

AI MATH Exercises

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1 Functions

Example: Find the domain of the function

$$f(x) = x + \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{\log(1+x)}$$

Solution: We need to consider the following restrictions

- Square root argument must be non-negative.
- log argument must be positive.
- $\log(1+x)$ must be non-zero since it is in the denominator.

The first condition is $1-x^2 \geq 0$ which can be manipulated further as

$$\begin{aligned}1-x^2 &\geq 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow 1 &\geq x^2 \\ \Leftrightarrow 1 &\geq |x| \\ \Leftrightarrow 1 &\geq x \geq -1\end{aligned}$$

The second condition is simply $1+x > 0$ which is equivalent to $x > -1$.

The third condition is $\log(1+x) \neq 0$. Since log equals 0 only when its input is 1 the condition becomes $1+x \neq 1$ which is simplified to $x \neq 0$.

Putting all these conditions together the domain is $(-1, 0) \cap (0, 1]$. This domain can be represented on the real line as shown in figure 1.

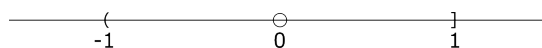


Figure 1: real line representation

Exercise 1: Graph the following functions.

- $f(x) = 2x + 3$
- $f(x) = 13$
- $\text{sgn}(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & ; x > 0 \\ 0 & ; x = 0 \\ -1 & ; x < -1 \end{cases}$
- $f(x) = \log(x - 1)$
- $f(x) = 3 \sin(2x)$
- $f(x) = 2 \sin(3x)$
- $\text{ReLU}(x) = \max(x, 0)$
- $\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$

Exercise 2: Find the domain of the following functions.

- $f(x) = \frac{x}{x-1}$
- $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x^2-3x+2} + \frac{1}{x+5}$
- $f(x) = \log\left(\frac{1}{x-7}\right)$

Exercise 3: Let $f(x+1) = x^2 - x + 1$. Express $f(x)$ and $f(x-1)$.

Exercise 4: Let $h \neq 0$. Express and simplify the expression $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$ for the following functions

- $f(x) = 2x + 3$.
- $f(x) = 5x^2$.
- $f(x) = 5x^2 - 2x - 3$.

Exercise 5: Write the equation of the line that passes through the points $(3, 4)$ and $(0, 5)$.

Exercise 6: Let

$$f : \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \text{ defined by } f(x, y) = (x^2, y^2)$$

$$g : \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ defined by } g(x, y) = x + y$$

$$h : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \text{ defined by } h(x) = (\sin(x), \cos(x))$$

Express $g \circ f \circ h$

Exercise 7: Let $f(x) = 2^x - 1$ and $g(x) = \log_2(x + 1)$. What is $g \circ f$ and $f \circ g$?

Exercise 8: Differentiate the following functions

- $f(x) = \sin(3x)$
- $f(x) = x \ln(x)$
- $f(x) = x\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x}$
- $\tan(x^2 + 1)$

- $(\tan(x) + x^3 - 1)^6$