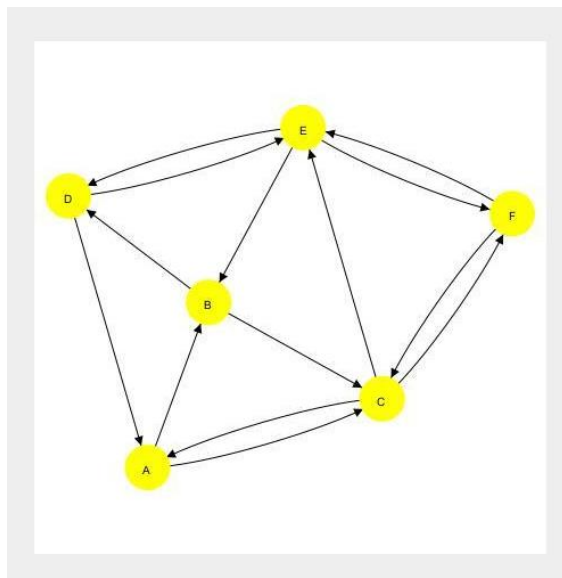
Destination Node: D

#### SERVER + CLIENT WINDOWS:

```
Server -
"C:\Users\SIDDHANT MITTAL\.jdk\openjdk-17.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:D:\IntelliJ
Welcome, Server Started!
Received Number of Nodes: 6
Received Adjacency Matrix:
0 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 1 1 0 0
1 0 0 0 1 1
1 0 0 0 1 0
0 1 0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0 1 0
Received Path Length: 2
Received Source Node: A
Received Destination Node: D
Apr 28, 2022 1:55:59 PM org.graphstream.stream.file.FileSinkImages printProgress
INFO: 0 images written
Flushed: 1651134359480
Closing: 1651134359484

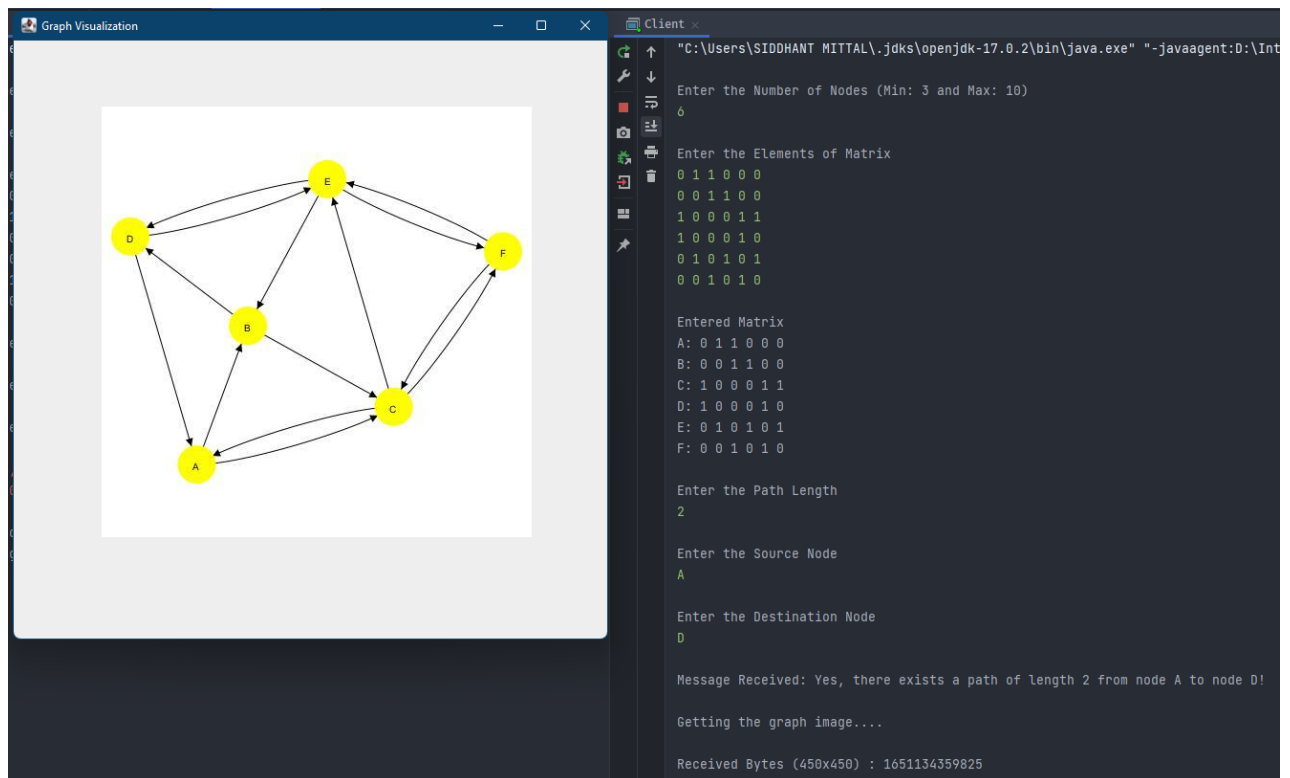
Client -
"C:\Users\SIDDHANT MITTAL\.jdk\openjdk-17.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:D:\IntelliJ
Enter the Number of Nodes (Min: 3 and Max: 10)
6
Enter the Elements of Matrix
0 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 1 1 0 0
1 0 0 0 1 1
1 0 0 0 1 0
0 1 0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0 1 0
Entered Matrix
A: 0 1 1 0 0 0
B: 0 0 1 1 0 0
C: 1 0 0 0 1 1
D: 1 0 0 0 1 0
E: 0 1 0 1 0 1
F: 0 0 1 0 1 0
Enter the Path Length
2
Enter the Source Node
A
Enter the Destination Node
D
Message Received: Yes, there exists a path of length 2 from node A to node D!
Getting the graph image...
Received Bytes (450x450) : 1651134359825
```

#### VISUALIZING GRAPH:



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## GRAPH + CLIENT WINDOW



The screenshot displays a Java application with two windows. The 'Graph Visualization' window shows a directed graph with six nodes (A, B, C, D, E, F) and their connections. The 'Client' window shows the user input and the program's response.

**Graph Visualization:** A directed graph with six nodes (A, B, C, D, E, F) and their connections. The nodes are arranged in a roughly circular pattern with A at the bottom, B in the middle, and C, D, E, F around the top. The connections are as follows: A to B, A to C, B to D, B to E, C to D, C to E, C to F, D to E, E to F, and F to C.

**Client Window:**

```
"C:\Users\SIDDHANT MITTAL\.jdk\openjdk-17.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:D:\IntelliJ"
Enter the Number of Nodes (Min: 3 and Max: 10)
6
Enter the Elements of Matrix
0 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 1 1 0 0
1 0 0 0 1 1
1 0 0 0 1 0
0 1 0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0 1 0
Entered Matrix
A: 0 1 1 0 0 0
B: 0 0 1 1 0 0
C: 1 0 0 0 1 1
D: 1 0 0 0 1 0
E: 0 1 0 1 0 1
F: 0 0 1 0 1 0
Enter the Path Length
2
Enter the Source Node
A
Enter the Destination Node
D
Message Received: Yes, there exists a path of length 2 from node A to node D!
Getting the graph image....
Received Bytes (450x450) : 1651134359825
```

## Sample Input 2:

Number of nodes: 6

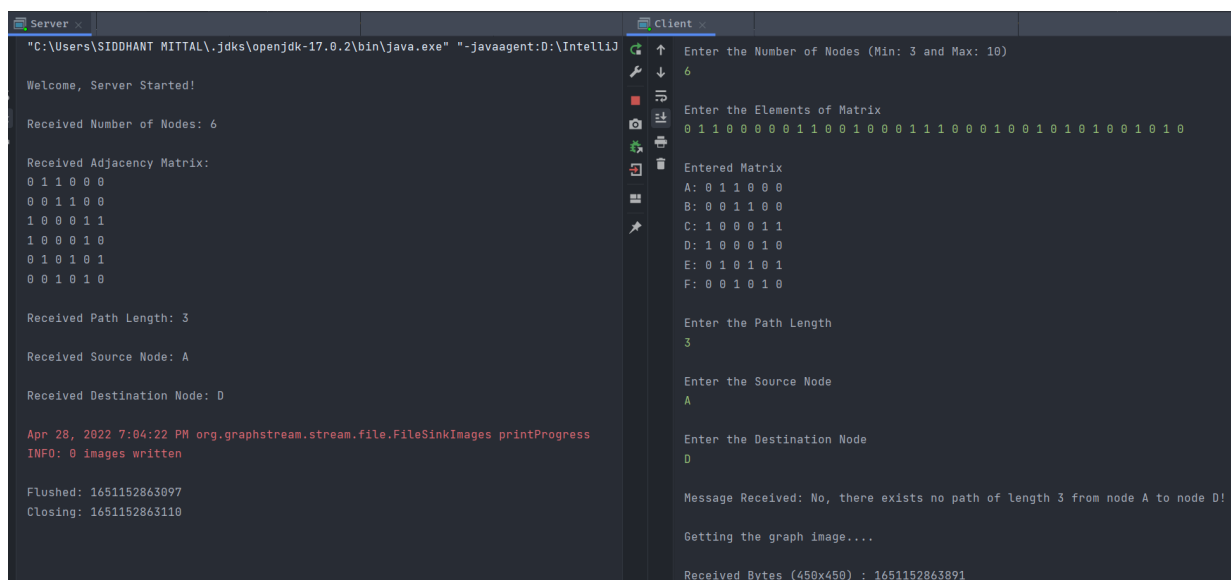
Matrix: 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0

Path Length: 2

Source Node: A

Destination Node: D

## SERVER + CLIENT WINDOWS:



The screenshot displays a Java application with two windows. The 'Server' window shows the server's output, and the 'Client' window shows the user input and the program's response.

**Server Window:**

```
"C:\Users\SIDDHANT MITTAL\.jdk\openjdk-17.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:D:\IntelliJ"
Welcome, Server Started!
Received Number of Nodes: 6
Received Adjacency Matrix:
0 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 1 1 0 0
1 0 0 0 1 1
1 0 0 0 1 0
0 1 0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0 1 0
Received Path Length: 3
Received Source Node: A
Received Destination Node: D
Apr 28, 2022 7:04:22 PM org.graphstream.stream.file.FileSinkImages printProgress
INFO: 0 images written
Flushed: 1651152863097
Closing: 1651152863110
```

**Client Window:**

```
"C:\Users\SIDDHANT MITTAL\.jdk\openjdk-17.0.2\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:D:\IntelliJ"
Enter the Number of Nodes (Min: 3 and Max: 10)
6
Enter the Elements of Matrix
0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0
Entered Matrix
A: 0 1 1 0 0 0
B: 0 0 1 1 0 0
C: 1 0 0 0 1 1
D: 1 0 0 0 1 0
E: 0 1 0 1 0 1
F: 0 0 1 0 1 0
Enter the Path Length
3
Enter the Source Node
A
Enter the Destination Node
D
Message Received: No, there exists no path of length 3 from node A to node D!
Getting the graph image....
Received Bytes (450x450) : 1651152863891
```

## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

### GRAPH + CLIENT WINDOW

Graph Visualization window shows a directed graph with 6 nodes (A, B, C, D, E, F) and various edges.

Client window shows the input of 6 nodes, a 6x6 adjacency matrix, and a path length of 3. It also displays the entered matrix and a message indicating no path of length 3 exists from node A to node D.

```
Enter the Number of Nodes (Min: 3 and Max: 10)
6

Enter the Elements of Matrix
0 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 1 1 0 0
1 0 0 0 1 1
1 0 0 0 1 0
0 1 0 1 0 1
0 0 1 0 1 0

Entered Matrix
A: 0 1 1 0 0 0
B: 0 0 1 1 0 0
C: 1 0 0 0 1 1
D: 1 0 0 0 1 0
E: 0 1 0 1 0 1
F: 0 0 1 0 1 0

Enter the Path Length
3

Enter the Source Node
A

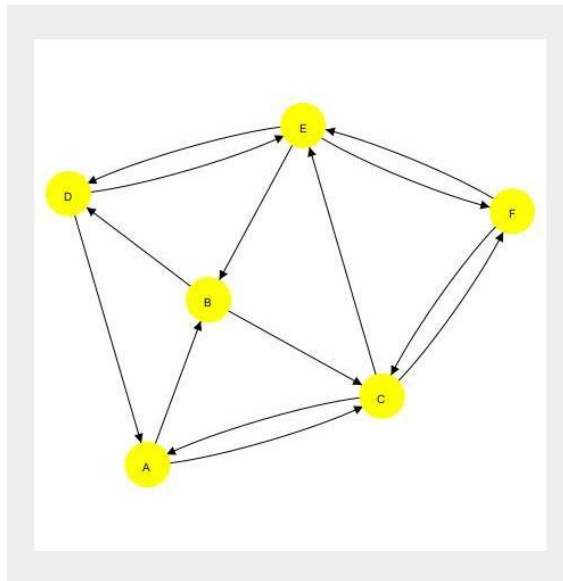
Enter the Destination Node
D

Message Received: No, there exists no path of length 3 from node A to node D!

Getting the graph image....

Received Bytes (450x450) : 1651153069788
```

### VISUALIZING GRAPH:



## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

### ❖ Server side code –

```
❖ /*
 * CN-2022 GRADED LAB
 * SIDDHANT MITTAL
 * 19101110388
 */

/*SERVER SIDE CODE*/

/* IMPORTS */
import java.io.*;
import java.net.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.List;
import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import java.nio.ByteBuffer;
import org.graphstream.graph.Node;
import org.graphstream.graph.implementations.MultiGraph;
import org.graphstream.stream.file.FileSinkImages;
import org.graphstream.stream.file.FileSinkImages.OutputType;
import org.graphstream.stream.file.FileSinkImages.LayoutPolicy;

public class Server {
    /* GLOBAL VARIABLES */
    static int nodes;
    static int[][] gAdjMatrix = new int[10][10];
    static DataOutputStream output;

    /* FUNCTION TO CHECK IF DESIRED PATH LENGTH IS PRESENT IN THE
    GIVEN LENGTHS */
    public static boolean lengthCheck(ArrayList<Integer>[] list, int
source, int dest, int vertices, int reqLength) {

        //ARRAY OF VISITED NODES
        boolean[] hasVisited = new boolean[vertices];
        ArrayList<Integer> path = new ArrayList<>();

        //ADD THE SOURCE NODE AND SUBTRACT 1
        path.add(source);
        ArrayList<Integer> pathLen = new ArrayList<>();

        //CALL DFS FUNCTION RECURSIVELY
        DFS(list, source, dest, pathLen, hasVisited, path);

        //RETURN IF PATH LENGTH EXIST OR NOT
        return pathLen.contains(reqLength);
    }

    /* FUNCTION THAT RECURSIVELY CHECKS PATH */
    private static void DFS(ArrayList<Integer>[] list, Integer
source, Integer dest, List<Integer> lengths, boolean[] hasVisited,
List<Integer> pathList) {

        if (source.equals(dest)) {

            //ADD PATH LENGTH TO LIST
            lengths.add(pathList.size()-1);
```

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```
//IF NODE FOUND RETURN
return;
}

//MARK CURR NODE AS VISITED
hasVisited[source] = true;

//VISIT ALL ADJ NODES FOR ALL VERTICES
for (Integer i : list[source]) {
    if (!hasVisited[i]) {
        pathList.add(i);
        DFS(list, i, dest, lengths, hasVisited, pathList);
        pathList.remove(i);
    }
}

//MARK THE CURR NODE
hasVisited[dest] = false;
}

/* FUNCTION TO TRANSFORM MATRIX TO LIST */
public static ArrayList<Integer>[] matrix_to_list(int[][]
matrix){

    /* STORING NUMBER OF VERTICES */
    int v = matrix[0].length;

    ArrayList<Integer>[] list = new ArrayList[v];

    /* CREATING A NEW LIST FOR EACH VERTEX */
    for(int i=0;i<v;i++){
        list[i]=(new ArrayList<Integer>());
    }

    /* STORING THE VERTICES IN LIST */
    for (int i = 0; i < matrix[0].length; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < matrix.length; j++) {
            if (matrix[i][j] >= 1) {
                list[i].add(j);
            }
        }
    }

    return list;
}

/* MAIN FUNCTION */
public static void main(String[] args)throws Exception {

    //SETTING SYSTEM PROP FOR INTEGRATING GRAPHSTREAM WITH SWING
    System.setProperty("org.graphstream.ui", "swing");

    try{
        //CREATING SERVER SOCKET BINDED TO A PORT
        ServerSocket serverSocket = new ServerSocket(5678);
        System.out.println();
        System.out.println("Welcome, Server Started!");

        while(true) {
            Socket socket = serverSocket.accept();

```



## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

```
//DATA INPUT STREAM TO TAKE INPUT FROM CLIENT
DataInputStream input = new
DataInputStream(socket.getInputStream());

//OUTPUT STREAM TO STORE THE OUTPUT AND SEND TO
CLIENT
output = new
DataOutputStream(socket.getOutputStream());

//STORING THE INPUT MATRIX
nodes = input.readInt();
for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++)
    for (int j = 0; j < nodes; j++)
        gAdjMatrix[i][j] = input.readInt();

//READING DATA FROM CLIENT
int length = input.readInt();
int source = input.readInt();
int dest = input.readInt();

System.out.println();

System.out.println("Received Number of Nodes: " +
nodes + "\n");

System.out.println("Received Adjacency Matrix:");
for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < nodes; j++) {
        System.out.print(gAdjMatrix[i][j] + " ");
    }
    System.out.println();
}

System.out.println();

System.out.println("Received Path Length: " + length
+ "\n");

System.out.println("Received Source Node: " +
(char)((int)source + (int)'A') + "\n");

System.out.println("Received Destination Node: " +
(char)((int)dest + (int)'A') + "\n");

//CONVERTING MATRIX TO LIST
ArrayList<Integer>[] adjList;
adjList = matrix_to_list(gAdjMatrix);

//INITIALIZING A GRAPH (GRAPHSTREAM)
MultiGraph graph = new MultiGraph("USE");

//SETTING UP ATTRIBUTES FOR GRAPH
graph.setAttribute("ui.quality");
graph.setAttribute("ui.antialias");

//CREATING GRAPH NODES
for(int i=0;i<nodes;i++){
    graph.addNode(String.valueOf(i+1));
}
```

## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

```
//DESIGNING THE NODES
for(int i=0;i<nodes;i++){
    Node e1=graph.getNode(String.valueOf(i+1));
    e1.setAttribute("ui.style", "shape:circle;fill-
color: yellow;size: 40px;");
    e1.setAttribute("ui.label",
String.valueOf((char) (i+ (int) 'A')));
}

//CONSTRUCTING THE EDGES WRT THE MATRIX RECEIVED
for(int i=0;i<nodes;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<nodes;j++) {
        if(gAdjMatrix[i][j]==1) {
            String init = String.valueOf(i + 1);
            String end = String.valueOf(j + 1);
            String id = init+end;
            graph.addEdge(id, init, end, true);
        }
    }
}

//TAKING SCREENSHOT OF THE CREATED GRAPH
FileSinkImages img = FileSinkImages.createDefault();

//SETTING UP ALL ATTRIBUTES OF IMAGE
img.setOutputType(OutputType.JPG);
img.setResolution(400,400);

img.setLayoutPolicy(LayoutPolicy.COMPUTED_FULLY_AT_NEW_IMAGE);

//STORING THE IMAGE
img.writeAll(graph,"graph.jpg");

//READING THE STORED IMAGE
BufferedImage image = ImageIO.read(new
File("D:\\Sockets_Assignment\\graph.jpg"));

//CREATING A BYTE ARRAY FOR OUTPUT STREAM
ByteArrayOutputStream byteArrayOutputStream = new
ByteArrayOutputStream();

//WRITING THE IMAGE
ImageIO.write(image, "jpg", byteArrayOutputStream);

//CHECK IF THE PATH EXISTS
boolean flag = lengthCheck(adjList, source, dest,
nodes, length);

//SENDING THE RESPONSE TO CLIENT AFTER CHECKING
char res;
if(flag)
    res = 'Y';
else
    res = 'N';

//SENDING THE RESPONSE
output.writeChar(res);

//BYTE ARRAY TO STORE THE IMAGE AS BYTES
byte[] size =
ByteBuffer.allocate(4).putInt(byteArrayOutputStream.size()).array();
```

## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

```
        output.write(size);

        //SENDING THE IMAGE AS BYTES
        output.write(byteArrayOutputStream.toByteArray());
        output.flush();

        System.out.println();

        System.out.println("Flushed: " +
System.currentTimeMillis());
        //Thread.sleep(120000);
        System.out.println("Closing: " +
System.currentTimeMillis());
    }
    } catch (IOException e) {
        System.out.println("ERROR: " + e);
    }
}
}
```

### ❖ Client Side Code –

```
❖ /*
 * CN-2022 GRADED LAB
 * SIDDHANT MITTAL
 * 1910110388
 */

/*CLIENT SIDE CODE*/

/* IMPORTS */
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import java.io.*;
import java.net.Socket;
import java.nio.ByteBuffer;
import java.util.Scanner;
import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
import javax.swing.*;

public class Client extends JFrame{

    //GLOBAL IMAGE VARIABLE
    static Image global_img;

    public void paint(Graphics g) {
        super.paint(g);
        Image img = global_img;
        //PAINTING IMAGE FROM RECEIVED BYTES
        g.drawImage(img, 100, 100, this);
    }

    /* MAIN FUNCTION */
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println();
```

## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

```
/* TAKING NUMBER OF NODES FROM USER */
System.out.println("Enter the Number of Nodes (Min: 3 and
Max: 10)");
int nodes = input.nextInt();

System.out.println();

// DECLARING THE MATRIX
int[][] adjMat = new int[nodes][nodes];
int val;

// TAKING THE MATRIX AS INPUT FROM USER
System.out.println("Enter the Elements of Matrix");
for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++)
    for (int j = 0; j < nodes; j++) {
        val = input.nextInt();
        if(val >= 1)
            val = 1;
        else
            val = 0;
        adjMat[i][j] = val;
    }

System.out.println();

// DISPLAYING THE ENTERED MATRIX WRT THE NODE
System.out.println("Entered Matrix");
StringBuilder s = new StringBuilder();
for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
    s.append((char) (i + (int) 'A')).append(": ");
    for (int j : adjMat[i]) {
        s.append(j).append(" ");
    }
    s.append("\n");
}
System.out.print(s);

System.out.println();

//TAKING PATH LENGTH AS INPUT
System.out.println("Enter the path length");
int length = input.nextInt();

System.out.println();

//TAKING SOURCE NODE AS INPUT AND CONVERTING IT TO INDEX
VALUE
System.out.println("Enter the start node");
int source =
(int)Character.toUpperCase(input.next().charAt(0)) - (int)'A';

System.out.println();

//TAKING DESTINATION NODE AS INPUT AND CONVERTING IT TO INDEX
VALUE
System.out.println("Enter the end node");
int dest = (int)Character.toUpperCase(input.next().charAt(0))
- (int)'A';

System.out.println();
```

## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

```
// ESTABLISHING TCP CONNECTION TO COMMUNICATE WITH SERVER
try {
    //INITIALIZING A CLIENT SIDE CONNECTION
    Socket clientSocket = new Socket("localhost", 5678);

    //INPUT STREAM OBJECT TO TAKE INPUT
    DataInputStream dataInput = new
DataInputStream(clientSocket.getInputStream());

    //OUTPUT STREAM OBJECT TO GET OUTPUT
    DataOutputStream dataOutput = new
DataOutputStream(clientSocket.getOutputStream());

    //SENDING DATA TO SERVER

    //SENDING THE NUMBER OF NODES NAD ADJACENCY MATRIX
    dataOutput.writeInt(nodes);
    dataOutput.flush();

    for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < nodes; j++)
            dataOutput.writeInt(adjMat[i][j]);
    dataOutput.flush();

    //PATH LENGTH SENT
    dataOutput.writeInt(length);
    dataOutput.flush();

    //SENDING SOURCE AND DESTINATION NODES
    dataOutput.writeInt(source);
    dataOutput.flush();
    dataOutput.writeInt(dest);
    dataOutput.flush();

    //READ RESPONSE FROM SEVER
    char res = dataInput.readChar();

    //CONVERTING INT TO CHARS
    char sNode = (char)((int)source + (int)'A');
    char dNode = (char)((int)dest + (int)'A');

    String message = "";

    //CHECK RESPONSE AND CREATE DISPLAY MESSAGE
    if(res == 'Y'){
        message = "Yes, there exists a path of length " +
length + " from node " + sNode + " to node " + dNode + "!";
    }else if(res == 'N'){
        message = "No, there exists no path of length " +
length + " from node " + sNode+ " to node " + dNode + "!";
    }

    System.out.println("Message Received: " + message);

    System.out.println();

    //CREATING A BYTE ARRAY
    byte[] sizeAr = new byte[4];

    //READING THE BYTES SENT FROM SERVER
    dataInput.read(sizeAr);
```

## Computer Networks (CSD304) – Socket Programming Graded Assignment

```
//FIND THE SIZE OF BYTES ARRAY
int size = ByteBuffer.wrap(sizeAr).asIntBuffer().get();

//CREATING A BYTE ARRAY FOR IMAGE
byte[] imageArray = new byte[size];
dataInput.read(imageArray);

//CREATING THE IMAGE FROM RECEIVED BYTES
BufferedImage image = ImageIO.read(new
ByteArrayInputStream(imageArray));

//STORING THE IMAGE IN GLOBAL VARIABLE TO SEND IT TO
CONSTRUCTOR (PAINT) FOR PAINTING THE IMAGE
global_img = image;

//DISPLAYING THE IMAGE RECEIVED USING JFrame
JFrame frame = new Client();
frame.setTitle("Graph Visualization");
frame.setSize(600, 600);
frame.setVisible(true);

System.out.println("Getting the graph image....");
System.out.println();
System.out.println("Received Bytes (" + image.getHeight()
+ "x" + image.getWidth() + ") : " + System.currentTimeMillis());

//CLOSING THE CONNECTION
dataOutput.close();
clientSocket.close();

} catch (IOException ex){
    System.out.println("ERROR: " + ex);
}
}
```

---