1 Signal Generation

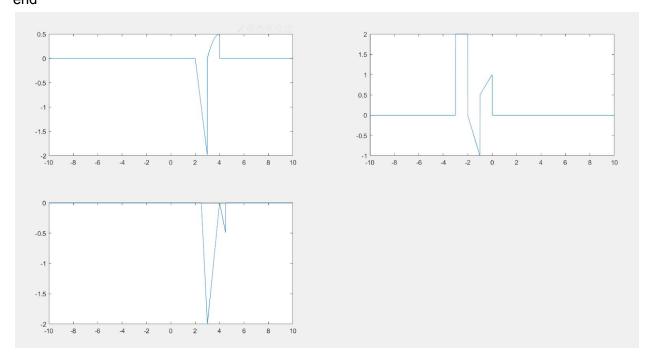
1. For the given signals

$$x(t) = \begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & t < 1 & & 0 & t < 1 \\ t - 1 & 1 \le t < 2 & & 1 & 1 \le t < 2 \\ 2 - \frac{t}{2} & 2 \le t < 4 & & y(t) = & -2 & 2 \le t < 4 \\ -1 & 4 \le t < 5 & & t - 4 & 4 \le t < 5 \\ 0 & \text{Otherwise} & & 0 & \text{Otherwise} \end{array}$$

plot the following signal transformations: a) x(t-1) y(t+1), b) x(2-t)y(1-t) and c) x(2t-4)y(t)

```
t=-10:0.01:10;
a1 = t-1;
a2 = t+1;
a3 = 2-t;
a4 = 1-t;
a5=2*t-4;
a6=t;
x1 = fx(a1);
y1 = fy(a2);
z1 = x1.*y1;
x2 = fx(a3);
y2=fy(a4);
z2=x2.*y2;
x3=fx(a5);
y3=fy(a6);
z3=x3.*y3;
subplot(221);
plot(t,z1);
subplot(222);
plot(t,z2);
subplot(223);
plot(t,z3);
function x = fx(t)
x = zeros(size(t));
x(t<1)=0;
x(t>=1 \& t<2)=t(t>=1 \& t<2)-1;
x(t>=2 \& t<4)=2-(t(t>=2 \& t<4)/2);
x(t>=4 \& t<5)=-1;
x(t>=5)=0;
```

```
end
function y = fy(t)
y = zeros(size(t));
y(t<1)=0;
y(t>=1 & t<2)=1;
y(t>=2 & t<4)=-2;
y(t>=4 & t<5)=t(t>=4 & t<5)-4;
y(t>=5)=0;
end
```



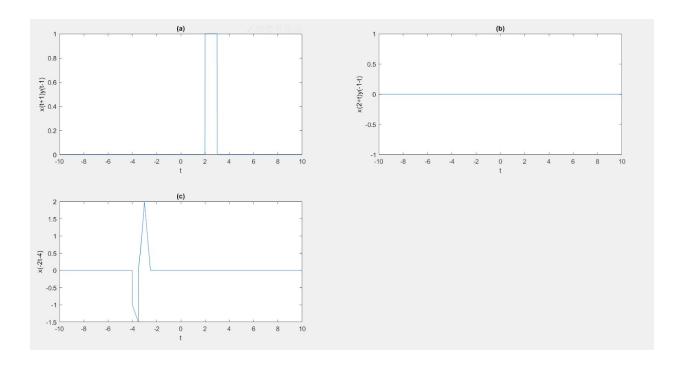
2. For the given signals

$$x(t) = \begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & t < 1 & & 0 & t < 1 \\ 1-t & 1 \leq t < 2 & & 1 & 1 \leq t < 2 \\ -3+t & 2 \leq t < 3 & & y(t) = & -2 & 2 \leq t < 3 \\ 1 & 3 \leq t < 4 & & t-5 & 3 \leq t < 4 \\ 0 & \text{Otherwise} & 0 & \text{Otherwise} \end{array}$$

plot the following signal transformations: a) x(t + 1) y(t -1), b) x(2 + t)y(-1-t) and c) x(-2t - 4)y(-t)

```
t=-10:0.01:10;
a1 = t+1;
a2 = t-1;
a3= 2+t;
a4= -1-t;
a5=-2*t-4;
```

```
a6=-t;
x1 = fx(a1);
y1 = fy(a2);
z1 = x1.*y1;
x2 = fx(a3);
y2=fy(a4);
z2=x2.*y2;
x3=fx(a5);
y3=fy(a6);
z3=x3.*y3;
subplot(221);
plot(t,z1);
xlabel('t');
ylabel('x(t+1)y(t-1)')
title("(a)");
subplot(222);
plot(t,z2);
xlabel('t');
ylabel('x(2+t)y(-1-t)');
title("(b)");
subplot(223);
plot(t,z3);
xlabel('t');
ylabel('x(-2t-4)')
title("(c)");
function x = fx(t)
x = zeros(size(t));
x(t<1)=0;
x(t>=1 & t<2)=1-t(t>=1 & t<2);
x(t>=2 \& t<3)=t(t>=2 \& t<3)-3;
x(t>=3 \& t<4)=1;
x(t>=4)=0;
end
function y = fy(t)
y = zeros(size(t));
y(t<1)=0;
y(t>=1 \& t<2)=1;
y(t>=2 \& t<3)=-2;
y(t>=3 & t<4)=t(t>=3 & t<4)-5;
y(t>=5)=0;
end
```



3. Given the Discrete Signal

 $x[n]={2,-2,3,4,-4}$

Plot the following transformation

- (a) x[n+1]
- (b) x[n-2]
- (c) x[3-n]
- (d) x[3-2n]
- (e) x[4n+5]

n=-10:10;

a=n+1;

b=n-2;

c=3-n;

d=3-2*n;

e=4*n+5

x1=fx(a);

x2=fx(b);

x3=fx(c);

x4=fx(d);

x5=fx(e);

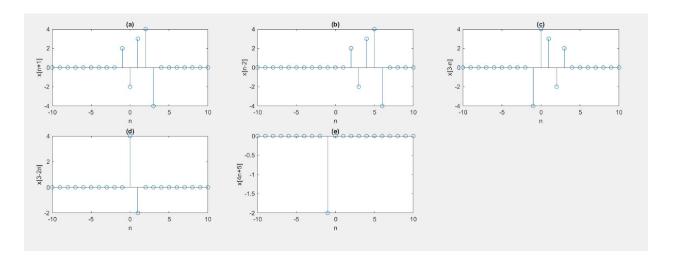
subplot(331);

stem(n,x1);

xlabel('n');

ylabel('x[n+1]')

```
title("(a)");
subplot(332);
stem(n,x2);
xlabel('n');
ylabel('x[n-2]')
title("(b)");
subplot(333);
stem(n,x3);
xlabel('n');
ylabel('x[3-n]')
title("(c)");
subplot(334);
stem(n,x4);
xlabel('n');
ylabel('x[3-2n]')
title("(d)");
subplot(335);
stem(n,x5);
xlabel('n');
ylabel('x[4n+5]')
title("(e)");
function x=fx(n)
x=zeros(size(n));
x(n==0)=2;
x(n==1)=-2;
x(n==2)=3;
x(n==3)=4;
x(n==4)=-4;
end
```



4.. Given the Discrete Signal

 $x[n]=\{-1,2,-3,-4,5\}$

Plot the following transformation

- (a) x[n-1]
- (b) x[n+2]
- (c) x[-3-n]
- (d) x[-3+2n]
- (e) x[4n-5]

n=-10:1:10;

a=n-1;

b=n+2;

c=-3-n;

d=-3+2*n;

e=4*n-5

x1=fx(a);

x2=fx(b);

x3=fx(c);

x4=fx(d);

x5=fx(e);

subplot(231);

stem(n,x1);

xlabel('n');

ylabel('x[n-1]')

title("(a)");

subplot(232);

stem(n,x2);

xlabel('n');

ylabel('x[n+2]')

```
title("(b)");
subplot(233);
stem(n,x3);
xlabel('n');
ylabel('x[-3-n]')
title("(c)");
subplot(234);
stem(n,x4);
xlabel('n');
ylabel('x[-3+2n]')
title("(d)");
subplot(235);
stem(n,x5);
xlabel('n');
ylabel('x[4n-5]')
title("(e)");
function x=fx(n)
x=zeros(size(n));
x(n==0)=-1;
x(n==1)=2;
x(n==2)=-3;
x(n==3)=-4;
x(n==4)=5;
end
```

