

HU - 101 Basic English (C-24)

Course Title	Basic English	Course Code	HU - 101
Semester	I	Course Group	Foundation
Teaching Scheme in Minutes (L:T)	3: 2	Credits	2.5
Methodology	Communicative Language Teaching + Assignments	Total Contact Hours	75
CIE	60 Marks	SEE	40 Marks

Prerequisites: Basic knowledge of English Language

COURSE CONTENTS

MODULE 1: VOCABULARY THROUGH READING - I

Duration: 15 Periods (L 9 P 6)

1. How to Learn a New Word
 - a. Spelling, pronunciation, syllabification, word class, inflections and the other forms of the word
 - b. Meanings, usage, derivatives, phrasal verbs, idiomatic expressions and context for using the word
 - c. Compound words, etymology, synonyms, antonyms and collocations.
2. Synonyms, Antonyms and One-Word Substitutes
3. Reading – I
 - a. Purpose of Reading
 - b. Types of Reading
 - c. Types of Paragraphs and Questions (Factual, Inferential, Vocabulary-based and Experiential)
4. Reading – II

Passages on Innovation, Science and Technology, History, Biography, Travel Writing, Nature Writing, Journal, Story, Process, Cause and Effect, Problem Solution, Evaluation of ideas, Reasons and Conclusion, etc.

MODULE 2: SPEAKING - 1**Duration: 10 Periods (L 6 P 4)**

1. Need for English
2. Classroom English
3. Expressing Likes and Dislikes
4. Expressing Feelings

MODULE 3: GRAMMAR - I**Duration: 15 Periods (L 9 P 6)**

1. Basic Sentence Structures
2. Tenses-I
3. Tenses-II
4. Voice

MODULE 4: SPEAKING – II**Duration: 10 Periods (L 6 P 4)**

1. Introducing Oneself
2. Talking about daily routine
3. Fixing, Cancelling and Rescheduling Appointments
4. Extending, Accepting and Declining Invitations

MODULE 5: GRAMMAR - II**Duration: 15 Periods (L 9 P 6)**

1. Adjectives
2. Prepositions
3. Asking Questions –I
4. Asking Questions - II

MODULE 6: WRITING - I**Duration: 10 Periods (L 6 P 4)**

1. Paragraph Writing – I
2. Paragraph Writing – II
3. Letter Writing – I
4. Letter Writing – II

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO	At the end of the course, the students will have the ability to:
CO 1	Apply newly acquired vocabulary in contextually relevant scenarios, analyze provided passages for comprehension and formulate responses accordingly.
CO 2	Recall the uses of English, construct the frequently used sentences in classroom and express their likes, dislikes and feelings in different contexts.
CO 3	Construct various forms of sentence structures correctly and use different forms of tenses and suitable voice in various contexts.
CO 4	Introduce oneself, discuss one's daily routine, fix appointments and extend invitations.
CO 5	Describe objects using suitable adjectives, select the appropriate prepositions for different contexts and ask dichotomous and informative questions.
CO 6	Convey ideas in the form of paragraphs and compose formal and informal letters.

CO-PO Matrix

CO	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	Mapping POs
CO 1	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	5, 6 and 7
CO 2	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	5, 6 and 7
CO 3	-	-	-	-	1	3	2	5, 6 and 7
CO 4	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	5, 6 and 7
CO 5	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	5, 6 and 7
CO 6	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	5, 6 and 7

CONTINUOUS INTERNAL EVALUATION (CIE)

Test	Modules	Marks	Pattern
Mid - I	1. Vocabulary Through Reading - I 2. Speaking- I	20	Part A: 4 short answer questions Part B: 2 short essay questions with internal choice Part C: 2 essay questions with internal choice
Mid - II	1. Grammar – I 2. Speaking- II	20	Part A: 4 short answer questions Part B: 2 short essay questions with internal choice Part C: 2 essay questions with internal choice
Slip Test - I	1. Vocabulary Through Reading - I 2. Speaking- I	5	2 questions out of 3 questions
Slip Test - II	1. Grammar – I 2. Speaking- II	5	2 questions out of 3 questions
Assignment	One assignment per one semester	5	Different assignments of higher order questions that develop problem solving skills and critical thinking should be given
Seminars	One seminar per one semester	5	Oral presentations using audio-visual equipment, charts, etc.
	Total	60	

MID EXAMINATIONS

MID SEM - I EXAM					
Sl. No.	Module	R	U	A	Remarks
1	Module - I	1, 2	5 (a) (b)	5 7 (a) (b)	7 7
2	Module - II	3, 4	6 (a) (b)	6 8 (a) (b)	8 8
Total Questions		4	4	4	

MID SEM - II EXAM

Sl. No.	Module	R	U	A	Remarks
1	Module - III	1, 2	5 (a) (b)	5 7 (a) (b)	7 8
2	Module - IV	3, 4	6 (a) (b)	6 8 (a) (b)	
Total Questions		4	4	4	

SEMESTER END EXAMINATION

SEMESTER END EXAM					
Sl. NO.	Module	Question to be set for SEE			Remarks
		R		U	A
1	I		1	9 (a)	13 (a)
2	II				
3	III		2	10 (a)	14 (a)
4	IV				
5	V	4		9 (b) 11 (a) 11 (b)	13 (b) 15 (a) 15 (b)
6	VI		3	5, 6 7, 8	10 (b) 12 (a) 12 (b)
Total Questions		8			8 8

Legend:

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Remembering: | One mark |
| Understanding: | Three marks |
| Application: | Five marks |

Suggested Student Activities:

- Practice conversation / dialogue / speech and answer the questions.
- Seminars.
- Review a movie.
- Narrate a story.
- Prepare chain stories.
- Vocabulary building games.
- Speak about incidents /events /memories /dreams/role model.
- Interviews of famous personalities.
- Collect the biographies of unsung heroes.
- Reading for main ideas and specific details.
- Describe pictures.
- Collect the letters written by famous persons and analyze them.
- Describing a process.
- Give directions using maps.

REFERENCES:

1. High School English Grammar & Composition by Wren & Martin
2. Practical English Grammar by A.J Thomson and A.V. Martinet
3. A Course in Phonetics and Spoken English by J. Sethi and P.V Dhamija
4. Word Power Made Easy by Norman Lewis.
5. Essential English Grammar by Raymond Murphy.
6. Spoken English-A Self Learning Guide to Conversation Practice by V. Sasi Kumar.

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION (C-24)
MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION -I
HU-101 BASIC ENGLISH

Time: One Hour

Total Marks: 20

PART - A

1 X 4 = 4 Marks

Instructions: *a) Answer all the questions. b) Each question carries one mark.*

1. Write a sentence each using the following words.
 - a. Report
 - b. Illustrate
2. Find one-word substitute for the following one.
A person who always looks at the brighter side of life.
3. Describe two qualities you dislike in your neighbour.
4. Write how you feel if you get selected for your college cricket team.

PART – B

2 X 3 = 6 Marks

Instructions: *a) Answer the following questions. b) Each question carries three marks.*

5. a) Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:
A dictionary serves as an efficient tool and forms the important reference material as a part of language learning. It provides spelling, pronunciation, stress and different connotations of the words in different contexts. Some dictionaries give etymology and word formation. A dictionary can be general or specialized, translating or giving lexical meanings within a single language. Dictionaries can assist the learning of vocabulary and is especially of great help to students who are learning a language.

- a) What do dictionaries generally provide?
- b) Find a synonym for ‘origin of a word’ from the passage.
- c) How do dictionaries assist in learning a language?

(OR)

- b) Discuss any six ways of learning new vocabulary.

6. a) Explain any three problems one might face while learning English and suggest solutions to each of them.

(OR)

- b) Express any three features you like and three features you dislike in your hostel.

PART – C**2 X 5 = 10 Marks**

Instructions: a) Answer the following questions. b) Each question carries five marks.

7. a) Read the following passage and answer the questions given below it.

Dreams have always held a universal fascination. Some primitive societies believe that the soul leaves the body and visits the scene of the dream. Generally, dreams are accepted to be illusions, having much in common with day-dreams, the fantasies of our waking life. When dreaming, one tends to believe fully in the reality of the dream world, however inconsistent, illogical, and odd it may be. Although most dreams apparently happen spontaneously, dream activity may be provoked by external influences.

‘Suffocation’ dreams are connected with the breathing difficulties of a heavy cold, for instance. Internal disorders such as indigestion can cause vivid dreams, and dreams of racing fire-engines may be caused by the ringing of an alarm bell.

Experiments have been carried out to investigate the connection between deliberately inflicted pain and dreaming. For example, a sleeper pricked with a pin perhaps dreams of fighting a battle and receiving a severe sword wound. Although the dream is stimulated by physical discomfort, the actual events of the dream depend on the associations of the discomfort in the mind of the sleeper.

- a). What may be the cause for the dream of racing fire-engines?
- b). What was the belief of primitive societies about the dreams?
- c). What happens when one is dreaming?
- d). Find a suitable word in the passage for the following phrases. “inability to breathe or feeling uncomfortable due to less air”
- e). What could be the actual reasons for getting dreams?

(OR)

- b) Explain any five features of a new word that you wish to learn with the help of a dictionary. Give an example of each of those features.

8. a) Identify any ten problems that you face while learning English.

(OR)

- b) Express any ten common sentences used by the teacher in the classroom.

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION (C-24)
MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION -II
HU-101 BASIC ENGLISH

Time: One Hour

Total Marks: 20

PART - A

1 X 4 = 4 Marks

Instructions: a) Answer all the questions. b) Each question carries one mark.

1. Write a sentence for the following sentence structure.
a) S + V
2. Change the following sentence into passive voice.
a) Pranav ate a mango.
3. Write a sentence for fixing an appointment with a general physician.
4. How do you invite your friend to play cricket with your team.

PART-B

2 X 3 = 6 Marks

Instructions: a) Answer all the questions. b) Each question carries three marks.

5. a) Fill in the blanks with the suitable verb forms:
 - i) My father _____(watch) TV when I entered house.
 - ii) Jahnavi _____ (go) to railway station before I went home.
 - iii) My brother _____(be) a good cricket player.

(OR)

- 5. b) Change the following sentences into passive voice.
 - a) He plays cricket
 - b) Ramya has bought vegetables.
 - c) Balu is singing songs.
- 6. a) You have recently joined the cricket academy. Introduce yourself to your new friends.

(OR)
- 6. b) You have an appointment with a general surgeon. Cancel the appointment with the doctor as you are suffering from fever.

PART-C**2 X 3 = 6 Marks**

Instructions: a) Answer all the questions. b) Each question carries five marks.

7. a) Fill in the blanks with the suitable verb forms:

- i) My father _____(go) for a walk every day.
- ii) My sister _____(buy) a book yesterday.
- iii) My brother _____(play) cricket for three hours.
- iv) The starts _____(be) bright.
- v) I _____(finish) my homework just now.

(OR)

7. b) Write a sentence each for the following sentence structures.

- a) S + V + SC
- b) S + V + O
- c) S + V + O + O C
- d) S + V
- e) S + V + D O + I O

8. a) Write about your daily routine in 10 sentences.

(OR)

8. b) Your brother's wedding is fixed. Extend the invitation to your favorite teacher.

Write a conversation between you and your teacher.

BOARD DIPLOMA END EXAMINATION (C-24)
SEMESTER END EXAMINATION
HU-101 BASIC ENGLISH

Time: Two Hours

Total Marks: 40

PART-A

1 X 8 = 8 Marks

Instructions: *a) Answer all the questions. b) Each question carries one mark.*

1. Write an antonym for the underlined word in the following sentence.
 - a) Ramya is a generous person who supported many charities for over 20 years.
2. Write a sentence using the following sentence structure.
 - a) S + V + O
3. Make ‘Yes/No’ question using the following statement.
 - a) He has come to college today.
4. A student does not know the meaning of a difficult word. How does he / she ask the teacher?
5. Fill in the blank with a suitable preposition.
 - a) He came to college _____ foot.
6. Identify the adjectives in the following sentences.
 - a) Srinivas has a costly watch.
 - b) Pavani sold a small bag to Radha.
7. Write any two salutations generally used in the formal letter.
8. Identify the central idea of the following paragraph.

An anecdote is a quick story about something of interest, usually with a singular theme or lesson. Anecdotes are no different than the stories told among friends, but when they’re used in literature, they can accomplish more than merely passing the time.

PART-B

3 X 4 = 12 Marks

Instructions: *a) Answer all the questions. b) Each question carries three marks.*

9. a) How do you feel in the following situations?
 - i. India won the cricket world cup.
 - ii. Your friend’s grandmother passed away yesterday

iii. Your sister did not return from college until late evening.

(OR)

b) Describe your friend using six suitable adjectives.

10 a) Change the following sentences into passive voice.

- i. Bees make honey.
- ii. Prasad stole my calculator.
- iii. I will complete my assignment tomorrow.

(OR)

b) Write a paragraph on your polytechnic in 50 words.

11. a) Change the following sentences into ‘Wh’ questions using the hints given in brackets

- i. I bought a camera yesterday. (Use ‘what’)
- ii. He was born in Sircilla on 28th December, 2002 (Use ‘when’)
- iii. He went to Hyderabad to buy books. (Use ‘why’).

(OR)

b) Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions.

- i. He is suffering _____ fever.
- ii. His grandmother died _____ Covid-19.
- iii. He is good_____ mathematics.

12. a) Write a letter to your Principal requesting him / her to permit you to participate in the National seminar to be conducted in New Delhi.

(OR)

b) Write a paragraph in 50 words about your fresher’s day party.

PART-C

4 X 5 = 20 Marks

Instructions: a) Answer all the questions. b) Each question FIVE mark.

13. a) Write any of the five aspects of learning a new word.

(OR)

b) Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.

I just returned from the greatest summer vacation. It was so fantastic. I never wanted it to end. I spent eight days in Paris. My best friends, Harish and Umesh came with me. We had a beautiful hotel room in the Latin Quarter, and it wasn’t even expensive. We had a balcony with a wonderful view.

We visited many famous tourist places. My favorite was the Louvre, a well-known museum. I was always interested in art, so that was a special treat for me. The museum is so huge; you could spend weeks there. Harish got tired walking around the museum and said “Enough! I need to take a break and rest.”

We took lots of breaks and sat in cafes along the river Seine. The French food we ate was delicious. The fruits were tasty too. Umesh’s favorite part of the vacation was the hotel breakfast. He said he would be happy if he could eat tartines like those forever. We had so much fun that we’re already talking about our next vacation!

- a) Which city did they visit for summer vacation?
- b) How long was the summer vacation?
- c) What did their hotel room have?
- d) Who got tired walking in the Louvre Museum?
- e) What did Umesh enjoy the most?

14. a) Write your mother’s daily routine in 100 words.

(OR)

b) Write a letter to the newspaper editor about the problem of street dogs in your colony.

15. a) Frame two ‘Yes/No’ questions and three ‘Wh’ questions from the following passage.

For a year Gopal Krishna Gokhale studied in the Deccan College, Poona. Then he went to Elphinstone College, Bombay, for his final B.A. There he took mathematics as an optional subject and eventually became interested in it. He came under the influence of a distinguished English professor who further quickened his interest in his studies. Under this professor’s guidance he made so much progress that he gained a scholarship of twenty rupees a month. It was not a small sum for him who had always been poor. The scholarship was a veritable boon to him made him very happy.

In 1884 he took his B.A. in the second division. He then joined the College of Science and Engineering at Poona. A short time after doing so, he learnt that he could study law in the Deccan College. But he did not know how to do it, because he wanted to earn his living while he was a student. Soon an opening offered itself

to him. He was appointed a teacher in the New English School, Poona, on thirty-five rupees a month. He made up his mind to take the law course while working as a teacher.

(OR)

- b) Describe your mobile phone using at least ten adjectives in 100 words.
16. a) Write a paragraph on different types of pollution in 100 words.
- (OR)
- b) Write a letter to your school friend sharing your experiences at your polytechnic.