```
Code:
#include<iostream>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<queue>
using namespace std;
class node
 public:
  node *left, *right;
  int data;
};
class Breadthfs
public:
node *insert(node *, int);
void bfs(node *);
};
node *insert(node *root, int data)
// inserts a node in tree
  if(!root)
       root=new node;
       root->left=NULL;
       root->right=NULL;
       root->data=data;
       return root;
```

```
}
queue<node *> q;
q.push(root);
while(!q.empty())
    node *temp=q.front();
    q.pop();
    if(temp->left==NULL)
          temp->left=new node;
          temp->left->left=NULL;
          temp->left->right=NULL;
          temp->left->data=data;
          return root;
    }
    else
    q.push(temp->left);
    }
    if(temp->right==NULL)
    {
          temp->right=new node;
          temp->right->left=NULL;
          temp->right->right=NULL;
          temp->right->data=data;
          return root;
    }
    else
    {
    q.push(temp->right);
```

```
}
}
void bfs(node *head)
      queue<node*> q;
      q.push(head);
      int qSize;
      while (!q.empty())
             qSize = q.size();
             #pragma omp parallel for
            //creates parallel threads
             for (int i = 0; i < qSize; i++)
                   node* currNode;
                   #pragma omp critical
                     currNode = q.front();
                     q.pop();
                     cout<<"\t"<<currNode->data;
                    }// prints parent node
                   #pragma omp critical
                   if(currNode->left)// push parent's left node in queue
                          q.push(currNode->left);
                   if(currNode->right)
                          q.push(currNode->right);
                    }// push parent's right node in queue
             }
```

```
}
int main(){
  node *root=NULL;
  int data;
  char ans;
  do
  {
       cout << "\n enter data => ";
       cin>>data;
       root=insert(root,data);
       cout<<"do you want insert one more node?";</pre>
       cin>>ans;
  }while(ans=='y'||ans=='Y');
  bfs(root);
  return 0;
Run Commands:
   1) g++ -fopenmp bfs.cpp -o bfs
   2) ./bfs
```

Output:

```
Enter data => 5

Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 3

Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 2

Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 1

Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

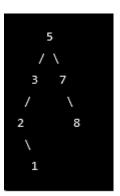
Enter data => 7

Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 8

Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) n
```

Starting with the root node containing value 5:



The traversal would be:

```
5, 3, 7, 2, 8, 1
```

## **CPP for DFS**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
const int MAX = 100000;
vector<int> graph[MAX];
bool visited[MAX];
void dfs(int node) {
stack<int> s;
s.push(node);
while (!s.empty()) {
int curr node = s.top();
s.pop();
if (!visited[curr node]) {
visited[curr node] = true;
if (visited[curr node]) {
cout << curr node << " ";
#pragma omp parallel for
for (int i = 0; i < graph[curr node].size(); <math>i++) {
int adj node = graph[curr node][i];
if (!visited[adj node]) {
s.push(adj node);
}
}
}
}
int main() {
int n, m, start node;
cout << "Enter No of Node,Edges,and start node:";</pre>
cin >> n >> m >> start node;
//n: node,m:edges
cout << "Enter Pair of edges:";
for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
int u, v;
cin >> u >> v;
//u and v: Pair of edges
graph[u].push back(v);
graph[v].push back(u);
#pragma omp parallel for
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
visited[i] = false;
dfs(start node);
/* for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
if (visited[i]) {
```

```
cout << i << " ";
}
}*/
return 0;
}</pre>
```

## Output

