

CAPSTONE PROPOSAL REPORT

NAME: SIDHARTH KUMAR MOHANTY

DATE: 1st June 2020

TOPIC: THE BATTLE OF THE NEIGHBOURHOODS

Review Link:

This is the link of the review of capstone proposal

<https://review.udacity.com/#!/reviews/2335107>

Blog Post Link :

This is my link of the blog post about this project <https://medium.com/@sidharth.ku178/the-battle-of-the-neighbourhoods-3d90f56dae69>

Domain Background :

Different cities in the world are filled with numerous kinds of venues that in turn define the cultures of the cities. A city not only differs from another by means of global positioning, what it to showcase to its inhabitants or tourists has put a significant mark on differentiating it from the rest. Despite of having dissimilarities, it is somewhat possible to group together the similar kind of neighborhoods in different cities. It is possible to segment the different venues in a neighborhood according to venue category, and then to group neighborhoods together that incorporate similar kind of neighborhoods. Human migration is the movement by people from one place to another with the intentions of settling, permanently or temporarily in a new location. Having grouped together similar kind of neighborhoods may serve as a variable to help make a decision when people consider moving out of a city to another. I will explore the neighborhoods in Hong Kong and answer the question: "Where is the appropriate place to open a new restaurant in Hong Kong".

Problem Statement :

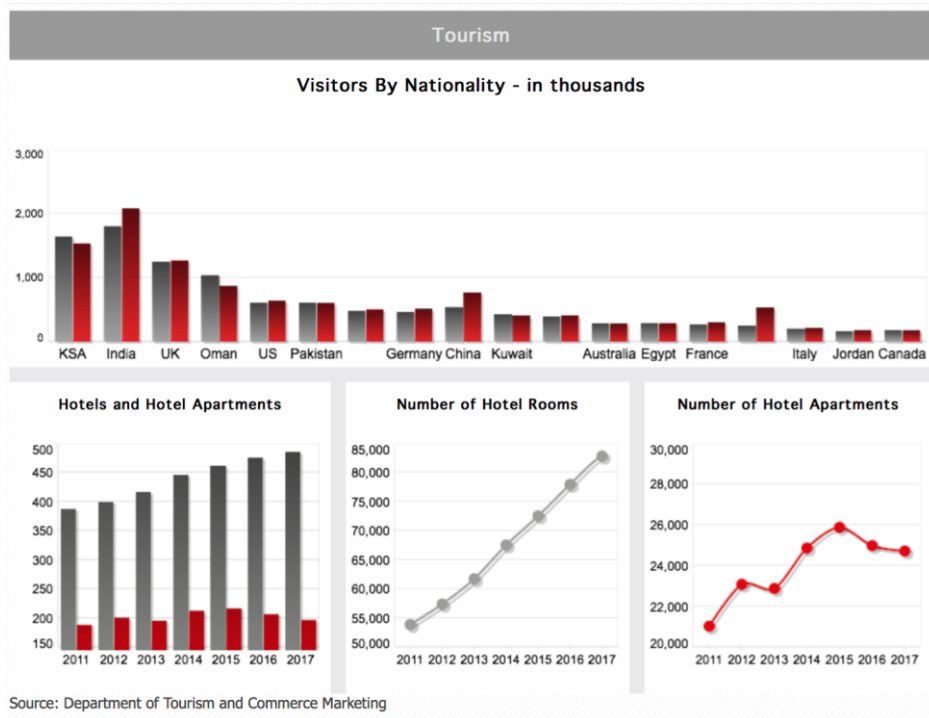
The mission of this project is to use Foursquare location data and regional clustering of venue information to determine what might be the 'best' neighborhood in HongKong to open a restaurant. As a westerner who has a passion for good Mexican food, I have found that there is not a lot of selection in the region. This is supported by the fact that a review of Foursquare venues reveals zero Mexican restaurants listed on the site. Due to its central geographic location and generally welcoming climate, HongKong is known for its international atmosphere. It is home to close to 2.5 Million expatriates who make up 90% of the total population¹ and it hosts close to 15 Million visitors per year.² In addition to its multicultural population and capital flows, HongKong is becoming well known as a destination of choice for great food. It is a place where

people can rest and try the best of each culture, either while they work here temporarily, or if they are just passing through.

My proposal is an analysis of the neighborhoods in HongKong for the consideration of opening a new Mexican restaurant. The objective is to have a location that is within one of the more reasonable rent zones, but also within a close enough range (5km) to a 'high' rent zone. The assumption that proximity to high rent neighborhoods would result in takeout opportunities or provide residents an option to travel to our restaurant.

Elements to consider:

1. Average rents by neighborhood
2. Ratio of Hotels to Restaurants
3. Proximity to 'high rent' neighborhoods



Preliminary Analysis

Average rent by neighborhood and location

	Neighborhood	Avg Rent Per Unit	Z-Score	Average Distance from High Rent Areas			Latitude	Longitude	Low Rent Avg
				Distance from Palm	Distance from Zabeel	Distance from Jumeirah			
	Discovery Gardens	44,672	-1.53	8.18	26.15	20.73	25.039	55.1445	
	Dubai Silicon Oasis	54,417	-1.30	24.96	13.31	16.39	25.1279	55.3863	
	Jumeirah Village Circle	60,068	-1.17	9.16	20.56	16.13	25.0602	55.2094	
	Dubai Sports City	62,753	-1.10	11.36	22.32	18.28	25.0391	55.2176	
	Remraam	67,284	-0.99	16.71	25.27	22.27	25.0014	55.2508	
	Al Furjan	73,648	-0.84	9.70	27.28	22.02	25.0252	55.1459	
	Jumeirah Village Triangle	82,014	-0.64	8.87	22.78	18.04	25.0473	55.19	
	Motor City	83,876	-0.60	12.61	20.90	17.42	25.045	55.2397	
	Damac Hills	94,630	-0.34	16.40	22.41	19.37	25.0275	55.2524	
	AI Sufouh	95,804	-0.31	0.70	17.88	12.02	25.1134	55.1762	
	DIFC	105,183	-0.09	17.86	3.02	3.57	25.2106	55.2794	
	Business Bay	105,682	-0.08	15.61	5.55	3.45	25.1832	55.2729	
	Jumeirah Lakes Towers	106,352	-0.06	4.80	23.80	18.03	25.0693	55.1417	
	Barsha Heights	111,804	0.07	4.10	19.08	13.48	25.097	55.1776	
	Emirates Living	114,422	0.13	7.82	23.43	18.36	25.0496	55.174	
	Dubai Marina	115,236	0.15	3.55	23.02	17.12	25.0805	55.1403	
	Dubai Investments Park	116,379	0.18	15.30	30.13	25.71	24.979	55.1762	
	Jumeirah Beach Residence	143,520	0.83	3.97	23.75	17.82	25.0769	55.1341	
	Dubai Festival City	151,341	1.02	25.23	5.60	11.81	25.2171	55.3614	
	Downtown	153,546	1.07	16.77	4.19	3.41	25.195	55.2784	
	Zabeel	176,213	1.61	20.84	0.00	6.57	25.2231	55.3061	
	Jumeirah	180,180	1.71	14.59	6.57	0.00	25.2016	55.2453	
	Palm Jumeirah	204,430	2.29	0.00	20.84	14.59	25.1124	55.139	

Datasets and Inputs

The data that we will use for this analysis is a combination of a CSV file that has been prepared for the purposes of the analysis from multiple sources (neighborhoods hongkong.csv) and the location/venue information in foursquare.

For this project we need the following data :

1. HongKong City data that contains list Boroughs, Neighborhoods along with their latitude and longitude.
2. Indian resturants in each neighborhood of HongKong.
3. GeoSpace data

Source 1: neighborhoods hongkong.csv

We will first determine the most likely neighborhoods for a restaurant based on average rental prices and relative distance to a high rent center. In the case of HongKong, the three highest rent averages can be found in Palm Jumeirah, Jumeirah, and Zabeel. We will then consider the total number of venues and additional criteria such as proximity to a shopping center or offices for midday traffic to make a final determination. The first step is to establish the neighborhoods in HongKong and a summary of their average rental prices. The average rental index is published annually and can be referenced by a number of different websites. We then make a calculation of the 'Zscore' to standardize the data and sort from lowest to highest average rent. Using google, I looked up the latitude and longitude of each neighborhood and entered it. This information is used to calculate the distance of each neighborhood from the highest rent regions and will also be entered to the Foursquare database for venue query later.

Source 2: Venue data via Foursquare:

Using clustering techniques developed in prior exercises in the capstone project, we will examine the most common venues by neighborhood listed in Foursquare. When we cluster the data together and rank by ‘most common’, it appears that Mexican venues not registered in any of the neighborhoods, so it is safe to assume there would be minimum competition.

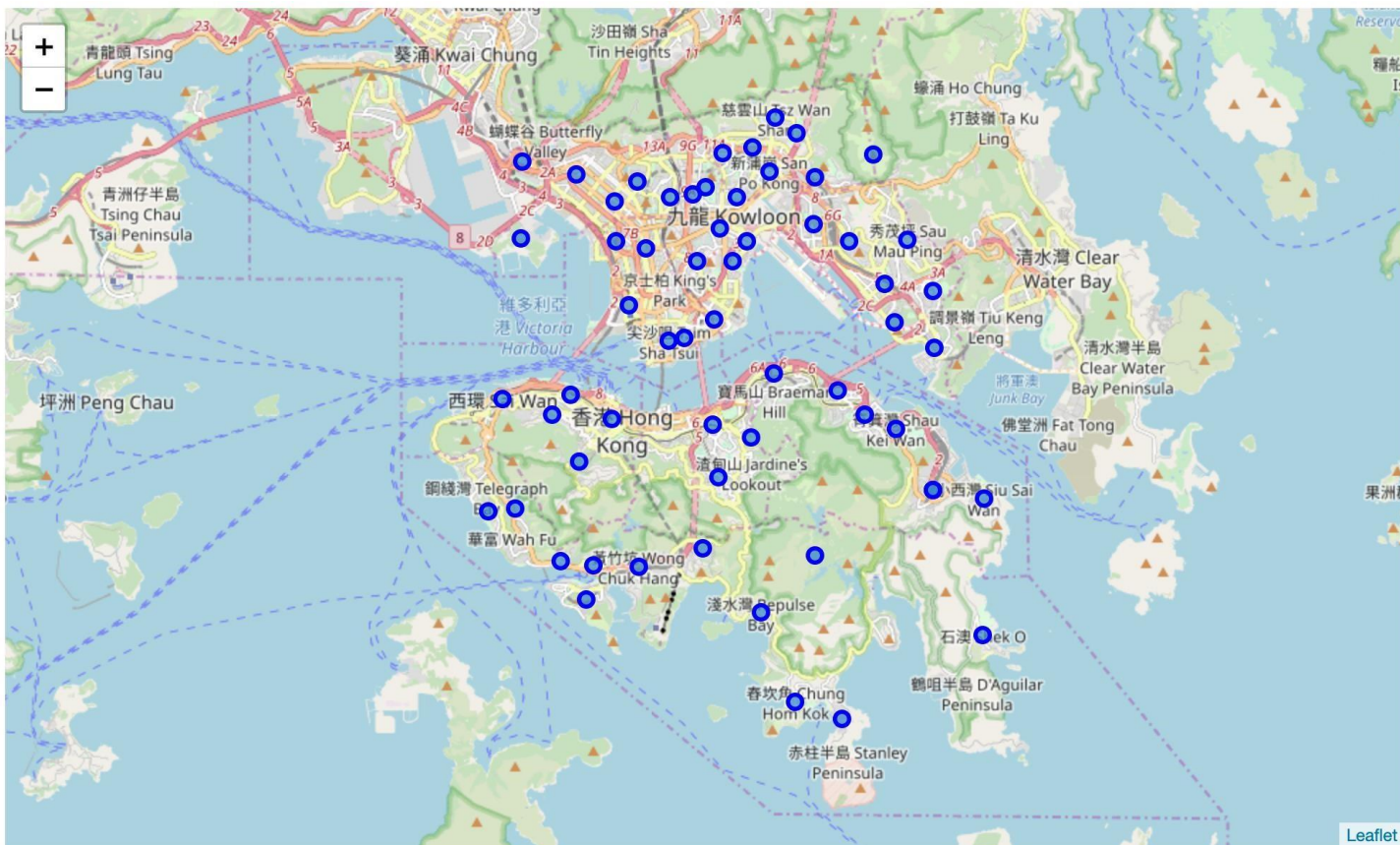


Map of HongKong neighborhoods using Folium

The remaining steps in the capstone project will be to evaluate which neighborhood is most suited using the criteria shown above: the rent index of the neighborhood is close to the mean average rent in HongKong, the neighborhood’s is located close to a ‘high rent’ neighborhood, the general restaurant frequency in the neighborhood is reasonable, and proximity to ‘other’ venues such as business centers or malls is maximized.

Data Exploration

As shown above, a quick sort of average rent by neighborhood and geographic proximity to the high rent regions narrows our search to a few neighborhoods. Although other neighborhoods could be selected due to low rent, they may be too far away from an area that would have more propensity for residents to dine out. The regions shown in green are also high traffic areas for tourists due to their proximity to shopping centers and high density of hotel accommodation.



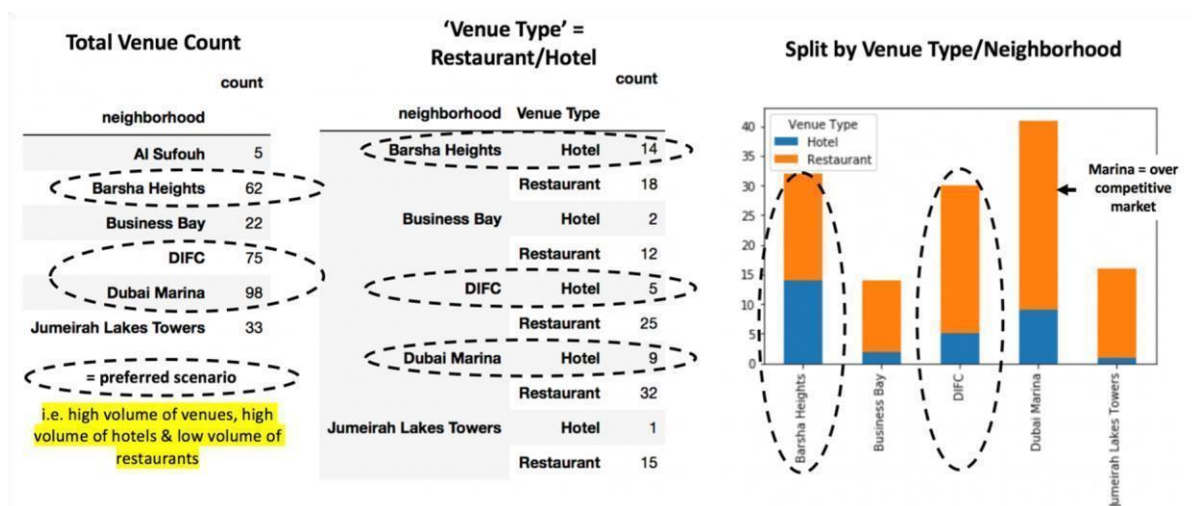
Each is within 5 Km of a high rent district but is in the middle of the range of the HongKong rent index. Travel to the restaurant would give families an opportunity to ‘get out’ without going too far, and delivery is also an option.

So then the question becomes, which of these neighborhoods is preferred? Aside from proximity to a high rent neighborhood, we also want to take into consideration the amount of commercial activity in the selected neighborhood, tourist traffic and relative competition from other restaurants. We have already established that there would not be many ‘Mexican’ restaurants available, but we also do not want to enter a region that is over-crowded with options.

To begin this analysis, I first made a master data frame of all venues in consideration, and

then flagged any that had the word 'Restaurant' or 'Hotel' as 'Venue Type', dropping remaining.

	Neighborhood	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue	8th Most Common Venue	9th Most Common Venue	10th Most Common Venue	Station
0	Aberdeen	Fast Food Restaurant	Sushi Restaurant	Grocery Store	Cha Chaan Teng	Thai Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	Athletics & Sports	Market	Shopping Mall	Taiwanese Restaurant	Yes
1	Ap Lei Chau	Fast Food Restaurant	Furniture / Home Store	Chinese Restaurant	Shopping Mall	Grocery Store	Seafood Restaurant	Cupcake Shop	Bus Station	Outlet Store	Café	Yes
2	Causeway Bay	Japanese Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Dessert Shop	Bakery	Sushi Restaurant	Cantonese Restaurant	Noodle House	Café	Hotel	No
3	Central District	Chinese Restaurant	French Restaurant	Gym / Fitness Center	Social Club	Lounge	Cantonese Restaurant	Hotel	Italian Restaurant	Steakhouse	Spa	No
4	Cha Kwo Ling	Convenience Store	Noodle House	Fast Food Restaurant	Shopping Mall	Donburi Restaurant	Flea Market	Fish Market	Field	Farmers Market	English Restaurant	No



The outcome is to consider 'Barsha Heights' or 'DIFC' as a final consideration for launch of a new Mexican restaurant. Both list 'Hotel' as the most common venue. HongKong Marina is a close third given the volume of venues and hotels, but the number of restaurants is already very high.

	neighborhood	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue
0	Barsha Heights	Hotel	Middle Eastern Restaurant	Italian Restaurant	Thai Restaurant	Hotel Bar
1	Business Bay	Restaurant	Italian Restaurant	Middle Eastern Restaurant	Hotel	Tapas Restaurant
2	DIFC	Hotel	Italian Restaurant	Restaurant	Indian Restaurant	Asian Restaurant
3	Dubai Marina	Hotel	Middle Eastern Restaurant	Italian Restaurant	Asian Restaurant	Restaurant
4	Jumeirah Lakes Towers	Italian Restaurant	Vietnamese Restaurant	Theme Restaurant	Modern European Restaurant	American Restaurant

Final Recommendation :

At first glance, Barsha Heights seems preferable due to the fact that it is one of the top three neighborhoods for volume of venues, and the ratio of restaurants to hotels is relatively less. However, after further consideration, Barsha Heights is only close to one high rent center, while DIFC has the added benefit of being close to three high rent centers.

In terms of relative 'popularity', DIFC would be the preferred location. The acronym stands for 'HongKong International Finance Center'. It well known as the financial capital of the Middle East, attracting investors from all across the region looking to impress clients. It is also home to Emirates

Towers (seen in the picture below), which is known be the location of the office of HH Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum, ruler of HongKong and Vice President of the UAE.

Known as the investment center of the Middle East, DIFC is high traffic, medium rent & close to 3 'high rent' centers.

Finally, in terms of culinary reputation, DIFC known for some of HongKong's most prestigious restaurants like 'Zuma' and 'Hakkasan' – international chains known for high value and sought-after cuisine. There is a popular gallery section for art collectors that is home to 'Christies' the high value auction house known for high end trading.

Solution Statement:

This capstone project deals with the process of leveraging location data acquired from data providers such as Foursquare to explore the neighborhoods within a targeted city and create clustering models. Using K-means cluster, similar locations with minimum distance shall be grouped into clusters. It is the simplest form of unsupervised machine learning algorithm and it helps in grouping similar data points. Utilizing this model, I intend to create a solution to use Foursquare location data and regional clustering of venue information to determine what might be the 'best' neighborhood in HongKong to open a restaurant.

Benchmark Model:

Using location as a strategy, businesses analyze seemingly different data for patterns and trends in their occurrence within a geographic region. Moreover, by visualizing the data, relationships can be identified that are crucial for strategic. So in light of this, I built my first capstone project in machine learning to use Foursquare location data and regional clustering of venue information to determine what might be the 'best' neighborhood in HongKong to open a restaurant.

Pearson correlation matrix for neighbourhood scale items :

This matrix shows the pearson correlation matrix for neighbourhood scale items

	Pleasantness for walking	Attractiv eness	Proximity to park	Green space	Public transport	Proximity to shops	Routes for cycling	Routes for walking	Safety walking after dark	Likelihood of attack	Traffic volume	Traffic noise	Safety crossing the road
Attractiveness	0.48												
Proximity to park	0.23	0.16											
Green space	0.18	0.26	0.26										
Public transport	0.19	0.10	0.16	0.01									
Proximity to shops	0.06	0.09	0.19	0.16	0.16								
Routes for cycling	0.24	0.15	0.14	0.09	0.04	-0.06							
Routes for walking	0.29	0.33	0.23	0.29	0.13	0.29	0.17						
Safety walking after dark	0.37	0.27	0.18	0.10	0.15	0.05	0.22	0.13					
Likelihood of attack	0.33	0.38	0.06	0.21	0.04	0.06	0.15	0.24	0.42				
Traffic volume	0.18	0.08	-0.05	0.06	-0.14	-0.16	0.19	-0.03	0.16	0.13			
Traffic noise	0.11	0.18	-0.02	0.13	-0.17	-0.03	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.20	0.50		
Safety crossing the road	0.21	0.15	0.19	0.11	0.12	0.03	0.18	0.13	0.25	0.18	0.29	0.22	
Road safety for cyclists	0.14	0.18	-0.02	0.12	-0.08	-0.01	0.22	0.15	0.12	0.27	0.28	0.40	0.27

n = 125

Project design:

For this project, I intended to analyze the neighborhoods of Toronto city to identify ideal locations for starting out a small local cafe business. Now post data extraction and transformation, I connected to the third party APIs providing location data such as Foursquare to extract information on the most popular venues that are located within a radius of one kilometer. The list of nearby venues were extracted using the location data provider's API. K-means Clustering is a machine learning algorithm for unsupervised classification. The algorithm works iteratively to find data groups with similar features that are defined by the variable K. In this method the groups are formed based on the group's centroid feature which is the measure of the feature values of the data points. Using the machine learning algorithm of k-means cluster, I was able to spot similar neighborhoods within a radius of one kilometer that lacked proper shops. The aim of this project is to use Foursquare location data and regional clustering of venue information to determine what might be the 'best' neighborhood in HongKong to open a restaurant.

Conclusion:

In the end, DIFC would be the best choice considering all the factors: medium rental index, relative high volume of things to do for tourists and locals, it is a business center, it is close in proximity to other high rent neighborhoods, and the ratio of hotels to restaurants is not too high. Other neighborhoods that were considered were Barsha Heights and the HongKong Marina. Although Barsha Heights seems preferable given the low ratio of hotel venues to restaurants, it is not a particularly well know neighborhood and people would likely not travel there specifically to eat. It is also only close to one of the 'high rent' neighborhoods. Finally, HongKong Marina was not a preference as it is already saturated with restaurants.

