

In [1]:

```
# Importing necessary packages
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import scipy.spatial.distance as dista
from sklearn.preprocessing import normalize
from sklearn import metrics
import random
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
from scipy import stats
from copy import deepcopy
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (16, 9)
plt.style.use('ggplot')
```

In [2]:

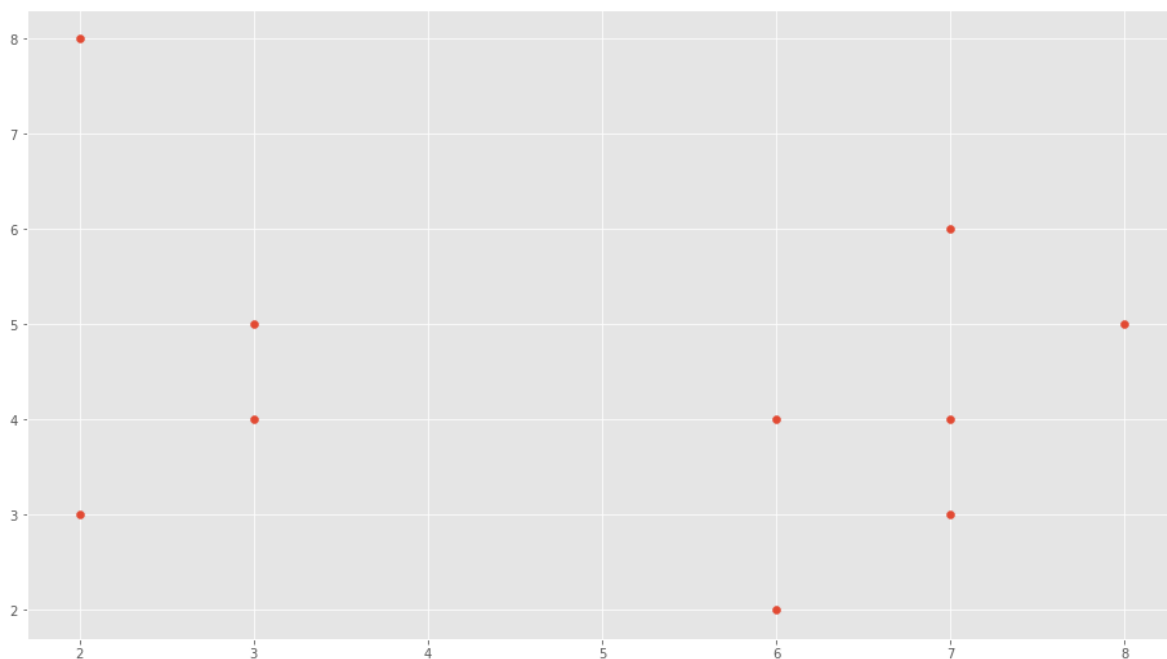
```
df = pd.read_csv('result.csv')
```

In [3]:

```
f1 = df['wins_16'].to_numpy()
f2 = df['wins_17'].to_numpy()
X = np.column_stack((f1, f2))
plt.scatter(f1, f2)
```

Out[3]:

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1c6d812d548>



In [4]:



```
k=2
Center_1 = np.array([4,5])
Center_2 = np.array([6,4])
C = np.column_stack([Center_1, Center_2])
colors = ['r', 'g', 'b', 'y', 'c', 'm']
```



In [5]:

```

def distance(a, b, ax=1, metric='e'):
    switcher={
        'm':np.sum(np.abs(a-b), axis=ax),
        'e':np.sum((a-b)**2, axis=ax),
        'c':cosine_sim(a,b,metric),
        'j':(1-np.sum(np.minimum(a,b),axis=ax)/np.sum(np.maximum(a,b),axis=ax))
    }
    return switcher.get(metric)

def kmeans(X, Centroid=C, k=2, kmeans_metric='m',criteria=0):

    max_iter = 99
    np.random.seed(89)

    if kmeans_metric=='m':
        kmeans_cri = 'Manhattan'
    elif kmeans_metric=='e':
        kmeans_cri = 'Euclidean'
    elif kmeans_metric=='j':
        kmeans_cri = "Jacard"
    elif kmeans_metric == 'c':
        kmeans_cri = 'Cosine'

    if criteria==0:
        cri='Centroids'
    elif criteria ==1:
        cri='sse'
    elif criteria ==2:
        cri = 'Max Iteration'

    if Centroid is None:
        Centroid = X[np.random.choice(len(X), size=k, replace=False)]

    # Temporarily store Centroid values
    old_C = np.ones(Centroid.shape)

    # Cluster Lables
    clusters = np.zeros(len(X))

    # Error func. - Distance between new centroids and old centroids
    err = np.array(distance(Centroid, old_C, None, metric=kmeans_metric))

    count = 1
    sse_prev = 0.1
    sse_curr = 0
    print(" ")
    print('Criteria is ',cri)
    print('Distance metric is ',kmeans_cri)

    while(True):

        # Assigning each value to its closest cluster
        for i in range(len(X)):
            dist = distance(X[i], Centroid,1,kmeans_metric)
            clusters[i] = np.argmin([dist])

        # Storing the old centroid values
        old_C = deepcopy(Centroid)
        sse_curr = sse(X, clusters, Centroid)

```

```

print('Iteration: ' + str(count) + ' Current SSE: ' + str(sse_curr) + ' Previous SS

# Finding the new centroids by taking the average value
for i in range(k):
    points = [X[j] for j in range(len(X)) if clusters[j] == i]
    Centroid[i] = np.mean(points, axis=0)

err_old = deepcopy(err)
err = distance(Centroid, old_C, None, kmeans_metric)

if np.sum(err_old) == np.sum(err) and criteria == 0 :
    break
elif sse_prev < sse_curr and criteria == 1:
    break
elif count > 100 and criteria == 2:
    break

count = count + 1
sse_prev = sse_curr
return clusters, count

def visualise_football(C_x, C_y, metric):
    fig, ax = plt.subplots()

    C = np.column_stack((C_x, C_y))
    # Plotting along with the Centroids
    plt.scatter(f1, f2, c='#050505')
    plt.scatter(C_x, C_y, marker='*', s=200, c='y')
    clust, count = kmeans(X, Centroid=C, k=2, kmeans_metric=metric, )
    print('Number of count: ' + str(count))
    for i in range(k):
        points = np.array([X[j] for j in range(len(X)) if clust[j] == i])
        ax.scatter(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], c=colors[i])

    ax.scatter(C[:, 0], C[:, 1], marker='*', s=200, c='#050505')
    ax.legend(["default", "old centroids", "clust 1", "clust 2", "new centroids"])

def sse(X, clusters, C, metric='e'):
    err = 0
    for i, centroid in enumerate(C):
        err += np.sum(distance(X[np.where(clusters==i)], centroid, ax=1, metric='e'))

    return err

def predict(clusters, y, k=3):
    indexes = []
    for i in range(k):
        indexes.append(np.where(clusters == i))
    for cluster in indexes:
        mode = int(stats.mode(y[cluster])[0])
        clusters[cluster] = mode

    return clusters

def visualise_iris(kmeans_metric, criteria):
    print(" ")
    print(" ")

```

```

if kmeans_metric=='m':
    kmeans_cri = 'Manhattan'
elif kmeans_metric=='e':
    kmeans_cri = 'Euclidean'
elif kmeans_metric=='j':
    kmeans_cri = "Jacard"
elif kmeans_metric == 'c':
    kmeans_cri = 'Cosine'

if criteria==0:
    cri='Centroids'
elif criteria ==1:
    cri='sse'
elif criteria ==2:
    cri = 'Max Iteration'
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
stringg = "Distance Criteria : " + kmeans_cri + " and Stopping Criteria : " + cri
plt.title(stringg)
for i in range(3):
    points = np.array([X[j] for j in range(len(X)) if clusters[j] == i])
    ax.scatter(points[:, 0], points[:, 1], c=colors[i])

def print_accur():
    pred_val = predict(clusters, df['class'].values)
    accuracy = metrics.accuracy_score(df['class'].values, pred_val)
    print ("The original clusters are ")
    print(df['class'].values)
    print ("The predicted clusters are ")
    print(pred_val)
    print("accuracy is " + np.array2string(accuracy, formatter={'float_kind':lambda x: "%.5f" % x}))

def cosine_sim(a,b,m):
    if m=='c':
        c=0
        if a.ndim != 1:
            for i in range(3):
                c=c+dista.cosine(a[i],b[i])
            return c
        else :
            ci=[0,0,0]
            for i in range(3):
                ci[i]=dista.cosine(a,b[i])
            return np.asarray(ci, dtype=np.float32)
    return 0

```

In [6]:

```
# Number of clusters
k = 2

# X coordinates of random centroids
C_x = np.array([4,5])
# Y coordinates of random centroids
C_y = np.array([6,4])

visualise_football(C_x, C_y,metric='m')
```

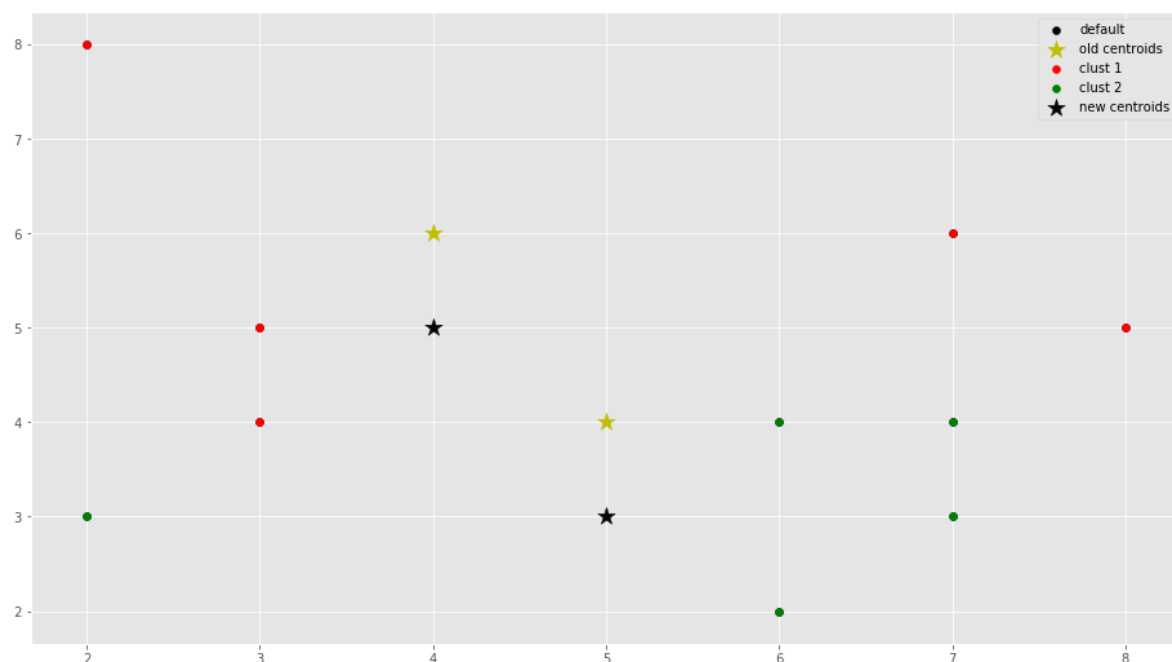
Criteria is Centroids

Distance metric is Manhattan

Iteration: 1 Current SSE: 58 Previous SSE: 0.1

Iteration: 2 Current SSE: 63 Previous SSE: 58

Number of count: 2



In [7]:

```
visualise_football(C_x, C_y, metric='e')
```

Criteria is Centroids

Distance metric is Euclidean

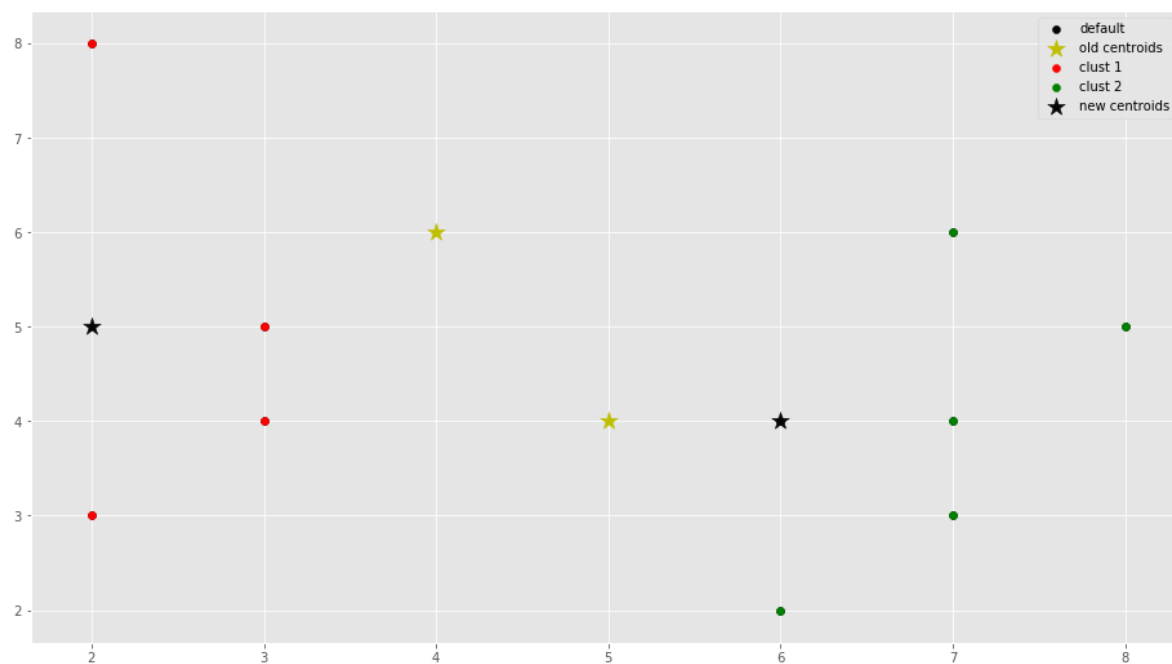
Iteration: 1 Current SSE: 57 Previous SSE: 0.1

Iteration: 2 Current SSE: 59 Previous SSE: 57

Iteration: 3 Current SSE: 33 Previous SSE: 59

Iteration: 4 Current SSE: 33 Previous SSE: 33

Number of count: 4



In [8]:

```
# Number of clusters
k = 2

# X coordinates of random centroids
C_x = np.array([3,8])
# Y coordinates of random centroids
C_y = np.array([3,3])

visualise_football(C_x, C_y,metric='m')
```

Criteria is Centroids

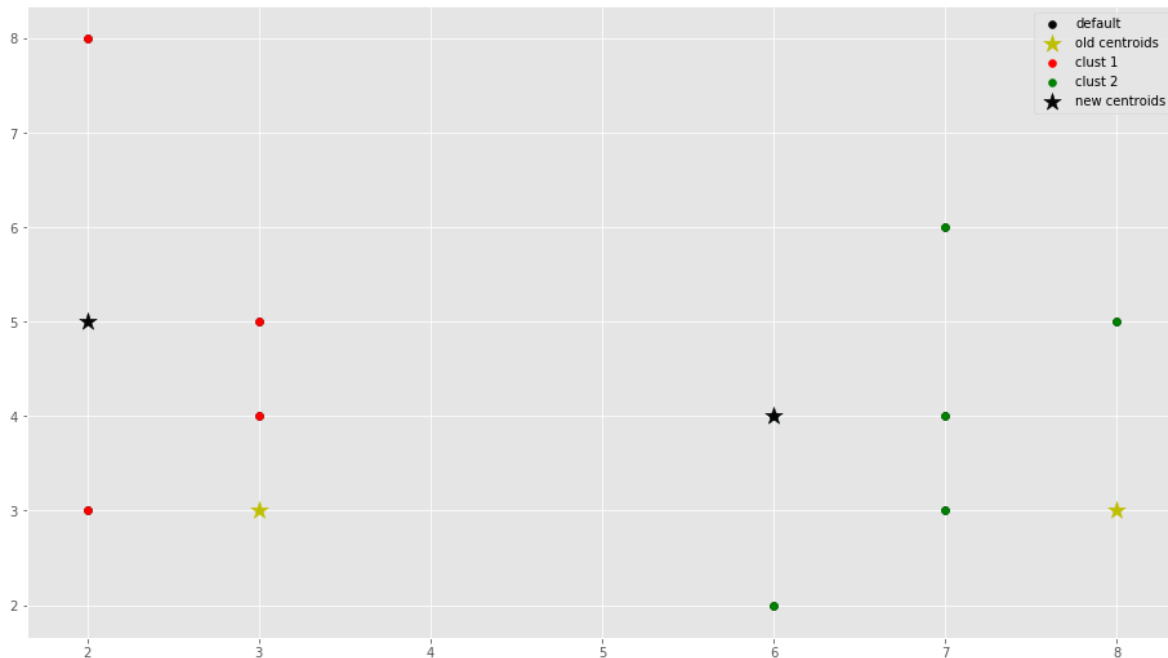
Distance metric is Manhattan

Iteration: 1 Current SSE: 59 Previous SSE: 0.1

Iteration: 2 Current SSE: 33 Previous SSE: 59

Iteration: 3 Current SSE: 33 Previous SSE: 33

Number of count: 3





In [9]:

```
# Number of clusters
k = 2

# X coordinates of random centroids
C_x = np.array([3,4])
# Y coordinates of random centroids
C_y = np.array([2,8])

visualise_football(C_x, C_y, metric='m')
```

Criteria is Centroids

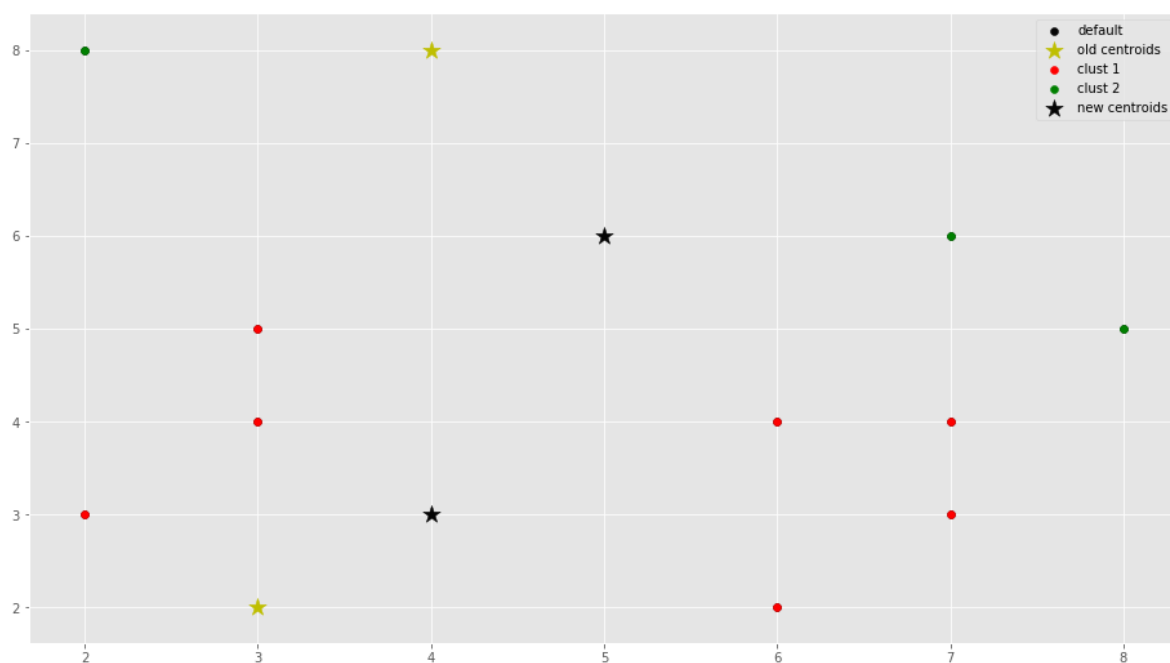
Distance metric is Manhattan

Iteration: 1 Current SSE: 116 Previous SSE: 0.1

Iteration: 2 Current SSE: 67 Previous SSE: 116

Iteration: 3 Current SSE: 67 Previous SSE: 67

Number of count: 3



In [10]:

```
df = pd.read_table("iris.data", sep=",", header=None, names=['sepalLength', 'sepalWidth', '
# Converting the predicted label "class" to numerical values
df['class'] = pd.Categorical(df['class'])
df['class'] = df['class'].cat.codes
df.head()
```

Out[10]:

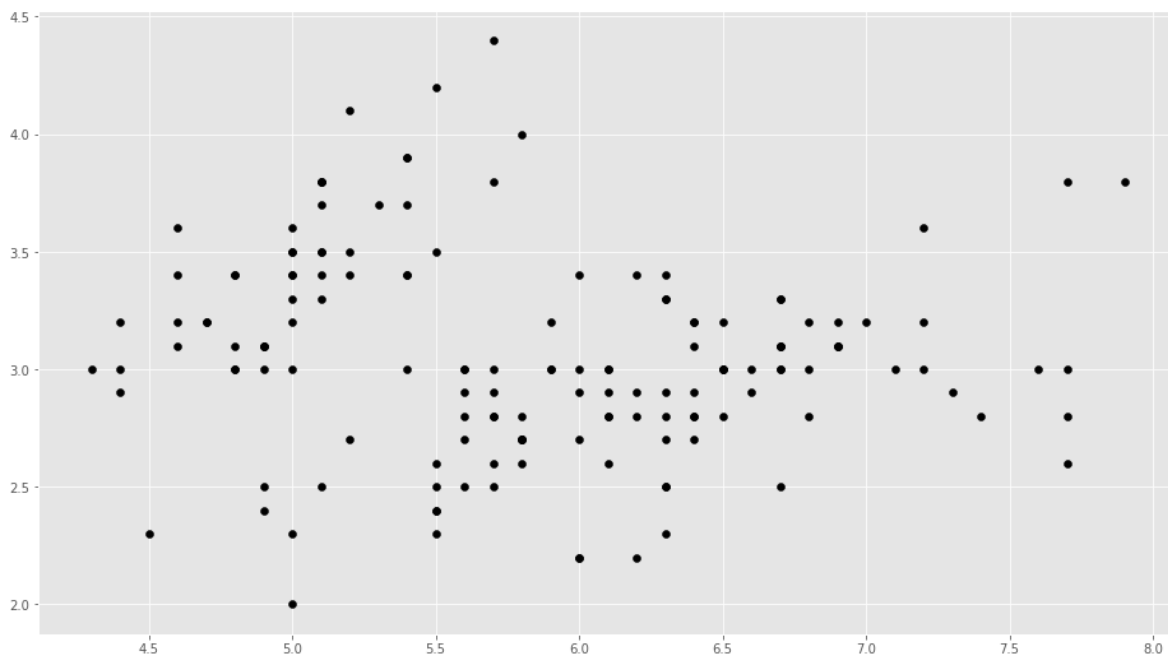
	sepalLength	sepalWidth	petalLength	petalWidth	class
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	0
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	0
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	0
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	0
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	0

In [11]:

```
X = df[df.columns[:-1]].values
# X[1].shape
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c='black')
```

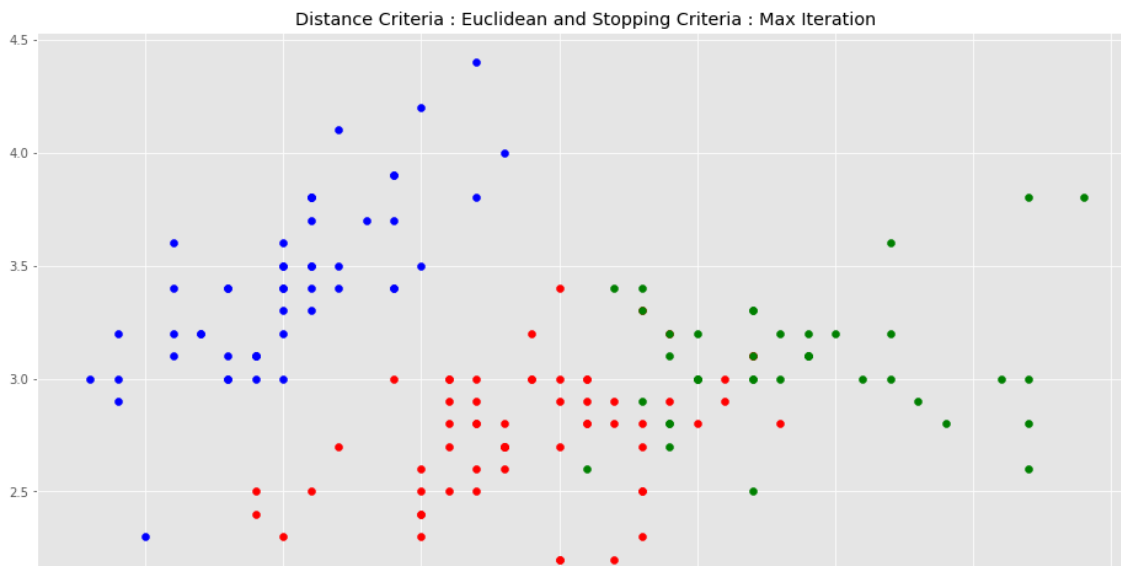
Out[11]:

&lt;matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1c6d8c30dc8&gt;



In [12]:

```
li=['e','c','j']
for jtr in li:
    for itr in range(3):
        clusters, count = kmeans(X, Centroid=None, k=3, kmeans_metric=jtr, criteria=itr)
        print("number of count is ", str(int(count)))
        visualise_iris(jtr,itr)
        print_accur()
```



In [ ]: