In [1]:

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

In [2]:

wine_dataset = pd.read_csv('winequality-red.csv')

In [3]:

wine_dataset.shape

Out[3]:

(1599, 12)

In [4]:

wine_dataset.head()

Out[4]:

	fixed acidity	volatile acidity	citric acid	residual sugar	chlorides	free sulfur dioxide	total sulfur dioxide	density	рН	sulphates	alcohol	quality
0	7.4	0.70	0.00	1.9	0.076	11.0	34.0	0.9978	3.51	0.56	9.4	5
1	7.8	0.88	0.00	2.6	0.098	25.0	67.0	0.9968	3.20	0.68	9.8	5
2	7.8	0.76	0.04	2.3	0.092	15.0	54.0	0.9970	3.26	0.65	9.8	5
3	11.2	0.28	0.56	1.9	0.075	17.0	60.0	0.9980	3.16	0.58	9.8	6
4	7.4	0.70	0.00	1.9	0.076	11.0	34.0	0.9978	3.51	0.56	9.4	5

In [5]:

wine_dataset.describe()

Out[5]:

	fixed acidity	volatile acidity	citric acid	residual sugar	chlorides	free sulfur dioxide	total sulfur dioxide	density	рН	sulpha
count	1599.000000	1599.000000	1599.000000	1599.000000	1599.000000	1599.000000	1599.000000	1599.000000	1599.000000	1599.000
mean	8.319637	0.527821	0.270976	2.538806	0.087467	15.874922	46.467792	0.996747	3.311113	0.658
std	1.741096	0.179060	0.194801	1.409928	0.047065	10.460157	32.895324	0.001887	0.154386	0.169
min	4.600000	0.120000	0.000000	0.900000	0.012000	1.000000	6.000000	0.990070	2.740000	0.330
25%	7.100000	0.390000	0.090000	1.900000	0.070000	7.000000	22.000000	0.995600	3.210000	0.550
50%	7.900000	0.520000	0.260000	2.200000	0.079000	14.000000	38.000000	0.996750	3.310000	0.620
75%	9.200000	0.640000	0.420000	2.600000	0.090000	21.000000	62.000000	0.997835	3.400000	0.730
max	15.900000	1.580000	1.000000	15.500000	0.611000	72.000000	289.000000	1.003690	4.010000	2.000

In [6]:

```
wine_dataset.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1599 entries, 0 to 1598
Data columns (total 12 columns):
#
     Column
                           Non-Null Count
                                           Dtype
- - -
                           0
     fixed acidity
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
 1
     volatile acidity
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
                                           float64
 2
     citric acid
                           1599 non-null
     residual sugar
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
     chlorides
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
 5
     free sulfur dioxide
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
     total sulfur dioxide 1599 non-null
                                           float64
 6
 7
     density
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
 8
    рΗ
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
 9
     sulphates
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
10
                           1599 non-null
                                           float64
    alcohol
 11
    quality
                           1599 non-null
                                           int64
dtypes: float64(11), int64(1)
```

In [7]:

```
wine_dataset.isnull().sum()
# check missing values
```

Out[7]:

```
fixed acidity
                         0
volatile acidity
citric acid
                         0
residual sugar
                         0
chlorides
free sulfur dioxide
                         0
total sulfur dioxide
                         0
density
                         0
                         0
sulphates
                         0
alcohol
                         0
quality
                         0
dtype: int64
```

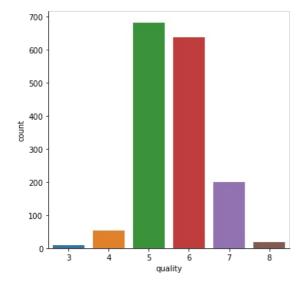
memory usage: 150.0 KB

In [8]:

```
sns.catplot(x='quality', data = wine_dataset, kind = 'count')
```

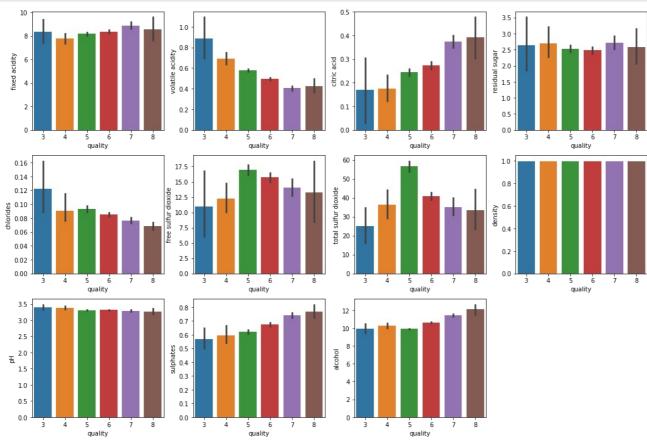
Out[8]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1645d5ac8b0>



In [9]:

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
plt.subplot(3,4,1)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='fixed acidity',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,2)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='volatile acidity',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,3)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='citric acid',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,4)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='residual sugar',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,5)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='chlorides',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,6)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='free sulfur dioxide',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,7)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='total sulfur dioxide',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,8)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='density',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,9)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='pH',data=wine dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,10)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='sulphates',data=wine_dataset)
plt.subplot(3,4,11)
sns.barplot(x='quality',y='alcohol',data=wine_dataset)
plt.tight_layout()
```



In [10]:

#correlation

In [11]:

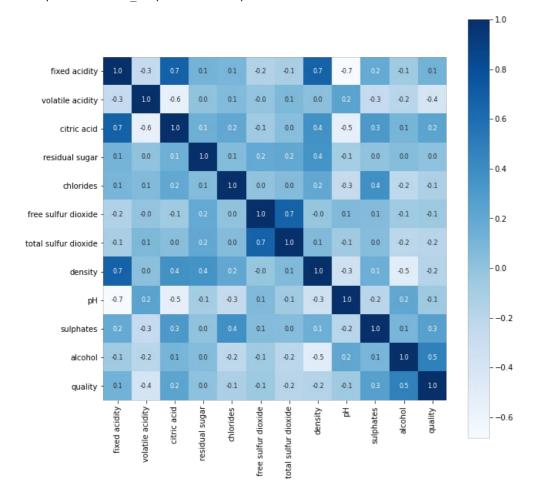
```
correlation = wine_dataset.corr()
```

In [12]:

```
# constructing a heatmap to understand the correlation between the columns
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.heatmap(correlation, cbar=True, square=True, fmt = '.1f', annot = True, annot_kws={'size':8}, cmap = 'Blues')
```

Out[12]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x1645e4830d0>



In [14]:

Data Pre processing

In [15]:

seperate the data and label

In [16]:

X = wine dataset.drop('quality',axis=1)

In [17]:

Χ

Out[17]:

	fixed acidity	volatile acidity	citric acid	residual sugar	chlorides	free sulfur dioxide	total sulfur dioxide	density	рН	sulphates	alcohol
0	7.4	0.700	0.00	1.9	0.076	11.0	34.0	0.99780	3.51	0.56	9.4
1	7.8	0.880	0.00	2.6	0.098	25.0	67.0	0.99680	3.20	0.68	9.8
2	7.8	0.760	0.04	2.3	0.092	15.0	54.0	0.99700	3.26	0.65	9.8
3	11.2	0.280	0.56	1.9	0.075	17.0	60.0	0.99800	3.16	0.58	9.8
4	7.4	0.700	0.00	1.9	0.076	11.0	34.0	0.99780	3.51	0.56	9.4
1594	6.2	0.600	0.08	2.0	0.090	32.0	44.0	0.99490	3.45	0.58	10.5
1595	5.9	0.550	0.10	2.2	0.062	39.0	51.0	0.99512	3.52	0.76	11.2
1596	6.3	0.510	0.13	2.3	0.076	29.0	40.0	0.99574	3.42	0.75	11.0
1597	5.9	0.645	0.12	2.0	0.075	32.0	44.0	0.99547	3.57	0.71	10.2
1598	6.0	0.310	0.47	3.6	0.067	18.0	42.0	0.99549	3.39	0.66	11.0

1599 rows × 11 columns

In [18]:

```
# label Binarization
```

In [19]:

```
Y = wine_dataset['quality'].apply(lambda y_value: 1 if y_value>=7 else 0 )
```

In [20]:

Υ

Out[20]:

0 0

2 0

3 6

4 0

1594

1595 0

1596 0

1597 (1598 (

Name: quality, Length: 1599, dtype: int64

In [21]:

```
# spiliting into train and test data
```

In [22]:

```
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=3)
```

In [23]:

```
print(Y.shape, Y_train.shape, Y_test.shape)
```

(1599,) (1279,) (320,)

In [24]:

model training using random forest classifier

In [25]:

```
model = RandomForestClassifier()
```

```
In [26]:
model.fit(X_train , Y_train )
Out[26]:
RandomForestClassifier()
In [27]:
# training the model using fit function
In [28]:
# model Evaluation
In [29]:
 X_test_prediction = model.predict(X_test)
test_data_accuracy = accuracy_score(X_test_prediction, Y_test)
In [30]:
print('Accuracy : ', test_data_accuracy)
Accuracy: 0.928125
In [31]:
# for prediction our model can predict 93 correct values out of 100
In [32]:
# building a prediction system
In [33]:
input_data = (7.3, 0.65, 0.0, 1.2, 0.065, 15.0, 21.0, 0.9946, 3.39, 0.47, 10.0)
In [34]:
# changing the input data to a numpy array }
In [35]:
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)
# reshape the data as we are predicting the label for only one instance
input_data_reshaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)
prediction = model.predict(input_data_reshaped)
print(prediction)
if (prediction[0]==1):
  print('Good Quality Wine')
else:
  print('Bad Quality Wine')
```

Good Quality Wine