

# COVID-19 Test Predictability

Sidni Johnson  
General Assembly



# Problem Statement

Predicting COVID-19 test results could be easy, with a simple questionnaire. Just asking a patient a few poignant questions could save the hospitals millions of dollars. We at InfoMedics, are attempting to devise a method that could do such that. With our questionnaire, we are trying to predict whether or not a person will have a positive or negative test from a few simple questions.



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 BACKGROUND

3 ANALYSIS

2 Model

4 CONCLUSION



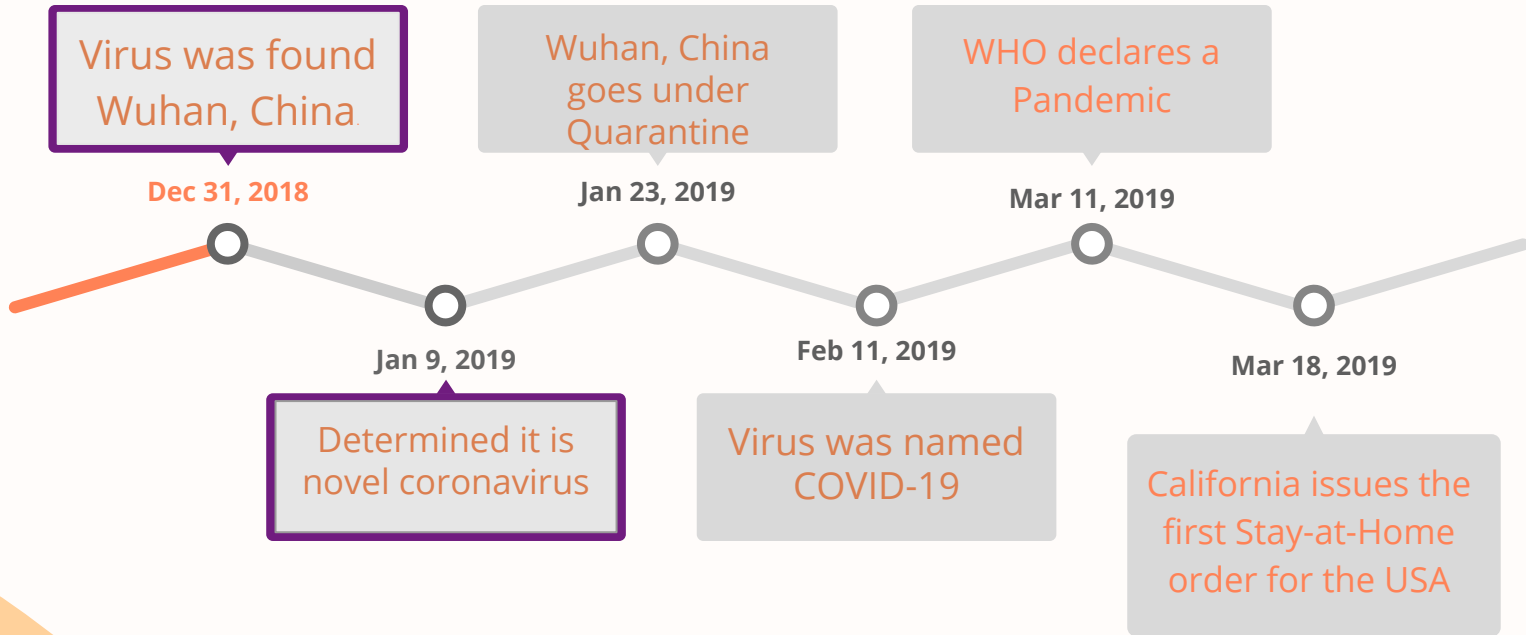


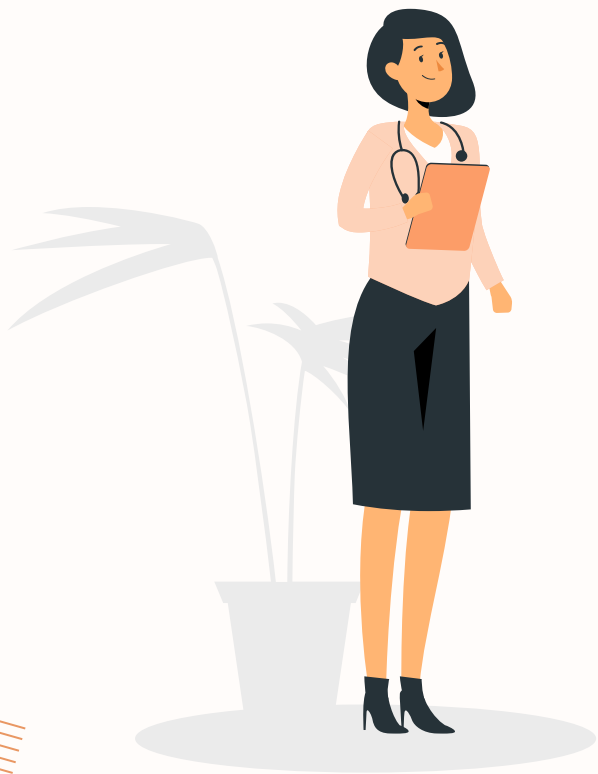
1

**Background**



# BACKGROUND- World Health Organization





# 2,131,000+

Deaths worldwide from COVID-19

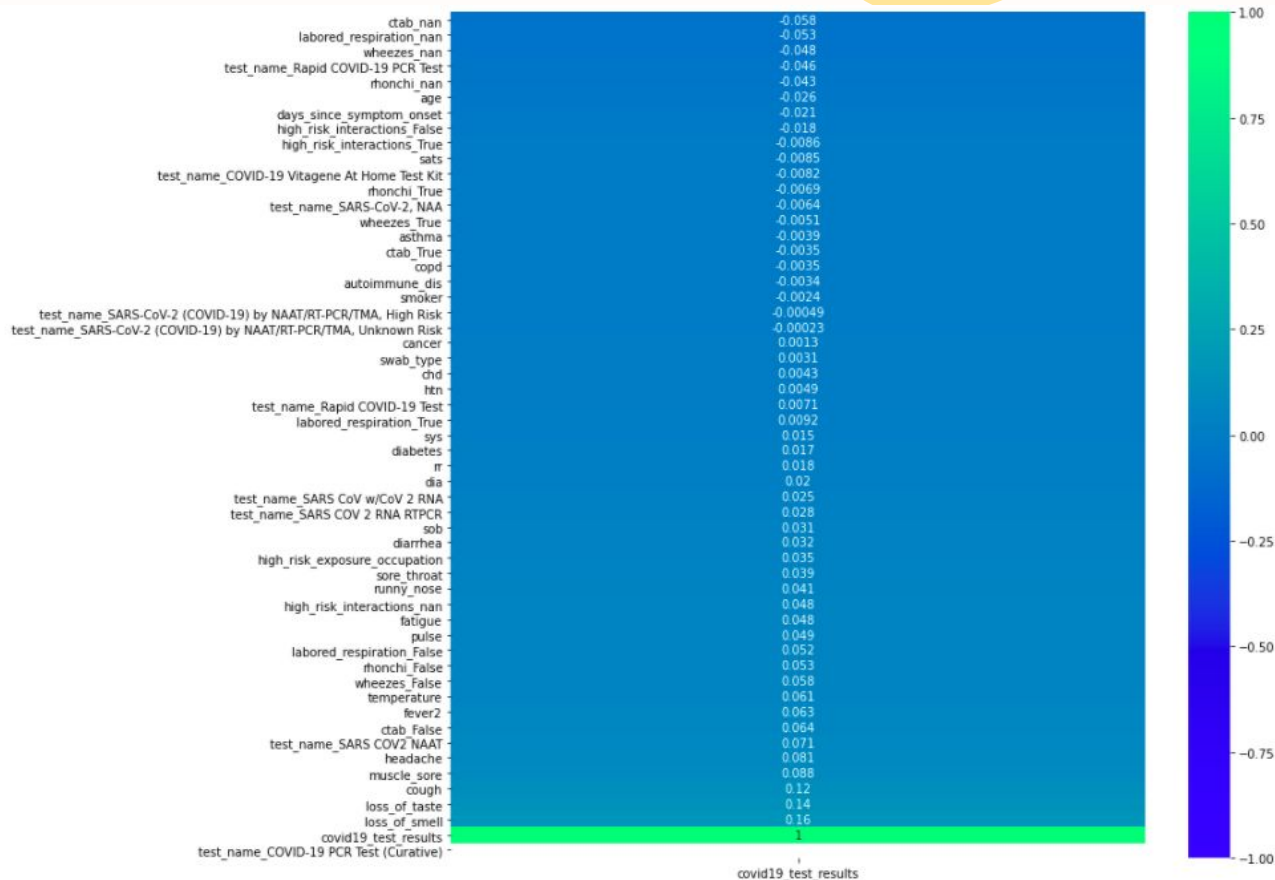


# \* DATA: CovidClinicalData.org

	<u>Rows</u>	<u>Columns</u>
<u>Original DataFrame</u>	<b>93995</b>	<b>46</b>
<u>Cleaned DataFrame</u>	<b>73369</b>	<b>55</b>



# Correlation in relation to COVID19 test results







# TABLEAU

Links at the end of the presentation



# REMOVED INFORMATION

Before modeling, we removed  
any data that dealt with swab  
type or testing method.





2

**MODEL**

Neural Networks

# RECURRENT NEURAL NETWORK

Black box model





# PROBLEMS WITH REAL WORLD DATA





# Imbalanced-learn Library



# IMBALANCED-LEARN



## UNDERSAMPLING

Remove data from majority class in order to balance the classes



## OVERSAMPLING

Generates new samples of the under-represented class



## SMOTE

Synthetic Minority Oversampling Technique



3

**ANALYSIS**



# PERFORMANCE MEASURES

## ACCURACY

rate of correct  
classification

## RECALL/ Sensitivity

the percentage of total  
relevant results  
correctly classified

## PRECISION

the percentage of your  
results which are  
relevant





# .9820

Baseline Score



# EVALUATING THE MODEL

	Accuracy	Recall	Precision
Undersampling	.9800	.003	0.025
Oversampling	.8080	0.7386	0.066
SMOTE	.9834	0.201	0.611



Actual Class	Predicted Class		
		1	0
	1	243	86
	0	3435	14579



# Conclusion



- Oversampling the data has worked best for neural networks.
- Recall is the best metric to quantify imbalanced classes
- Since we used a neural network there is not much interpretability.

## Future Steps

- Find a balance between accuracy and recall
- I would like to create an interactive questionnaire that runs a neural network in the background, so that within a few seconds you knew whether you should quarantine without taking a pschical test.





# RESOURCES

[https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/interactive-timeline?gclid=CjwKCAiA9bmABhBbEiwASb35V5XzjGvljqGnlyw1IFlpEkUKDMhM\\_8bsjNQRw\\_ZHYMEzy3gTfx74RBoCCAcQAvD\\_BwE#event-91](https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/interactive-timeline?gclid=CjwKCAiA9bmABhBbEiwASb35V5XzjGvljqGnlyw1IFlpEkUKDMhM_8bsjNQRw_ZHYMEzy3gTfx74RBoCCAcQAvD_BwE#event-91)

<https://www.ajmc.com/view/a-timeline-of-covid19-developments-in-2020>

[https://www.google.com/search?sxsrf=ALeKk030EXaNzMLm7c6W4mDmQm9WuWFFZA%3A1611589252796&ei=hOYOYPiUMISu5wLyxpOYCQ&q=total+deaths+from+covid+19+worldwide&oq=total+deaths+worldwide&gs\\_lcp=CgZwc3ktYWIQARgAMgYIABAHEB4yBggAEAcQHjICCAAyAggAMgYIABAHEB4yBggAEAcQHjICCAAyAggAMgYIABAHEB4yAggAOgQIABBHOgQIABANUNMeWMolYI8yaABwAngAgAFZiAGWAZIBATKYAQCGAQGqAQdnd3Mtd2l6yAEEwAEB&sclient=psy-ab](https://www.google.com/search?sxsrf=ALeKk030EXaNzMLm7c6W4mDmQm9WuWFFZA%3A1611589252796&ei=hOYOYPiUMISu5wLyxpOYCQ&q=total+deaths+from+covid+19+worldwide&oq=total+deaths+worldwide&gs_lcp=CgZwc3ktYWIQARgAMgYIABAHEB4yBggAEAcQHjICCAAyAggAMgYIABAHEB4yBggAEAcQHjICCAAyAggAMgYIABAHEB4yAggAOgQIABBHOgQIABANUNMeWMolYI8yaABwAngAgAFZiAGWAZIBATKYAQCGAQGqAQdnd3Mtd2l6yAEEwAEB&sclient=psy-ab)

<https://blog.exsilio.com/all/accuracy-precision-recall-f1-score-interpretation-of-performance-measures/#:~:text=80%25%20accurate.&text=Precision%20%2D%20Precision%20is%20the%20ratio,the%20total%20predicted%20positive%20observations.&text=F1%20score%20%2D%20F1%20Score%20is,and%20false%20negatives%20into%20account.>

Find more illustrations like these on **Stories by Freepik**

# Tableau links



- <https://public.tableau.com/profile/sidni.johnson#!/vizhome/AgesintheDataFrame/AgesintheDataFrame?publish=yes>
- <https://public.tableau.com/profile/sidni.johnson#!/vizhome/COVID19resultsbyBinnedAges/COVID19resultsbyBinnedAges?publish=yes>
- <https://public.tableau.com/profile/sidni.johnson#!/vizhome/ColumnsOverlap/ColumnsOverlap?publish=yes>

