```
In [24]: from googleapiclient.discovery import build import pandas as pd import googleapiclient.discovery from IPython.display import JSON import itertools

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from matplotlib.ticker import FuncFormatter %matplotlib inline import seaborn as sb import imageio import isodate

#NLP
from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS from nltk.corpus import stopwords from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
```

```
In [2]: api_key = ['']
```

```
In [3]:
        channel names = [
            "Alex The Analyst",
            "Corey Schafer",
            "Ken Jee",
            "Mo Chen",
            "Luke Barousse"
            "Data Professor",
            "Tech With Tim",
            "Data Science Jay"
            "Nicholas Renotte",
            "StatQuest with Josh Starmer"
        # Build YouTube API service
        youtube = build('youtube', 'v3', developerKey=api_key)
        # Dictionary to store channel names and their IDs
        channel ids = {}
        for channel_name in channel_names:
            # Search for the channel
            request = youtube.search().list(
                part='snippet',
                q=channel_name,
                type='channel',
                maxResults=1
            response = request.execute()
            # Extract and store the channel ID
            if response['items']:
                 channel_id = response['items'][0]['id']['channelId']
                 channel ids[channel name] = channel id
                print(f"Channel: {channel name} | ID: {channel id}")
            else:
                print(f"Channel: {channel_name} not found.")
        # Print all channel IDs
        print(channel_ids)
```

```
Channel: Alex The Analyst | ID: UC7cs8q-gJRlGwj4A8OmCmXg
Channel: Corey Schafer | ID: UCCezIgC97PvUuR4_gbFUs5g
Channel: Ken Jee | ID: UCiT9RITQ9PW6BhXK0y2jaeg
Channel: Mo Chen | ID: UCDybamfye5An6p-j1t2YMsg
Channel: Luke Barousse | ID: UCLLw7jmFsvfIVaUFsLs8mlQ
Channel: Data Professor | ID: UCV8e2g4IWQqK71bbzGDEI4Q
Channel: Tech With Tim | ID: UC4JX40jDee_tINbkjycV4Sg
Channel: Data Science Jay | ID: UCcQx1UnmorvmSEZef4X7-6g
Channel: Nicholas Renotte | ID: UCHXa40pASJEwrHrLeIzw7Yg
Channel: StatQuest with Josh Starmer | ID: UCtYLUTtgS3k1Fg4y5tAhLbw
{'Alex The Analyst': 'UC7cs8q-gJRlGwj4A80mCmXg', 'Corey Schafer': 'UCCezIgC97PvUuR
4_gbFUs5g', 'Ken Jee': 'UCiT9RITQ9PW6BhXK0y2jaeg', 'Mo Chen': 'UCDybamfye5An6p-j1t
2YMsg', 'Luke Barousse': 'UCLLw7jmFsvfIVaUFsLs8m1Q', 'Data Professor': 'UCV8e2g4IW
QqK71bbzGDEI4Q', 'Tech With Tim': 'UC4JX40jDee_tINbkjycV4Sg', 'Data Science Jay':
'UCcQx1UnmorvmSEZef4X7-6g', 'Nicholas Renotte': 'UCHXa4OpASJEwrHrLeIzw7Yg', 'StatQ
uest with Josh Starmer': 'UCtYLUTtgS3k1Fg4y5tAhLbw'}
```

```
youtube_channel_ids = [
            "UC7cs8q-gJRlGwj4A80mCmXg",
            "UCCezIgC97PvUuR4_gbFUs5g",
            "UCiT9RITQ9PW6BhXK0y2jaeg",
            "UCDybamfye5An6p-j1t2YMsg'
            "UCLLw7jmFsvfIVaUFsLs8mlQ",
            "UCV8e2g4IWQqK71bbzGDEI4Q",
            "UC4JX40jDee_tINbkjycV4Sg"
            "UCcQx1UnmorvmSEZef4X7-6g",
            "UCHXa40pASJEwrHrLeIzw7Yg",
            "UCtYLUTtgS3k1Fg4y5tAhLbw"
        print(youtube_channel_ids)
        ['UC7cs8q-gJRlGwj4A80mCmXg', 'UCCezIgC97PvUuR4_gbFUs5g', 'UCiT9RITQ9PW6BhXK0y2jae
        g', 'UCDybamfye5An6p-j1t2YMsg', 'UCLLw7jmFsvfIVaUFsLs8mlQ', 'UCV8e2g4IWQqK71bbzGDE
        I4Q', 'UC4JX40jDee_tINbkjycV4Sg', 'UCcQx1UnmorvmSEZef4X7-6g', 'UCHXa40pASJEwrHrLeI
        zw7Yg', 'UCtYLUTtgS3k1Fg4y5tAhLbw']
In [5]: api_service_name = "youtube"
        api version = "v3"
        youtube = googleapiclient.discovery.build(
            api_service_name, api_version, developerKey=api_key)
```

```
In [6]: def get_channel_stats(youtube, channel_ids):
            Function: Gather interested channel stats from youtube creator's channel page
            INPUT:
            youtube - build object from googleapiclient.discovery
            channel ids - (list) list of channel ids to be analyzed
            OUTPUT:
            all_data - (pandas dataframe) dataframe that consists of the following columns:
            all_data = []
            request = youtube.channels().list(
                part="snippet,contentDetails,statistics",
                id=','.join(channel_ids)
            response = request.execute()
            #loop through items
            for item in response['items']:
                data = {'channelName': item['snippet']['title'],
                         publishDate': item['snippet']['publishedAt'],
                         'subscribers': item['statistics']['subscriberCount'],
                         'views': item['statistics']['viewCount'],
                        'totalVideos': item['statistics']['videoCount'],
                         'playlistId': item['contentDetails']['relatedPlaylists']['uploads']
                all data.append(data)
            all_data = pd.DataFrame(all_data)
            return(all_data)
```

```
In [7]:
        def get_videos_ids(youtube, playlist_id):
            Function: Gather videoIds from channel.
            INPUT:
            youtube - Get credentials and create an API client/Initialise a Youtube API ser
            playlist ids - (list) list of playlist ids to be analyzed.
            OUTPUT:
            video ids - (list) list of dictionary that contains all videoId for channel.
            video_ids = []
            request = youtube.playlistItems().list(
                part="snippet, contentDetails",
                playlistId= playlist_id,
                maxResults = 50
            )
            response = request.execute()
            for item in response['items']:
                data = {
                         'videoId': item['contentDetails']['videoId']
                video_ids.append(data)
            next_page_token = response.get('nextPageToken')
            while next page token is not None:
                request = youtube.playlistItems().list(
                    part="snippet, contentDetails",
                    playlistId= playlist_id,
                    maxResults = 50,
                    pageToken = next page token
                     )
                response = request.execute()
                for item in response['items']:
                    data = {
                             'videoId': item['contentDetails']['videoId']
                    video ids.append(data)
                next_page_token = response.get('nextPageToken')
            return video ids
```

```
In [8]:
        def get_video_details(youtube, video_ids):
            Function: Gather interested information from videos and store in dataframe.
            INPUT:
            youtube - Get credentials and create an API client/Initialise a Youtube API ser
            video ids - (list) list of video ids.
            OUTPUT:
            video_df - (pandas dataframe) dataframe of video statistics. Includes columns:
                         'channelTitle', 'title', 'description', 'tags', 'publishedAt',
                         'viewCount', 'likeCount', 'favouriteCount', 'commentCount',
'duration', 'definition', 'caption'%
            ....
            all_video_info = []
            for i in range(0,len(video_ids), 50):
                request = youtube.videos().list(
                    part="snippet,contentDetails,statistics",
                    id= ','.join(video_ids[i:i+50])
                response = request.execute()
                for video in response['items']:
                    # create dictionary of stats I want to keep
                    'contentDetails': ['duration', 'definition', 'caption']
                                }
                    # empty dictionary to keep track of keys and values
                    video info = {}
                    video_info['video_id'] = video['id']
                    # extract values and append them into empty dictionary
                    for k in stats_keep.keys():
                        for v in stats_keep[k]:
                            try:
                                video info[v] = video[k][v]
                            except:
                                video_info[v] = None
                    all video info.append(video info)
                video_df = pd.DataFrame(all_video_info)
            return video df
```

```
def get_videos_comments(youtube, video_ids):
    Function: Gather comments from videos and store in dataframe.
    INPUT:
    youtube - Get credentials and create an API client/Initialise a Youtube API ser
    video ids - (list) list of video ids.
    OUTPUT:
    all_comments_df - (pandas dataframe) dataframe of comments. Each video has a ma
                        10 comments which are compiled in a list.
    all\_comments = []
    for video_id in video_ids:
        try:
            request = youtube.commentThreads().list(
                part="snippet, replies",
                videoId=video_id
            response = request.execute()
            # help https://developers.google.com/youtube/v3/docs/commentThreads?hl=
            video_comments = [comment['snippet']['topLevelComment']['snippet']['tex
                              for comment in response['items'][0:10]]
            video comments info = {'video id': video id, 'comments': video comments
            all_comments.append(video_comments_info)
        except:
            # dealing with errors
            pass
    all comments df = pd.DataFrame(all comments)
    return all_comments_df
```

Out[10]:

	channelName	publishDate	subscribers	views	totalVideos	playlist
0	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	2011-05- 24T01:52:48Z	1330000	74805212	285	UUtYLUTtgS3k1Fg4y5tAhLb
1	Alex The Analyst	2020-01- 08T05:04:24.970712Z	973000	45262286	345	UU7cs8q-gJRlGwj4A8OmCmX
2	Luke Barousse	2020-08- 03T09:02:41.213077Z	498000	24854675	163	UULLw7jmFsvflVaUFsLs8ml
3	Mo Chen	2022-12- 25T20:25:38.187653Z	148000	5642948	215	UUDybamfye5An6p-j1t2YMs
4	Data Professor	2019-08- 17T15:59:56Z	200000	7160298	353	UUV8e2g4IWQqK71bbzGDEI4
5	Jay Feng	2019-11- 19T19:16:30.516571Z	52000	3487091	420	UUcQx1UnmorvmSEZef4X7-€
6	Corey Schafer	2006-05- 31T22:49:22Z	1400000	100442533	239	UUCezlgC97PvUuR4_gbFUs8
7	Ken Jee	2014-02- 28T14:58:24Z	266000	9309046	288	UUiT9RITQ9PW6BhXK0y2jae
8	Tech With Tim	2014-04- 23T01:57:10Z	1670000	163496137	1314	UU4JX40jDee_tlNbkjycV4S
9	Nicholas Renotte	2019-01- 26T22:31:46Z	295000	20586312	308	UUHXa4OpASJEwrHrLelzw7Y
4						+

```
In [11]:
         playlist_ids = list(channel_stats.playlistId.unique()) # convert all unique calues
         video ids list = []
         # loop to get video ids from all interested channels
         for playlist_id in playlist_ids:
             video_ids = get_videos_ids(youtube, playlist_id)
             video ids list.append(video ids)
         video_ids_list
           {'videoId': 'QdXF69-EGEI'},
           {'videoId': 'ZTt9gsGcdDo'},
           {'videoId': 'Qf06XDYXCXI'},
           {'videoId': 'rC9vw2dSpQo'},
           {'videoId': 'Ka04Dj7DxGk'},
           {'videoId': 'bQ5BoolX9Ag'},
           {'videoId': 'zxQyTK8quyY'},
           {'videoId': '8ZcccMzTz7Y'},
           {'videoId': 'YaQEUgIr4Mk'},
           {'videoId': 'PSs6nxngL6k'},
           {'videoId': '953NHzFtGHc'},
           {'videoId': '02z075hHpZQ'},
           {'videoId': 'L8HKweZIOmg'},
           {'videoId': 'y8xRw76i1qY'},
           {'videoId': 'LS6VX7noVWY'},
           {'videoId': 'ZYDN25N5WhQ'},
           {'videoId': 'ccjrsxXmfnw'},
           {'videoId': 'bv9agba7blc'},
           {'videoId': 'oZ9SrkF_-LE'},
           {'videnTd'. 'ARRnDFf_nfk'}
In [12]: # chain all lists into one giant list
         video_ids_list_clean= list(itertools.chain(*video_ids_list))
         # only get video id value(str) and put into list
         video_ids_list_clean = [d['videoId'] for d in video_ids_list_clean]
```

```
In [13]: video_ids = video_ids_list_clean
    video_df = get_video_details(youtube, video_ids)
    video_df
```

Out[13]:

,	title	description	tags	publishedAt	viewCount	likeCount	favou
t 1 r	Encoder-Only Transformers (like BERT) for RAG,	Encoder-Only Transformers are the backbone for	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, BE	2024-11- 18T05:00:11Z	24006	864	
t 1 r	Luis Serrano + Josh Starmer Q&A Livestream!!!	Join me, Luis Serrano http://www.youtube.com/c	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-10- 10T04:04:08Z	4892	113	
t 1 r	Human Stories in AI: Nana Janashia@TechWorld W	In this episode we have special guest Nana Jan	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-09- 09T04:00:17Z	6353	127	
t 1 r	A few more lessons from my Pop!	Since September 4th is Global Frank Starmer Da	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-09- 04T04:00:00Z	6770	306	
t 1 r	Human Stories in Al: Abbas Merchant@Matics Ana	In this episode we have special guest Abbas Me	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-07- 29T04:00:38Z	6368	132	
;	Generating Credentials - Build An Image Classi	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[image classification, python, ibm, visual rec	2019-01- 29T21:29:54Z	1624	16	
; ;	Installing Watson Developer Cloud - Build An I	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[visual recognition, image classification, pyt	2019-01- 29T21:29:50Z	1502	12	
3	General Image Classification - Build An Image	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[watson, ibm, visual recognition, image classi	2019-01- 29T21:29:47Z	2006	17	
; ;	Food Image Classification - Build An Image Cla	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[python, image classification, watson, visual	2019-01- 29T21:29:44Z	2831	19	
;	Face Detection - Build An Image Classifier wit	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[python, ibm, watson, image classification, vi	2019-01- 29T21:29:41Z	4115	38	

```
In [14]: all_comments_df = get_videos_comments(youtube, video_ids)
all_comments_df
```

Out[14]:

o_id comments	video_id	
acE [Support StatQuest by buying my books The Stat	GDN649X_acE	0
OTw [Josh is so humble, but a genius :). Thanks so	qJrmQe8TOTw	1
yXc [Amazing job!, never stop making videos, or el	DkmflQRDyXc	2
uwQ [Support StatQuest by buying my book The StatQ	0QOm7Sn5uwQ	3
Cf_E [Actually your clips are good, not only chasin	wIGOnM6Cf_E	4
acE [Hello,In IBM cloud I can't find visual recogn	JjuCGJyZacE	3922
Ya4 [Hey bro im just getting started in these but	PPq79Q51Ya4	3923
X48 [I had some problems - looks like this might b	oKDkwZkzX48	3924
pbs [Very helpful my friend. I WOULD kindly ask a	FgZsV09npbs	3925
Aog [Sir please do make RASA playlist. Your teachi	z16aNdvgAog	3926

3927 rows × 2 columns

Data Pre-Processing

```
In [15]: video_df.isnull().any()
Out[15]: video_id
                            False
         channelTitle
                            False
         title
                            False
         description
                            False
         tags
                             True
         publishedAt
                            False
         viewCount
                            False
         likeCount
                             True
         favouriteCount
                             True
         commentCount
                             True
         duration
                            False
         definition
                            False
         caption
                            False
         dtype: bool
```

```
In [16]: video_df.dtypes
```

Out[16]: video_id object channelTitle object title object description object object tags publishedAt object viewCount object object likeCount favouriteCount object object commentCount duration object definition object caption object

dtype: object

In [17]: video_df.describe()

Out[17]:

	video_id	channelTitle	title	description	tags	publishedAt	viewCount	likeCount
count	3936	3936	3936	3936	3541	3936	3936	3930
unique	3936	10	3926	3419	2779	3923	3814	2308
top	GDN649X_acE	Tech With Tim	Linear Regression, Clearly Explained!!!		[tech with tim]	2019-02- 11T08:16:02Z	0	3
freq	1	1315	2	388	278	3	8	15
4								•

In [18]: | all_comments_df.isnull().sum()

Out[18]: video_id 0

comments 0
dtype: int64

```
num_cols = ['viewCount','likeCount','favouriteCount', 'commentCount']
In [19]:
         video_df[num_cols] = video_df[num_cols].apply(pd.to_numeric, errors = 'coerce', axi
         #Check
         video_df.dtypes
Out[19]: video_id
                             object
                             object
         channelTitle
         title
                             object
                             object
         description
         tags
                             object
         publishedAt
                             object
                            float64
         viewCount
                            float64
         likeCount
                            float64
         favouriteCount
         commentCount
                            float64
         duration
                             object
         definition
                             object
         caption
                             object
         dtype: object
```

In [20]: video_df

Out[20]:

	video_id	channelTitle	title	description	tags	publis
0	GDN649X_acE	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Encoder-Only Transformers (like BERT) for RAG,	Encoder-Only Transformers are the backbone for	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, BE	20: 18T05:C
1	qJrmQe8TOTw	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Luis Serrano + Josh Starmer Q&A Livestream!!!	Join me, Luis Serrano http://www.youtube.com/c	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	202 10T04:0
2	DkmflQRDyXc	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Human Stories in AI: Nana Janashia@TechWorld W	In this episode we have special guest Nana Jan	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	202 09T04:C
3	0QOm7Sn5uwQ	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	A few more lessons from my Pop!	Since September 4th is Global Frank Starmer Da	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	202 04T04:0
4	wlGOnM6Cf_E	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Human Stories in Al: Abbas Merchant@Matics Ana	In this episode we have special guest Abbas Me	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	202 29T04:C
3931	JjuCGJyZacE	Nicholas Renotte	Generating Credentials - Build An Image Classi	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[image classification, python, ibm, visual rec	20 ⁻ 29T21:2
3932	PPq79Q51Ya4	Nicholas Renotte	Installing Watson Developer Cloud - Build An I	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[visual recognition, image classification, pyt	20 ⁻ 29T21:2
3933	oKDkwZkzX48	Nicholas Renotte	General Image Classification - Build An Image	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[watson, ibm, visual recognition, image classi	20 ⁻ 29T21:2
3934	FgZsV09npbs	Nicholas Renotte	Food Image Classification - Build An Image Cla	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[python, image classification, watson, visual	20 ⁻ 29T21:2
3935	z16aNdvgAog	Nicholas Renotte	Face Detection - Build An Image Classifier wit	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[python, ibm, watson, image classification, vi	20 ⁻ 29T21:2

3936 rows × 13 columns

```
In [21]:
         video_df['publishedAt'] = pd.to_datetime(video_df['publishedAt'], format="%Y-%m-%dT
          #Check
          video df.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
          RangeIndex: 3936 entries, 0 to 3935
          Data columns (total 13 columns):
           #
               Column
                               Non-Null Count Dtype
               _____
                                -----
          0
               video id
                                3936 non-null
                                                object
                                                object
           1
               channelTitle
                                3936 non-null
           2
               title
                                3936 non-null
                                                object
                                                object
           3
               description
                                3936 non-null
           4
               tags
                                3541 non-null
                                                object
           5
                                3936 non-null
                                                datetime64[ns]
               publishedAt
                                                float64
           6
               viewCount
                                3936 non-null
           7
                                                float64
               likeCount
                                3930 non-null
           8
                                                float64
               favouriteCount
                               0 non-null
           9
               commentCount
                                3935 non-null
                                                float64
           10 duration
                                3936 non-null
                                                object
           11 definition
                                3936 non-null
                                                object
           12 caption
                                3936 non-null
                                                object
          dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(4), object(8)
          memory usage: 399.9+ KB
In [22]:
         # Help: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/29096381/num-day-to-name-day-with-panda
          video_df['publishedDayName'] = video_df['publishedAt'].dt.day_name()
          video_df['publishedMonthName'] = video_df['publishedAt'].dt.month_name()
          #Check
          video_df.head(1)
Out[22]:
                 video_id channelTitle
                                            title
                                                 description
                                                                     publishedAt viewCount likeCoun
                                                                tags
                                                   Encoder-
                                                               [Josh
                                        Encoder-
                                                      Only
                                                             Starmer,
                            StatQuest
                                           Only
```

Transformers

are the

for...

backbone

StatQuest.

Machine

Learning,

BE...

2024-11-18

05:00:11

24006.0

864.0

GDN649X acE

with Josh

Starmer

Transformers

(like BERT)

for RAG,...

```
In [25]: # convert duration column to seconds with isodate
    # help: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/16742381/how-to-convert-youtube-api-dur
    # time delta help: https://pandas.pydata.org/docs/user_guide/timedeltas.html
    video_df['durationSec'] = video_df['duration'].apply(lambda x:isodate.parse_duratio
    video_df['durationSec'] = video_df['durationSec'].astype('timedelta64[s]')
    #check
    video_df.head(1)
```

Out[25]:

video_id	channelTitle	title	description	tags	publishedAt	viewCount	likeCoun
0 GDN649X_acE	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Encoder- Only Transformers (like BERT) for RAG,	Encoder- Only Transformers are the backbone for	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, BE	2024-11-18 05:00:11	24006.0	864.(

In [26]: # Len(video_df['tags'][2195]) - produced a number
Len(video_df['tags'][0]) - produced a Nonetype error; must address
video_df['tagsCount'] = video_df['tags'].apply(lambda x: 0 if x is None else len(x)
#check
video_df.tail()

Out[26]:

	video_id	channelTitle	title	description	tags	publishedAt	viewCount	likeC
3931	JjuCGJyZacE	Nicholas Renotte	Generating Credentials - Build An Image Classi	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[image classification, python, ibm, visual rec	2019-01-29 21:29:54	1624.0	
3932	PPq79Q51Ya4	Nicholas Renotte	Installing Watson Developer Cloud - Build An I	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[visual recognition, image classification, pyt	2019-01-29 21:29:50	1502.0	
3933	oKDkwZkzX48	Nicholas Renotte	General Image Classification - Build An Image	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[watson, ibm, visual recognition, image classi	2019-01-29 21:29:47	2006.0	
3934	FgZsV09npbs	Nicholas Renotte	Food Image Classification - Build An Image Cla	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[python, image classification, watson, visual	2019-01-29 21:29:44	2831.0	
3935	z16aNdvgAog	Nicholas Renotte	Face Detection - Build An Image Classifier wit	Tired of struggling to build an image classifi	[python, ibm, watson, image classification, vi	2019-01-29 21:29:41	4115.0	
4								•

In [29]: video_df.drop(columns = ['favouriteCount'], inplace = True)
check
video_df.head()

Out[29]:

	video_id	channelTitle	title	description	tags	publishedAt
0	GDN649X_acE	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Encoder-Only Transformers (like BERT) for RAG,	Encoder-Only Transformers are the backbone for	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, BE	2024-11-18 05:00:11
1	qJrmQe8TOTw	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Luis Serrano + Josh Starmer Q&A Livestream!!!	Join me, Luis Serrano http://www.youtube.com/c	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-10-10 04:04:08
2	DkmflQRDyXc	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Human Stories in Al: Nana Janashia@TechWorld W	In this episode we have special guest Nana Jan	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-09-09 04:00:17
3	0QOm7Sn5uwQ	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	A few more lessons from my Pop!	Since September 4th is Global Frank Starmer Da	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-09-04 04:00:00
4	wIGOnM6Cf_E	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Human Stories in Al: Abbas Merchant@Matics Ana	In this episode we have special guest Abbas Me	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-07-29 04:00:38
- 4						

```
In [30]: video_df['title_length'] = video_df['title'].apply(lambda x: len(x))
    video_df.head()
```

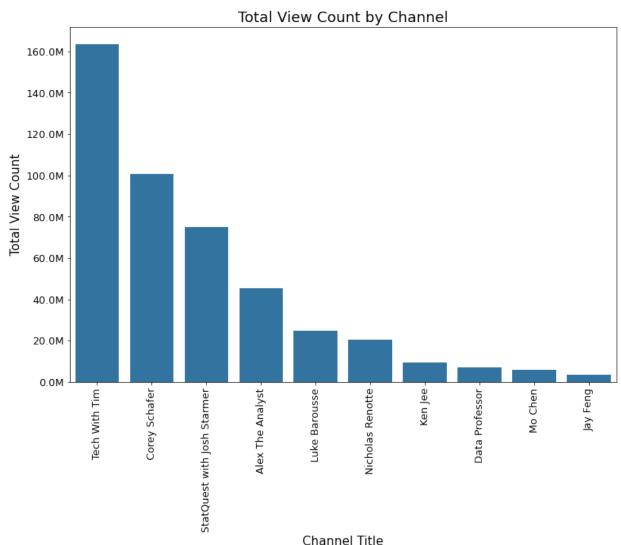
Out[30]:

	video_id	channelTitle	title	description	tags	publishedAt
0	GDN649X_acE	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Encoder-Only Transformers (like BERT) for RAG,	Encoder-Only Transformers are the backbone for	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, BE	2024-11-18 05:00:11
1	qJrmQe8TOTw	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Luis Serrano + Josh Starmer Q&A Livestream!!!	Join me, Luis Serrano http://www.youtube.com/c	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-10-10 04:04:08
2	DkmflQRDyXc	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Human Stories in Al: Nana Janashia@TechWorld W	In this episode we have special guest Nana Jan	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-09-09 04:00:17
3	0QOm7Sn5uwQ	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	A few more lessons from my Pop!	Since September 4th is Global Frank Starmer Da	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-09-04 04:00:00
4	wIGOnM6Cf_E	StatQuest with Josh Starmer	Human Stories in Al: Abbas Merchant@Matics Ana	In this episode we have special guest Abbas Me	[Josh Starmer, StatQuest, Machine Learning, St	2024-07-29 04:00:38
4						•

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
In [32]: def millions(x, pos):
    return '%1.1fM' % (x*1e-6)

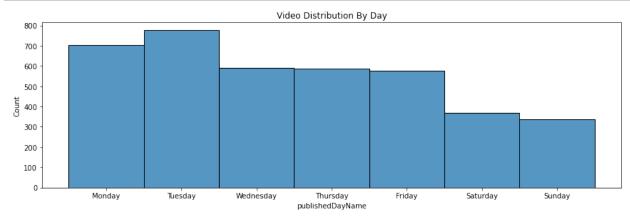
formatter = FuncFormatter(millions)
```

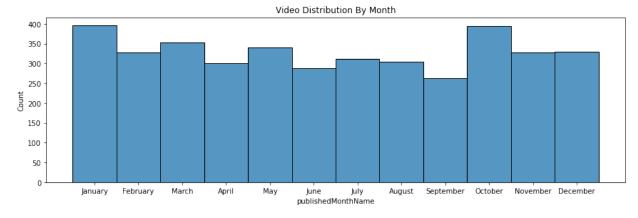


```
In [34]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize = [12, 8])
    fig.tight_layout(h_pad=5)

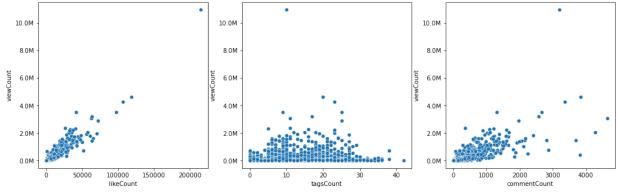
plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
    sb.histplot(data = video_df, x = "publishedDayName")
    plt.title('Video Distribution By Day')

plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
    sb.histplot(data = video_df, x = "publishedMonthName")
    plt.title('Video Distribution By Month');
```



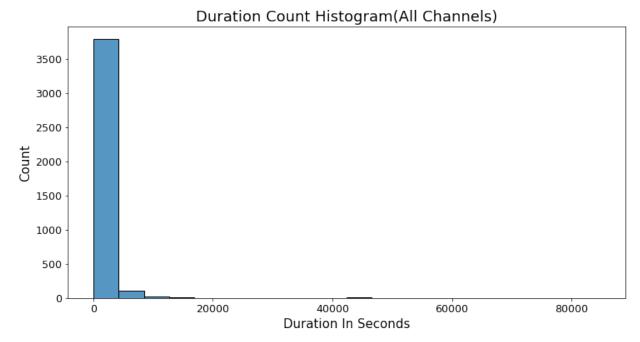


```
In [35]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,3, figsize = [17, 5])
sb.scatterplot(data = video_df, x = 'likeCount', y = 'viewCount', ax = ax[0])
sb.scatterplot(data = video_df, x = 'tagsCount', y = 'viewCount', ax = ax[1])
sb.scatterplot(data = video_df, x = 'commentCount', y = 'viewCount', ax = ax[2])
# convert scietific notations on y-axis to millions
for i in range(3):
    ax[i].yaxis.set_major_formatter(formatter);
```



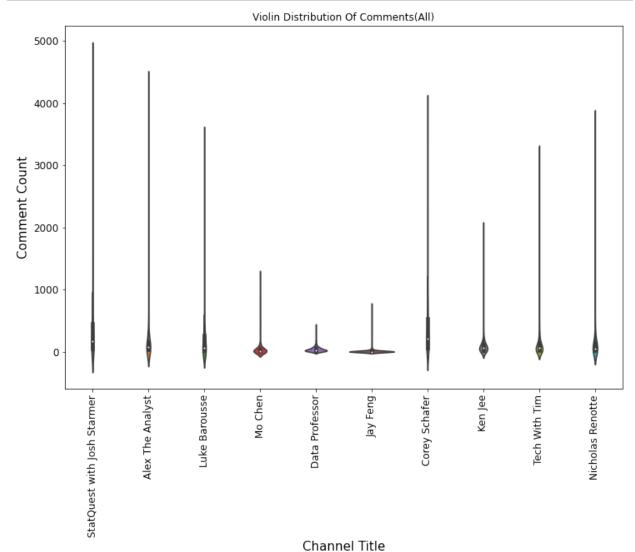
```
In [42]: plt.figure(figsize = (12, 6))
    sb.histplot(data=video_df, x="durationSec", bins = 20)

plt.title('Duration Count Histogram(All Channels)', fontsize = 18)
    plt.xticks(fontsize = 12.5)
    plt.yticks(fontsize = 12.5)
    plt.xlabel('Duration In Seconds', fontsize = 15)
    plt.ylabel('Count', fontsize = 15);
```



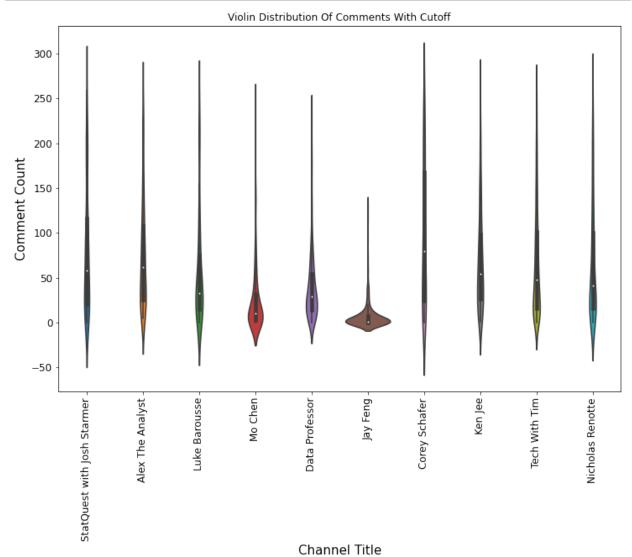
```
In [43]: fig = plt.figure(figsize = (12, 8))
    ax = sb.violinplot(data = video_df, x = 'channelTitle', y = 'commentCount')

plt.xticks(rotation = 90, fontsize = 12)
    plt.yticks(fontsize = 12)
    plt.xlabel("Channel Title", fontsize = 15)
    plt.ylabel("Comment Count", fontsize = 15)
    plt.title("Violin Distribution Of Comments(All)");
```



```
In [44]: # establish cutoff point, get rid of outliers for better viewing
double_Q3 = (video_df['commentCount'].quantile(0.75))*2

#plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize = (12, 8))
ax = sb.violinplot(data = video_df[video_df.commentCount < double_Q3], x = 'channel
plt.xticks(rotation = 90, fontsize = 12)
plt.yticks(fontsize = 12)
plt.xlabel("Channel Title", fontsize = 15)
plt.ylabel("Comment Count", fontsize = 15)
plt.title("Violin Distribution Of Comments With Cutoff");</pre>
```

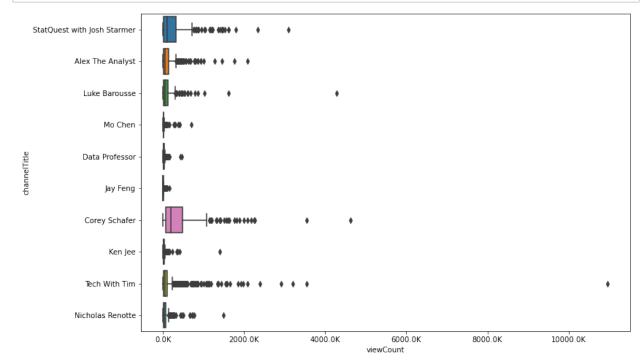


```
In [45]: # function similair to the million() function, but for thousands
def thousands(x, pos):
    """
    INPUT:
        x: numerical value
        pos: tick position

    OUTPUT: formatted string of % (x*1e-3) with K to represent thousands
    """
    return '%1.1fK' % (x*1e-3)

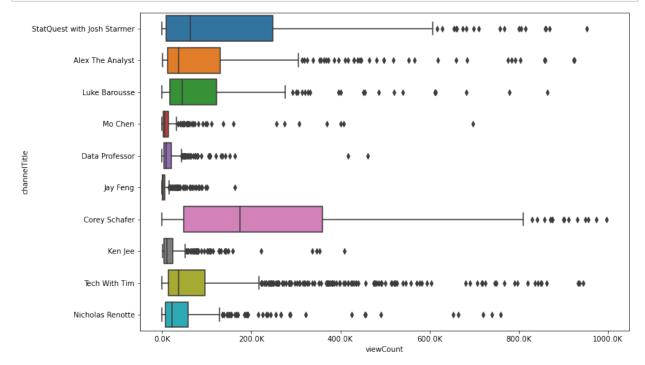
formatter = FuncFormatter(thousands)
```

```
In [46]: #plot
    fig = plt.figure(figsize = (12, 8))
    ax = sb.boxplot(data = video_df, y = 'channelTitle', x = 'viewCount')
    ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(formatter)
```

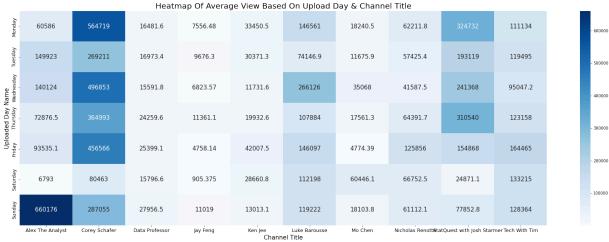


```
In [49]: #plot
    cutoff = 1000000

fig = plt.figure(figsize = (12, 8))
    ax = sb.boxplot(data = video_df[video_df.viewCount < cutoff], y = 'channelTitle', x
    ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(formatter)</pre>
```



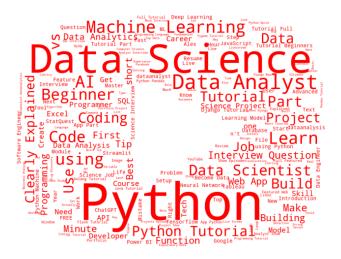
```
channel_view_means = video_df.groupby(['channelTitle', 'publishedDayName'])['viewCo
In [50]:
          channel_view_means = channel_view_means.pivot(columns = 'channelTitle', index = 'pu')
          fig = plt.figure(figsize = (30,10))
          ax = sb.heatmap(channel_view_means, annot = True, cmap='Blues',
                            fmt='g', annot_kws = {'size': 15}, cbar_kws = {'label': 'Average Vi
          plt.title('Heatmap Of Average View Based On Upload Day & Channel Title',
                    fontsize = 20)
          plt.xticks(rotation = 360, fontsize = 12.5)
          plt.yticks(fontsize = 12.5)
          plt.xlabel("Channel Title", fontsize = 15)
          plt.ylabel("Uploaded Day Name", fontsize = 15)
          # setting color bar fontsize
          # help: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/48586738/seaborn-heatmap-colorbar-label
          ax.figure.axes[-1].yaxis.label.set_size(15);
                                 Heatmap Of Average View Based On Upload Day & Channel Title
                                                       146561
                                                                                       111134
               60586
                               16481.6
                                       7556.48
                                               33450.5
                                                               18240.5
                                                                       62211.8
               149923
                       269211
                                                                               193119
                               16973.4
                                               30371.3
                                                       74146.9
                                                                       57425.4
                                       9676.3
                                                               11675.9
                                                                                       119495
```



```
# funciton for plotting wordcloud
# word cloud help: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f1TJXu5H8ZM
def plot_youtube_cloud(data):
    INPUT:
    data: Input data structure.
    title: (str) Title of Word Cloud
    OUTPUT:
    No Output
    0.000
    # import youtube outline
    image = imageio.imread('youtube_image.png')
    wordcloud = WordCloud(background_color = 'white',
                         mask = image,
                         stopwords = stop_words,
                         max\_words = 200,
                         max font size = 70,
                         scale = 3,
                         random_state =1,
                         # coloring help: https://github.com/amueller/word_cloud/is
                         color_func=lambda *args, **kwargs: "red").generate(str(dat
    fig = plt.figure(1, figsize = (20,20), dpi=80)
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.imshow(wordcloud)
    plt.show()
```

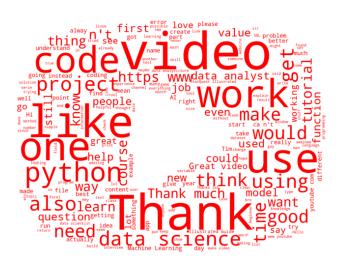
```
In [53]: # setting up stop words
    stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    # word tokenization help: https://stackabuse.com/removing-stop-words-from-strings-i
    video_df['title_no_stopwords'] = video_df['title'].apply(lambda x: [w for w in word

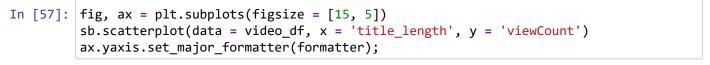
# append all words 'title_no_stopwords' into single list
    all_words = list([a for b in video_df['title_no_stopwords'].tolist() for a in b])
    # join all words together in list into single string
    all_words_str = ' '.join(all_words)
    plot_youtube_cloud(all_words_str)
```

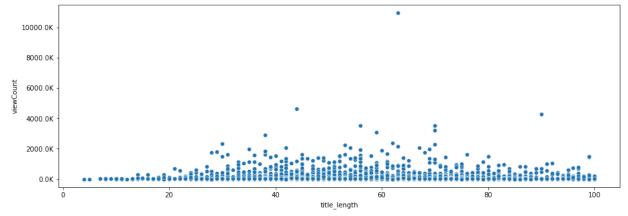


```
In [56]: # new column for words not in stopwords
all_comments_df['comments_no_stopwords'] = all_comments_df['comments'].apply(lambda

# append all words 'title_no_stopwords' into single list
all_words = list([a for b in all_comments_df['comments_no_stopwords'].tolist() for
# join all words together in list into single string
all_words_str = ' '.join(all_words)
plot_youtube_cloud(all_words_str)
```







```
In [ ]:
```