

****Patient Medical Report****

****1. Patient Information****

* **Patient Unit Stay ID:** 826668 * **Unique Patient ID:** 006-100663 * **Patient Health System Stay ID:** 626456 *
Gender: Male * **Age:** 74 years * **Ethnicity:** Caucasian * **Hospital ID:** 154 * **Ward ID:** 394 * **Unit Type:**
Med-Surg ICU * **Unit Admit Time:** 2015-XX-XX 16:27:00 (Assuming a date) * **Unit Admit Source:** ICU * **Unit Visit
Number:** 2 * **Unit Stay Type:** stepdown/other * **Admission Weight:** 104.5 kg * **Discharge Weight:** 112.6 kg *
Unit Discharge Time: 2015-XX-XX 01:57:00 (Assuming a date) * **Unit Discharge Location:** Acute Care/Floor * **Unit
Discharge Status:** Alive * **Hospital Admit Time:** 2015-XX-XX 20:42:00 (Assuming a date, calculated from offset) *
Hospital Admit Source: Emergency Department * **Hospital Discharge Year:** 2015 * **Hospital Discharge Time:**
2015-XX-XX 00:06:00 (Assuming a date, calculated from offset) * **Hospital Discharge Location:** Other External *
Hospital Discharge Status: Alive * **Admission Height:** 182 cm (Assuming cm)

****2. History****

NULL (Insufficient information provided)

****3. Diagnoses****

* **Diagnosis 1 (Primary):** Severe Sepsis (995.92, R65.2) * **Diagnosis 2 (Major):** Atrial fibrillation with rapid ventricular
response (427.31, I48.0) * **Diagnosis 3 (Major):** Cellulitis of extremity (682.9, L03.119) * **Diagnosis 4 (Major):** Acute
Renal Failure (584.9, N17.9)

****4. Treatments****

* **Treatment 1:** Hemodialysis for acute renal failure * **Treatment 2:** Bicarbonate medication

****5. Vital Trends****

NULL (Insufficient information provided)

****6. Lab Trends****

The provided data includes multiple lab results over time, but lacks timestamps to create a true trend analysis. However, we can observe some potential patterns from the available data points. There are multiple blood tests taken at different time points indicating a possible progression of the patient's condition. For example, creatinine levels show a high level initially (4.68 mg/dL) which increased to 7.13 mg/dL later, indicating worsening renal function. Similarly, the total bilirubin levels increased over time. This suggests the development of hepatic dysfunction during the ICU stay. Further analysis with timestamps is necessary to fully understand the trends. Specific lab values are detailed in the summary table below. Note that some lab values are missing (indicated by empty strings).

****7. Microbiology Tests****

NULL (Insufficient information provided)

****8. Physical Examination Results****

NULL (Insufficient information provided)

****Summary Table of Key Lab Values:**** The table below shows the available lab results, but a full trend analysis is impossible due to missing time information. Additional time-series data is required to determine the evolution of the patient's condition.