

ASSIGNMENT - III

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Course Name : Computer Networks

Course Code : CSA-0735

Course faculty : Dr. Rajaram
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Topic : A cloud provider InterConnects
Data Centers Using OSPF and
minimizes routing table Entries
Using Summarization.

* Scenario : A cloud provider Inter Connects Data Centers Using OSPF and minimizes routing table entries Using Summarization.

* Parameters :

1. OSPF Convergence.
2. Summarization.
3. Routing table Optimization.

Questions :

1. If $\frac{16}{24}$ networks are Summarized into $\frac{a}{20}$, how many routes are Saved ?

Sol. Each $\frac{16}{24}$ network contains 256 IPs, and if there are 16 of them

Number of Original routes = 16 routes

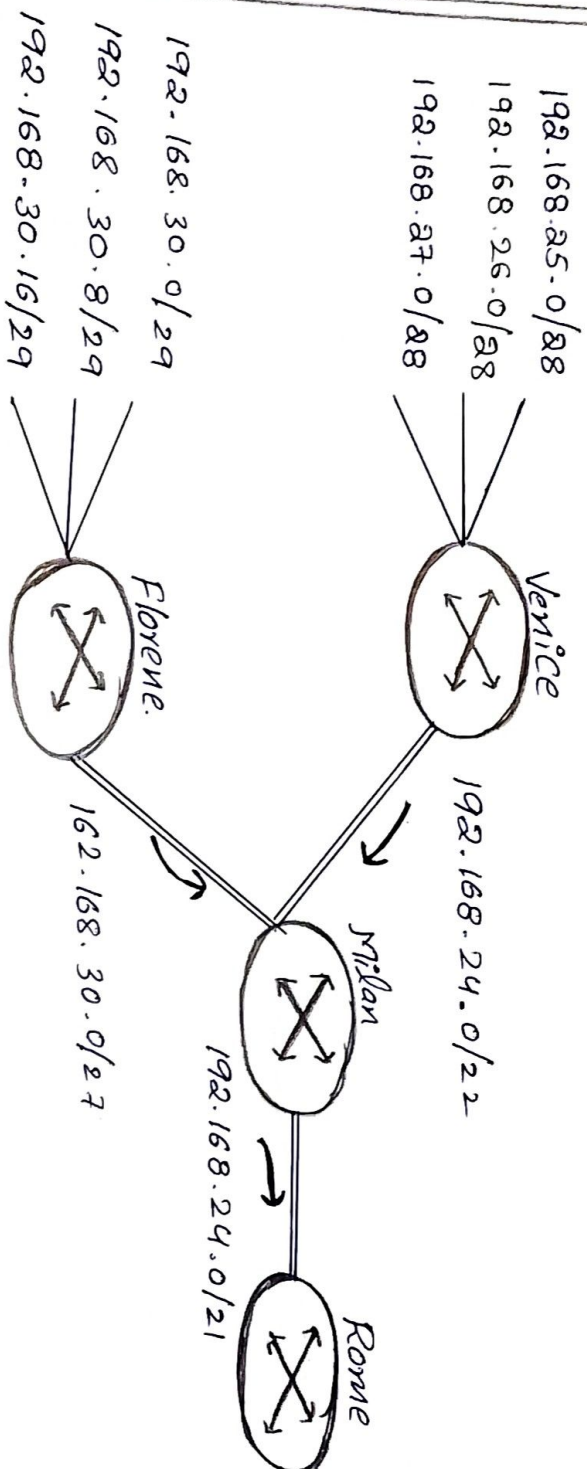
After Summarization into a single $\frac{a}{20}$:

Only 1 Summarized route.

Routes Saved $\Rightarrow 16 - 1$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{15}$

Route Summarization.



2. What is the total Number of IPs in $\frac{9}{20}$ Subnet?

So) An IPv4 address is 32 bits.

$\Rightarrow \frac{9}{20}$ Subnet has $\Rightarrow 32 - 20$

$\Rightarrow 12$ Bits for host portion.

$\Rightarrow 2^n \Rightarrow 2^{12} = 4096$ IP addresses.

Total IPs in $\frac{9}{20} \Rightarrow \boxed{4096}$

3. How does OSPF cost metric Influence route Selection Between two 1 Gbps Links?

So) OSPF calculates costs as:

Default reference bandwidth in OSPF is 100 Mbps, Unless changed.

So, for a 1 Gbps (1000 Mbps) Link:

If both Links are 1 Gbps, their OSPF cost is Equal, so OSPF May.

Use Equal-Cost load balancing.

Choose based on additional metrics

Eg: router ID, path stability.