Benchmarking Deep Learning based Automatic Scenes Description with User Study

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Introduction

Audio Descriptions (AD)

- AD explains the key audiovisual events in the video, making them more accessible for visually impaired people.
- Describe visual details, like actions, characters, scene changes and on-screen text.
- Usually added during existing pauses in dialogue.
- Positive Impacts:
- Amazon Prime Videos have AD for 3000/26000, Netflix has 1700/6000¹.
- Cost: 15-50 USD/minute[1].
- Issues with user uploaded data: 500 hours/minute on YouTube².

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Automatic AD

- A sequence to sequence translation with more than one ground truth
- Characterization in terms of What, Where and How
- Metadata based descriptions: Japan Olympics Broadcast[2]
- Descriptions extracted from script: Non-dialogue lines[3]
- Use of Deep Learning: Dense Video captioning dataset and model as backbone
- 3 sub-module each for What, Where and How[4]
- User Study: Helpful, but confusing and repetitive.

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Dense Video Captioning

- Given a video predict the time stamps and respective captions
- Extension of Image captioning
- Popular datasets: You-CookII[5], ActivityNet Captions[6]
- Sequence to sequence structure: Encoder-Decoder models
- Examples: CNN-RNN, RNN-RNN, RNN-Hierarchical RNN, Transformers
- SOTA method: PDVC[7] uses deformable transformers on pre-extracted frame-wise video features (Two-stream Network[8] trained on action recognition).

Methodology

Pipeline

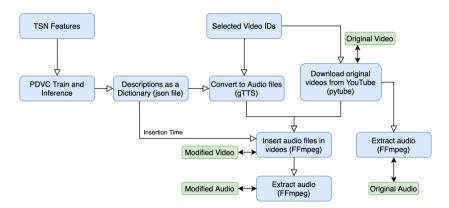


Figure 1: Pipeline followed to generate and insert AD in the videos.

Methodology

User Study

Audio

- BEFORE: Based on what you heard, how confident are you that you can describe the video content?
- 2. Did you think the descriptions are confusing?
- 3. Do the descriptions match the information given by existing audio?
- How much do you agree with the following statement? The descriptions are redundant or have grammar errors.
- How much do you agree with the following statement? The descriptions help you picture the video content.
- 6. What other information should the description provide?

Video

- BEFORE: For what reason did you think the video currently needs to be added with audio descriptions?
- 2. Did you think the descriptions are confusing?
- 3. Do the descriptions match the information present in the video?
- How much do you agree with the following statement? The descriptions are redundant or have grammar errors.
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Need of AD

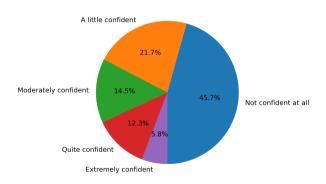


Figure 2: Percentage of responses about confidence in video content after listening to the original audio.

Impact of AD

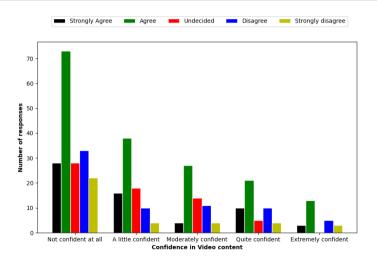


Figure 3: Relation between the people's confidence after listening to the original audio and finding modified audio helpful in picturing the video content.

Confusing Content?

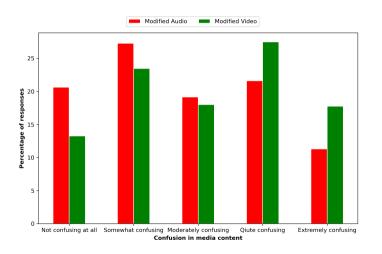


Figure 4: Percentage of people who found the descriptions confusing.

Information mismatch?

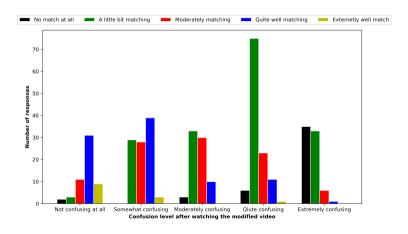


Figure 5: Relation between the confusion level of the video and information mismatch between the description and the visual content.

Grammatical errors and redundancy

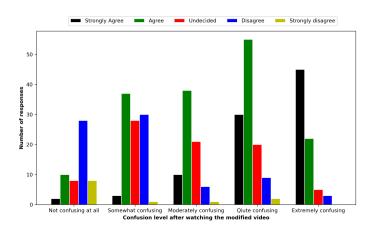


Figure 6: Relation between the confusion level of the video and grammatical errors and redundancy of descriptions.

What is lacking/wrong in the descriptions?

- Little background details: Where?
- Gender misidentification in the pronouns used
- No impact of the text appearing on the screen
- Background noise/Loud music: Need varying level of loudness in AD
- Inadequacy when multiple people are present: Re-identification?

Conclusion and Future Opportunities

- Helpful in visualising the video content from descriptions.
- Information mismatch and grammatical errors make them confusing.
- Descriptions lack background details and can misidentify people.
- Fusing with other models like text extraction.
- Identifying overlay music: change the loudness of AD.
- Person re-identification for person centric descriptions: New data?

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Thank you for listening!

Questions?

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