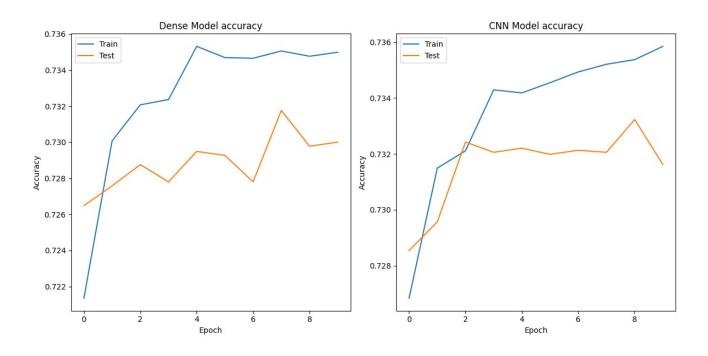
```
# Import required libraries
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, LabelEncoder
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Conv1D, Flatten
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
import seaborn as sns
# Install Kaggle and set up Kaggle API credentials in Colab
!pip install kaggle
# Create a directory for Kaggle credentials
!mkdir ~/.kaggle
# Upload your Kaggle API key JSON file (kaggle.json) here
from google.colab import files
files.upload() # Upload the kaggle.json file
Requirement already satisfied: kaggle in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.6
     Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (
     Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2023.7.22 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-r
     Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-pack
     Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (f
     Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from
     Requirement already satisfied: python-slugify in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa
     Requirement already satisfied: urllib3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fr
     Requirement already satisfied: bleach in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fro
     Requirement already satisfied: webencodings in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package
     Requirement already satisfied: text-unidecode>=1.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
     Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/
     Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package
     Browse... kaggle.json
     kaggle.json(application/json) - 67 bytes, last modified: n/a - 100% done
     Saving kaggle.json to kaggle.json
     {'kaggle.json':
     b'{"username":"saqibkayani","key":"032ee2349270eb45db150334fd5202a5"}'}
# Move the kaggle.json file to the correct location
!mv kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/
# Change file permissions for security
!chmod 600 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json
```

```
# Download the dataset from Kaggle
!kaggle datasets download -d colewelkins/cardiovascular-disease
     Dataset URL: <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/colewelkins/cardiovascular-disease">https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/colewelkins/cardiovascular-disease</a>
     License(s): DbCL-1.0
     Downloading cardiovascular-disease.zip to /content
      70% 1.00M/1.43M [00:00<00:00, 1.06MB/s]
     100% 1.43M/1.43M [00:01<00:00, 1.39MB/s]
     unzip: cannot find or open cardiovascular-disease-dataset.zip, cardiovascular-diseas
# Unzip the downloaded file
!unzip /content/cardiovascular-disease.zip
    Archive: /content/cardiovascular-disease.zip
       inflating: cardio_data_processed.csv
# Load dataset
data = pd.read_csv("/content/cardio_data_processed.csv")
# Encode categorical variables
le = LabelEncoder()
categorical_columns = ['gender', 'cholesterol', 'gluc', 'smoke', 'alco', 'active']
for column in categorical_columns:
    data[column] = le.fit_transform(data[column])
# Define features and target
X = data.drop('cardio', axis=1) # 'cardio' is the target column
y = data['cardio']
# Split data into training set and test set
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
# Normalize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
# Reshape data for CNN
```

```
X_train_cnn = X_train.reshape(X_train.shape[0], X_train.shape[1], 1)
X_test_cnn = X_test.reshape(X_test.shape[0], X_test.shape[1], 1)
# Define the Dense model
model = Sequential()
model.add(Dense(32, input_dim=X_train.shape[1], activation='relu')) # Input layer
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu')) # Hidden layer
model.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) # Output layer
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py:87: UserWarnir
       super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
# Compile the Dense model
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the Dense model
history_dense = model.fit(X_train, y_train, validation_data=(X_test, y_test), epochs=10,
     Epoch 1/10
     1706/1706 ·
                                   - 10s 4ms/step - accuracy: 0.7054 - loss: 0.5752 - val a
     Epoch 2/10
                                   - 5s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7272 - loss: 0.5485 - val_ac
     1706/1706
     Epoch 3/10
     1706/1706 ·
                                  - 6s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.7319 - loss: 0.5447 - val_ac
     Epoch 4/10
     1706/1706 ·
                                   - 3s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7317 - loss: 0.5457 - val_ac
     Epoch 5/10
     1706/1706 ·
                                   - 3s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7360 - loss: 0.5403 - val ac
     Epoch 6/10
                                   • 6s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.7357 - loss: 0.5382 - val_ac
     1706/1706 ·
     Epoch 7/10
                                   - 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7366 - loss: 0.5366 - val_ac
     1706/1706 ·
     Epoch 8/10
                                   - 3s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7381 - loss: 0.5370 - val_ac
     1706/1706 ·
     Epoch 9/10
     1706/1706 -
                                   - 6s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7329 - loss: 0.5428 - val_ac
     Epoch 10/10
     1706/1706
                                   - 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7397 - loss: 0.5356 - val_ac
# Define the CNN model
model cnn = Sequential()
model_cnn.add(Conv1D(32, 2, activation='relu', input_shape=X_train_cnn.shape[1:])) # Con
model_cnn.add(Flatten()) # Flatten layer
model_cnn.add(Dense(32, activation='relu')) # Dense layer
model_cnn.add(Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')) # Output layer
```

```
# Compile the CNN model
model_cnn.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the CNN model
history_cnn = model_cnn.fit(X_train_cnn, y_train, validation_data=(X_test_cnn, y_test), e
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/convolutional/base_conv.py:1
       super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
     Epoch 1/10
     1706/1706
                                   - 9s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.7168 - loss: 0.5650 - val_ac
     Epoch 2/10
                                   - 3s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7323 - loss: 0.5445 - val_ac
     1706/1706 -
     Epoch 3/10
                                  - 3s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7304 - loss: 0.5439 - val_ac
     1706/1706 -
     Epoch 4/10
                                   - 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7350 - loss: 0.5407 - val_ac
     1706/1706 ·
     Epoch 5/10
     1706/1706
                                   - 3s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7353 - loss: 0.5423 - val_ac
     Epoch 6/10
                                   - 3s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7350 - loss: 0.5408 - val_ac
     1706/1706 ·
     Epoch 7/10
     1706/1706
                                  - 6s 3ms/step - accuracy: 0.7360 - loss: 0.5418 - val_ac
     Epoch 8/10
                                   - 3s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7323 - loss: 0.5435 - val_ac
     1706/1706 ·
     Epoch 9/10
     1706/1706
                                   - 5s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7340 - loss: 0.5384 - val_ac
     Epoch 10/10
                                   - 5s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7380 - loss: 0.5347 - val_ac
     1706/1706
# Plot training & validation accuracy values
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history_dense.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history_dense.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Dense Model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history_cnn.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history_cnn.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('CNN Model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

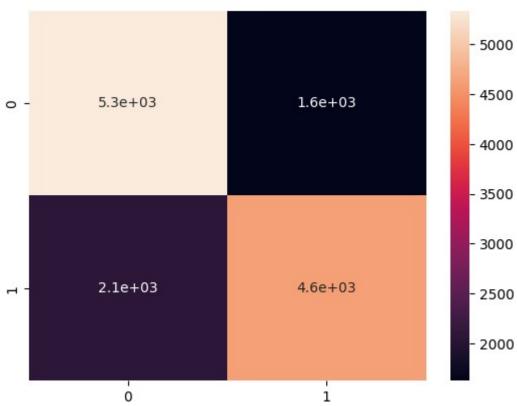


```
# Evaluate Dense Model
print("\nEvaluation Metrics for Dense Model:")
predictions = (model.predict(X_test) > 0.5).astype("int32")
print(classification_report(y_test, predictions))
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True)
```

Evaluation Metrics for Dense Model:									
427/427		2s 4ms/step							
		precision	recall	f1-score	support				
	0	0.72	0.77	0.74	6962				
	1	0.74	0.69	0.71	6679				

accuracy			0.73	13641
macro avg	0.73	0.73	0.73	13641
weighted avg	0.73	0.73	0.73	13641



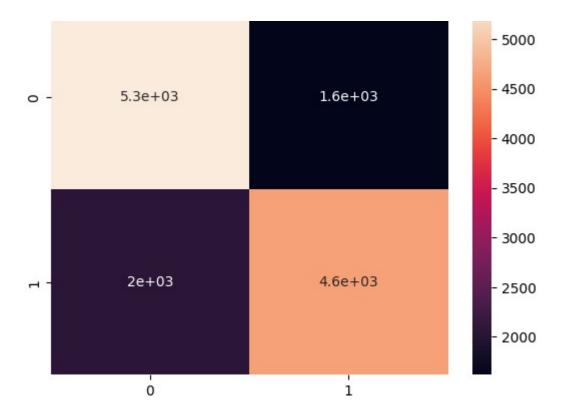


Evaluate CNN Model
print("\nEvaluation Metrics for CNN Model:")
predictions_cnn = (model_cnn.predict(X_test_cnn) > 0.5).astype("int32")
print(classification_report(y_test, predictions_cnn))
cm_cnn = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions_cnn)
sns.heatmap(cm_cnn, annot=True)

Evaluation Metrics for CNN Model:

Evaluation Metrics for Chil Model.								
427/427	1s 2ms/step							
	precision	recall	f1-score	support				
0	0.72	0.77	0.74	6962				
1	0.74	0.69	0.72	6679				
accuracy			0.73	13641				
macro avg	0.73	0.73	0.73	13641				
weighted avg	0.73	0.73	0.73	13641				

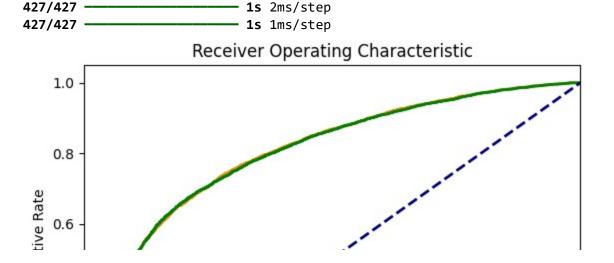
<Axes: >

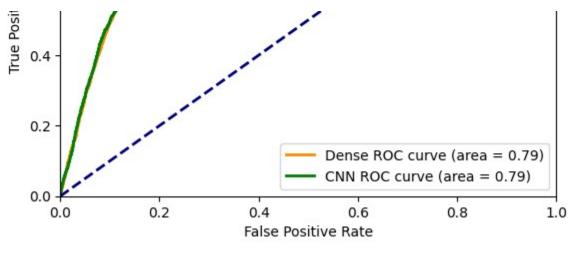


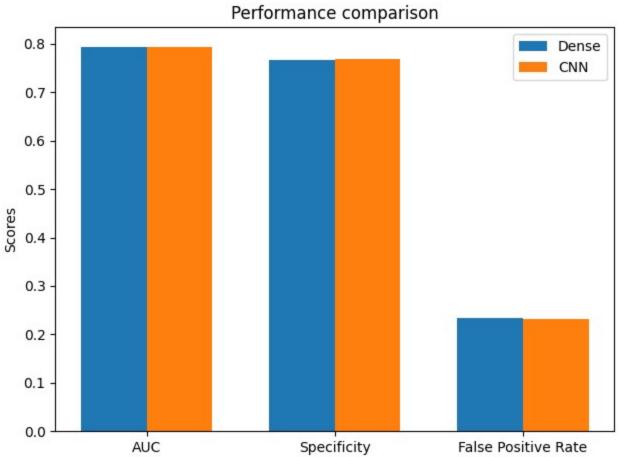
Figures

```
# Import additional libraries
from sklearn.metrics import roc_curve, auc
import numpy as np
# Dense Model predictions as probabilities
pred_prob_dense = model.predict(X_test)
# CNN Model predictions as probabilities
pred_prob_cnn = model_cnn.predict(X_test_cnn)
# Calculate ROC curves and AUC scores
fpr_dense, tpr_dense, _ = roc_curve(y_test, pred_prob_dense)
fpr_cnn, tpr_cnn, _ = roc_curve(y_test, pred_prob_cnn)
roc_auc_dense = auc(fpr_dense, tpr_dense)
roc_auc_cnn = auc(fpr_cnn, tpr_cnn)
# Plot ROC Curves
plt.figure()
plt.plot(fpr_dense, tpr_dense, color='darkorange', lw=lw, label='Dense ROC curve (area = %
plt.plot(fpr_cnn, tpr_cnn, color='green', lw=lw, label='CNN ROC curve (area = %0.2f)' % roc
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], color='navy', lw=lw, linestyle='--')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
nlt.xlahel('False Positive Rate')
```

```
pre-nrader( . arse . osrere nace )
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate')
plt.title('Receiver Operating Characteristic')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()
# Calculate Specificity and False Positive rate
tn_dense, fp_dense, fn_dense, tp_dense = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions).ravel()
specificity_dense = tn_dense / (tn_dense + fp_dense)
fpr_dense = 1 - specificity_dense
tn_cnn, fp_cnn, fn_cnn, tp_cnn = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions_cnn).ravel()
specificity_cnn = tn_cnn / (tn_cnn + fp_cnn)
fpr_cnn = 1 - specificity_cnn
# Performance comparison
labels = ['AUC', 'Specificity', 'False Positive Rate']
dense_metrics = [roc_auc_dense, specificity_dense, fpr_dense]
cnn_metrics = [roc_auc_cnn, specificity_cnn, fpr_cnn]
x = np.arange(len(labels)) # the label locations
width = 0.35 # the width of the bars
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
rects1 = ax.bar(x - width/2, dense_metrics, width, label='Dense')
rects2 = ax.bar(x + width/2, cnn_metrics, width, label='CNN')
# Add some text for labels, title and custom x-axis tick labels, etc.
ax.set_ylabel('Scores')
ax.set_title('Performance comparison')
ax.set_xticks(x)
ax.set_xticklabels(labels)
ax.legend()
fig.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```







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