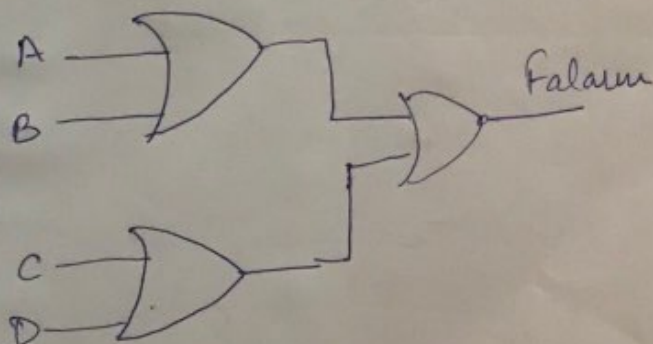


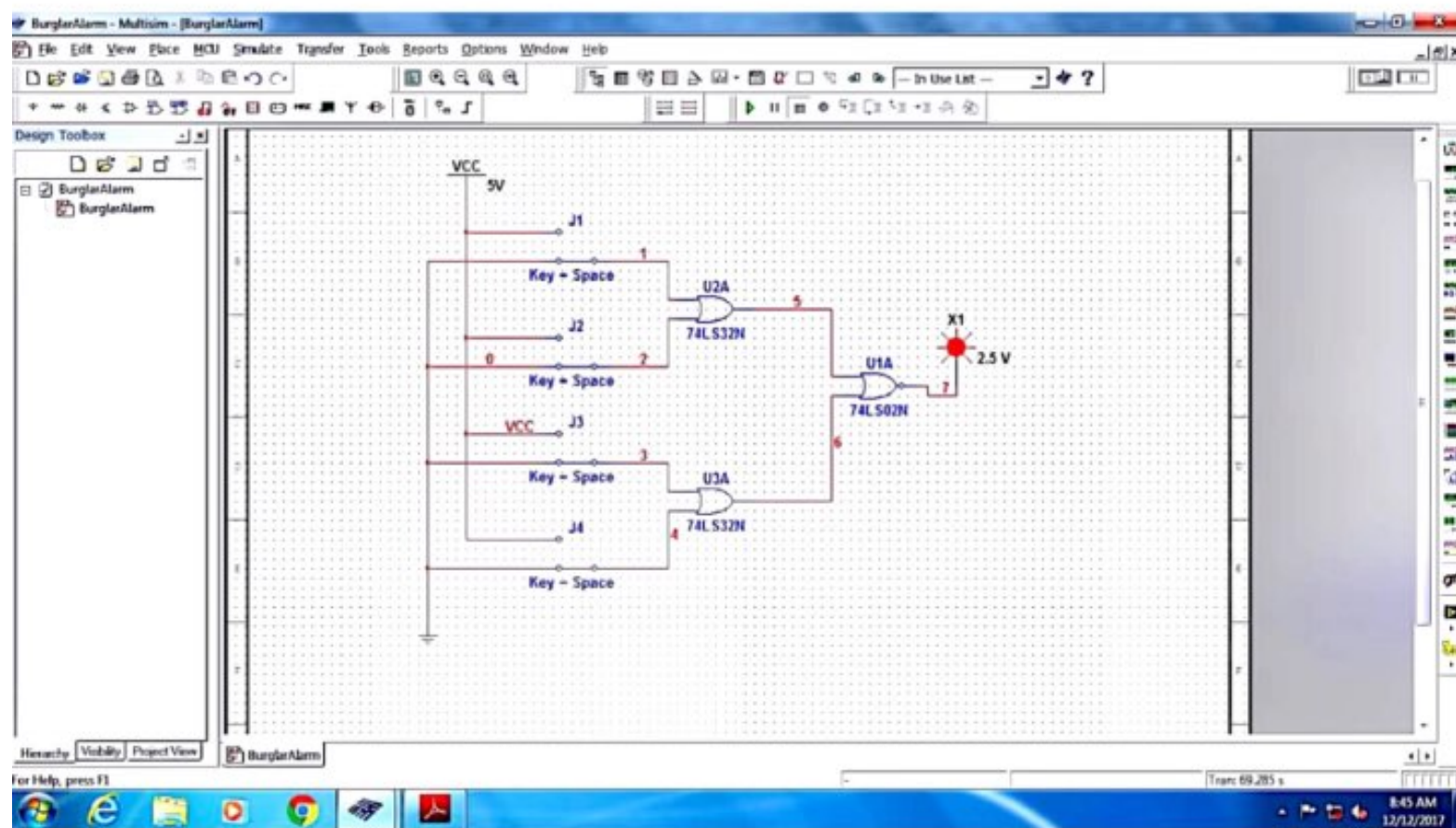
SIDDHI SINGH

17BIT0028

Q A burglar alarm for a car has a normally low (grounded) switch on each of four doors. If any door is opened, the output of that switch goes high. The alarm is set off with an active-low output. What type of gate will provide this logic?

| A | B | C | D | Falarm |
|---|---|---|---|--------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |





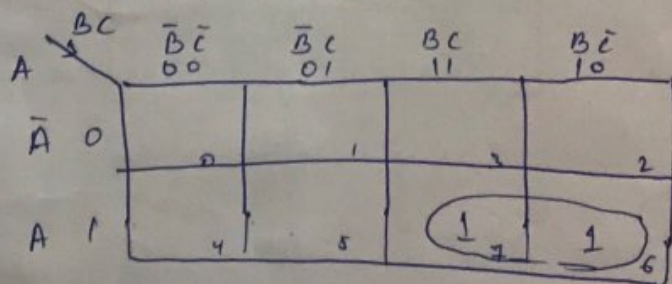
Exp-2.

Combinational Circuits

Q. Design a combinational circuit which takes a three bit input number and generates a six-bit output which is the square of the given input number.

| A | B | C | D_1 | D_2 | D_3 | D_4 | D_5 | D_6 |
|---|---|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

$$D_1 = \Sigma (6, 7)$$



$$D_1 = AB$$

$$O_2 = \Sigma(4, 5, 7)$$

| | | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|------|------------|
| | $B\bar{C}$ | $\bar{B}C$ | BC | $B\bar{C}$ |
| \bar{A} | 0 | 1 | 3 | |
| A | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |

$$O_2 = A\bar{B} + AC$$

$$= A(\bar{B} + C)$$

$$O_3 = \Sigma(3, 5)$$

| | | | | |
|-----------|------------------|------------|------|------------|
| | $\bar{B}\bar{C}$ | $\bar{B}C$ | BC | $B\bar{C}$ |
| \bar{A} | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| A | 4 | 1 | 5 | 6 |

$$O_3 = \bar{A}BC + A\bar{B}C$$

$$= C(A \oplus B)$$

$$O_4 = \Sigma(2, 6)$$

| | | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|------|------------|
| | $B\bar{C}$ | $\bar{B}C$ | BC | $B\bar{C}$ |
| \bar{A} | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| A | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 |

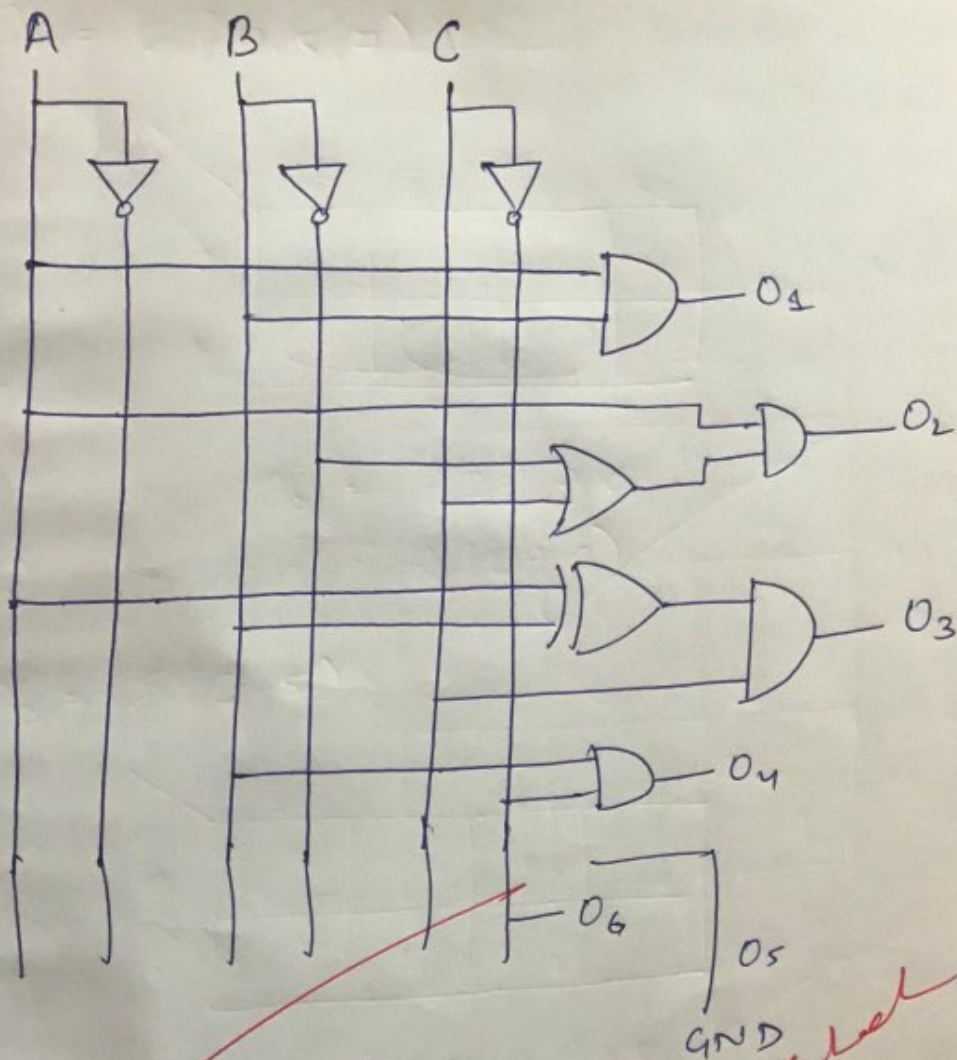
$$O_4 = B\bar{C}$$

$$O_5 = \text{AND}$$

$$O_6 = \Sigma(1, 3, 5, 7)$$

| | | | | |
|-----------|------------------|------------|------|------------|
| | $\bar{B}\bar{C}$ | $\bar{B}C$ | BC | $B\bar{C}$ |
| \bar{A} | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| A | 4 | 1 | 1 | 7 |

$$O_6 = C$$



Ishtanur
21/12/2017

Completed

