



Birla Institute of Technology & Science, Pilani

Pilani Campus

I SEMESTER 2020-2021

Assignment-1

Course No.: IS F462

Deadline: 4th Oct 2020

Course Title: Network Programming

Maximum Marks: 48M (12%)

Note:

- Maximum of two students per group. Upload code in [Canvas](#)
- Name your file idno1_idno2_assignment1.tar .
- Group information to be entered here:
https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1a3_OsjEIQQlbpoXD_vX2sZcLYawRpoYtJZQYbkYfmUo/edit?usp=sharing

P1. You are required to build a bash-like shell for the following requirements. Your program should not use temporary files, `popen()`, `system()` library calls. It should only use system-call wrappers from the library. It should not use `sh` or `bash` shells to execute a command.

- a) Shell should wait for the user to enter a command. User can enter a command with multiple arguments. Program should parse these arguments and pass them to `execv()` call. For every command, shell should search for the file in `PATH` and print any error. Shell should also print the pid, status of the process before asking for another command.
- b) shell should support any number of commands in the pipeline. e.g. `ls|wc|wc|wc`. Print details such as pipe fds, process pids and the steps. Redirection operators can be used in combination with pipes.
- c) shell should support two new pipeline operators "`||`" and "`|||`". E.g.: `ls -l || grep ^-, grep ^d`. It means that output of `ls -l` command is passed as input to two other commands. Similarly, "`|||`" means, output of one command is passed as input to three other commands separated by "`,`".
- d) shell should mask all signals except `SIGQUIT` and `SIGINT`. When `SIGINT` is received, it should print last 10 commands executed by the user, along with status of each. When `SIGQUIT` is pressed, it should ask user "Do you really want to exit?". If yes, it should exit

Deliverables:

- Brief Design Document (.pdf)
- shell.c

[20 M]

P2. Implement a client-server system within an operating systems using IPC mechanisms such as message queues. The requirements are as follows.

- a) The system is file storage and data processing system. It has metadata server (M), data servers (D) and a client (C).
- b) A client submits request to add a file at a given path to the M server. M server makes changes to file hierarchy and replies.



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- c) Then client divides the file into blocks of `CHUNK_SIZE` (taken as input). For each chunk, C will send `ADD_CHUNK` request to M server. M returns list of addresses of three D servers. C will send chunk of data directly to D. D will reply with status. D stores each chunk as a file within its directory.
- d) To copy file from one path to another, C sends `CP` request to M. M will change metadata and reply. M marks the chunks to be copied. In the next communication to D servers, M instructs them where to copy the chunk.
- e) To move file, C sends `MV` request. M changes file hierarchy and reply.
- f) To delete file, C sends `RM` request. M changes file hierarchy and marks chunks to be deleted. In the next communication between M and D, M will instruct Ds to remove the chunks.
- g) C can send a command to Ds to be executed on the chunks stored and send the result back to C. For e.g. C sends `wc -w/m/l/c` to D servers. D servers execute this command on their local chunks and send the results back. Other e.g. may be `cat`, `od`, `ls`, `sort` ...

Deliverables:

- `m_server.c`, `d_server.c`, `client.c`
- pdf file explaining design decisions

[28 M]

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