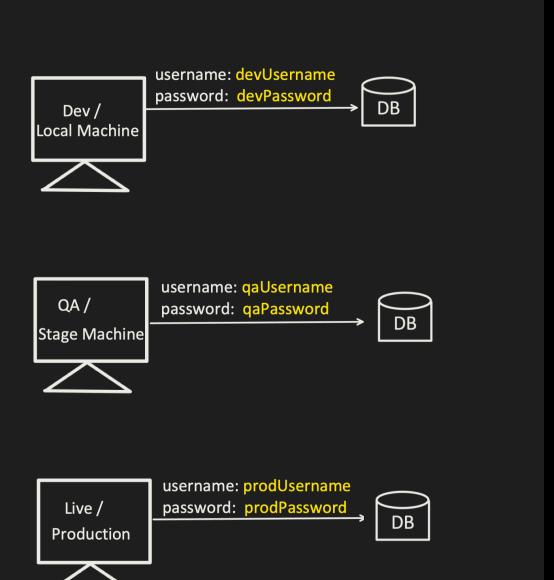
Let's deep dive into @Profile annotation to understand it better



This "username", "password" is just one example.

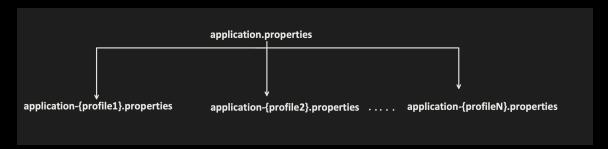
There are so many other configuration, which are different for different environments, like:

- URL and Port number
- Connection timeout values
- Request timeout values
- Throttle values
- Retry values etc.

How to do it?

We put the configurations in "application.properties" file. But how to handle, different environment configurations?

That's where Profiling comes into the picture





```
And during application startup, we can tell spring boot to pick specific "application properties" file, Using "spring.profiles.active" configuration.
@Component
public class MySQLConnection {
                                                                                                                   username=defaultUsername
                                                                                                                   assword=defaultPassword
   @Value("${username}")
String username;
                                                                                                                  spring.profiles.active=qa
   @Value("${password}")
   String password;
                                                                                          application-dev.properties
                                                                                                                                 application-qa.properties
                                                                                                                                                                     application-prod.properties
   public void init(){
       System.out.println("use
                                                                                                                                 username=gaUsername
                                                                                                                                                                      username=prodUsername
                                                                                        sername=devUsername
                                                                                                                                                                      password=prodPassword
                                                                                         assword=devPassword
                                                                                                                                password=qaPassword
```

We can pass the value to this configuration "spring.profiles.active" during application startup itself.

mvn spring-boot:run -Dspring-boot.run.profiles=prod

or

Add this in Pom.xml

```
<id>local</id>
 file>
 <id>production</id>
 properties>
   <spring-boot.run.profiles>prod</spring-boot.run.profiles>
<id>stage</id>
```

mvn spring-boot:run -Pproduction

```
main] c.c.l.SpringbootApplication
                                                                                                                                    The following 1 profile is active: "prod'
024-06-02T00:21:57.647+05:30 INFO 53096
                                                                       main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer
                                                                                                                                    Tomcat initialized with port 8080 (http)
                                                                      main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardService
main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardEngine
main] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/]
                                                                                                                                    Starting service [Tomcat]
Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/10.1.19]
2024-06-02T00:21:57.673+05:30 INFO 53096
                                                                                                                                   Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
2024-06-02T00:21:57.673+05:30 INFO 53096
                                                                       main] w.s.c.ServletWebServerApplicationContext :
                                                                                                                                   Root WebApplicationContext: initialization completed in 318 ms
Username: prodUsername passowrd: prodPassword
2024-06-02T00:21:57.804+05:30 INFO 53096 ---
                                                                                                                                   Tomcat started on port 8080 (http) with context path ''
```

So, now we know, what's Profiling is. Lets see what is @Profile annotation.

Using @Profile annotation, we can tell spring boot, to create bean only when particular profile is set.

```
@Value("${username}")
String username;
@Value("${password}")
String password;
@PostConstruct
public void init(){
    System.out.println()
```

```
@Value("${password}")
String password;
@PostConstruct
public void init(){
```

assword=defaultPassword

spring.profiles.active=qa

application-dev.properties

username=gaUsername password=devPassword

username=prodUsername assword=prodPassword

```
### 2024-06-02100:38:46.935-06:30 INFO 55048 --- [ main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcst.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat initialized with port 8080 (http)

2024-06-02100:38:46,940-05:30 INFO 55048 --- [ main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcst.TomcatWebServer : Starting service [Tomcat]

2024-06-02100:38:46,940-05:30 INFO 55048 --- [ main] o.s.ac.c.C.ITomcat].[locathost].[/] : Initializing spring embedded WebAppLicationContext and in the context of the context of
```

We can also set multiple profiles at a time. @Value("\${username}") String username; @Value("\${password}") String password; application.properties username=defaultUsername password=defaultPassword spring.profiles.active=prod.ga application-dev.properties application-qa.properties application-prod.properties username=devUsername username=qaUsername sername=prodUsername @Value("\${password; assword=prodPassword password=qaPassword password=devPassword The following 2 profiles are active: "prod", "qe" Toncat initialized with port 8080 (http) Starting service [Toncat] Starting service [Toncat] Initializing Spring embeddew WebApilcationContext Root WebApplicationContext: initialization competed in 413 ms Soot WebApplicationContext: initialization competed in 413 ms

Now lets come back to the previous question, which I asked:

You have 2 Application and 1 common code base, how you will make sure that, BEAN is only created for 1 Application, not for other?

Common Codebase

```
@Component
@Profile("app1")
public class NoSQLConnection {

    @Value("${username}")
    String username;

    @Value("${password}")
    String password;

    @PostConstruct
    public void init(){
        System.out.println("NoSQL username: " + username + " password: " + password);
    }
}
```

<u>Application1</u> (application.properties)

<u>Application2</u> (application.properties)

spring.profiles.active=app1

spring.profiles.active=app2