ASSIGNMENT-3

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PART 1:

1. Create 2 files for server and client respectively
2. Client asks for the file from the server
3. Server search in the local directory
4. If found return the words from the file
5. If not found sends an error of 404: File not Found

17	6.989947	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	51 61762 → 10000 [PSH, ACK] Seq=24 Ack=40 Win=2619648 Len=7
18	6.989955	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 10000 → 61762 [ACK] Seq=40 Ack=31 Win=2619648 Len=0
19	6.990044	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	47 10000 → 61762 [PSH, ACK] Seq=40 Ack=31 Win=2619648 Len=3 [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]
20	6.990055	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 61762 → 10000 [ACK] Seq=31 Ack=43 Win=2619648 Len=0
21	6.990322	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	51 61762 → 10000 [PSH, ACK] Seq=31 Ack=43 Win=2619648 Len=7
22	6.990332	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 10000 → 61762 [ACK] Seq=43 Ack=38 Win=2619648 Len=0
23	6.990445	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	47 10000 → 61762 [PSH, ACK] Seq=43 Ack=38 Win=2619648 Len=3
24	6.990453	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 61762 → 10000 [ACK] Seq=38 Ack=46 Win=2619648 Len=0
25	6.990698	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	51 61762 → 10000 [PSH, ACK] Seq=38 Ack=46 Win=2619648 Len=7
26	6.990712	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 10000 → 61762 [ACK] Seq=46 Ack=45 Win=2619648 Len=0
27	6.990734	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 10000 → 61762 [FIN, ACK] Seq=46 Ack=45 Win=2619648 Len=0
28	6.990745	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 61762 → 10000 [ACK] Seq=45 Ack=47 Win=2619648 Len=0
29	6.991092	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 61762 → 10000 [FIN, ACK] Seq=45 Ack=47 Win=2619648 Len=0

Terminal arguments at the server side:

```
PS D:\STUDY\CN301> python .\echo_server.py
starting up on localhost port 10000
waiting for a connection
connection from ('127.0.0.1', 55926)
file found. sending data
['sid', 'executive', 'head', 'NSS', 'EOF']
executive
head
NSS
EOF
waiting for a connection
connection from ('127.0.0.1', 61762)
file found. sending data
['sid', 'executive', 'head', 'NSS', 'EOF']
executive
head
NSS
EOF
waiting for a connection
```

Terminal arguments at the client side:

```
PS D:\STUDY\CN301> python .\echo_client.py
starting up on localhost port 10000
teest.txt
sending file name "teest.txt" <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stderr>' mode='w' e
ncoding='utf-8'>
sid executive head NSS EOF
recieved "sid executive head NSS EOF" <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stderr>' mo
de='w' encoding='utf-8'>
executive
recieved "executive" <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stderr>' mode='w' encoding='
utf-8'>
head
recieved "head" <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stderr>' mode='w' encoding='utf-8
'>
NSS
recieved "NSS" <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stderr>' mode='w' encoding='utf-8'
>
EOF
recieved "EOF" <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stderr>' mode='w' encoding='utf-8'
>
closing socket <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stderr>' mode='w' encoding='utf-8'
>
PS D:\STUDY\CN301>
```

PART 2_1:

1. Create a UDP client server
2. Create 2 files for server and client respectively
3. Calculate the RTT for each of the packets send
4. Waiting 0.01 sec for receiving the return packet from the server
5. Server sends the packets as soon as it receives one.
6. If return packet not received then the packet lost error.
7. Every time the client sends data of fixed datasize

9	16.893841	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	61646 → 20001 Len=10
10	16.901843	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 61646 Len=10
11	16.921289	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	61646 → 20001 Len=10
12	16.921702	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 61646 Len=10
13	16.937264	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	61646 → 20001 Len=10
14	16.937603	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 61646 Len=10
15	16.953028	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	61646 → 20001 Len=10
16	16.953323	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 61646 Len=10
17	16.969003	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	61646 → 20001 Len=10
18	16.969292	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 61646 Len=10
19	16.985079	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	61646 → 20001 Len=10
20	16.985402	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 61646 Len=10
21	17.001141	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	61646 → 20001 Len=10
22	17.001401	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 61646 Len=10

Server side traffic shown below.

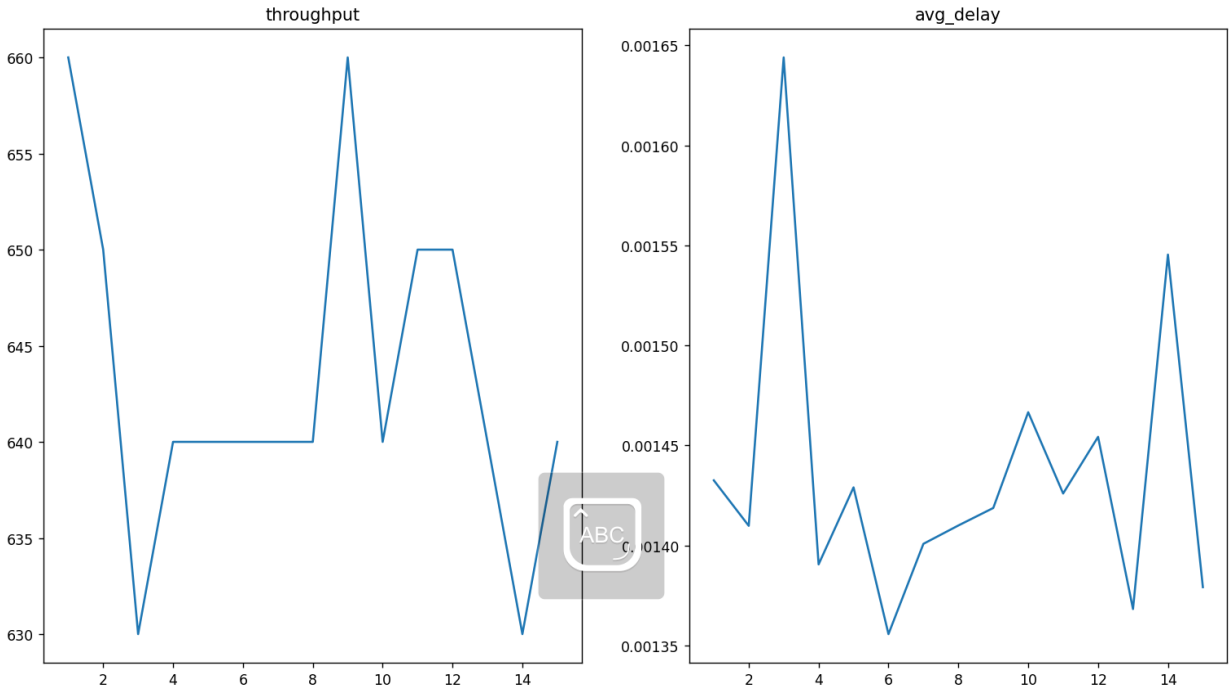
```
PS D:\STUDY\CN301\PART2> python .\echo_server.py
UDP server up and listening
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 61646)
```

Client side traffic shown below:

```
PS D:\STUDY\CN301\PART2> python .\echo_client.py 0.01 10 10
starting up on 127.0.0.1 port 20001
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.007977999999999999
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0004186999999999941
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0003459999999999991
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0002838000000000007
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0002969999999999917
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0003064000000000122
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.00020950000000000135
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0004225999999999952
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0003560999999999981
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.00045619999999998995
no packet lost
accuracy = 100%
========================================
average RTT:  0.0011074299999999982
========================================
maximum RTT:  0.007977999999999999
```

PART 2_2:

1. Calculating the throughput and the average delay for each second for 15 times
2. Throughput can be done just by summing the packet size for each second as we are calculating for 1 second.
3. Calculate the delay of all packets sent in one second then calculating the average delay for that second.
4. Finally plotting the graph using matplotlib library in python



Client side terminal shown below:

```
PS D:\STUDY\CN301\PART2\2> python .\client.py 0.01 10 10
starting up on 127.0.0.1 port 20001
avg throughput: 643.3333333333334 bytes
PS D:\STUDY\CN301\PART2\2>
```

Server side traffic shown below:

```
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('127.0.0.1', 65329)
```

Wireshark packet capture shown below:

1	0.000000	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	65329 → 20001 Len=10
2	0.000524	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 65329 Len=10
3	0.018915	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	65329 → 20001 Len=10
4	0.019690	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 65329 Len=10
5	0.034910	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	65329 → 20001 Len=10
6	0.035672	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 65329 Len=10
7	0.050749	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	65329 → 20001 Len=10
8	0.051499	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 65329 Len=10
9	0.066756	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	65329 → 20001 Len=10
10	0.067541	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 65329 Len=10
11	0.082628	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	65329 → 20001 Len=10
12	0.083537	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 65329 Len=10
13	0.098619	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	65329 → 20001 Len=10
14	0.099479	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	20001 → 65329 Len=10
15	0.114603	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42	65329 → 20001 Len=10

PART3:

For localhost:

1. Create a UDP client server
2. Create 2 files for server and client respectively
3. Both the files take 2 command line arguments <localhost_type> and the <port>
4. For ipv4 :<localhost_type> = ‘localhost’
5. For ipv6:<localhost_type> = ‘ip6-localhost’
6. Pings the desired server with packets of same type of ip version.

**Using the part 2 ping function to do some actions in this question

Server side traffic shown below:

```
PS D:\STUDY\CN301\part3> python .\echo_server.py localhost 8000
UDP server up and listening
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 59131, 0, 0)
```

Client side terminal server shown below.

```
PS D:\STUDY\CN301\part3> python .\echo_client.py localhost 8000
give the interval0.01
give input size10
give number of packets10
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.00041489999999999583
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0002784999999994042
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0003129999999993416
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0005238000000007403
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0006480999999993742
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0011470999999998455
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.00033919999999998396
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0004777999999996396
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0007137999999997646
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0009481000000004514
no packet lost
accuracy = 100%
========================================
average RTT:  0.0005804299999998541
========================================
maximum RTT:  0.0011470999999998455
```

Wireshark packet capture : 127.0.0.1 defines that its a ipv4 packet

1	0.000000	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 65329 → 20001 Len=10
2	0.000524	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 20001 → 65329 Len=10
3	0.018915	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 65329 → 20001 Len=10
4	0.019690	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 20001 → 65329 Len=10
5	0.034910	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 65329 → 20001 Len=10
6	0.035672	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 20001 → 65329 Len=10
7	0.050749	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 65329 → 20001 Len=10
8	0.051499	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 20001 → 65329 Len=10
9	0.066756	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 65329 → 20001 Len=10
10	0.067541	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 20001 → 65329 Len=10
11	0.082628	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 65329 → 20001 Len=10
12	0.083537	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 20001 → 65329 Len=10
13	0.098619	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 65329 → 20001 Len=10
14	0.099479	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 20001 → 65329 Len=10
15	0.114603	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	UDP	42 65329 → 20001 Len=10

For ip6-localhost:

Wireshark packet capture: ::1 shows its a ipv6 packet

58	98.187062	::1	::1	UDP	62 59131 → 8000 Len=10
59	98.187514	::1	::1	UDP	62 8000 → 59131 Len=10
60	98.205596	::1	::1	UDP	62 59131 → 8000 Len=10
61	98.205904	::1	::1	UDP	62 8000 → 59131 Len=10
62	98.221595	::1	::1	UDP	62 59131 → 8000 Len=10
63	98.221932	::1	::1	UDP	62 8000 → 59131 Len=10
64	98.237791	::1	::1	UDP	62 59131 → 8000 Len=10
65	98.238339	::1	::1	UDP	62 8000 → 59131 Len=10
66	98.253835	::1	::1	UDP	62 59131 → 8000 Len=10
67	98.254463	::1	::1	UDP	62 8000 → 59131 Len=10
68	98.265859	::1	::1	UDP	62 59131 → 8000 Len=10
69	98.267005	::1	::1	UDP	62 8000 → 59131 Len=10

Client side terminal shown below:

```
tru5t_02@LAPTOP-IPGQU6QC:/mnt/d/STUDY/CN301/part3$ python3 echo_client.py ip6-localhost 8000
give the interval0.01
give input size10
give number of packets10
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0004401999999998907
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0006160000000079435
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0005358000000086349
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0005897000000061325
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0009015000000118789
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0006081000000079939
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0006897999999893045
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0007338000000061129
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.001443899999998166
ping to site 127.0.0.1 RTT: 0.0005529000000024098
no packet lost
accuracy = 100%
========================================
average RTT:  0.0007111700000038468
========================================
maximum RTT:  0.001443899999998166
```

Server Side traffic shown below:

```
tru5t_02@LAPTOP-IPGQU6QC:/mnt/d/STUDY/CN301/part3$ python3 echo_server.py ip6-localhost 8000
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
Message from Client:b'aaaaaaaaaa'
Client IP Address:('::1', 58509, 0, 0)
```

PART 4:

Creating a system command line arguments in which the server responds to various command line features like list , create , write or exit.
For each argument the server interacts with the client and responds to the query

How to send query to the server.

```
TCPconn.send(b"Welcome to SID's server")
TCPconn.recv(1024)
TCPconn.send(b"You can do the following using the keyword given")
TCPconn.recv(1024)
TCPconn.send(b"'list': Show all the files in the current directory")
TCPconn.recv(1024)
# TCPconn.send(b"'print <filename>': Show all the files in the current directory"
# TCPconn.recv(1024)
TCPconn.send(b"'create <filename>': Create a new file")
TCPconn.recv(1024)
TCPconn.send(b"'write <filename>': Write to the file, if it already exists")
TCPconn.recv(1024)
TCPconn.send(b"'exit': To end this TCP connection")
TCPconn.recv(1024)
message = TCPconn.recv(1024).decode()
```

801	561.117607	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 62194 → 8000 [RST, ACK] Seq=129 Ack=542 Win=0 Len=0
802	573.177856	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 62205 → 8000 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM
803	573.177892	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	56 8000 → 62205 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=65495 WS=256 SACK_PERM
804	573.177907	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 62205 → 8000 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=2619648 Len=0
805	573.178305	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	67 8000 → 62205 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=2619648 Len=23
806	573.178318	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 62205 → 8000 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=24 Win=2619648 Len=0
807	573.178336	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	52 62205 → 8000 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=24 Win=2619648 Len=8
808	573.178350	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 8000 → 62205 [ACK] Seq=24 Ack=9 Win=2619648 Len=0
809	573.178358	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	92 8000 → 62205 [PSH, ACK] Seq=24 Ack=9 Win=2619648 Len=48
810	573.178368	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 62205 → 8000 [ACK] Seq=9 Ack=72 Win=2619648 Len=0
811	573.178375	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	52 62205 → 8000 [PSH, ACK] Seq=9 Ack=72 Win=2619648 Len=8
812	573.178381	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 8000 → 62205 [ACK] Seq=72 Ack=17 Win=2619648 Len=0
813	573.178387	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	95 8000 → 62205 [PSH, ACK] Seq=72 Ack=17 Win=2619648 Len=51
814	573.178393	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 62205 → 8000 [ACK] Seq=17 Ack=123 Win=2619648 Len=0
815	573.178403	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	52 62205 → 8000 [PSH, ACK] Seq=17 Ack=123 Win=2619648 Len=8
816	573.178408	127.0.0.1	127.0.0.1	TCP	44 8000 → 62205 [ACK] Seq=123 Ack=25 Win=2619648 Len=0

Server side terminal shown below.

```
ConnectionResetError: [WinError 10054] An existing connection was forcibly c
losed by the remote host
PS D:\STUDY\CN301\part4> python .\part4_server_temp.py
SERVER is ON!
127.0.0.1 62205 is connected!
```

Client side terminal shown below.

```
PS D:\STUDY\CN301\part4> python .\part4_client_temp.py localhost 8000
Welcome to SID's server
You can do the following using the keyword given
'list': Show all the files in the current directory
'create <filename>': Create a new file
'write <filename>': Write to the file, if it already exists
'exit': To end this TCP connection
Enter your command: create haha.txt
====== RESPONSE =====
file created
Welcome to SID's server
```