Rank Approximation for an Image using SVD

Importing an image

In[243]:=

img = Import["/Users/siddharth/Downloads/image1.jpeg"]



Case -1: Rank 30 Approximation

```
In[244]= rankapprox = 30;

In[245]= (* Seperating into RGB *)
    imgs = ColorSeparate[img]

Out[245]= {
        (* For Red color *)
        img1Data = ImageData[imgs[1]];

In[247]= (* Rank of Original Matrix *)
        MatrixRank[img1Data]
```

Checking Dimensions of Image

```
height = Dimensions[img1Data][1]
In[248]:=
         width = Dimensions[img1Data][2]
```

 $\mathsf{Out}[\mathsf{248}] = \ 263$

Out[249]= 191

For red, green and blue:

```
imgldata = ImageData[imgs[1]];
{u1, s1, v1} = SingularValueDecomposition[img2data, rankapprox];
newImg2Data = u1.s1.(Transpose[v2]);
newImg2 = Image[newImg1Data];
img2data = ImageData[imgs[2]];
{u2, s2, v2} = SingularValueDecomposition[img2data, rankapprox];
newImg2Data = u2.s2.(Transpose[v2]);
newImg2 = Image[newImg2Data];
img3data = ImageData[imgs[3]];
{u3, s3, v3} = SingularValueDecomposition[img3data, rankapprox];
newImg3Data = u3.s3.(Transpose[v3]);
newImg3 = Image[newImg3Data];
```

In[263]:=

img



newImg30 = ColorCombine[{newImg1, newImg2, newImg3}, "RGB"] In[264]:=



Case - 2: Rank 100 Approximation

```
rankapprox = 100;
In[265]:=
In[266]:=
       img2data = ImageData[imgs[1]];
       {u2, s2, v2} = SingularValueDecomposition[img2data, rankapprox];
       newImg2Data = u2.s2.(Transpose[v2]);
       newImg2 = Image[newImg2Data];
       img2data = ImageData[imgs[2]];
       {u2, s2, v2} = SingularValueDecomposition[img2data, rankapprox];
       newImg2Data = u2.s2.(Transpose[v2]);
       newImg2 = Image[newImg2Data];
       img3data = ImageData[imgs[3]];
       {u3, s3, v3} = SingularValueDecomposition[img3data, rankapprox];
       newImg3Data = u3.s3.(Transpose[v3]);
       newImg3 = Image[newImg3Data];
```

In[278]:=

img



In[280]:=

newImg100 = ColorCombine[{newImg1, newImg2, newImg3}, "RGB"]



Out[280]=

First image is the original image , second image is Rank 30 Approximation and third image is Rank 100 Approximation.

In[283]:=

Out[283]=

${\tt GraphicsRow}\big[\big\{{\tt img,newImg30, newImg100}\big\}\big]$







I tried this experiment with Rank 30 Approximation and Rank 100 Approximation, Definitely Rank 100 Approximation gave better result. It gives an image closest to original image.