

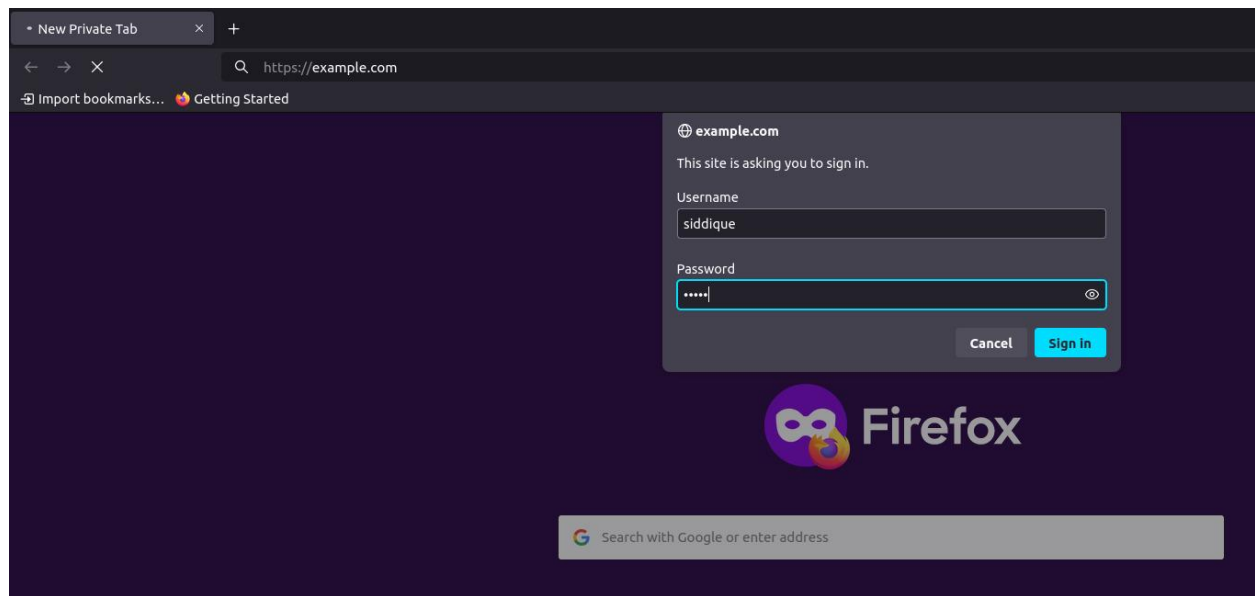
2019831019

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LAB REPORT



Lab Task By Siddique



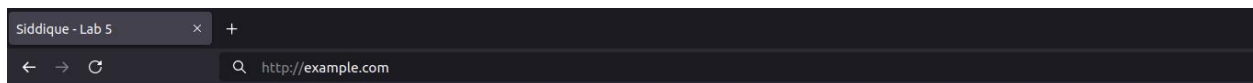


Unauthorized

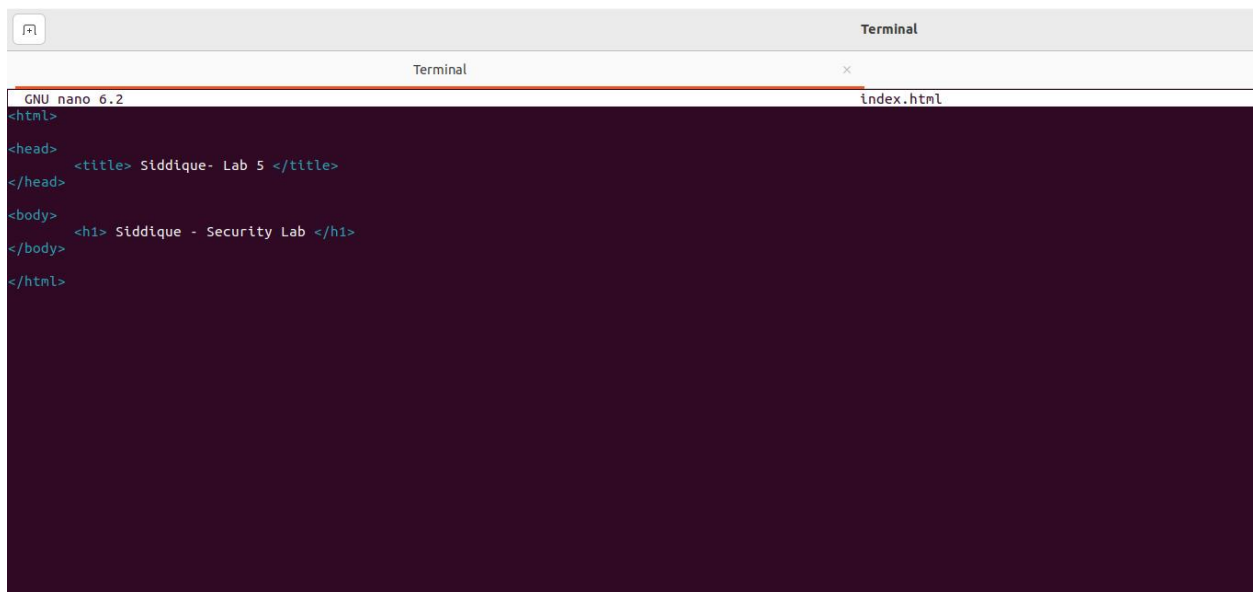
This server could not verify that you are authorized to access the document requested. Either you supplied the wrong credentials (e.g., bad password), or your brows

Apache/2.4.52 (Ubuntu) Server at example.com Port 443






Siddique Task 5



Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page

← → ↻

http://webserverlab.com



Apache2 Default Page

It works!

This is the default welcome page used to test the correct operation of the Apache2 server after installation on Ubuntu systems. It is based on the equivalent page on Debian, from which the Ubuntu Apache packaging is derived. If you can read this page, it means that the Apache HTTP server installed at this site is working properly. You should **replace this file** (located at `/var/www/html/index.html`) before continuing to operate your HTTP server.

If you are a normal user of this web site and don't know what this page is about, this probably means that the site is currently unavailable due to maintenance. If the problem persists, please contact the site's administrator.

Configuration Overview

Ubuntu's Apache2 default configuration is different from the upstream default configuration, and split into several files optimized for interaction with Ubuntu tools. The configuration system is **fully documented in `/usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz`**. Refer to this for the full documentation. Documentation for the web server itself can be found by accessing the **manual** if the `apache2-doc` package was installed on this server.

The configuration layout for an Apache web server installation on Ubuntu systems is as follows:

```
/etc/apache2/
|-- apache2.conf
|   |-- ports.conf
|-- mods-enabled
|   |-- *.load
|   |-- *.conf
```

Terminal

Terminal

GNU nano 6.2

example.com.conf

```
<VirtualHost _default_:443>
    ServerAdmin admin@example.com
    ServerName example.com

    DocumentRoot /var/www/example.com/html

    ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error.log
    CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/access.log combined

    SSLEngine on

    # A self-signed (snakeoil) certificate can be created by installing
    # the ssl-cert package. See
    # /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz for more info.
    # If both key and certificate are stored in the same file, only the
    # SSLCertificateFile directive is needed.
    SSLCertificateFile      /etc/ssl/certs/apache-selfsigned.crt
    SSLCertificateKeyFile   /etc/ssl/private/apache-selfsigned.key

    # Server Certificate Chain:
    # Point SSLCertificateChainFile at a file containing the
```

Terminal

Terminal

GNU nano 6.2

example.com.conf

```

    # the standard Auth/DBMAuth methods can be used for access control. The
    # user name is the 'one line' version of the client's X.509 certificate.
    # Note that no password is obtained from the user. Every entry in the user
    # file needs this password: 'xxj31ZMTZzkVA'.
    # o ExportCertData:
    # This exports two additional environment variables: SSL_CLIENT_CERT and
    # SSL_SERVER_CERT. These contain the PEM-encoded certificates of the
    # server (always existing) and the client (only existing when client
    # authentication is used). This can be used to import the certifica

    <Directory "/var/www/example.com/html">
        AuthType Basic
        AuthName "Restricted Content"
        AuthUserFile /etc/apache2/.htpasswd
        Require valid-user
    </Directory>

    <FilesMatch "\.(cgi|shtml|phtml|php)$">
        SSLOptions +StdEnvVars
    </FilesMatch>
    <Directory /usr/lib/cgi-bin>
        SSLOptions +StdEnvVars
    </Directory>

    # SSL Protocol Adjustments:
    # The safe and default but still SSL/TLS standard compliant shutdown
```



Terminal

```
GNU nano 6.2
<VirtualHost *:80>
    ServerAdmin webmaster@example.com
    ServerName example.com
    ServerAlias www.example.com

    DocumentRoot /var/www/example.com/html

    # Redirect all traffic to HTTPS
    Redirect permanent / https://example.com/

    ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/example.com_error.log
    CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/example.com_access.log combined
</VirtualHost>
```

Terminal

```
$ sudo htpasswd -c /etc/apache2/.htpasswd siddique
New password:
Re-type new password:
Adding password for user siddique
$ cat /etc/apache2/.htpasswd
siddique:$apr1$1LJAZTe2v$ir/djovuGmi8Aj6GXV6mX1
$
```

```

$ cd /var
$ ls
backups cache crash lib local lock log mail metrics opt run snap spool tmp www
$ cd www
$ ls
example.com html
$ cd example.com
$ ls
html
$ cd html
$ ls
index.html
$ sudo nano index.html
sh: 219: sudo: not found
$ sudo nano index.html
$ sudo nano index.html
$ cd /etc
$ ls
acpi
adduser.conf      ca-certificates.conf      emacs      gss      kerneloops.conf      mailcap      opt      rc1.d      snmp      ufw
alsa               ca-certificates.conf.dpkg-old  environment  gtk-2.0  ldap               mailcap.order  os-release  rc2.d      speech-dispatcher  update-manager
alternatives      chatscripts               environment.d  gtk-3.0  ld.so.cache         manpath.config  PackageKit  rc3.d      ssh               update-motd.d
anacrontab        console-setup             ethertypes   hdpam.conf  ld.so.conf         mecabrc        pan.conf    rc4.d      ssl               update-notifier
apache2            cracklib                  firebird     host.conf  ld.so.conf.d       mine.types     pam.d       rc5.d      subgid            UPower
apg.conf          cron.d                   firefox      hosttd     legal              mke2fs.conf   papersize   rc6.d      subgid            usb_modeswitch.conf
apm               cron.daily                fonts         hostname   libao.conf         ModemManager  passwd      rcS.d      subuid            usb_modeswitch.d
apparmor          cron.hourly               fprntd.conf  hosts      libaudit.conf      modprobe.d     passw-      resolv.conf  subuid            vin
apparmor          cron.monthly              fstab        hosts.allow  libblockdev       modules        pcmcia     rmt            sudo.conf         vtrgb
apparmor.d        cron.tab                  fuse.conf    hosts.deny  libl1-3            modules-load.d  perl        rpc            sudoers           vulkan
appport           cron.weekly               fwupd        hp          libpaper.d         mongod.conf    pki        rsyslog.conf  sudoers.d         wgetrc
appstream.conf    cups                     gail.conf    ifplugd     liboffice          ntab           pm          rsyslog.d     sudo.logsrvd.conf whoopie
apt               cupsshelpers             gdb          init         lighttpd           mysql          pnm2ppa.conf  rygel.conf   sysctl.conf       wpa_supplicant
avahi             dbus-1                   gdm3         intl.d       locale.alias       nanorc         polkit-1    sane.d        sysctl.d          X11
bash.bashrc       dconf                    geoclue      intramfs-tools  locale.gen         netconfig      ppp         security      systemd           xattr.conf
bash_completion  debconf.conf             ghostscript  inputrc     localtime          netplan        preload.conf  sellinux     termInfo          xdg
bindresvport.blacklist  default                  gnome        ipp-usb     insserv.conf.d     logcheck       network     printcap      sensors3.conf     thermal
binfmt.d          deluser.conf             groff        iproute2    logrotate.conf     logrotate.d    NetworkManager  profile      services          thunderbird
bluetooth         depmod.d                group        issue       lsb-release        logrotate.d    networks     protocols     sgml              tlmzone
brlapi.key        dhcp                    grub         java-11-openjdk  machine-id         machine-id     nftables.conf  python3       shadow            tmpfiles.d
brlty             dpkg                    gshadow      kernel       kernel-ling.conf   magic          nsswitch.conf  python3.10   shadow            ubuntu-advantage
ca-certificates  e2scrub.conf            gshadow      kernel       kernel-ling.conf   magic          nsswitch.conf  python3.10   shadow            ucf.conf
$ cd apache2
$ ls
apache2.conf conf-available conf-enabled envvars magic mods-available mods-enabled ports.conf sites-available sites-enabled
$ cd sites-enabled
$ ls
default-ssl.conf example.com.conf
$ sudo nano example.com.conf
$ sudo nano default-ssl.conf
$

```

```

GNU nano 6.2                                                                    default-ssl.conf
<IfModule mod_ssl.c>
<VirtualHost _default_:443>
    ServerAdmin admin@webserverlab.com
    ServerName webserverlab.com

    DocumentRoot /var/www/html

    # Available loglevels: trace8, ..., trace1, debug, info, notice, warn,
    # error, crit, alert, emerg.
    # It is also possible to configure the loglevel for particular
    # modules, e.g.
    #LogLevel info ssl:warn

    ErrorLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/error.log
    CustomLog ${APACHE_LOG_DIR}/access.log combined

    # For most configuration files from conf-available/, which are
    # enabled or disabled at a global level, it is possible to
    # include a line for only one particular virtual host. For example the
    # following line enables the CGI configuration for this host only
    # after it has been globally disabled with "a2disconf".
    #Include conf-available/serve-cgi-bin.conf

    #
    # SSL Engine Switch:
    # Enable/Disable SSL for this virtual host.
    SSLEngine on

    #
    # A self-signed (snakeoil) certificate can be created by installing
    # the ssl-cert package. See
    # /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz for more info.
    # If both key and certificate are stored in the same file, only the
    # SSLCertificateFile directive is needed.
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/certs/apache-selfsigned.crt
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/ssl/private/apache-selfsigned.key

    #
    # Server Certificate Chain:
    # Point SSLCertificateChainFile at a file containing the

```