



CS 124 Problem Set 6

logged in as [siddharthsingh@fas.harvard.edu](#)**Due:** Wednesday, April 01, 2015 11:59 pm EDT (**deadline passed**)[Problems](#) | [Scores](#) | [Submit](#) | [Help](#) | [Log Out](#)

Problems

[Problem A - Primes](#)

Problem A

The Infinite Monkey Theorem states that a monkey hitting keys at random on a typewriter for an infinite amount of time will almost surely type a given text. In this problem, you are given a string S of length N that a monkey has typed, along with a string T of length M .

Your goal is to count the number of times that T appears as a substring of S .
You may assume that S and T only contains lowercase alphabetic characters.

Hint: If Alice and Bob each hold n -bit integers, how might they determine whether $x = y$ with much fewer than n bits of communication?

CONSTRAINTS

$1 \leq M \leq N \leq 5000000$

TEST CASES & TIME LIMITS

Test 1 is the sample input / output.

Tests 2-6 have $N \leq 100000$.

2000 ms

Tests 7-11 have $N \leq 500000$.

2000 ms

Tests 12-16 have $N \leq 5000000$.

2000 ms

(3x for Java, 10x for Python)

INPUT FORMAT

Two lines, the first containing string T and the second containing string S .

OUTPUT FORMAT

Print a single integer representing the number of times T appears as a substring of S .

SAMPLE INPUT

bab
ababab

SAMPLE OUTPUT

2

DETAILS

The string `bab` appears twice, once as `a[bab]ab` and once as `aba[bab]`.

Based on the "Ultra Cool Programming Contest Control Centre" v1.7b by Sonny Chan
Modified for CS 124 by [Neal Wu](#), with design help from Martin Camacho