

PPEC - Week 3

Assignment Report

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Chapter 1

VM Disk Configuration

1.1 Virsh commands

```
1 virsh list --all
2 virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth101
3 virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth102
4 virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth103
5 virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth104
6 virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth105
```

Listing 1.1: Virsh commands

Explanation

- Line 1: Runs `virsh list --all` to display all VMs managed by libvirt (both running and shut off).
- Line 2: Runs `virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth101` to list block devices (disks) attached to VM `stg-hdpsiddharth101`.
- Line 3: Runs `virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth102` to list block devices for VM `stg-hdpsiddharth102`.
- Line 4: Runs `virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth103` to list block devices for VM `stg-hdpsiddharth103`.
- Line 5: Runs `virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth104` to list block devices for VM `stg-hdpsiddharth104`.
- Line 6: Runs `virsh domblklist stg-hdpsiddharth105` to list block devices for VM `stg-hdpsiddharth105`.

1.2 Attaching disk of size 100G

```
1 #!/bin/bash
2
3 # List all available VMs
4 virsh list --all
5
6 echo "Enter the ID of the VM to attach the disk:"
7 read VM_ID
8
9 # Get the VM name from the ID
10 VM_NAME=$(virsh list --all | awk -v id="$VM_ID" ' $1 == id {
11     print $2 }')
12
13 if [ -z "$VM_NAME" ]; then
14     echo "Invalid VM ID. Exiting."
15     exit 1
16 fi
17
18 echo "Selected VM: $VM_NAME"
19
20 echo "Enter the service name:"
21 read SERVICE
22
23 echo "Enter the disk size (e.g., 100G):"
24 read SIZE
25
26 echo "Enter the target device (vdc/vdd/vde/etc.):"
27 read DEVICE
28
29 # Construct disk image path
30 DISK_PATH="/opt/var/lib/libvirt/disks/1/${VM_NAME}-${SERVICE}
31    }-${SIZE}.img"
32
33 # Create and set permissions for the disk image
34 qemu-img create -f qcow2 "$DISK_PATH" "$SIZE"
35 chown libvirt-qemu:kvm "$DISK_PATH"
36 chmod 755 "$DISK_PATH"
37 ls -ltrh "$DISK_PATH"
38
39 # Attach the disk to the VM
40 virsh attach-disk --domain "$VM_NAME" "$DISK_PATH" --driver
41     qemu --subdriver qcow2 --targetbus virtio --target "
42     $DEVICE" --persistent --config --live
```

Listing 1.2: Script for attaching disk

Explanation

- Line 1: Declares the script interpreter as Bash (`#!/bin/bash`).
- Line 3: Adds a comment describing that the script lists available VMs.
- Line 4: Runs `virsh list --all` to display all defined VMs (running and shut off).
- Line 6: Prompts the user to enter the ID of the VM to which the disk will be attached.
- Line 7: Reads the VM ID input from the user.
- Line 9: Adds a comment indicating that the script retrieves the VM name from the given ID.
- Line 10: Uses `virsh list --all` and `awk` to extract the VM name corresponding to the entered ID.
- Lines 12–15: Checks if `VM_NAME` is empty. If invalid, prints an error and exits.
- Line 17: Displays the selected VM name.
- Line 19: Prompts the user to enter a service name (identifier for the disk).
- Line 20: Reads the service name input.
- Line 22: Prompts for the new disk size (e.g., 100G).
- Line 23: Reads the disk size input.
- Line 25: Prompts for the target device name inside the VM (e.g., `vdc`, `vdd`).
- Line 26: Reads the device name input.
- Line 28: Adds a comment indicating construction of the disk image path.
- Line 29: Builds the disk image path using VM name, service name, and size, stored under `/opt/var/lib/libvirt/disks/1/`.
- Line 31: Comment about creating the disk image file and setting proper permissions.
- Line 32: Creates a new `qcow2` disk image with `qemu-img`.
- Line 33: Sets ownership of the disk image to `libvirt-qemu:kvm`.
- Line 34: Sets permissions to `755` for the new disk file.
- Line 35: Lists details of the created disk image for verification.
- Line 37: Comment indicating attachment of the disk to the VM.
- Line 38: Uses `virsh attach-disk` to attach the created disk to the VM, with parameters:
 - `domain`: Target VM name.
 - `driver qemu --subdriver qcow2`: Specifies the disk type.
 - `targetbus virtio`: Ensures the disk uses virtio for performance.
 - `target $DEVICE`: Specifies the VM device name (e.g., `vdc`).
 - `persistent --config --live`: Ensures the disk is attached both immediately and persistently across reboots.

1.3 Screenshots

```
[root@stg-hdpsinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]$ virsh list --all
Id      Name                                State
-----
 6      stg-hdpsiddharth101                running
 7      stg-hdpsiddharth102                running
 8      stg-hdpsiddharth103                running
 9      stg-hdpsiddharth104                running
10      stg-hdpsiddharth105                running

[root@stg-hdpsinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]$ virsh domblklist 6
Target  Source
-----
vda     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/images/stg-hdpsiddharth101.img
vdb     /opt/ppec-agent/cloudinits/stg-hdpsiddharth101.img
vdc     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/disks/1/stg-hdpsiddharth101-log-100G.img

[root@stg-hdpsinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]$ virsh domblklist 7
Target  Source
-----
vda     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/images/stg-hdpsiddharth102.img
vdb     /opt/ppec-agent/cloudinits/stg-hdpsiddharth102.img
vdc     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/disks/1/stg-hdpsiddharth102-log-100G.img

[root@stg-hdpsinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]$ virsh domblklist 8
Target  Source
-----
vda     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/images/stg-hdpsiddharth103.img
vdb     /opt/ppec-agent/cloudinits/stg-hdpsiddharth103.img
vdc     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/disks/1/stg-hdpsiddharth103-log-100G.img

[root@stg-hdpsinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]$ virsh domblklist 9
Target  Source
-----
vda     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/images/stg-hdpsiddharth104.img
vdb     /opt/ppec-agent/cloudinits/stg-hdpsiddharth104.img
vdc     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/disks/1/stg-hdpsiddharth104-log-100G.img

[root@stg-hdpsinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]$ virsh domblklist 10
Target  Source
-----
vda     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/images/stg-hdpsiddharth105.img
vdb     /opt/ppec-agent/cloudinits/stg-hdpsiddharth105.img
vdc     /opt/var/lib/libvirt/disks/1/stg-hdpsiddharth105-log-100G.img
```

Figure 1.1: VM's Status and block devices attached to them

Chapter 2

VM Resource Modification

2.1 Editing XML file

```
1 #Take backup
2 virsh dumpxml stg-hdpsiddharth105 > /home/sre/stg-
   hdpsiddharth105-bkp
3
4 #shutdown vm
5 virsh shutdown <VM>
6
7 #edit this part
8 virsh edit stg-hdpsiddharth105
9 <memory unit='KiB'>33554432</memory>
10 <currentMemory unit='KiB'>33554432</currentMemory>
11 <vcpu placement='static'>8</vcpu>
12
13
14 #Start vm
15 virsh start <VM>
```

Listing 2.1: Steps for resource modification

Explanation

- Step 1: First, shut down the VM gracefully using `virsh shutdown <vm-name>` to ensure no data corruption.
- Step 2: Take a backup of the current VM XML definition with `virsh dumpxml <vm-name> > vm-backup` for recovery if needed.
- Step 3: Edit the VM XML definition with `virsh edit <vm-name>` and modify the following lines:
`<memory unit='KiB'>33554432</memory>` → Sets total memory to 32 GiB (in KiB units).
`<currentMemory unit='KiB'>33554432</currentMemory>` → Defines the

memory allocated at runtime (also 32 GiB).

`<vcpu placement='static'>8</vcpu>` → Assigns 8 virtual CPUs to the VM with static placement.

- Step 4: Save and exit the editor to apply the changes.

- Step 5: Restart the VM with `virsh start <vm-name>` so the new CPU and memory settings take effect.

2.2 Screenshots

```
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth101:~]$ free -g
              total        used        free      shared    buff/cache   available
Mem:           31           0           29           0           1           30
Swap:          0           0            0
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth101:~]$ nproc
8
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth101:~]$ lsblk
NAME        MAJ:MIN RM  SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
vda         252:0    0   50G  0 disk
├─vda1      252:1    0  49.9G  0 part /
├─vda14     252:14   0    4M  0 part
└─vda15     252:15   0  106M  0 part /boot/efi
vdb         252:16   0  368K  0 disk
vdc         252:32   0  100G  0 disk
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth101:~]$
```

Figure 2.1: stg-hdpsiddharth101 Status

```
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth102:~]$ free -g
              total        used        free      shared    buff/cache   available
Mem:           31           0           30           0           0           30
Swap:          0           0            0
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth102:~]$ nproc
8
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth102:~]$ lsblk
NAME        MAJ:MIN RM  SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
vda         252:0    0   50G  0 disk
├─vda1      252:1    0  49.9G  0 part /
├─vda14     252:14   0    4M  0 part
└─vda15     252:15   0  106M  0 part /boot/efi
vdb         252:16   0  368K  0 disk
vdc         252:32   0  100G  0 disk
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth102:~]$
```

Figure 2.2: stg-hdpsiddharth102 Status

```
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth103:~$ nproc
8
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth103:~$ free -g
              total        used          free      shared  buff/cache   available
Mem:           31           0           30           0           0           30
Swap:          0           0           0
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth103:~$ nproc
8
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth103:~$ lsblk
NAME        MAJ:MIN RM   SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
vda         252:0    0   50G  0 disk
├─vda1      252:1    0  49.9G  0 part /
├─vda14     252:14   0    4M   0 part
└─vda15     252:15   0   106M  0 part /boot/efi
vdb         252:16   0   368K  0 disk
vdc         252:32   0   100G  0 disk
sre@stg-hdpsiddharth103:~$ █
```

Figure 2.3: stg-hdpsiddharth103 Status

```
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth104:~$ free -g
              total        used          free      shared  buff/cache   available
Mem:           31           0           30           0           0           30
Swap:          0           0           0
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth104:~$ nproc
8
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth104:~$ lsblk
NAME        MAJ:MIN RM   SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
vda         252:0    0   50G  0 disk
├─vda1      252:1    0  49.9G  0 part /
├─vda14     252:14   0    4M   0 part
└─vda15     252:15   0   106M  0 part /boot/efi
vdb         252:16   0   368K  0 disk
vdc         252:32   0   100G  0 disk
sre@stg-hdpsiddharth104:~$ █
```

Figure 2.4: stg-hdpsiddharth104 Status

```
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth105:~$ free -g
              total        used          free      shared  buff/cache   available
Mem:           31           0           30           0           0           30
Swap:          0           0           0
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth105:~$ nproc
8
[sre@stg-hdpsiddharth105:~$ lsblk
NAME        MAJ:MIN RM   SIZE RO TYPE MOUNTPOINT
vda         252:0    0   50G  0 disk
├─vda1      252:1    0  49.9G  0 part /
├─vda14     252:14   0    4M   0 part
└─vda15     252:15   0   106M  0 part /boot/efi
vdb         252:16   0   368K  0 disk
vdc         252:32   0   100G  0 disk
sre@stg-hdpsiddharth105:~$ █
```

Figure 2.5: stg-hdpsiddharth105 Status

Chapter 3

Remote File Management via NBD

3.1 NBD set-up

```
1 modprobe nbd max_part=8
2 qemu-nbd --connect=/dev/nbd0 /opt/var/lib/libvirt/images/stg-
  hdpsiddharth105.img
3 fdisk -l /dev/nbd0
4 mkdir -p /mnt/nbd_vm
5 mount /dev/nbd0p1 /mnt/nbd_vm
6 #REMOVE THE TEMPORARY FILE BY ACCESING IT THROUGH /mnt/nbd_vm
7 umount /mnt/nbd_vm
8 qemu-nbd --disconnect /dev/nbd0
9 rmdir /mnt/nbd_vm
```

Listing 3.1: steps for nbd setup

Explanation

- Line 1: Loads the **nbd** (Network Block Device) kernel module with support for up to 8 partitions per device.
- Line 2: Connects the VM disk image (**stg-hdpsiddharth105.img**) to the local block device **/dev/nbd0** using **qemu-nbd**.
- Line 3: Lists the partition table of **/dev/nbd0** to identify available partitions inside the VM's disk.
- Line 4: Creates a local mount directory **/mnt/nbd_vm** to serve as the mount point.
- Line 5: Mounts the first partition of the NBD device (**/dev/nbd0p1**) onto **/mnt/nbd_vm**, making the VM filesystem accessible.
- Line 6: Removes the temporary file from inside the mounted filesystem by accessing it through **/mnt/nbd_vm**.

- Line 7: Unmounts the filesystem from `/mnt/nbd_vm` to safely detach it.
- Line 8: Disconnects the NBD device (`/dev/nbd0`) from the VM disk image, freeing the device.
- Line 9: Removes the temporary mount directory `/mnt/nbd_vm` to clean up.

3.2 Screenshots

```
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]# virsh list --all
Id      Name                                     State
-----
6       stg-hdpsiddharth101                    running
7       stg-hdpsiddharth102                    running
8       stg-hdpsiddharth103                    running
9       stg-hdpsiddharth104                    running
-       stg-hdpsiddharth105                    shut off

[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]# qemu-nbd --connect=/dev/nbd0 /opt/var/lib/libvirt/images/stg-hdpsiddharth105.img
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]# fdisk -l /dev/nbd0
Disk /dev/nbd0: 50 GiB, 53687091200 bytes, 104857600 sectors
Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes
Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes
Disklabel type: gpt
Disk identifier: A29E570E-1767-4110-86C7-775F7F80781

Device      Start      End      Sectors  Size Type
/dev/nbd0p1 227328 104857566 104630239 49.9G Linux filesystem
/dev/nbd0p14 2048    10239    8192     4M BIOS boot
/dev/nbd0p15 10240    227327   217088   100M EFI System

Partition table entries are not in disk order.
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]# mkdir -p /mnt/nbd_vm
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]# ls
snap
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 ~]# cd /
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 /]# ls
backup bin boot dev disable_if_netplan.sh etc home install_grub.sh lib lib32 lib64 libx32 lost+found media mnt opt proc root run sbin snap SPACE_SAVER_FILE srv storage sys test usr var
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 /]# cd mnt/
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 mnt]# ls
nbd_vm
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 mnt]# mount /dev/nbd0p1 /mnt/nbd_vm
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 mnt]# ls
nbd_vm
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 mnt]# cd nbd_vm/
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 nbd_vm]# ls
bin boot dev etc home lib lib32 lib64 libx32 lost+found media mnt opt proc root run sbin snap SPACE_SAVER_FILE srv sys usr var
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 nbd_vm]# cd home/
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 home]# cd sre/
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 sre]# ls
hello.txt
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 sre]# rm -f hello.txt
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 sre]# ls
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 sre]# umount /mnt/nbd_vm
umount: /mnt/nbd_vm: target is busy.
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 sre]# cd /
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 /]# umount /mnt/nbd_vm
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 /]# qemu-nbd --disconnect /dev/nbd0
/dev/nbd0 disconnected
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 /]# rmdir /mnt/nbd_vm
[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 /]# virsh start stg-hdpsiddharth105
Domain stg-hdpsiddharth105 started

[root@stg-hdpinterncloudb102.phonepe.nb6 /]#
```

Figure 3.1: using nbd to remove hello.txt on stg-hdpsiddharth105