

Q:- Count subarrays with xor less than k.

k

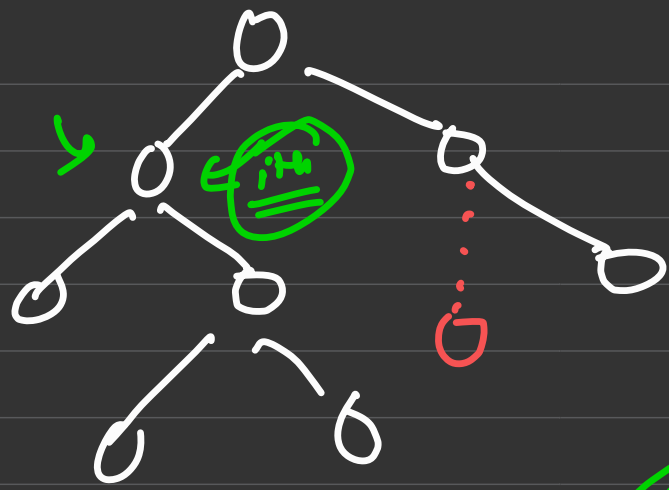
↓
[a, b, c, d, e]

↓
xor prefix array

[a, a^b, a^b^c, ...]

k $k \leq 0$

0
0



Binary Tree

$a^b c$ $\rightarrow num$

p

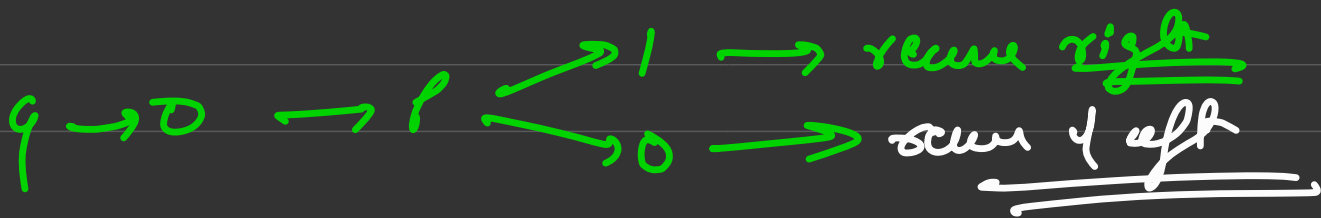
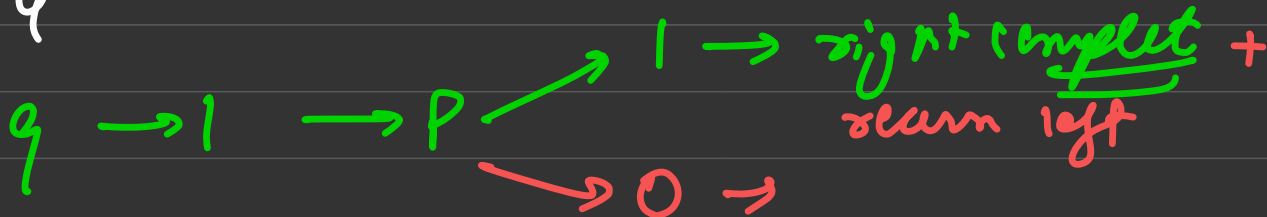
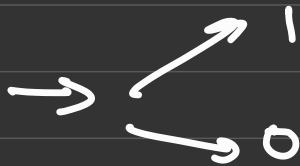
$num \rightarrow i^{th} \text{ bit} \rightarrow p$

k $\rightarrow i^{th} \text{ bit} \rightarrow q$

0 xor 1 \rightarrow 1
0 xor 0 \rightarrow 0



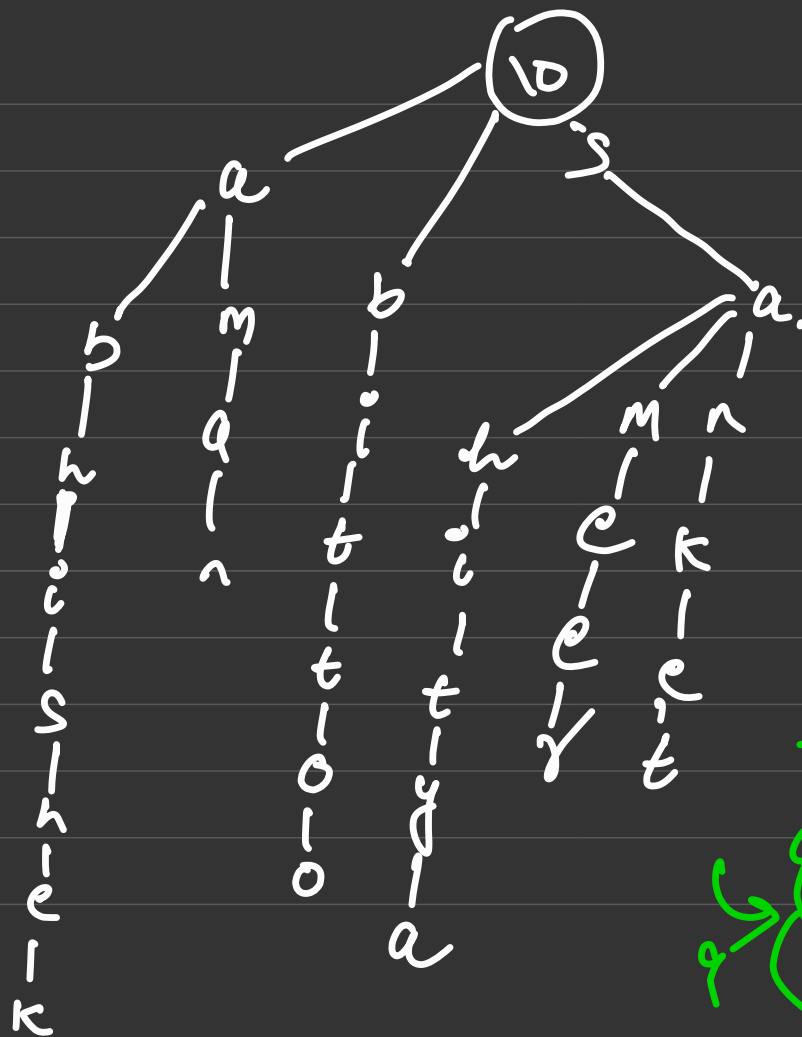
ith bit of num
 \downarrow
 P



Qⁿ Given a list of strings. And q queries. In each query, you get a string str. for each query return how many strings are lexicographically less than str.

sort $\leftarrow [\text{---}]_n$ $\frac{q}{4}$ str
($n \log n + q \log n \times 2$)

-



Gaman

Samyak

$$O(n \times l + 9 \times l)$$

Query \rightarrow insert
 \rightarrow $(\log n \times 2 + \log n \times 2)$

Q₂

[zebra, dog, duck, dove] \rightarrow ans

find the shortest unique prefix for
each word.

ans \rightarrow [z, dog, du, dov]

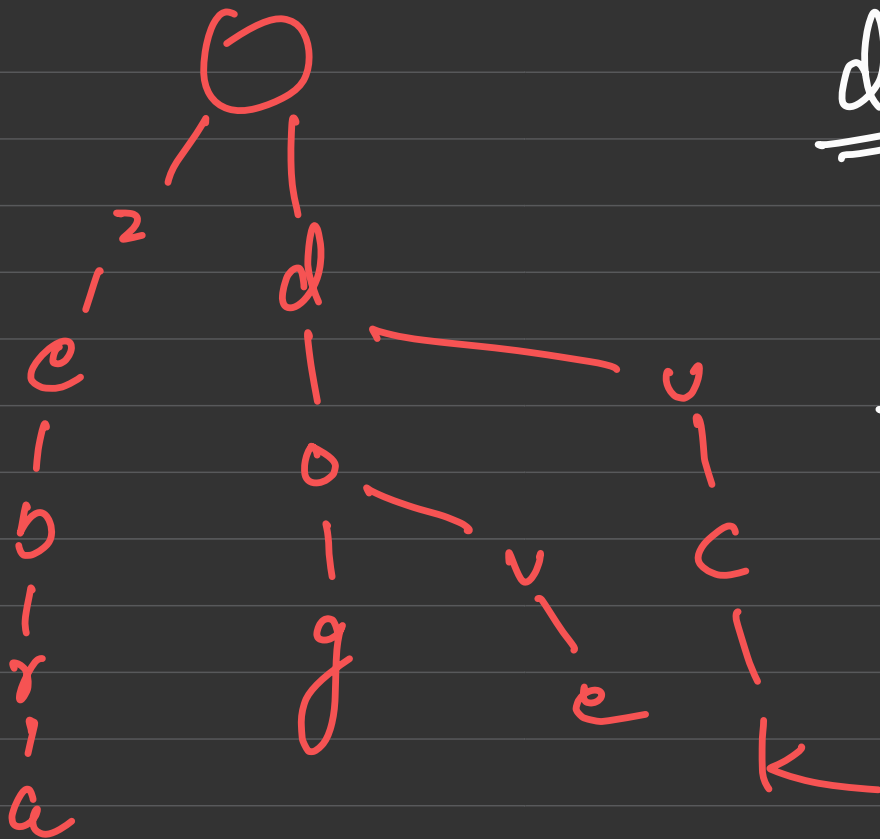
TRIZ

zebra

2

dog

dog



dove
dov

do