Patient Information

* **Patient Unit Stay ID:** 141765 * **Unique Patient ID:** 002-1039 * **Gender:** Female * **Age:** 87 * **Ethnicity:** Caucasian * **Hospital ID:** 59 * **Ward ID:** 91 * **Unit Type:** Med-Surg ICU * **Admission Diagnosis:** Rhythm disturbance (atrial, supraventricular) * **Admission Height:** 157.5 cm * **Admission Weight:** 46.5 kg * **Discharge Weight:** 45 kg * **Hospital Admit Time:** 2015-XX-XX 23:36:00 (Hospital admit offset: -8 minutes from unit admit) * **Hospital Discharge Time:** 2015-XX-XX 19:20:00 (Hospital discharge offset: 2616 minutes from unit admit) * **Hospital Discharge Location:** Home * **Hospital Discharge Status:** Alive * **Unit Admit Time:** 2015-XX-XX 23:44:00 * **Unit Admit Source:** Emergency Department * **Unit Discharge Time:** 2015-XX-XX 13:14:00 (Unit discharge offset: 2250 minutes from unit admit) * **Unit Discharge Location:** Step-Down Unit (SDU) * **Unit Discharge Status:** Alive

Medical History

NULL (Insufficient data provided to describe the patient's medical history beyond the admission diagnosis.)

Diagnoses

* Primary Diagnosis: Rhythm disturbance (atrial, supraventricular) (Based on `apacheadmissiondx`)

Treatments

NULL (No treatment information is available in the provided data.)

Vital Trends

NULL (No vital sign data is provided.)

Laboratory Trends

The provided lab data shows multiple blood tests conducted at different time points relative to the unit admission time. Key observations include:

* **Electrolytes: ** Initial sodium (138 mmol/L) and potassium (4.4 mmol/L) levels were within normal ranges, but showed slight variations in subsequent measurements (sodium 139-142 mmol/L, potassium 3.7-4.1 mmol/L). Chloride levels fluctuated (101-108 mmol/L). Bicarbonate levels showed a decrease from 23 mmol/L to 21 mmol/L initially and then a rise to 26 mmol/L later. Anion gap also showed changes (17, 18, 12 mmol/L). Calcium levels were initially high (9.3 mg/dL) and then decreased to 8.3-8.4 mg/dL. * **Renal Function: ** Creatinine levels decreased from 1.32 mg/dL to 1.04 mg/dL and then further decreased to 0.85 mg/dL. BUN levels also showed a decline (35 mg/dL, 28 mg/dL, 16 mg/dL). * **Liver Function:** AST (28 Units/L) and ALT (29 Units/L) were slightly elevated, suggesting possible liver involvement. Total bilirubin was 0.8 mg/dL, which is within the normal range. Total protein (7.4 g/dL) and albumin (3.7 g/dL) were also measured. * **Hematology:** The complete blood count (CBC) showed a slight increase in white blood cell count (11.1 K/mcL, 10.2 K/mcL). Platelet count decreased (239 K/mcL, 191 K/mcL). Hemoglobin and hematocrit levels were measured as 12.3 g/dL and 37.8% respectively and showed some variation. MCV and MCHC show some variation. There is evidence of abnormalities in the differential white blood cell counts with increased -polys (86%, 70%), decreased -lymphs (10%, 19%), and slightly elevated -monos (4%, 10%). RDW was elevated at 13.5%. * **Cardiac Markers:** Troponin-I was measured at 0.02 ng/mL on two separate occasions, indicating no acute myocardial injury. BNP was significantly elevated at 478 pg/mL, suggesting possible cardiac stress or failure. * **Coagulation:** PT and PT-INR were elevated (19.4 sec, 47.5 sec, 1.8 ratio, 4.2 ratio) indicating a possible coagulation disorder. * **Other:** Bedside glucose was 89 mg/dL. Urinary specific gravity was 1.010, and TSH was 3.194 mcU/ml. Magnesium was 2.0 mg/dL.

It is important to note that the lab results are presented without a timeline and the time offsets are relative to unit admit time. More context is needed for full interpretation. The pattern of changes in several lab values warrants further investigation.

Microbiology Tests

NULL (No microbiology test results are included in the provided data.)

^{**}Physical Examination Results**

^{* **}Physical Exam Performed:** A structured physical exam was performed at 7 minutes post unit admission. * **Weight:** 46.5 kg at admission. * **Glasgow Coma Scale (GCS):** The patient had a total GCS score of 15 (Eyes: 4, Verbal: 5, Motor: 6) at 7 minutes post unit admission, suggesting normal neurological function.