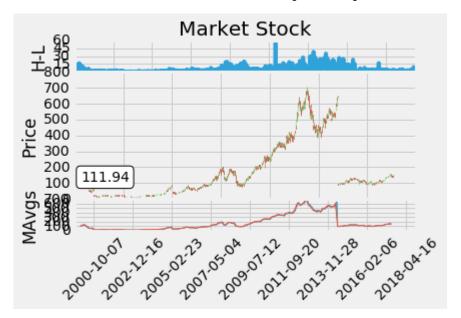
In [4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import matplotlib.dates as mdates import matplotlib.ticker as mticker from matplotlib.finance import candlestick\_ohlc from matplotlib import style import numpy as np import urllib import datetime as dt %matplotlib inline style.use('fivethirtyeight')

```
In [5]: MA1 = 10
        MA2 = 30
        def moving_average(values, window):
            weights = np.repeat(1.0, window)/window
            smas = np.convolve(values, weights, 'valid')
            return smas
        def high_minus_low(highs, lows):
            return highs-lows
        def bytespdate2num(fmt, encoding='utf-8'):
            strconverter = mdates.strpdate2num(fmt)
            def bytesconverter(b):
                s = b.decode(encoding)
                return strconverter(s)
            return bytesconverter
        def graph data():
            fig = plt.figure()
            ax1 = plt.subplot2grid((6,1), (0,0), rowspan=1, colspan=1)
            plt.title('Market Stock')
            plt.ylabel('H-L')
            ax2 = plt.subplot2grid((6,1), (1,0), rowspan=4, colspan=1)
            plt.ylabel('Price')
            ax3 = plt.subplot2grid((6,1), (5,0), rowspan=1, colspan=1)
            plt.ylabel('MAvgs')
            # Unfortunately, Yahoo's API is no longer available
            # feel free to adapt the code to another source, or use this drop-in repla
        cement.
            stock_price_url = 'https://pythonprogramming.net/yahoo_finance_replacemen
        t'
            source_code = urllib.request.urlopen(stock_price_url).read().decode()
            stock data = []
            split_source = source_code.split('\n')
            for line in split_source[2:]:
```

```
split_line = line.split(',')
        if len(split_line) == 7:
            if 'values' not in line and 'labels' not in line:
                stock data.append(line)
    # pprint.pprint(stock_data)
    date, openp, highp, lowp, closep, adj_closep, volume = np.loadtxt(stock_da
ta,
                                                                        delimite
r=',',
                                                                        unpack=T
rue,
                                                                        # %Y = f
ull year. 2015
                                                                        \# \%y = p
artial year 15
                                                                        \# \%m = n
umber month
                                                                        \# %d = n
umber day
                                                                        # %H = h
ours
                                                                        \# \%M = m
inutes
                                                                        # %S = s
econds
                                                                        # 12-06-
2014
                                                                        # %m-%d-
%Y
                                                                        converte
rs={0: bytespdate2num('%Y-%m-%d')})
    x = 0
    y = len(date)
    ohlc = []
    while x < y:
        append_me = date[x], openp[x], highp[x], lowp[x], closep[x], volume[x]
        ohlc.append(append me)
        x+=1
    ma1 = moving average(closep,MA1)
    ma2 = moving_average(closep,MA2)
    start = len(date[MA2-1:])
    h_l = list(map(high_minus_low, highp, lowp))
    ax1.plot date(date,h 1,'-')
    ax1.yaxis.set_major_locator(mticker.MaxNLocator(nbins=5, prune='lower'))
    candlestick_ohlc(ax2, ohlc, width=0.4, colorup='#77d879', colordown='#db3f
3f')
```

```
ax2.grid(True)
    bbox_props = dict(boxstyle='round',fc='w', ec='k',lw=1)
    ax2.annotate(str(closep[-1]), (date[-1], closep[-1]),
                 xytext = (date[-1]+4, closep[-1]), bbox=bbox_props)
##
      # Annotation example with arrow
      ax2.annotate('Bad News!',(date[11],highp[11]),
##
##
                   xytext=(0.8, 0.9), textcoords='axes fraction',
                   arrowprops = dict(facecolor='qrey',color='qrey'))
##
##
##
##
      # Font dict example
      font_dict = {'family':'serif',
##
##
                    'color':'darkred',
##
                   'size':15}
##
      # Hard coded text
##
      ax2.text(date[10], closep[1], 'Text Example', fontdict=font_dict)
    ax3.plot(date[-start:], ma1[-start:], linewidth=1)
    ax3.plot(date[-start:], ma2[-start:], linewidth=1)
    ax3.fill_between(date[-start:], ma2[-start:], ma1[-start:],
                     where=(ma1[-start:] < ma2[-start:]),</pre>
                     facecolor='r', edgecolor='r', alpha=0.5)
    ax3.fill between(date[-start:], ma2[-start:], ma1[-start:],
                     where=(ma1[-start:] > ma2[-start:]),
                     facecolor='g', edgecolor='g', alpha=0.5)
    ax3.xaxis.set major formatter(mdates.DateFormatter('%Y-%m-%d'))
    ax3.xaxis.set_major_locator(mticker.MaxNLocator(10))
    for label in ax3.xaxis.get_ticklabels():
        label.set_rotation(45)
    plt.setp(ax1.get_xticklabels(), visible=False)
    plt.setp(ax2.get_xticklabels(), visible=False)
    plt.subplots_adjust(left=0.11, bottom=0.24, right=0.90, top=0.90,
wspace=0.2, hspace=0)
    plt.show()
graph_data()
```



In [ ]: